"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain, warmer, southeast wind to-day; tomorrow, rain, colder.
☞ For weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,301. .... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

REVENUE BILL NOW READY FOR WILSON'S ACTION

Passes Senate by Viva Voce Vote with Little Expressed Opposition.

APPROVAL IS EXPECTED

Treasury Department Puts Into Operation Machinery to Collect Taxes.

SMOOT TAKES GLOOMY VIEW

Sees Many Industries Doomed—Has Plan to Convert Our Loans to the Allies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—With scarcely more than the necessary quorum of its membership present, the Senate late this afternoon adopted the new War Revenue law, calculated to raise $6,000,000,000 or more during the present fiscal year, by a viva voce vote. No roll call was demanded, and the only Senator who announced definitely in advance that he would oppose the measure was Mr. Townsend of Michigan. Senator Moses of New Hampshire registered a "nay" as a protest against the fact that the zone system for second-class postal matter had not been eliminated.

The measure will not become a law until President Wilson attaches his signature, and there is now no chance of getting it before Mr. Wilson prior to his return from France. That he will sign it, however, seems assured, and with the action by the Senate today the Treasury Department set its full machinery in motion to prepare for the collection of the taxes imposed.

Senator Smoot Attacks the Bill.

Final action came after a vigorous speech by Senator Smoot, Republican, of Utah, who exclaimed that $5,300,000,000 was a conservative estimate of the largest sum which would be raised under the provisions of the bill for the fiscal year 1918, and that the legislators might congratulate themselves if $3,000,000,000 was raised in the fiscal year 1919 instead of the estimate of slightly more than $4,000,000,000.

And despite this fact, Senator Smoot said, "the American people will be compelled by this act to submit to the heaviest burden of taxation and at higher rates than ever was imposed on our people or upon the people of any other land in all the history of the world." And this came, he added, at a time when the people were loaded up with bonds which they had bought to help the Government win the war.

Mr. Smoot said further that industries of the nation were being crippled and many of them threatened with bankruptcy partly because of the taxes imposed, but more particularly as a result of the huge increase in freight transportation rates which had been made necessary by the mismanagement of railroads under Government control and the high wage scales established.

He announced also that expenditures were piling up with such alarming rapidity that the situation might get out of hand and the Government find itself faced by a situation where there would not be sufficient money to pay its obligations without the issuance of many billions of dollars more in Liberty or Victory loans, unless retrenchment was accomplished and some method adopted to convert the $8,300,000,000 outstanding in foreign loans into liquid assets without unnecessary delay. He read parts of a bill related to that subject, which he had prepared and intends to submit to the Senate, he said.

Sees Doom of Many Industries.

In discussing what he considered the demoralizing conditions incident to Government operation of the railroads, Senator Smoot said that in his own State of Utah, he had been informed, the rates for the transportation of low grade ore from mine to smelter had in one instance at least jumped from $1.75 a ton to $4 a ton.

At the same time, he said, copper prices had dropped in value from the Government fixed war scale of 26 cents a pound to 18 cents a pound and lead which not long ago was quoted at 11 cents a pound, was now held at 5¼ cents a pound and there was no heavy demand for it at that figure.

"Some of these industries with which I am familiar," he said, "will be forced to shut down if there is not a decrease in freight rates. In some cases the selling price is not sufficient to pay the freight rates alone. There will have to be a rearrangement on rates now or an untold number of businesses will be closed. Undoubtedly the same condition exists with many other industries as it does with the copper industry.

"American industries cannot pay the prevailing freight rates and the high salaries of today and compete with the other markets of the world. There must be reconstruction. Capital and labor must come closer together and figure out what can be done to get business on a more normal basis."

Tilt Over the Zone System.

Another warm tilt concerning the action of the conferees in abandoning the fight to abolish the zone system of second-class postal rates, without a return to the floor of the Senate for instructions featured today's debate.

Senator Smoot opened up the question by stating that when he saw the amend-

Continued on Page Three.

THE PLAZA TO-NIGHT
Special Dinner Dance in the Grill Room from 7:30 o'clock. Dinner at $5.00 per cover, or a la carte.—Advt.

Britain Asks Full War Cost and Damages as Her Indemnity

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The British delegates at the Peace Conference have been definitely instructed to claim an indemnity that will include the cost of the war as well as the damage actually caused, it was announced in the House of Commons today by Andrew Bonar Law, Government leader in the Commons, in reply to a question.

A commission is now considering the amount to be claimed, the method by which payment should be made, and the means of enforcing the payment, Mr. Bonar Law added.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—The Peace Conference Commission on Reparations today heard the American and English points of view on the question of reparations. Lord Summer spoke for Great Britain.

COURTS-MARTIAL CALLED ATROCIOUS

Gen. Ansell Protests Against System, Which, He Says, Works Many Injustices.

ASSUMED POWER OF REVIEW

Acting Judge Advocate General Corrected Some Heavy Sentences, Despite Baker.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Before the Senate Military Committee today Brigadier General Samuel T. Ansell, acting Judge Advocate General, strongly condemned the existing system of courts-martial in vogue in the army, saying that the death penalty and heavy terms in prison, running up to forty years, had been inflicted for what he characterized as comparatively trivial offenses.

General Ansell urged the passage of a bill drawn by Senator Chamberlain to give the Judge Advocate General power of review of courts-martial. His evidence embraced a scathing criticism of what he called an "atrociously bad system." The Secretary of War, he said, backed up Judge Advocate General Crowder in the latter's support of the prevailing system under which, General Ansell said, the War Department maintains there is no authority for review beyond that of a commanding officer.

"The sentences imposed for slight offences by the courts-martial have shocked every sense of justice," said General Ansell. "They have reached the heights of injustice. The sentences in many instances bore no reasonable relationship to the offenses committed."

Cursed with Red Tape.

"For forty years the army has been cursed with red tape in its court-martial proceedings," said General Ansell. "Terrible injustices have been inflicted upon small offenders. The whole system is wrong.

"I realize that I am arraigning an institution to which I belong. But I am doing it so that ample justice may be done the men in the ranks. We need more humanity in our judgment of their offenses. We have not shown it. For the sake of our men and their families we must put an end to this cruel system, and we must do it at once."

As a result of General Ansell's evidence, Secretary Baker will be called before the committee within the next few days. He will be asked, for one thing, as to his attitude regarding conscientious objectors, who, it was intimated at the hearing, had been treated with extreme leniency by the Secretary, while men in the army were being heavily punished for offenses such as declining to drill when tired out.

Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey brought up the Secretary's attitude toward conscientious objectors when he asked General Ansell why the Secretary of War had "agreed to their being honorably discharged from the army at the same time that men on the firing line were being committed to long terms in jail for trivial lapses."

"May I be excused from answering?" asked General Ansell. "It might embarrass me."

"We will have the Secretary here," said Senator Chamberlain. "He can tell us about it."

General Ansell undertook the power of review over courts-martial, he said, after the case had come before him of twelve non-commissioned officers who had been dishonorably discharged from service and had been sentenced to from three to seven years for a "minor disagreement" in one of the army camps with some West Point soldiers. He found authority, he said, under the law of 1862, to review the court-martial verdict and, after going into the evidence, set the sentences aside and restored the men to duty.

Protested to Secretary Baker.

"I wrote the Secretary of War about it," said General Ansell. "I wrote: 'You cannot approve the iniquity of such a system.'"

The Secretary, he said, did not encourage General Ansell's attitude, but the Acting Judge Advocate General insisted on his privilege of review and had kept on exercising it ever since.

General Ansell related as evidence of what he called the "perniciousness of the court-martial system," the case of a boy who had been in the army but a few days and was assigned to kitchen duty in an army camp. The Sergeant found him smoking a cigarette and reprimanded him.

"Give me that pack of cigarettes," ordered the Sergeant, according to General Ansell.

"Go to ——," snapped the soldier. The

Continued on Page Ten.

DURING CONVALESCENCE FROM INFLUENZA—and pneumonia—take Imperial Granum Food. Nourishing, strengthening, delicious, with no sickish sweetness. Any druggist. 25c.—Advt.

STATE WILL GREET SOLDIERS, TO MEET THE HEARST ISSUE

Gov. Smith to Head Commission Made Up of Officials and Legislature Members.

TELLS OF HEARST THREAT

Assemblyman Steinberg Says Editor's Agent Tried to Intimidate Him.

CLUB TO MEET WESTERNERS

Montana Turns Its Welcome Over to Rocky Mountain Club—More Quit Brooklyn Greeters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 13.—After thinking it over, the legislative leaders have concluded that an official welcome, other than that to be bestowed through the Hearst-Hylan committee, which has aroused such a storm of protest in New York, is due to the State troops returning from abroad. Speaker Thaddus C. Sweet of the Assembly announced tonight that the Ways and Means Committee would report to the Assembly next week a measure providing for a State Welcoming Commission, to be headed by the Governor and composed of all the elective State officials and members of the Legislature. The bill will carry an appropriation the amount of which has not as yet been definitely determined.

A concurrent resolution was introduced two weeks ago by Assemblyman Joseph Steinberg of New York. Mr. Steinberg is a member of the Republican majority, and for that reason it caused some surprise when his resolution, providing for a welcoming committee to supercede the Hearst-Hylan committee, was bottled up in the Ways and Means Committee, largely as a result of representations made by members of the Democratic minority. It was thought then that the project to give an official State welcome to returning fighters had been abandoned. Assemblyman Steinberg said today that the revival of the plan was due to a flood of letters urging the adoption of his resolution which have reached Speaker Sweet and other members of the Assembly in the last few days. He added that agents of Mr. Hearst at the capitol had threatened him in the event that he should press his resolution to adoption.

"One of Hearst's men came to me shortly after I had introduced the resolution and said: 'If you don't let up on this resolution Hearst will get you.' I told him I wasn't afraid of Hearst or any of his tribe."

HURD APPROVES IDEA OF A STATE WELCOME

Montana Appropriates $25,000 for Rocky Mountain Club Greeting to Its Soldiers.

"A credit to the good name of the State of New York," was the way Richard M. Hurd of the Executive Committee of the Independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops, last night characterized the plan to have the State officially greet returning troops.

"It seems to me that the great majority of citizens," he said, "will be very much pleased by such action by the State officials. We are all agreed that it is impossible to do too much to honor our heroes returning from France. The fact that troops arriving in New York City are not merely New York City troops, but troops from all parts of New York State, and from the Western and Southern States, makes it highly appropriate that the matter of a suitable welcome should be undertaken by the Governor and by the Legislature.

"An additional reason in support of such action is the fact that Mayor Hylan's appointment of William Randolph Hearst to the Mayor's Committee to Welcome Homecoming Troops has estranged large numbers of the best citizens, both from the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee and the Manhattan Committee.

"The appointment of a State Committee to Welcome Homecoming Troops will place the reception of returning soldiers, sailors, and marines beyond the reach of party politics and personal bickerings, and will be a credit to the great State of New York and a much deserved tribute to the men coming home from France."

Rodman Wanamaker is Chairman of the City Committee, apparently destined to be replaced by the State organization. He could not be reached last night at his home at 37 West Fifty-sixth Street.

Herbert Wall, Secretary of the Rocky Mountain Club, 63 West Forty-fourth Street, announced last night that strong sentiment was developing throughout the Western States to have the Legislatures designate the club to welcome homecoming Western soldiers at this port. Mr. Wall also said that Montana yesterday appropriated $25,000 to be expended by the organization in entertaining Montana service men in this city.

He said that many members of the 41st Sunset Division had arrived here during the last few days and that the club had put into effect its program for welcoming the men. This consisted, he said, of meeting the men at the docks with all mail or packages which had been sent to this city for them.

In connection with the movement to

Continued on Page Five.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget—Advt.

Ebert Announces Plans to Disarm and Demobilize

WEIMAR, Friday, Feb. 14.—Friedrich Ebert, the President of Germany, has announced to newspapermen here that the Government is arranging the details for complete disarmament and demobilization.

20,000 ON STRIKE AT BERLIN STORES

Troops Occupy the Street Where Some Big Establishments Are Closed.

SPARTACIDES AGAIN FIRING

Radek, Russian Agent, Is Arrested—State of Siege Declared at Hamburg.

BERLIN, Feb. 12, (via Copenhagen.)—Twenty thousand store employes in Berlin have gone on strike for higher wages. Leipzigerstrasse, where some of the big stores are closed, is occupied by troops, which are maintaining order.

Spartacides are indulging in promiscuous firing in the newspaper quarter.

Everywhere throughout the empire workers' strikes are met by counter-strikes by doctors and other professional classes.

BASLE, Feb. 13.—Karl Radek, the Russian Bolshevist emissary who has been accused by the German authorities of being an instigator of numerous radical outbreaks in German territory, has been discovered and arrested by the Berlin police, according to a Berlin dispatch today. His whereabouts had been a mystery for some time.

A state of siege has been declared at Hamburg until the people of that city have surrendered all the arms in their possession. Patrols, demanding these arms, are taking action against those who resist.

Gustav Noske, Minister in Charge of Military Affairs in the Cabinet, has telegraphed to the President of the Soldiers' Council at Hamburg that he will not take military measures against that city, as the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council is restoring order.

BERLIN PRESS CORDIAL TO PRESIDENT EBERT

Vorwaerts Hails Saddler Chief—Wolff Calls Him Embodiment of Good Sense.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 12, (via Copenhagen.)—With three exceptions, the Berlin press hails Ebert's election as President with satisfaction, or at least with confidence in his willingness and ability to administer his high office to the best possible advantage of Germany in the tragic circumstances.

The exceptions are the Rote Fahne, the Freiheit, and the Lokal-Anzeiger, the first two organs of the Radical Left, the last noted principally for its adulation of Kaiserism. Curiously enough, all three alike announce the historical event with the Vatican phrase, "Nos habemus Papam."

The Rote Fahne devotes just four lines to stating the result of the election, adding: "It occurred in true Vatican style."

The Freiheit devotes more space to derisive criticism of an attempt by an enthusiastic friend of Ebert to create a "spontaneous ovation" by Weimar's population to the first President of the German Republic than it does to the fact of the election.

The Lokal-Anzeiger gives up nearly its whole first page to an attempt to make the historical proceedings at Weimar appear contemptible as compared with the splendor of Kaiserism. But in another column the paper admits:

"We, whose conception of the highest representative of the German people has been quite different, will not deny, however, that the Socialists were hardly in a position to offer a better candidate. We also believe that Ebert will fill the place to his best ability, because he lacks neither conscientiousness, diligence, nor that average efficiency which, alas, suffices nowadays to gain a leading position in public life. But it seems out of the question that after his performances in the last three months the German people may expect important results from his administration."

In this tone the Lokal-Anzeiger continues in eight columns to discourage the people over their new venture. Vorwärts says:

"Saddler Fritz Ebert is the natural President. This means victory for himself, victory for the proletariat, victory for Socialism. The bourgeois parties which during the election campaign proclaimed loudly that the Social Democracy had proved its inability to govern, have elected a Socialist President. They know in their hearts that only the Social Democracy can govern Germany now." Theodor Wolff writes in the Tageblatt from Weimar:

"Ebert is no shining light, nor has he studied as much as some others, but he is the incorporation of good common sense. When after a day's work he sits behind a good bottle of wine, his hands folded over the table, this natural wisdom shows to the best advantage.

"There is nothing stiff and dry about him, but everything is cordial and round, like his person. He possesses that in-

Continued on Page Two.

PERFECT GOLF—PERFECT CLIMATE.
The Manor, Asheville, North Carolina. Through Sleeping Car Service from New York.—Advt.

WORLD LEAGUE DRAFT IS COMPLETED; INTERALLIED POLICE PLAN BEATEN; WILSON TO SAIL FOR HOME SATURDAY

GERMANY MUST CUT ARMY

Reduction to 20 or 25 Divisions a New Condition for Armistice.

MUST HALT POSEN ACTIVITY

Blockade Terms Will Be Softened Only as Berlin Shows Desire to Meet Demands.

EVASIONS CANNOT GO ON

Wilson Said to Have Spoken Strongly, Backing Clemenceau on Guarantees.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—The terms for the renewal of the armistice, which will be presented to Germany on Monday for acceptance, imposes two new conditions. One is that Germany shall suspend all military activity in Posen against the Poles. The other is that Germany shall demobilize her military forces under arms down to twenty or twenty-five divisions.

Another important decision which indicates that American ideas have once more prevailed over the extreme French desire to crush Germany, that the blockade power is cited as a potential reward to Germany for doing her share rather than as a menace of further cutting off of her supplies of food and raw materials.

When the discussion on the next renewal of the armistice on Feb. 17 began, it was stated that if Germany did not do thus and so, the blockade would be stiffened beyond the rigorous terms now imposed. But that proposition has been dropped.

Now Germany is to be told that if she conforms to all the old and the new armistice conditions the blockade will be slackened and she will be helped to that extent in getting the materials needed for the resumption of normal industrial life. If she continues to evade the terms, the present blockade conditions will continue.

Apparently there is nothing determined upon as to making the blockade more rigorous than at present.

It is taken for granted that the German Armistice Commission will ask for time to submit the terms to the Ebert Government at Weimar. So this will be the first transaction of the new German republic with outside powers. No doubt is felt in Paris but what all the conditions will be accepted, for no other course is open to the German Government and people.

The new clauses relative to the withdrawal of the German troops from Posen are based on the assumption that the Peace Conference will restore that territory to the new Polish nation in accordance with Wilson's thirteenth point, which reads:

> An independent Polish State should be erected which should include the territories inhabited by undisputably Polish populations, which should be assured a free and secure access to the sea.

Germany is also to be told peremptorily that she must cease evading the terms of the original armistice relative to the delivery to the Allies of submarines, railroad equipment, airplanes, and shipping.

Probably she will also be ordered to assemble all her gold reserve at Frankfort. When this gold was removed from Berlin it was scattered in the various cities throughout the country.

Upon reaching a conclusion on the armistice, as outlined, the Supreme War Council today took up the matter of determining the final assignment of American and allied troops to the occupied European territory and Turkey in Asia. Such determination is now vitally necessary as a preliminary to the continuation of the demobilization of all the allied troops without risk of dismissing too many of them from the service before the actual needs are definitely known.

The total force, tentatively fixed by Marshal Foch as required from all the powers concerned for the necessary occupation work, was 1,800,000 men. Demobilization is now progressing on that basis and no radical change, one way or the other, is expected. But the actual checking up of the Foch estimate is deemed advisable at this time as a precaution against letting too many troops go.

On the other hand, it is within the

Continued on Page Two.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
McK. & R. Cin-u-form Lozenges, 25c.—Advt.

Wilson Says He Will Return to France in Hope of Celebrating a Great Principle Put in Practice

PARIS, Feb. 13.—In reply to a delegation of the French Association of the Society of Nations, which called upon him today, President Wilson made known formally for the first time his intention to return to France after going to Washington for the closing session of Congress. He said:

"I appreciate very deeply what has been said, and I take it that the kind suggestion is that some time after my return we should arrange a public meeting, at which, I am quite confident, we may celebrate the completion of the work, at any rate up to a certain very far advanced stage, the consummation of which we have been working and hoping for for a long time.

"It would be a very happy thing if that could be arranged. I can only say for myself that I sincerely hope it can be. I should wish to lend any assistance possible to so happy a consummation.

"I cannot help thinking of how many miracles this war has already wrought—miracles of comprehension as to our interdependence as nations and as human beings, miracles as to the removal of obstacles which seemed big, and now have grown small, in the way of active and organized co-operation of nations in regard to the establishment and maintenance of justice.

"And the thoughts of the people having been drawn together, there has already been created a force which is not only very great but very formidable—a force which can be rapidly mobilized, a force which is very effective when mobilized, namely, the moral force of the world.

"One advantage in seeing one another and talking with one another is to find that, after all, we all think the same way. We may try to put the result of the thing into different forms, but we start with the same principles.

"I have often been thought of as a man more interested in principles than in practice, whereas, as a matter of fact, I can say that, in one sense, principles have never interested me, because principles prove themselves when stated. They do not need any debate. The thing that is difficult and interesting is how to put them into practice. Large discourse is not possible on the principles, but large discourse is necessary on the matter of realizing them.

"So that, after all, principles, until translated into practice, are very thin and abstract and, I may add, uninteresting things. It is not interesting to have far-away vision, but it is interesting to have near-by visions of what it is possible to accomplish. And in a meeting such as you are projecting perhaps we can record the success that we shall have then achieved of putting a great principle into practice, and demonstrated that it can be put into practice, though only, let us say, five years ago it was considered an impractical dream.

"I will co-operate with great happiness in the plan that you may form after my return, and I thank you very warmly for the compliment of this personal visit."

JAPAN BALKS AT MANDATORY PLAN

Wants Further Light on Measure of League Supervision Before Accepting.

HAS PROJECT FOR ISLANDS

Would Give Them Distinct Japanese Character—Otherwise National Pride Is Hurt.

PARIS, Feb. 13, (Associated Press.)—Japan has not yet agreed to the plan to make her a mandatory for the Caroline and Marshall Islands.

While the other powers have practically agreed to the mandatory principle and are willing to accept direction of the German colonies, Japan desires a more complete definition of the plan under which the two groups of Pacific islands will be entrusted to her, and a fuller statement of the kind of international control and supervision which will be reserved by the League of Nations.

In discussing this question today with the correspondent a member of the Japanese delegation said that the Japanese had a great pride in their achievements in the Pacific, and felt that as a reward for their military and naval activity they should be permitted to extend their culture and civilization to the two groups of islands, which were inhabited by undeveloped peoples.

If the Society of Nations desired standardization and unification of development of the captured German colonies, which would prevent Japan from giving a distinctly Japanese character to the Marshall and Caroline Islands, the plan would not be acceptable to Japan, as it would hurt the national pride of her people, the delegate said.

The Havas Agency says it has been informed by the Japanese delegation to the Peace Conference that the announcement that Baron Makino, senior Japanese delegate, had received an order to publish certain agreements concluded between China and Japan is premature.

Conformable to diplomatic usages, says the delegation, Japan has asked China's consent to the publication of these agreements, but the Peking Government has not yet forwarded its reply.

The Japanese delegation insists that it is not a question of secret treaties, of which none has ever been concluded between the two countries, but simply of "accords."

The proposed arbitration of the Italian-Jugoslav frontier question is for the moment in abeyance. Premier Orlando has seen President Wilson and informed him that, after consulting with his colleagues of the Italian delegation, they had agreed that it would be impossible to take a decision on the arbitration proposal, which the Jugoslavs presented to the Peace Conference, asking President Wilson to be arbiter, without consulting the King and the Cabinet, and, if necessary, the Parliament.

President Wilson took the opportunity to explain that he was not the originator of the proposal, which was presented

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget—Advt.

RUMANIA REVOLTS, KING IS WOUNDED

Workingmen Prevent the Royal Family's Flight and Fire on Bucharest Palace.

MOBS SHOUT FOR REPUBLIC

Bolsheviki Said to Have Inspired Rising—60 Are Killed, 150 Wounded in Clash.

BERLIN, Feb. 12, (Associated Press.)—A general insurrection is in progress throughout Rumania, according to a special dispatch from Vienna.

King Ferdinand has been wounded slightly and has attempted to flee from Bucharest with the royal family.

Workingmen blocked the roadway from the palace when the royal family attempted to flee to Jassy, and the King and his family were forced to return. The King was wounded when the workers, according to the report, fired upon the palace.

Demand Fall of Dynasty.

Rioters in the streets of Bucharest are openly demanding the overthrow of the dynasty, crying:

"Down with the puppets! Long live the republic!"

The Vilag of Budapest learns that the revolt is part of Bolshevist propaganda. In a clash between the military and demonstrators at Bakorst sixty persons were killed and 150 wounded.

The discipline of the Rumanian Army, the newspaper adds, is collapsing. The food and economic situation is rapidly growing worse and the country's finances are completely demoralized. The position of the Bratiano Cabinet is declared to be untenable.

Recent Reports of Disorders.

Ever since the French troops under General Berthelot passed through Bucharest in the middle of November there have been a series of stories of revolt in Rumania printed in the Berlin and Vienna press, some of which have been cabled to this country. Official general denials of these revolts have been sent from time to time via Saloniki.

There were stories of the peasants rising early in January, of the spread of Bolshevist propaganda, with demonstrations before the palace, and finally of pogroms against the Jews, who were said to have declared Premier Bratiano's decree of emancipation unacceptable and impracticable. All but the last have been denied via Saloniki by French officials.

La Romanie, the organ of National Rumanian Unity, had nothing to say about these reports up to Jan. 16. The number of that date gave a most favorable view of the work of reconstruction. The Rumanian Government has had to deal both with Socialist agitators at home and Bolshevist propagandists from Russia. The reconstruction task of the Government has been hard because of the manner in which the Germans pillaged the country during the occupation. Rumanian money, printed and floated by the Germans, has been causing financial difficulties.

Premier Bratiano is a Liberal in politics and anti-German. On Feb. 2 he appeared before the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference in Paris. There has been no report concerning his whereabouts since.

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 7 Wall St.—Advt.

DRAFT TO CONFERENCE TODAY

President Will Read in Plenary Session the 26 Articles.

LEAGUE MEMBERS LIMITED

Neutral and Enemy Powers Must Be Admitted One by One, as They Are Declared Fit.

FRENCH HAD SMALL SUPPORT

Czechs Alone Back World Police—Paris Story That We Must Keep 500,000 in Army.

PARIS, Feb. 13, (Associated Press.)—The draft of the Society of Nations plan was unanimously adopted as a whole by the Peace Conference Commission this afternoon. The final draft consists of twenty-six articles.

President Wilson will personally read the draft to a plenary meeting of the Peace Conference tomorrow. The conference will not be asked to finally adopt it at this time.

The Bourgeois proposition for an interallied military force to enforce peace was defeated by an overwhelming vote at the meeting of the commission. The French and Czechoslovaks were the only representatives voting in the affirmative.

The Japanese delegation presented an amendment providing that racial discrimination should not be tolerated in immigration laws.

Several delegates urged that this would open such a large question that great delay might ensue, and the matter was dropped without a vote.

The League Commission resumed its sessions at 10:30 o'clock this morning with a full attendance of the members to receive the report of the Drafting Committee.

The commission took a recess at 1 o'clock until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, having then gone over seven articles of the draft.

The first subject considered on the resumption of the sitting concerned an international military force. President Wilson was not present at this session, having to attend the Supreme War Council. Lord Robert Cecil acted as Chairman during his absence.

According to a Havas Agency statement, the text of the plan for the Society of Nations, as first drawn up by the Peace Conference Commission for the organization of the society, and altered in some cases at the instance of President Wilson, was afterward amended, upon representations by Léon Bourgeois, whose ideas are stated to have been well received by the Allies.

In one case the plan was amended, the statement adds, so as to provide that the nations having membership in the League should pledge themselves to take up arms if necessary for the maintenance of the integrity of their respective territories. In addition to this, the commission discarded the idea of virtually making the Society of Nations a super-State.

Another Havas Agency announcement regarding the plan says that the United States, under the project as it has been amended, will maintain an army of not less than 500,000 men, which, after authorization of such action by the United States Senate, could be used wherever necessary.

This provision was agreed upon by the Society of Nations Commission, the agency says, as a solution of the difficulties in the way of the plan arising from the American Constitution.

Captain André Tardieu of the French peace delegation in an interview with American newspaper correspondents today said that the Society of Nations would be formed to protect only the powers represented at the Paris conference now.

Neutral and enemy powers would be admitted one by one, he added, as they conformed to the rules of the society and could be trusted.

Arrangements have been completed for President Wilson's departure from Paris tomorrow night and his embarkation at Brest on Saturday. He is planning to return to France on March 15.

The steamship George Washington arrived at Brest today to take the President back to the United States.

It is now believed in official circles that the Peace Conference will be able to complete its work by June 1.

If the reported action regarding the use of the American Army in connection with the Society of Nations, as outlined in the Havas statement, was taken by the league commission, it would seem that the action was not final.

At what hour the Havas statement was issued does not appear, but the indications are that it was put out during the morning, while an Associated Press dispatch filed in Paris at 1:15 o'clock this afternoon stated that up to the time the Society of Nations' commission took a recess, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the paragraph in the commission's plan relating to an international military force had not been reached.

GERMAN ARMY FALLS TO 550,000 THIS WEEK

British Do Not Consider Possibility of New Military Effort Dangerous.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The demobilization of Germany's old army is almost completed, according to authoritative information here. After Saturday, when the 1917 classes will be disbanded the army will consist of about 100,000 men on the eastern front, and the 1918 and 1919 classes, numbering about 450,000 men, which will be kept as a standing army.

Efforts by the German authorities to recruit volunteers for the army have been unproductive, but the official view here is that they may be more successful later. Men who have been in the army for four years do not have a great desire to continue in the fighting force, but it is expected that they will find civil life in Germany less attractive than the army, and, therefore, probably will be willing to enlist later.

Recruiting is also hindered by the fact that nearly every hamlet is trying to raise its own defense force. Many former soldiers are joining the local forces and are staying at home to protect their communities rather than join the national forces.

The German force on the eastern frontier is divided into two armies. The northern headquarters is at Bromberg and is commanded by General von Quast. The southern force, under Field Marshal von Woyrsch, is at Sagan.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg has not yet arrived at Kolberg, the Germain main headquarters in the east, although preparations have been made to receive him there.

The British General Staff does not view as dangerous the possibility of Germany making a military effort, but is taking full cognizance of the situation which the staff believes exists. It is pointed out that the German General Staff is still in existence, and that doubtless much artillery is still in hand. The Germans, it is believed, could get plenty of men quickly if necessary, but the problem of stores would forestall any quick ambitious attempt to renew the fighting.

LETTS STATE TERMS FOR CONFERENCE

Reds Must Withdraw Their Forces and Stop All Offensive Military Measures.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The Lettish Republic, in accepting the invitation of the Peace Conference to attend a conference at Princes' Islands, states that as a proviso to its acceptance the Russian Soviet Government must withdraw its forces from Letvia and cease all offensive military measures.

The Esthonian Government, in its acceptance, states that it does not feel that it is a part of the Russian Soviet Republic, but will participate because it feels that the conference will be of importance to the future of Esthonia and its relations with Russia.

The text of the Lettish reply reads:

"On Jan. 22 the great Allied Powers assembled at the Peace Conference invited representatives of 'every organized group that is now exercising or attempting to exercise political authority or military control anywhere in Siberia, or within the boundaries of European Russia as they stood before the war just concluded, except in Finland,' to go to Princes' Islands, Feb. 15, 1919, to confer with the representatives of the great Allied Powers.

"Although, from a political point of view, the Provisional Government of Letvia is in a situation exactly similar to that of Poland and Finland, it finds itself, nevertheless, invited, according to an official declaration made by the Secretary General of the Peace Conference on Feb. 10, 1919. In the name of the Provisional Lettish Government, the Lettish delegation has the honor to bring to the attention of the Peace Conference of Paris the following declaration:

"'The Provisional Lettish Government will send three delegates to Princes' Islands, provided that all armed forces sent or directed by Russia against the Lettish State be withdrawn from Letvia and that all offensive military action cease.

"'Letvia announces its separation from Russia and announced, in January, 1919, at the Constituent Assembly of Russia the constitution of an independent and sovereign Lettish State.

"'The Lettish delegation sent to the Peace Conference will participate in the conference at Prinkipo in order to:

"'I.—Make peace with Russia, this peace to be recognized by the great Allied Powers.

"'II.—Regulate, under the auspices of the great Allied Powers, the political and economic affairs as they result from the separation of Letvia and Russia.

"'III.—Make treaties in and take the necessary steps toward the establishment of States.

(Signed) "'J. TSCHISTE.'"

The Esthonian reply was as follows:

"On Jan. 22 the Peace Conference adopted a resolution by which the Governments established within the bounds of what was Russia before the war were asked to meet the representatives of the Allied Powers at Princes' Islands Feb. 15. The resolution closed with a request for a reply to this invitation from the interested parties.

"Therefore, the Esthonian delegation considers it a duty to bring to the attention of the Peace Conference, in the name of the Esthonian Government, the following:

"'The Esthonian people, by the intermediary of its National Council, which springs from universal suffrage, determined to separate from Russia, and thereupon proclaimed Esthonia an independent republic. The Government has been provisionally recognized by the English, French, and Italian Governments. Not only does the Esthonian Government exert its authority independent of any Russian Government, but for three months, after having organized a regular army, it has been at war with the Russian Soviet Communist Republic.

"'Therefore, we in nowise consider ourselves a part of Russia, although we accept the invitation of the Allied Powers and of the United States to go to Princes' Islands. We believe that the participation of the representatives of Esthonia and of the Communist Republic of Russian Soviets of importance to the future relations between Russia and the Esthonian Republic.'"

RED CROSS MAY BAR FOE.

International Body Discusses Excluding Germany.

GENEVA, Wednesday, Feb. 12.—The movement to exclude the Central Powers from the International Red Cross was debated at a meeting of that organization held here today. President Ador of Switzerland was Chairman of the meeting, which was attended by delegations from allied countries which preferred charges of violations of Red Cross privileges by Germany.

IRISH DELEGATE ARRIVES IN PARIS

Sean O'Kelly Inquires About Recognition of the "Provisional Government."

SENDS LETTER TO WILSON

Fails to Give His Own Address to Which a Reply Might Be Forwarded.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Professor Edward de Valera, the escaped Sinn Fein leader, has not yet arrived in Paris, but the so-called Irish Republic has succeeded in sending one of its emissaries here. His name is Sean O'Kelly, and to his name he adds the letters M. P.

O'Kelly yesterday addressed to President Wilson at the Villa Murat a letter in which he states:

"I have been appointed by the provisional Government of the Irish Republic to be their representative in Paris, and I am directed to request what recognition is to be granted by the Peace Conference and the League of Nations to the Government of the Irish Republic, now established.

O'Kelly at the same time states that he has been nominated by the Lord Mayor and Municipal Council of the City of Dublin "to wait on your Excellency [meaning President Wilson] if your Excellency so pleases, and to inquire if a certain correspondence addressed to you by the Town Clerk of Dublin in January last has reached your Excellency."

The correspondence to which O'Kelly refers is the proposal that the freedom of the City of Dublin should be conferred on the President.

O'Kelly goes on to ask for a personal interview "in which I can inform your Excellency officially of the claims of my Government to have the case of Ireland stated before the Peace Conference and the League of Nations."

The "delegate" is stopping "with friends in Paris," and he gives no address in his letter to the President, so that it is a question how President Wilson could reach him if he decided to reply at once. The question is asked whether, under the circumstances, O'Kelly counted on receiving a reply. It is also pointed out that, by signing himself Sean O'Kelly, M. P., he has not followed the precedent established by the majority of the Sinn Feiners returned at the recent general elections, who described themselves as M. P. I. R., i. e., Member of Parliament of the Irish Republic.

Inquiries in American quarters indicated that O'Kelly's letter had so far not created the sensation which the delegate of the Irish Republic may have considered appropriate to his advent in Paris. President Wilson's correspondence is necessarily very extensive, and O'Kelly's letter up to this afternoon does not appear to have come up for consideration. Possibly it may be carried on board President Wilson's ship amid great bundles of other letters when he sails for the United States, and in that case before the President's answer can reach O'Kelly at the unnamed address the said O'Kelly may be cooling his heels for a long time.

SOCIALISTS SENDING ENVOYS.

Henderson, Branting, and Others Going to Paris Conference.

BERNE, Feb. 13.—The peace delegation of the International Socialist Conference, consisting of Hjalmar Branting, Arthur Henderson, Camille Huysmans, Pierre Renaudel, and M. Longuet, will leave for Paris shortly to get in contact with the leading statesmen at the Peace Coonference.

It is announced that a second Socialist conference will probably be held in Berne early in the Summer.

Hjalmar Branting is the Swedish Socialost leader, Arthur Henderson is a British labor leader, and Camille Huysmans is a Belgian Socialist. MM. Renaudel and Longuet are French Socialists.

GERMANY MUST CUT ARMY

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

bounds of possibility that the occupation figures, as determined upon in the next few days, may reveal the possibility of demobilization at an even faster rate than now prevails.

Berlin Reports Allies' Demand.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—A German wireless communication, received tonight, says:

"The Superior Council of the Allies demanded from the German armistice administration at Spa on Feb. 10 a declaration of all stocks of war materials available in Germany, under construction, including guns, airplanes and motors.

"The demand was based on the attitude of the German Army administration in connection with the Polish question and the necessity of settling conditions for an extension of the armistice."

WILSON BACKED CLEMENCEAU.

Urged All Precautions—Ready to Use Army Again Against Germany.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—It is reported that M. Clemenceau made an impressive speech at yesterday's sitting of the Supreme War Council, showing the necessity of taking all desirable precautions against Germany. At the afternoon sitting President Wilson is declared to have adopted the same viewpoint, affirming that all the Allies were agreed on that point and that divergencies which cropped up during previous discussions bore solely on the most suitable methods of obtaining the necessary guarantees.

President Wilson, according to the report, is understood to have declared in conversation that a resumption of hostilities was a grave eventuality to which he would agree only on the most absolutely essential considerations, and not for any secondary motive.

The report states that, in Mr. Wilson's opinion, the non-execution of terms of the armistice by Germany would be an incident of such a nature as to justify the resumption of war, and it is stated that he would not hesitate in that case to order the American Army to take up arms again.

A Havas report says that the Supreme War Council has decided that the armistice with Germany will be renewed on Feb. 17 for a very brief period, with the Allies reserving the right to suspend it at any time in the event of Germany's failure to carry out new clauses or those which have hitherto not been executed.

During the brief period of the renewed armistice, a special commission will definitely draft the conditions of an armistice which will last till the signature of the peace preliminaries. These conditions, which the Supreme War Council is reported to have approved in a rough form yesterday afternoon, have in view, it is said, the demobilization of the German Army and the disarmament of the enemy under the supervision of the Allies. These terms, it is understood, will be communicated to Germany so that the National Assembly at Weimar will have time to deliberate upon them until the provisional armistice expires.

Marshal Foch, who leaves for Treves today, was to interview Premier Clemenceau at 8 o'clock this morning and begin drafting the armistice provisions which the Supreme War Council was to examine this afternoon.

During the session this afternoon the Supreme Council heard the Rev. Howard S. Bliss, President of the American College at Beirut, and Chekri Gahem, President of the Syrian National Committee.

ITALY TO DEMOLISH EX-KAISER'S EMBASSY

Palazzo Caffarelli to be Torn Down for Excavation of Antiquities on the Site.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Feb. 12.—At last the Capitoline Hill is freed from German "domination." The Italian tricolor waves above the Palazzo Caffarelli, the former German embassy to the Quirinal, which now belongs to the Italian Government.

It was a coincidence that both the Central Empires succeeded in establishing their embassies on two historic spots on the Capitoline Hill, the centre of Latin civilization and greatness. The Austrian embassy was in the Palazzo Venezia, the property of the Venetian Republic in the Middle Ages.

Ever since the beginning of the war, the Italian people had claimed the right to annex these two monuments, it being deemed a profanation that they should belong to the enemy. At last this wish has been satisfied, the Government giving the Swiss Embassy, which is looking after German interests in Italy time to transport all the furniture and art objects.

More than 2,000 years ago, in the identical spot where now the Palazzo Caffarelli stands, stood the Temple of Jupiter, on the Capitoline Hill, in the centre of Rome. Senator Rodolfo Lanciani, the renowned archaeologist and the greatest authority on the topography of Rome, is going to initiate wonderful excavations for the treasures buried under the palace. He has already visited the palace to plan the work.

The temple stood on a tremendous cliff 110 feet above the underlying road. The building was originally erected 500 years before Christ, and was reconstructed five times, the last time in Pentelican marble, which was covered with inscriptions from all countries of the world expressing gratitude to the Romans for their help.

The pillars of part of the temple, with their priceless treasures, must have rolled down the cliff and been buried there. The best part of its marble ornaments were used for buildings, churches, and palaces in Rome.

Germany bought the Palazzo Caffarelli, built on this site, and also by slow degrees all nearby land and houses on the Capitoline Hill. All this, however, has been taken over by the Italian Government, which has given the order for the demolition of the palace to enable workmen to start immediately on the excavations.

GERMAN SHIPS READY TO HELP CARRY TROOPS

About 750,000 Tons of Vessels to be Turned Over to Allied Transport Council.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—About 750,000 tons, deadweight, of German shipping have been named for the use of the allied maritime and transport council in repatriating troops and carrying food, according to official announcement tonight. The statement reads:

"The Maritime Transport Council met Feb. 1, Feb. 4, and Feb. 11. Those present were MM. Clementel and Boisson for France, Signor Crespi for Italy, George Rublee for the United States, and J. A. Salter for Great Britain.

"Important decisions were made as to the allocation for management and use of Austrian and German tonnage. Passenger vessels will be mainly employed in the repatriation of troops and cargo vessels for the carriage of food to different ports in Europe, including liberated areas and enemy countries. The vessels are to be divided for the purposes of management among the associated Governments.

"These arrangements were made on the understanding that the ultimate disposition of the vessels by the terms of peace would in no way be prejudiced, and in order to make this a fact they are being administered in the meantime in trust for the associated Governments as a whole. They will fly the flag of the Allied Maritime Transport Service as well as the national flag of the country undertaking their management.

"The council appointed delegates to proceed to Spa, together with representatives of the food departments and the naval authorities of the several Governments, to meet the representatives of the German Government Feb. 16 and arrange with regard to the delivery of vessels which the German Government was bound to hand over under the armistice of Jan. 16 and the Treves agreement of Jan. 17.

"The preparation of a considerable number of vessels has been proceeding, and about 750,000 tons, deadweight tonnage, has been named by the German Government and are now ready to sail. Meantime the associated Governments are making an examination on the spot of other German vessels in German ports."

BLUNT REQUEST TO GERMANY.

Show Good Faith by Practice, It Said, if You Want Terms.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Marshals Foch and Haig, General Pershing, General Diaz, General Sackville West, and Admiral Hope gave their views before the Supreme War Council today when the discussion of the question of the prolongation of the armistice was continued.

A request for specific information has been addressed to the German Government, in which the allied and associated Governments say in effect:

"You profess good faith but your practice does not agree with your professions. Show us that you are disarming by fully complying with the terms already imposed upon you and we are ready to give you benefit of the doubt. Up to the present, however, you appear to have tried to deceive us in the matter of submarines, transport, and merchant ships. Convince us of your good faith by your acts and then we will consider whether we cannot come to terms with you on the general ground of the abolition of conscription and the limitation of armaments."

RAPID PROGRESS ON LABOR PROGRAM

Peace Conference Commission Reaches Article XVII. of Draft Presented by British.

BIG OBSTACLE IS PASSED

Proposals to be Presented to Full Conference Cover a Very Wide Range.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—The Peace Conference Commission on International Labor Legislation examined today the articles dealing with the procedure of the proposed international conference body. In this process it reached Article XVII. of the draft.

The commission has decided to issue a journal dealing with the problems of international industry and employment. It was agreed also to appoint an international staff, the duties of which would include distribution of information on all subjects relating to international conditions of industrial life and employment.

The agreement yesterday by the commission to accept Article IV. of the British draft of labor measures marked the passing over safely of an obstacle which labor leaders expected would provoke a sharp contest, because it was the most radical of the projects that organized labor has been seeking to graft on the constitution of the Society of Nations. This article provides that at the proposed International Labor Conference representatives of the Governments, the employers, and working people shall be entitled to speak and vote independently without regard to the views, expressed by the other representatives of their nation, and to have power to draw up conventions, binding on the nations represented.

The rapid progress made upon the rest of the British draft, into which will be incorporated some features of the French labor plan, appears to warrant the belief that the essential aims of the delegates of both nations will be accepted in their entirety by the commission.

The British draft covers a wide field, including these provisions:

Uniformity of the rights of workmen employed abroad, their protection against loss when in a foreign country through the lapse of State insurance against sickness, old age, accidents, unemployment, and similar causes.

Prevention of unemployment through the adoption by the different Governments of a policy of distribution of orders for public works so as to keep the demand for labor at an approximately uniform level.

Relief of the unemployed through a system of registration and co-operation between employers in different lines of industry to meet fluctuating labor demands.

Opportunities to unemployed young workers for continuance of their education at established centres.

A system of inspection of factories and workshops to insure the execution of labor laws.

Protection of children, youths, and women, with educational opportunities for the children and regulation of night work for youths.

Limitation of the working shift for young persons to half that of adults, with no overtime or night work.

Recognition of the rights of workingmen to combine and maintain peaceful picketing.

Recognition of the right of workingmen to combine politically, and of trades unions to participate in politics.

Fixing of working hours by laws in each State, with an international standard as the minimum.

Regulation of home work in small workshops, or sweatshops, to be attended to by each State, in view of the difficulty of settling this problem by international legislation.

Drafting of an international code regulating labor conditions in the mercantile marine under every flag; this to be worked out by a special maritime commission of the League of Nations, which shall be in continuous session to take up new points.

It seems to be agreed that the diverse wage and money standards of the East and the West would make the definite fixing of conditions as to these matters impossible.

As to the right of workingmen to combine, the British view is that this should be insisted upon by the working classes, although it is now denied by Japan.

The measures of hygiene, insurance, and the regulation of the work of children, it is also contended, ought to apply to native Asiatic labor.

The British plan also contemplates the creation of a permanent international commission to fix minimum wages, according to conditions in various regions, and to make a special study of native labor problems.

It is proposed to include in the League of Nations plan the constitution of an international parliament, composed of delegates from the existing national parliaments, to suggest labor legislation to the Society of Nations.

Abolition of military training in schools and international exchange of university students is also proposed.

The French proposals include the recruiting of labor through national employment bureaus, prohibition of work by children under 14 years of age, prohibition of night work by women, and enforcement of a maximum eight-hour working day in factories where furnaces are always lighted, together with laws regulating hygiene and the safety of the workers.

BERLIN PRESS CORDIAL TO EBERT

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

definable astuteness and tenacious perseverance without which even in revolutionary times no harnessmaker can become President.

"The German labor movement has created no powerful individualities, but a vigorous, bright, critical spirit. On such ground as Ebert's they have a ground that lies midway between the overheated and the arctic regions.

"Ebert will now need a chef de cuisine, a master of ceremonies and a retinue, and will live at the Bellevue or some other Berlin palace, because we cannot afford that the German Republic in a plebeian manner shall discard all conventional practices. But even in these absolutely necessary new surroundings he will remain a son of the people.

"Least of all have the Monarchists cause to say that Ebert's personality is anything but royal, because they were always ready and their principles commanded them to pay homage to the most insignificant, incompetent, foolish personage, only because by a mere stupid accident of birth he grew up in a princely palace."

The Deutsche Tageszeitung treats Ebert comparatively fairly in an article headed "The End of the Revolution." The Junker organ emphasizes the view point that with Ebert's election as President, revolutionists have ceased to exist and the law now only knows common criminals.

"The great events of the last two days," it says, "have brought up nearer the restoration of law and order and we expect of Ebert's Government that it will show itself strong enough to draw the consequences from the new situation. Surely Ebert's was not a light task during the revolution nor have the revolutionaries made it easy for him and we suspect that his remembrance of Nov. 9 is not the most pleasant. With the exception of a few who made lucre out of the revolution the whole German people will greet with satisfaction the end of a period which tested all our patience to an intolerable degree.

"The new Government has the authorization and moral backing of the whole German people. Everything now depends on the use it makes of these.

"The Centrist organs also welcome Ebert with cordiality."

Toward midnight last night Spartacides again appeared in the newspaper district and attacked the guards in the Vorwärts, Tageblatt, Tägliche, Rundschau, and Ullstein buildings, shooting and throwing hand grenades. Government troops drove them from the housetops, employing searchlights.

GERMANS SUSPEND ATTACKS ON POLES

Attempts by Bolsheviki to Pass Through Lines Disguised as Polish Officers Fail.

ZURICH, Feb. 13, (Havas.)—The German offensive against the Poles has been suspended, according to Berlin newspapers.

[Early this week it was reported from Paris that Marshal Foch had ordered the Poles and Germans to cease hostilities.]

WARSAW, Feb. 12, (Associated Press.)—Ignace Jan Paderewski is alarmed over the German situation in Posen. He said to The Associated Press today: "The Germans are counting upon the United States and foreign press to spread the impression that the Poles are incapable of self-government."

Refugees bringing in Russian rubles find that the value of their money is very low, the exchange rate having dropped 20 per cent.

Bolshevist forces have occupied Zeliva, between Bialystok and Brest-Litovsk. They have attempted to advance through the Polish lines, using uniforms of Polish officers, but those who tried this ruse failed, and 100 have been brought to Warsaw in motor trucks. The Bolshevist forces are estimated to number between two and twenty divisions, but it is believed that the actual figures will show that the latter estimate is the more correct.

General Bartelmy is attempting to arrange an armistice between the Ukraninians and Poles, which the former are willing to negotiate, provided the Drohobycz oil fields are given to them, pending decision by the Peace Conference. The American Red Cross has sent a carload of condensed milk to Lemburg.

ASK TROOPS TO GUARD FOOD.

Germans Held Responsible for Safety of Shipments Through Danzig.

BERLIN, Feb. 11, (Associated Press.)—The railroad administration at Danzig has notified the Government that the military authorities there are not in a position to furnish the necessary number of troops to protect the first three Polish relief ships which are due at Danzig early next week, according to the Kruez Zeitung.

The commander is said to have requested that American troops be sent there, but this has been refused, because the American Commission insists that the German Government be responsible for the protection of food shipments and that Germany be obligated to make good any losses.

The situation is complicated by the failure of French or American troops to arrive, which will make necessary the policing of the entire railway line from Danzig to the Polish frontier. The Danzig railway administration, therefore, has sent an urgent call to Berlin for the prompt dispatch of an adequate number of troops.

CANNOT ALTER PEACE TREATY.

Must Be Accepted or Rejected, Bonar Law Indicates.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—George Lambert asked in the House of Commons whether Parliament would have the power to alter the provisions of the peace treaty.

Andrew Bonar Law, the Government spokesman, replied that it was quite impossible that about twenty Parliaments should discuss the details of the treaty. He added that as far as Great Britain was concerned the treaty would not be satisfactory until Parliament had expressed an opinion on it.

Mr. Bonar Law's reply indicated that the treaty would have to be ratified or rejected en bloc.

JAPAN BALKS AT MANDATORY PLAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

by M. Trumbitch during a conversation which he had with him last week, and he had simply mentioned it to Premier Orlando in a conversation that followed. The President added that he would prefer not to be loaded with the responsibility to arbitrate, but was willing to act as a friendly intermediary in an effort to reach a settlement satisfactory to both sides.

A deputation has arrived in Paris from Fiume to present to the Peace Conference documents in behalf of the claim of Fiume to be united with Italy.

The deputation, composed of Dr. Grossich, President of the National Council; M. Ossoinach, Deputy for Fiume, and Dr. Vio, Mayor of Fiume, called on President Wilson today and outlined the reasons for which, it is claimed, Fiume should be united to Italy. In their arguments they said that the turning over of Fiume to Italy would be in accord with the principle of self-determination proclaimed by President Wilson.

SAY JAPAN STANDS FIRM.

Not Likely to Allow Delegates to Discuss Arrangements with China.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—It was asserted here today that Japan would not allow its delegates at Paris to discuss at the Peace Conference the treaties signed at Peking on May 25, 1915, with representatives of the Chinese Government relative to the settlement of the Shantung question and defining Japan's position in South Manchuria and Mongolia.

The statement was made in an authoritative quarter that the Japanese Government regarded those agreements as essential and attached great importance to the 1915 agreements, all of which have been made public, it is said.

The Japanese view of the importance of these agreements was set forth in a note of instructions given by Baron Kato, then Foreign Minister, to the Japanese Minister to China, Mr. Hioki, on Dec. 3, 1914, which was made public here today. These instructions, after stating the purpose of the proposals, say:

"Believing it absolutely essential, for strengthening Japan's position in Eastern Asia as well as for preservation of the general interests of that region, to secure China's adherence [illegible] going proposals, the Imperial Govern[illegible] by all means within their power. You are, therefore, requested to use your best endeavor in the conduct of the negotiations which are hereby placed in your hands."

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Engineers and Contractors
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn

SAYS WILSON BARRED TOUR OF WAR RUINS

London Paper Prints a Report That He Feared Hating Foe Too Much.

ASSERTS DANGER TO FRENCH

Germans Are Declared to be Still Undefeated, Though Willing to Pretend.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The Morning Post, which all along has been a severe critic of the Wilsonian peace formula and of the attitude which the President has taken at the Peace Conference, publishes today an editorial in which it says:

"President Wilson is leaving France without seeing either the devastated or occupied areas—all except Rheims, which he probably visited because the American troops had been at that end of the line. It is said that when he was invited to examine what the Germans had really done to France, he declined on the ground that it might tempt him to hate the enemy too much.

"He is therefore returning to America with his spiritual calm unruffled, neither too much hating his enemies nor too much loving his friends. It is no doubt an admirable frame of mind for the President of a country which is remote from the German danger and for the leader of a party which includes a very large German vote, but it is perhaps a little inconvenient to his associates—we dare not say Allies—who have to face the future in close proximity to an enemy still strong, still undefeated, and still German.

"In particular, it is embarrassing for France, which has only a land frontier between herself and a nation of twice her population and enormously her superior in the material foundations of power.

"If we speak of victory and defeat in terms of reality and not in terms of rhetoric, can we honestly say that the Allies are as yet victorious and the Germans as yet vanquished? The Germans, of course, are willing to say they are beaten—and it suits them very well for the Allies to believe they are victorious; but unless you are as safe as the President of the United States, it is wise to deal not in rhetoric but in reality. And the reality of the situation is evidently disturbing our good friends the French."

After referring to the destruction wrought in France, as revealed by Finance Minister, Klotz, The Morning Post says:

"If this had been done to the United States instead of only to a friend of America, we believe that even President Wilson might have been induced, if not to hate, at least to take adequate measures that it should not happen again. We are willing to recognize that to love your enemies is a Christian precept, but it becomes less admirable when acted upon at the expense of your friends."

SWEDES HAIL MANNERHEIM.

Finnish Leader Greeted by King and People in Stockholm.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 12.—A Stockholm dispatch reports that General Mannerheim, head of the Finnish State, arrived there on Wednesday and was received with all the honods belonging to a foreign regent.

Princes William, Charles, and Eugene were present at his landing and conducted the General to a room where the King was waiting for the Finnish guests.

Soon afterward General Mannerheim, in a carriage with the King, drove to the palace, where a luncheon was given. On the way he was heartily welcomed by the population. The Socialists had prepared a demonstration, but it did not succeed.

NEW YORKERS GET HONORS.

In the List of Winners of the Distinguished Service Cross.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The list of officers and men to whom the Distinguished Service Cross is awarded for heroism in France, made public today, contained the names of thirty-eight soldiers, eight of them New York and New Jersey men. The latter, and the acts that won the citations, are:

First Lieut. THEODORE S. KENYON, 306th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action in the forest of Argonne, France, Sept. 27, 1918. Lieutenant Kenyon displayed exceptional qualities of leadership and gallantry in action while leading his company against a counterattack of the enemy in superior numbers. Later, although three times wounded, he remained with his command. Home address, William H. Kenyon, 321 West Thirty-second Street, New York, N. Y.

First Lieut. LED C. FLETCHER, (deceased,) 111th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action at Fismette, France, Aug. 10-13, 1918. When his battalion was attacked by a greatly superior force, Lieutenant Fletcher, intelligence officer, organized a detachment and successfully defended an important position. Later, when our barrage was falling short, he voluntarily carried a message to the artillery for the purpose of correcting the fire. Home address, George Fletcher, father, Wellsboro, N. Y.

Sergeant HOWARD C. LEHY, (deceased,) Company B, 311th Infantry, A. S. No. 1746071. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Grand Fontaine, France, Sept. 26, 1918. After his patrol had disposed of two sniper posts with rifle grenades, Sergeant Lehy held his group in position and covered the withdrawal of his platoon from heavy enfilading machine-gun fire of the enemy. Home address, Mrs. John Lehy, mother, Brown Place, Oakhurst, N. J.

Corporal AARON YAMIN, (deceased,) Company B, 306th Infantry, A. S. No. 1701168. For extraordinary heroism in action in the forest of Argonne, France, Sept. 27, 1918. Corporal Yamin displayed exceptional bravery by volunteering to cut a strip of enemy barbed wire to make an opening for his company, which was, at that time, under heavy fire from artillery and machine guns. In performing this mission this soldier received wounds from which he afterward died. Next of kin, Mrs. Hilda Yamin, mother, 322 East 101st Street, New York, N. Y.

Private (first class) CARL I. JOHNSON, Company B, 306th Infantry, A. S. No. 1721217. For extraordinary heroism in action in the Forest of Argonne, France, Sept. 27, 1918. Private Johnson displayed exceptional bravery in volunteering to cut the enemy's wire and thereby make it possible for his company to advance upon the enemy. In performing this invaluable service he repeatedly exposed himself to heavy fire from enemy machine guns and was severely wounded. Home address, Miss Emily Corcoran, friend, 306 West Seventy-second Street, New York, N. Y.

Private JOHN E. GARTRIGHT, deceased, Company M, 307th Infantry, A. S. No. 1707274. For extraordinary heroism in the Forest of Argonne, France, Sept. 28-29, 1918. Private Gartright distinguished himself time after time carrying in wounded under heavy shell fire until he was finally killed while engaged in this self-sacrificing work. Next of kin, Mrs. Laura Gartright, wife, 31 Sullivan Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private (first class) IRVING SIROTTA, Medical Detachment, 308th Infantry, A. S. No. 1711214. For extraordinary heroism in action near Binarville, France, Oct. 2-7, 1918. Private Sirotta was on duty with a detachment of his regiment which was cut off and surrounded by the enemy in the Forest of Argonne. During this period he was without food, but he continued to assist and give first aid to the wounded, exposing himself to heavy shell and machine-gun fire at the risk of his life, until he was completely exhausted. Home address, M. Ginsburg, uncle, 1,237 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private IRVING L. LINER, Company D, 308th Infantry, A. S. No. 1708384. For extraordinary heroism in action near Binarville, France, Oct. 2-7, 1918. Private Liner was a battalion runner, when his battalion was surrounded by the enemy in the Forest of Argonne and cut off from communication with friendly troops. He carried messages with great cheerfulness under conditions of stress and under heavy machine gun and shell fire, at a time when he was exhausted by exposure and hunger, being without food for five days. Home address, Max Liner, father, 573 Schenck Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The other cross winners are:

William L. Gillespie, deceased, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Lieutenant Walter V. Dial, deceased, Huntington, W. Va.; Captain Robert S. Cain, Pittsburgh; Captain Edmond W. Lynch, deceased, Sharon Hill, Penn.; Sergeant Charles A. Robbins, South Manchester, Conn.; Lieutenant George Richard Thompson, Washington; Sergeant Grover C. Hilliard, Dover, Tenn.; Corporal Merl Doty, Rockwell, Iowa; Paul L. Hartley, Brownsville, S. C.; Harvey H. Shively, Spray, N. C.; Lieutenant Arthur E. Birch, deceased, Lawrence, Kan.; Lieutenant Arthur H. Champeny, Oxford, Kan.; Major George W. Blackinton, Flint, Mich.; James T. O'Neil, Alden, Penn.; Alfred Stevenson, deceased, Linwood, Penn.; Sergeant Edwin Macbeth, Pittsburgh; Lieutenant Rowland S. Dodge, deceased, Pawtucket; Lieutenant Hugh D. Bloomfield, deceased, Portland, Ore.; Lieutenant Clinton Jones, San Francisco; Sergeant Samuel A. Lloyd, Lynchburg, Va.; Forrest J. Hulett, Fountain, Mich.; Sergeant Joseph F. Mannion, Baltimore; Sergeant John E. Godfrey, Hampton, Va.; Charles A. Ritzert, deceased, Chicora, Penn.; John Heikinen, Atlantic Mine, Mich.; Frederick W. McClemmens, Crafton, Penn.; Lieutenant Michael J. Hayes, Cleveland; Lieutenant Charles S. Dennison, Denver; Sergeant George W. Beatty, Denver, and Corporal Henry McPherson, Abington, Mass.

Gratification was expressed yesterday at the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 137th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, over the announcement that Sergeant Benjamin S. Weber of Company D, 307th Infantry, had won the distinguished service cross. Sergeant Weber was brought up in the institution where he spent seven years, during which he received a military training and was Captain of a company in the institution's cadet corps. Over 300 boys of the institution are in the service.

GERMANS ANGERED OVER FOOD TERMS

Call Allies' Attitude "Inhuman" in Demanding Ships in Return for Supplies.

HOLD ERZBERGER TO BLAME

Frankfort Paper Says Rantzau Flatly Refused French Financial Demands.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 12.—After the sinking of millions of tons of shipping and foodstuffs during the war, thus contributing to the present world shortage, the fact that Germany is to be provided with $30,000,000 worth of foodstuffs in exchange for tonnage has only brought forth expressions of ingratitude and outbursts of stormy indignation at the Allies' "inhuman attitude."

For months the world at large has been informed that only a supply of food could save Germany from Bolshevism and internal collapse, thus hoping to evoke sympathy, but obviously expecting that no quid pro quo would be demanded. Erzberger, who accepted the terms with the explanation that they might have been much worse, has come in for a hot fire of abuse from the Right and Left press.

Even the Moderate Democratic Frankfurter Zeitung demands to know by what right he disposed of the German mercantile fleet, who authorized him to do so, who is responsible, and from whom he received his instructions. This the German people must know, says the paper, and it can no longer be tolerated that these "inefficient" persons remain in office to lead Germany to still further ruin. The question must be brought up, it declares, at the National Assembly.

"Germany needs foodstuffs," the Zeitung proceeds, "and not less raw material for industries in order to start the motor of economic life and prevent idleness and Bolshevism. * * * Negotiations for the latter have only begun. * * * We foresee much worse stress for the future which the Entente military conditions will impose on us."

The article asserts, like many previous ones, that Germany laid down her arms only on the basis of President Wilson's principles, and can demand that they be carried out even if the German people fatalistically contemplate Erzberger in Foch's salon dining car.

"It was hoped," the Zeitung says, "that a new tone would be adopted in the January armistice negotiations, when von Brockdorff-Rantzau angrily threw the unheard-of demands of the French financial commission on the table, refusing to accept them. We breathed freely, because finally, after three months of humiliation, our foreign policy again showed the strength of a nation of 70,000,000 of people. But this is changed."

The Zeitung, like other papers, discusses the food question in detail. It remarks that the fats to be provided amount to just one kilo per head for the whole population, and says that about 270,000 tons of wheat, oatmeal, and rice are also to be given. All this must be paid for in gold or exported goods, as the granting of credits or the acceptance of German money was refused, although Austrian kroner notes were accepted.

This paper says that for exorbitant prices impossible conditions have been exacted for the delivery of mixed foodstuffs only suitable for extras for sick children and mothers, but in no way relieving the situation generally.

"And to attain this," it goes on, "we deliver up our whole merchant fleet. The German ships will sail under the American and allied flags and the Allies can dispose of the crews."

In short, says the Zeitung, the Entente disposes of 2,500,000 tons of shipping for 270,000 tons of foodstuffs. It asks what will be demanded Feb. 17, when the armistice period ends.

The Rhenish Westphalian Gazette learns that the food ships are finally about to leave Hamburg, including nine of the Hamburg-American Line and two of the German Levant Line. This is the beginning of the end of German overseas independence, it asserts, and "even the blind must have their eyes open now."

MORE GREEKS FOR THRACE.

Conference's Authorization for Sending of Troops Significant.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—Greece has been authorized by the Peace Conference to send additional troops into Thrace, the Smyrna district, and adjacent territory along the coast. It is understood that these troops and those which Italy is about to send to the Asia Minor districts of Adalia and Konieh, will be considered allied troops, subject to withdrawal by the conference.

This move is construed by observers here as the first step toward making Italy and Greece the mandatory powers for the territory thus occupied.

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PRE-WAR SECRETS BARED BY BRITISH

Accepted Accounts of Momentous Happenings Shattered in Book by Prof. C. W. Oman.

SERAJEVO PLOT NOT STAGED

But Plans for War Had Been Made Before Archduke Francis Was Murdered.

LICHNOWSKY WAS DUPED

And Germany Had Prepared Demands on France That Would Have Forced Her to Fight.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Some of the accepted stories of the happenings of the momentous days just prior to the war, it is understood, are shattered in a book by Professor Charles W. Oman, based on official documents and personal notes of diplomats and officials, to be issued to-morrow. Professor Oman is President of the Royal Historical Society and a Professor of History at Oxford University. A. J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, and Earl Curzon, Government leader in the House of Lords, are understood to have taken an active interest in the work of compilation.

The book characterizes as a fallacy the belief that the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand at Serajevo was a "stage managed affair," but it is asserted from knowledge gained from official documents that if the assassination had not occurred the war certainly would have been started very soon.

The famous Potsdam conference of July 5, 1914, according to the book, was not what has been benerally accepted. The meeting took place, but it was not a formal conference, as has been declared repeatedly. It is asserted that many persons who were supposed to have been there were not present. Emperor William and members of the German Imperial Staff were present, however, and at this conference Germany definitely decided for war.

Timed to Embarrass Allies.

One of the "damning revelations," as Professor Oman calls them, is his statement that from a close study of Munich newspapers he has established that the ultimatum from the Vienna Government to the Serbian Government was deliberately timed when President Poincaré and Premier Viviani of France were at sea after their departure from Petrograd in order to make it difficult for the Entente to reach an understanding. Professor Oman gives what he calls a complete analysis of these revelations.

A series of hitherto unpublished communications between Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary in 1914, and Prince Lichnowsky, German Ambassador in London at the outbreak of the war, goes to prove, Professor Oman says, that the British Foreign Office believes that Lichnowsky was absolutely honest. The book says:

"They emphasize the personal anxiety of Lichnowsky and show that he was actually and literally betrayed by his Government—in other words, that he was the unwilling tool of the Kaiser."

On July 29, 1914, Prince Lichnowsky wrote privately as follows to Sir Edward Grey:

"I begin to hope that it once more has been possible, owing to Anglo-German collaboration, to save the peace of Europe."

On July 30 Sir W. E. Goschen, British Ambassador in Berlin, wrote to Sir Edward Grey, saying:

"The Chancellor told me last night that he was pressing the button with a view to forming a moderating influence on Vienna."

Information contained in the book shows that the opposite was taking place, and that Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg was doing everything possible to get the German war machine going.

The book refers to a journalistic mystery never cleared up—the publication by the Westminster Gazette on Aug. 1, 1914, of a dispatch dated in Berlin, giving the text of a purported telegram addressed on July 30 by von Bethmann-Hollweg to the German Ambassador in Vienna, saying:

"We must refuse to be drawn into a world conflagration through Austria-Hungary not respecting our advice."

Professor Oman says that the newspaper never revealed the source of the dispatch, and it was never included in the German White Book or in any official publication, yet the document was dragged out two and one-half years later by Chancellor Michaelis and cited as proof that Germany was holding back until Russia mobilized, which mobilization Germany gives as the cause of the war.

Information Kept from Czar.

The book goes into detail of the fateful night during which the order of Emperor Nicholas countermanding the Russian demobilization was ignored by the Russian War Minister and the Chief of the Russian General Staff. It is shown that the Emperor was not in possession of information in the hands of his War Minister and Chief of Staff. The evidence establishes that the Russian mobilization was caused by war threats made by Count Pourtales, the German Ambassador in Petrograd, that the Russian Ministers knew all about it and went ahead with their plans and that when the war came Emperor Nicholas realized that they were right and he was wrong.

Regarding the so-called Russian mobilization Sir George Buchanan, the British Ambassador in Petrograd, in a secret document says:

"The military authorities without the knowledge of the Czar did make secret preparations for a general mobilization, though, on being questioned by the Emperor, General Soukhomlinoff (the Russian Minister of War) denied this."

It is shown, however, that this did not alter the general situation. It is also shown that when the Russian military chiefs ignored the midnight waverings of the Emperor and his order to suspend the mobilization they were justified because a few hours later it became clear that Germany was bent on war.

It is shown that Baron von Schoen, the German Ambassador to France, had in his possession a demand which would make it impossible for France to remain neutral—a demand for the surrender of the fortresses of Toul and Verdun. It is stated that Baron von Schoen actually had a German official demand to this effect in his pocket on one visit to the French Foreign Office.

One chapter of the book is devoted to an illustration of former Emperor William's personal treachery and his elastic memory, enabling him conveniently to forget unpleasant things. Other chapters point out the clumsy German attempt to lay the blame for the war on France.

The British Foreign Office sanctions the publication of the book at this time, hoping to clear up some obscure points and aiming to influence public opinion favorably during the Peace Conference.

Professor Oman in a footnote calls attention to the difference between the German and the allied conceptions of mobilization. He says that Germany holds that mobilization means that the whole war machine shall be ready for action. The definition of the Allies is merely getting ready.

Mendacious Dispatch from Kaiser.

One chapter of Professor Oman's work is devoted to telegrams exchanged between King George, the German Emperor, and the Emperor of Russia, which for the first time are given in chronological order. One telegram from Emperor William to King George, dated July 31, 1914, saying the Emperor was engaged in mediation, was sent at midday and subsequent to the council held in the morning at which war had been decided upon.

In connection with the allegations of a French invasion of Luxemburg, Professor Oman publishes an interesting statement made by the Luxemburg Minister of State saying there had been no encroachment by the French on Luxemburg soil. Professor Oman instances this as a daring act on the part of the Luxemburg authorities.

Professor Oman analyzes at length charges of French invasions of the frontier. Germany alleged that French aviators dropped bombs at Nuremburg Aug. 2, which statement was denied the next day by the Bavarian Minister of War. Nevertheless, on Aug. 4, says Professor Oman, the German Chancellor deliberately used this charge in an attempt to bolster up the contention that France started the hostilities.

It is stated by Professor Oman that the Germans manufactured, but did not make much use of, a story that a band of French officers, disguised as Dutch, violated Holland's neutrality in crossing Holland on a military mission. The Clogne Gazette, he says, printed the story, crediting it to the "reliable Wolff Bureau," but coupled with it a statement that it was not likely true.

Professor Oman says nothing was charged of a Belgian neutrality violation on the part of the French to show that the French took any steps outside the bounds of legitimate precautions.

ROME AWAITS ORLANDO.

Premier Expected to Make Important Speech to Parliament.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Feb. 12.—Premier Orlando is expected back here immediately after the departure of President Wilson for America. The presence of the Premier is indispensable at the opening of Parliament, which is awaited with great interest by all political parties, since it is the first sitting of the Cabinet since the opening of the Peace Conference. It is expected by many that Signor Orlando will make important declarations.

The new Ministers will also make interesting announcements, especially the Minister of Finance, who has decreed that $5,000,000 shall be spent on the construction and reconstruction of public buildings, which will help greatly to solve the problem of unemployment becoming serious through rapid demobilization of the army.

The general elections are expected to be held in the early Spring, but nothing has yet been definitely settled. One event which is awaited with curiosity is a great campaign to be instituted by all the feminine associations before the general elections for the extension of the suffrage to women.

TO AID FRENCH CHURCHES.

Presbyterian Assembly Sets Aside $500,000 of $13,022,899 Fund.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 13.—The Executive Commission of the Presbyterian General Assembly, in closing its mid-Winter sessions here today, appropriated $13,022,339.50 for the first twelve months of the new era drive which is to continue for five years.

It was stated that 135,000 Presbyterians in all sections of the country were pledged to help raise this huge sum. President Wilson, Vice President Marshall, and Secretary of State Lansing, each a ruling elder of the faith, are expected to make liberal contributions.

For the first time American Presbyterians appropriated $500,000 in the new era budget for the relief of French Protestant churches. The action gives impetus to "a hands-across-the-sea movement" which is expected to lay the foundation of a league of churches of the world to strengthen the work of the League of Nations.

Another $500,000 was appropriated for the benefit of the suffering and needy soldiers and sailors of the Presbyterian faith. The Post Bellum World Evangelization Budget provides a total of $4,286,679 for work in foreign fields, and $1,709,415 was allotted to the Home Missions Board, and $900,000 additional for the Woman's Board of Home Missions. For relief $894,900 was appropriated, for general education $915,000, for publication $495,000, and for church erection $467,000.

To strengthen the nation for acceptance of prohibition the Executive Commission today set aside $80,000, an increase of $30,000 over the last fiscal year. Members discredited reports that the soldier in the ranks will return home dissatisfied with America because it is to be a bone-dry nation. "Presbyterian soldiers and sailors will obey the law, whatever it may be, if they are true to the church," declared Dr. William Henry Roberts of Philadelphia.

TALK ON AMERICANIZATION.

Speaker Declares 500,000 in City Speak No English.

New York City's relation to Federal and State Americanization programs and the Smith-Bankhead bill, now being considered by the Education Committees of both houses of Congress, were discussed yesterday at the Engineering Societies Building by representatives of various organizations in this city. The meeting was called by the Section on Aliens of the Council of Organizations.

The Americanization bill proposes Federal aid for the States in the education of native illiterates and of persons unable to understand and use the English language. William C. Smith of the State Department of Education presented the State's plans. He said that there were 600,000 persons in the State and 500,000 in New York City who could neither read, write nor speak English.

Dr. John Willis Slaughter of the Community Council of National Defense said that there were thousands of mothers in this city today who did not know why their sons were sent to the war. Americanization was a process, he said, and not a problem. "Make it useful, desirable, and pleasurable," he said, "to learn English, and the immigrants will become American citizens."

Some of the statistics which were given out the meeting, based on a report from the Education and Labor Senate, were: The non-English-speaking persons in this country outnumber all the inhabitants of Connecticut, Florida, Nevada, Wyoming, Delaware, Arizona, Idaho, Mississippi, Vermont, Rhode Island, North and South Dakota, Oregon, Maine, and Washington combined. They would outvote the combined population of New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, or any State in the Union except New York.

The South leads in illiterates and the North in non-English-speaking persons. About 15.8 per cent. of the population of Passaic, N. J., cannot read, write, or speak English. Sixteen per cent. of the population of the South Atlantic States are illiterate.

BAR SOLDIERS' TALK WITH GERMAN GIRLS

"Fraternization" Rule, as Construed in Our Occupation Area, Raises a Problem.

STRICTER THAN FRENCH

M. P.'s Are on the Job, but Sometimes Too Officious, and Amusing Incidents Result.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Feb. 13.—There are two main subjects of conversation among the men of the American Army of Occupation. One is home and the other is fraternization. Americans will understand perfectly what the soldiers say about home. Not being able to go there right away, it is natural that fraternization comes up for consideration.

It should be said at the outset that the talk of fraternization of American soldiers and German civilians in the manner in which the word is accepted in Europe is untrue. Fraternization, as the term is used in France and England, means association and interchange, perhaps, of ideas and ideals, an association which would be in a manner prejudicial to the interests of those opposed to Germany. Such fraternization would be committed in discussing with the French the cause of the war and letting the German side get into one's brain, or discussion between Germans and American soldiers of the differences between the Allies or something of that sort. That is fraternization as most persons in Europe see it. That is fraternization of which the allied Governments stand in fear.

But there is no question of such fraternization between American soldiers and Germans.

The big fraternization question in that part of Germany occupied by Americans is—women.

The anti-fraternization rule is interallied; it came to the armies along the Rhine from General Foch's headquarters. An interesting situation arises in that the commanders of the different armies construe the rule against fraternization in different ways. For instance, on the American right the French do not hold that talking with German girls is fraternizing; the American army holds that it is fraternization. Consequently, while it is not forbidden in Mayence for the allied soldiers to be on speaking terms with a fraulein, it is forbidden in Coblenz.

I believe that the French theory is that when a man talks to a girl he does not talk politics and, therefore, there is no peril to international policies. I do not know just what the American theory is, but it works out so that an American cannot talk to a German girl if an M. P. sees him. Incidentally, the French theory was expounded to me in this way: Talking to a German girl is like drinking a bottle of German wine, and drinking a bottle of German wine is not fraternization.

A Genuine Problem.

There are pretty girls along the Rhine, and they are not all in the French sector. The 300,000 American youths in Germany are used to talking to pretty girls at home; they kept it up in France; they did not stop it in Luxemburg. It seems sort of second nature to talk to pretty girls in Germany. But the law says no.

A law backed up by Lieut. Col. Dodge and his ever present military policemen is a law to be respected.

The policy of the German residents to be nice to Americans is not confined to old folks or little children. Therefore it presents a problem.

Here is a young Lieutenant freshly shaved, feeling at peace with the world and with an afternoon off. He walks down Schloss Strasse. He passes a handsome girl. She smiles at him. What is he to do? On the corner behind is an M. P.; on the corner ahead is another and a man in civilian clothes two feet away may be an M. P. incognito.

What is the Lieutenant to do? The answer is nothing, unless he wants to be court-martialed.

Later in the day he drops into a tea room. Seated two tables away or maybe at the next table is the same good-looking girl. She smiles invitingly again. He gets up and goes out, and agrees with Sherman.

That Lieutenant would be up and doing if hostilities were renewed tomorrow morning. He is a good loyal soldier. He thinks that he would be just as loyal if the army would let him talk with that German girl. But the army thinks not, and the Lieutenant is S. O. L. as the soldiers say.

There are thousands of other Lieutenants and tens of thousands of soldiers in the same boat. So one may imagine that if this law is not broken it is sometimes bent.

M. P.'s Sometimes Too Energetic.

That is where the M. P.'s add to their unpopularity. An American appears on the street with a girl, and he is their victim. The question is always, "Is that an American girl you are with?"

This has caused many amusing incidents when Americans were out walking with American telephone girls, nurses or Y. M. C. A. workers. Sometimes an M. P. gets an exaggerated idea of his importance when he learns he can arrest anybody. Therein some M. P.'s have learned the wisdom of the old army saying, "An M. P. can arrest a General but a wise M. P. won't."

A dignified Major was walking down the street the other day with a dignified Red Cross nurse. An M. P. stopped him with the question, "Who is your friend?" That M. P. picked a tartar and had to face a court-martial.

But generally speaking the M. P.'s get the best of it. It is foolhardy for officers or soldiers to venture on the street with German women. The same is true of the cafés which are inspected every two and a half minutes or oftener.

It is a reflection upon the difference in the methods of the military occupation by the German army and that of the American army to consider that this anti-fraternizing rule is unpopular among the German girls and their elders as well. The association of the Americans and German girls would unquestionably receive encouragement from German parents.

Colonel's Plan That Went Wrong.

There is a story told of a Colonel, the Chief of Staff of an American division, who planned a dance. Near his headquarters stands an old monastery which would make a fine hall for dancing. The Colonel went to the Abbot and told him that the American officers would like to use his hall for a dance.

"How many officers will there be?" asked the Abbot.

"About a hundred and fifty," replied the Colonel.

"The Americans are welcome to the hall," said the Abbot, "and I will provide 150 pretty girls from the Rheinland." Then when the Colonel explained that the officers would bring American girls, the Abbot began to hesitate and ended by saying that he would refer to his Bishop the request for the hall.

On the other hand, there is the American officer who summoned the Burgermeister of the town and told him to supply fifty girls for a dance. When headquarters heard of it, that Captain was relieved of duty.

Colonel Dodge's police court records show that roundups by the M. P.s' flying squadrons of offending soldiers have not been barren of results. Some officers and men have been convicted of offenses.

A Defense That Succeeded.

Sometimes, even after being caught in the alleged offense by an M. P., the accused gets off. One day an M. P. was walking down the street and heard a piano. Looking in a window he saw a German and his wife seated in the parlor and their daughter playing a piano while over in the corner was an American Lieutenant enjoying the music.

The Lieutenant was arrested and brought before a court-martial. First he set forth that he was billeted in that house. Second, he asserted that he could not speak German, that no member of the family could speak English and, therefore, there could be no social intercourse. The court-martial dismissed the charge.

The whole question is an interesting study in psychology. On the one hand there are American youths who have sweethearts at home. It is harder to consider a pretty girl an enemy than to put an ugly German with a machine gun in that category.

On the other hand, there are thousands of German girls whose beaux are most of them gone, many killed, others still in the army. They want men to talk to. Americans are right at hand.

The present rule is not a perfectly satisfactory solution of the problem. But it is the solution that seems best to the commander of the American army.

HURLEY ASKS FOR ADVICE.

Wants Opinion of the Nation in Formulating Marine Policy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board announced tonight that he had arranged with the United States Chamber of Commerce to get an expression of opinion from business, civic, industrial, and labor organizations of the United States upon the policy that should be adopted by the Government toward the merchant marine. He said a series of questions would be telegraphed immediately to obtain opinions on ship construction, Government or private ownership and operation, and all other questions bearing on the situation.

Until returns on the questionnaire are assembled, Mr. Hurley said, the Shipping Board will not indicate a position of its own on the questions involved. Information which the board has bearing upon actual conditions in the international field, however, soon will be presented to the public.

Mr. Hurley said there was obvious necessity for the formulation of opinions on a definite future policy as to the merchant marine, and added that speed was so essential that he had taken the unusual method announced in order to get an expression from the country. He made it plain that the scope covered by the Chamber of Commerce in its usual inquiries would be greatly widened, and that shipping interests, labor, and others particularly concerned would also be asked to join in the expression.

TUMULTY IS NOT AVERSE.

President's Secretary Finds Attraction in Governorship.

Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, went to Jersey City from New York yesterday to visit his brother Philip. He was asked whether he would be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor if shown he was the unanimous choice of the party.

"I won't say that I would," he replied, "but I will say it would have many attractive features."

Actress Named in Separation Suit.

Supreme Court Justice Philbin heard testimony yesterday in a suit of Mrs. Justina Mills Underhill for a separation from Rawson Underhill, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, in which Miss May Rivers, a trained nurse, told of the defendant's attention to Miss Marion Dorr, an actress. She said that Underhill and Miss Dorr took a trip to Florida together, and that she had heard Underhill accuse Miss Dorr of trying to get $50,000 from him, and that she admitted it. Justice Philbin reserved decision in the case.

Dining Car Service Enlarged.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—War-time restrictions on railroad dining car service will be modified March 1. Director General Hines today authorized Federal managers of all lines to resume a la carte service wherever it could be done without causing congestion. On trains where table d'hote service is continued not more than five courses may be served, the cost to be $1.25 and the meal to "be made worth the price."

Record Paris-London Flight.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The British Air Ministry announces that a British service machine yesterday made a record flight between Paris and London, covering the distance in one hour and fifty minutes.

SAYS LLOYD GEORGE TOLD OUR POLICY

Senator Johnson Assails Administration for Not Revealing Plans in Russia.

HITCHCOCK DEFENDS IT

Denounces Lenine's Reply to Wilson as Appeal to Anarchists to Overthrow Government.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Deploring the failure of the Administration to disclose its Russian policy, Senator Johnson of California, in the Senate today, during the liveliest debate in many months, expressed gratification that Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain had made public information not obtainable here that American troops were to be withdrawn from Russian soil and that American intervention in that country would soon be at an end.

Senator Johnson felt, he said, that the Administration ought to have taken the American people into its confidence in the Russian policy, but lacking that it was consoling to get information by way of Great Britain.

"I read in a statement of the Premier of Great Britain yesterday that the United States would no longer send troops into Russia and no longer would extend aid, substantially, in the matter of intervention," said Senator Johnson.

"I want to congratulate the United States. I want to congratulate the Congress of the United States. I want to congratulate the all-seeing eye of the United States Senate, the Committee on Foreign Relations, that finally now we have learned from the Premier of Great Britain, when a resolution has been before the Senate since Dec. 12 last, the policy of the United States Government with respect to Russia.

"The reason why I feel as I do upon this subject with all the force of my being is that by our supineness—aye, were it not invidious, I would say by our cowardice—we are risking in Russia today 5,000 precious American lives without the hope of consummation of any policy of this Government, without the hope of benefits of any degree of any plan or any scheme or any purpose that may be entertained by our Government or any man upon this floor.

Warns of Establishing Precedent.

"Beware, take care, of the precedent we are establishing now. Beware, take care, if you permit one President of the United States or one Administration to wage war without declaring war; beware, take care, of what a President of the United States, for whom you may not have the same confidence and for whom you may not have the same trust, affection, and love, may in the future do. We are establishing the precedent now by which we may be plagued in the future."

Senator Hitchcock interrupted to say that the Committee on Foreign Relations had not "bottled up" the Johnson resolution. No resolution which had come to the Committee on Foreign Relations in recent months had received so much attention and consideration. A vote was reached at the last meeting of the committee, he said, but only one Republican was present and action was deferred.

Mr. Johnson expressed gratification that the committee was considering the matter, and continued:

"We are in Russia because we were forced there in the first place, against the will of the President, I am very glad to say. We are in Russia for no good at all to ourselves or the Russian people, and thank God, we have learned today from the British Premier finally that the President of the United States probably will not proceed in this unusual, this vicious, and this criminal course in that land.

"I trust that the news which has come to us is true, but why in this great democracy, why this great Foreign Relations Committee, can we not learn from our own people, from those who govern us presumably not as masters, but as parts of a great democracy—why can we not learn from them first hand, exactly what the United States Government intends to do and just exactly what it has done in the past?"

Republican Leader Lodge and Senator Lewis of Illinois, Democratic whip, differed regarding the statement of Premier Lloyd George. Senator Lodge said the Premier's announcement apparently was authentic and was the first definite statement as to the American policy, while Senator Lewis insisted that Mr. Lloyd George was divulging the decision of the Supreme War Council and not merely the American policy.

Senator Lodge remarked that, the United States having intervened in Russia, it ought to have sent an appreciable army there, either that or it ought to have kept out. He spoke of the march of the Czechoslovaks across Siberia, saying he felt that the United States should have "sent help to these men."

Referring to the German menace against Finland and Archangel, the Senator continued:

"There again I thought action was justified by the Allies and by the United States to meet the German advance. In my mind, it had nothing to do with the Russian Government. But again, as I am sorry to say, we intervened in the weak way we did. The danger of the advance of Germany through Finland ceased, and from that time, it seems to me, it was the duty of the United States to take those troops out. They were too many to be sacrificed uselessly and they were too few to be effective."

Tempest in Teapot, Says Hitchcock.

Senator Hitchcock agreed that we had gone into Russia as a military necessity, as a matter of warfare against Germany, and was inclined to think the California Senator's agitation of the question was a tempest in a teapot.

"When the armistice was signed," he continued, "it certainly would have been a reckless policy instantly to withdraw troops from Russia. It would be perfect anarchy and disorder for us to withdraw our troops without first securing an agreement with the other countries, even if in military policy it was proper to do so.

"When they come out, the terms of such withdrawal will be that there will be no butchery of those Russians who have been co-operating with these soldiers."

The Senator added that apparently it had been the President's policy to hold out a friendly hand to Russia, as it was the President who first recognized the Russian revolution and who first sent a friendly message to the Soviet Government. This message the Senator read from the record.

The reply of the Lenine Government, he declared, was an appeal to the laboring classes of America "to throw off the capitalistic yoke" and establish a Socialist Government.

"It was German propaganda," he added, "endeavoring to arouse the Socialists and anarchists in this country to overthrow the United States Government. It was practically an invasion of the United States, an attempt to arouse a rebellion here."

When Senator Hitchcock said "that is enough to condemn the element of which the Senator from California seems to be the champion," Senator Johnson interrupted to say warmly that Senator Hitchcock had misinterpreted his statements.

"I am not the representative of that Government," said Senator Johnson. "Such a statement is absolutely without foundation in fact. I ask the Senator to declare war on that Government, if you don't want it. Why don't you declare war, instead of murdering our boys?"

In spite of the Bolshevist reply, Senator Hitchcock continued, the President in his friendship for the Russian people had brought Great Britain, France, and Italy to the point where they had agreed to meet the Bolsheviki at Princes Islands.

Senator Johnson retorted that no "specious" argument could convince the American people that war was not being made on the Russian people, and said he "did not care a rap" for the argument presented by Senator Hitchcock.

When the time limit of discussion expired, Senator Johnson asked unanimous consent that instead of being sent to the calendar his resolution go over for further debate tomorrow.

Senator Hitchcock objected, and the resolution went to the calendar.

DEFENDS JEWS IN RUSSIA.

A. J. Sack Replies to Dr. Simons's Testimony in Washington.

A. J. Sack, Director of the Russian Information Bureau in the United States, issued a statement last night in reply to the testimony of the Rev. Dr. George S. Simons with regard to the activity of Jews in the Bolshevist movement in Russia.

"It is true," he said, "that Trotzky, Kamenev, and some other Bolshevist leaders are Jews, but on the other hand Lenine, who represents the brains and the will power behind the Bolshevist movement, the man who built up the theory of Bolshevism and is the strongest in endeavoring to build it up as a practice, is a Russian nobleman by birth. Many other leaders of Bolshevism, such as Lunacharsky, Krylenko, Kolontay, Dybenko, are also Russians.

"A wrong impression as to the rôle the Jews are playing in the Bolshevist movement may be further produced by the fact that Dr. Simons, while mentioning that Trotzky is a Jew, omitted to mention that Dora Kaplan, who was executed for trying to assassinate Lenine, was also Jewish. And while Joffe is a Jew, Kamkoff, the leader of the left wing of the party of Socialist Revolutionists who participated in the assassination of Count von Mirbach and was executed by the Bolsheviki, was also a Jew. His real name was Katz. The Jewish people as a whole, not only the middle class, but also the laboring masses and their leaders, are actively fighting against Bolshevism in Russia. They look upon Bolshevism as a movement which destroys the possibility for democracy in Russia, the possibility of order under which all the nationalities inhabiting Russia will enjoy liberty and equal rights."

PLAN AUTO EXPRESS ROUTES

Exhibitors at Show Get Several Big Orders for Trucks.

Motor trucks continued to attract attention yesterday in Madison Square Garden and the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory and an interesting feature to the exhibitors was the fact that several substantial orders were placed by individual buyers and firms contemplating the establishment of express highway routes in different parts of the country.

Invitations had been extended to the various motor truck clubs in the metropolitan territory and a large delegation was present from the Motor Truck Club of New Jersey. Nearly one hundred members of the Motor Truck Association of America went to the Garden in the evening after their monthly dinner at the Automobile Club of America. At the dinner an interesting talk was given by David Beecroft, who recently returned from an investigation of automobile conditions in Europe. He related many incidents of the performances of army and transport trucks in all lines of duty at the battle front and in the areas back of the war zone. Several of the members discussed the bills introduced into the State Legislature and strong opposition was expressed against the plan to increase the present registration fees on all types of motor vehicles. The proposed vehicular tunnel connecting New York and New Jersey was unanimously approved.

The show will continue today in both buildings and will close tomorrow night.

REVENUE BILL NOW READY FOR WILSON

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

ment for the abolishment of the zone rates go into the bill after its adoption on the floor of the Senate he felt at the same time that it was going out again when the bill got to conference. He had even seen one of the House conferees quoted in a newspaper, before the bill went to conference, to the effect that if the Senate insisted on the amendment there would be no revenue bill at all.

"I hope," interrupted Senator Moses, "that the Senate conferees are not making the confession that they were terrorized."

Senators Smoot and Simmons started to explain that the main objector to the amendment among the House conferees was sustained by two other House conferees. This brought a retort from Senator Moses about the "kick of a great statesman in his dying hours" having uncalled-for strength. None of the Senators mentioned the name of Representative Claude Kitchin during the debate, however. Senator Smoot made this statement:

"My understanding was that the whole thing would go to the bone pile if the amendment abolishing the zone system was left in. I would like to see the whole question of second-class matter taken up by the Post Office Committee and threshed out, and I believe it should be done before July 1, 1919, if possible.

"I am not opposed to the imposition of taxes on second-class mail matter if that is necessary and justified. If the increase is necessary let us have it. But for Heaven's sake don't chop this country up into zones. No other civilized country has done it. It is mortifying to me to know that a magazine may be sent to the farthest end of India for less than it may be sent from my State to an adjoining State.

"Let us make it possible for information to be carried through the public press to all parts of the country and to all citizens at the same rate."

In asserting that the Revenue bill as proposed would not raise more than $3,000,000,000 in 1919, Senator Smoot said that he knew of whole lines of business which would not make sufficient profits in the year 1919 to pay ordinary dividends, and would thus escape tax when the relief provisions in the bill were considered. He held out the conversion of foreign obligations as the best antidote for the situation confronted.

The proposed bill which he then read into the record provides that within twenty days of passage steps should be taken to convert into market value the obligations of foreign Governments to the United States. He proposed the issue of bonds and debentures maturing in from five to twenty-five years and bearing interest at not more than 6 per cent. or less than 5 per cent. These were to be for amounts of $1,000, $500, $100, $50, guaranteed by the United States Government. His proposal specified also that when the Secretary of the Treasury received the principal with accrued interest from the foreign Governments the fact be properly advertised and the bonds redeemed. He suggested that bonds should not sell at less than par with accrued interest.

"I believe that these obligations which the Government now holds in the form of notes," he said, "could be sold in the open markets of all countries where there was money to invest in securities of this nature."

The real effect of the new law, Mr. Smoot said, would be "burdensome beyond measure," on small institutions. It was best, he said, that the country know the real situation, for then the people would be more willing to pay the taxes.

Senator Calder of New York also expressed the fear that the law might cripple many industries.

RED ARMY DEFEATED RETREATS IN NORTH

Attack on Anglo-Russian Positions at Sredmakrenga Abandoned as Americans Arrive.

ALLIED VICTORY AT KADISH

Bolshevist Forces of 23,000 Men Suffering from Shortage of Food —Bread Rations Cut.

ARCHANGEL, Feb. 12, (Associated Press.)—American reinforcements, marching over thirty miles of a forest trail, reached the hard-pressed British and Russians in the region of Sredmakrenga yesterday. The result was that the Bolsheviki, who had been launching strong attacks in this region, retired southward, apparently abandoning their offensive move.

The Bolsheviki evidently feared that they would be cut off in the rear and they withdrew before the Americans reached Sredmakrenga.

Conditions on other sectors of the Northern Russian fronts were unchanged today, following the Sredmakrenga operation and an attack by the Bolsheviki against Kadish on Tuesday afternoon, which was brilliantly repulsed. An official statement regarding the Kadish fighting says:

"On Tuesday afternoon we gallantly repulsed a strong Bolshevist attack against Kadish. The situation is considered more satisfactory."

LONDON, Feb. 13, (British Wireless Service.)—The situation at Kadish, on the Archangel front, is more satisfactory for the moment, according to an official statement issued today by the British War Office. On Feb. 10 the allied troops drove 800 Bolsheviki back six miles in the region of Sredmakrenga. The statement reads:

"After a Bolshevist attack on Sredmakrenga, 100 miles south of the City of Archangel, on Feb. 10, a combined attack was carried out by allied troops, and the enemy, numbering some 800, was driven back to positions six miles south of Sredmakrenga.

"The enemy attacked in strong force on the afternoon of Feb. 11 on the Kadish sector. The attack, which was made in intense cold, is considered to have been repulsed most efficiently, and the situation is considered for the moment more satisfactory."

The Bolshevist force fighting the Allies in Northern Russia comprises 23,000 men, with 151 machine guns, 66 field guns, and 9 six-inch guns, according to a statement from authoritative quarters here.

An attempt is being made to standardize the organization and equipment of the Soviet armies, and schools for officers and aviators have been opened.

General Vetritis, a Lett, has been appointed Commander in Chief of all the Soviet armies.

The bread ration of the Soviet troops has been reduced from two pounds to one pound daily, the information shows, and there are other indications that the Bolsheviki are suffering from a food shortage.

ARMY SURGEONS FOR SIBERIA.

Will Relieve 52 Other Americans—Reports of Hardship Denied.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Orders assigning fifty-two medical officers for duty with the American forces in Siberia were issued today by the War Department. The party, including seven Majors, nineteen Captains, and twenty-six Lieutenants, will sail from San Francisco.

These officers are to relieve a similar number of medical officers, who have indicated their desire to return to civil life. Under the policy of the War Department, officers asking for discharge will be replaced as far as possible by men who have applied for retention in the permanent establishment. It is understood that similar action soon will be taken in the case of line officers.

VLADIVOSTOK, Feb. 10, (by Canadian Press.)—Published reports of alleged hardships endured by allied troops in Siberia this Winter are untrue, it is shown in an investigation made by the correspondent of the Canadian Press. Canadian troops held in Vladivostok pending a decision on the matter of allied policy toward Russia are well housed in comfortable barracks and the weather on the Siberian coast is milder than in Eastern Canada.

The British units at Omsk suffered from severe cold. The health of the Canadians has been excellent. The chief complaint is of the infrequency of mail service and lack of home news. The Government has taken steps to overcome this and is now sending regularly summaries of Canadian news for distribution to the troops.

Anarchy on Chilean Frontier.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Feb. 13.—As a result of anarchistic outbreaks and disorders on both sides of the Chile-Argentine frontier, the Chilean Foreign Office is preparing a convention with Argentina relative to frontier police and extradition.

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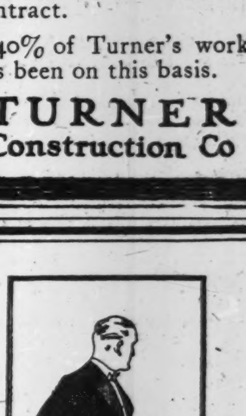

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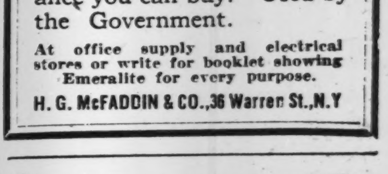

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TELL OF RED PLANS TO RULE AMERICA

Vice Consuls from Russia Testify That Bolsheviki Frankly Admit This Hope.

MANY ARE FROM NEW YORK

Ralph M. Dennis Informs Senators That an East Side Cobbler Rules One City.

HORRORS ON EVERY HAND

Robert F. Leonard, Long a Prisoner of Bolsheviki, Describes Wholesale Murders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Two American Vice Consuls, both recently out of Russia, one of them after weeks—sometimes in solitary confinement—in Bolshevist jails, were the principal witnesses today before the Senate Committee which is investigating Bolshevism at home and abroad.

These witnesses were Ralph M. Dennis of Chicago and Robert F. Leonard of Minneapolis. Their stories corroborated those of previous witnesses who have told the committee of conditions existing in Russia under Bolshevist domination. Both also confirmed the statement made yesterday by the Rev. Dr. Simons of the Methodist Church, who testified that much of Russia's misfortune is due to an influx of apostate Jewish agitators from the east side of New York. Mr. Dennis testified, however, that not all of these agitators who went into Russia from this country were from New York. Some were from Chicago and other places.

The witnesses told of the money tributes levied on the principal cities when the Bolsheviki gained control, of the murder of innocent persons, of the prominent part that Germans played in the aftermath of the Bolshevist triumph, the propagation of lies intended to deceive the outside world as to actual conditions in Russia, and of the industrial, social, and financial chaos that reigns in the country.

Mr. Dennis said that conditions were such that some of the strongest supporters of the Allies would welcome even German control, for that, at least, would mean that life and property would be secure to a certain degree. "It is a case of any port in a storm," said Mr. Dennis.

Slaughtered 300 Wounded.

Mr. Dennis, who left Russia on Sept. 2, told of the slaughter of 300 helpless wounded Russian officers by the Red Guards, while Mr. Leonard narrated the story of the execution of scores who were taken from jails and marched, without trial or chance at defense, to the places of execution, the bodies of the victims being thrown into long ditches which were visible from his cell window.

Major Lowry Humes, the Judge Advocate, produced an official translation of a document issued in Petrograd which was intended to explain the Bolshevist budget of 1918. This document shows that the budget called for an expenditure of about 48,000,000,000 rubles, or a little more than $23,000,000,000.

Two important witnesses were examined tonight in executive session. This was done in order to protect their relatives and friends in Russia from the vengeance of the Bolshevist Government. Their testimony will be made public tomorrow, only such parts as might indicate the identity of the witnesses being withheld. These witnesses are persons of excellent credibility.

Many Boys Murdered.

Mr. Dennis was in Russia from Sept. 2, 1917, to Sept. 2, 1918. He went over as a Secretary for the Young Men's Christian Association, but soon after his arrival resigned and entered the consular service of the United States. He was on duty principally in Petrograd, Moscow, Nijni-Novgorod, and Rostoff. He was in the last named place when the city was taken by the Red Guards after a fight with the rear guard of Korniloff's loyal army of Cossacks.

"The moment the Bolshevist forces entered Rostoff," said Mr. Dennis, "terrorism began. Armored cars mounting machine guns toured the city, the cars marked with the legend 'Death to the bourgeoisie.' After four days of terror they started a report that the slaughter was due to the opposition or anti-Bolshevist elements, and with this report there began wholesale killing."

"How many people were killed?" asked Senator Nelson.

"There is no way of estimating the number that I know of. Here is one instance I know of: A number of little boys, little chaps of sixteen and seventeen and eighteen, had volunteered for service in Korniloff's army. After Korniloff retreated from the city they came back to their homes thinking it all right to do so. They were just children. They were rounded up by the Bolsheviki and killed."

"What became of the Grand Duke Nicholas?" asked Senator Overman.

"I was told that he is still alive, but whether that is true or not I have no way of knowing."

"Who officered the Red forces that entered Rostoff?" Major Humes, the judge advocate, asked.

"German officers for the most part held the directing commands. They did not appear publicly with the troops. The commander in chief was a Lett. Sixteen German officers were billeted in the hotel where I was."

"What was the personnel of the army?" asked Senator Nelson.

"Letts and all sorts of mercenaries. Within two weeks after the Bolshevist forces entered the city public opinion switched against them. At first the working and peasant classes were sympathetic, but when it was seen that promises as to land and food were false they changed. Today this discontent, due to false promises is general, in my opinion, throughout Russia. When we left Rostoff the Germans were in control. (This was at the beginning of Bolshevist control in 1917.)"

"How would you describe these Bolshevik forces so that the average man would understand them and their composition?" asked Senator Wolcott.

"A Mob of Captain Kidds."

"As a mob of Captain Kidds with the exception that they operated by land instead of on the water," replied Mr. Dennis.

Mr. Dennis cited the case of one Bolshevist official in Rostoff whose private loot included carloads of stolen goods and supplies and more than 270,000 rubles. This man, he said, was the adjutant of Antoneff, the Bolshevist commissaire of the district.

"What of the atrocities committed by the Reds?" Major Humes asked.

"I will cite an instance that came under my observation. There were in Rostoff, before the Reds and Germans drove Korniloff out, about 300 wounded officers and men of the loyal forces, who were in a hospital. They were desperately wounded men. They were put on a special train and taken to a place and removed to a town some distance away. It was not thought the latter would be captured by the enemy forces, but it was, and there was no chance to move the wounded, so they had to be left to the mercy of the Bolsheviki and the Germans. All of these men were taken from their beds and murdered and their bodies thrown into the streets, where they lay unattended for four days. Most of these murdered men were officers, and included a number of Cossacks."

Bolsheviki in Minority.

Mr. Dennis said that he was convinced that fully three-fourths of the Russians were anti-Bolshevist. In answer to a question he said that it seemed to be an impossible thing for those opposing the Bolsheviki to get together under a common leader.

"If you find five Russians," he said, "as a rule you will find five different viewpoints."

"What became of all the gold in Russia?" Mr. Dennis was asked.

"I do not know. I know that a great amount of gold money, gilt edge securities, &c., were brought to Nijni-Novgorod in charge of German bankers. I met the Germans myself. I do not know of my own knowledge, but I have been told that in one instance $200,000,000 was sent into Germany."

Mr. Dennis said that the Commissaire of Nijni-Novgorod was one of the cruelest and most implacable officials he had met while in Russia.

"Who was he?" asked Senator Overman.

"He told me that he had lived for thirteen years on the east side in New York, where he worked as a cobbler. As a matter of fact the city when I was there was full of people who had come back to Russia after long absences. Many of them told me they had lived in America from three to a dozen years. They were mostly apostate Jews from the crowded industrial centres in this country. One of them, when I left, told me rather good-naturedly that in a few years, perhaps ten, they expected to come back to America and give us the same kind of government that Russia now enjoys."

The witness also stated that large numbers of Germans were investing in Russia, taking, as he put it, "a gamble on the outcome."

"Were these apostates citizens of the United States?" asked Senator Wolcott.

"Those with whom I talked said in answer to the question that they had never been naturalized over here."

"Since your return to this country have you observed any Bolshevist tendencies here?"

"In Chicago a few nights ago I attended a meeting in the Coliseum. It was packed, and they had overflow meetings outside. They openly argued for Bolshevism in America, and now they have started a paper they call the American Bolshevist. That paper is printed in Minnesota. I see no difference between the Bolshevist movement and that of the I. W. W. here at home."

"Are all these agitators who went from America to Russia from the East Side of New York?" Senator Overman asked.

"Not all, they are from various congested centres, some I know to be from Chicago."

"Is any work being done in Russia?"

Ruin and Stagnation Everywhere.

"In the ten months I was there, the entire time under Bolshevist rule, I visited many of the great cities, and in that time I never saw one single carpenter or mason at work. There is absolutely nothing in the way of construction going on. Everywhere everything is going to destruction and ruin. I don't refer to farmers. There is still farming. I have been told that the farming is about 10 per cent. of the normal acreage. I think that too low an estimate, however. Russia is just a land of machine guns. A Government of machine guns maintained by machine guns, and they have enough ammunition on hand to keep them going for a long time to come."

"How many of these people from America would you say are holding official positions in Russia?" Senator Overman asked.

"Our best opinion is that about 25 per cent. of the officials in Russia, that is the part controlled by the Bolsheviki, are men who went back to Russia from the United States. These figures include all commissaries and Soviet members."

Concerning the position of the bourgeoisie class, the witness said it could not be pictured in words.

"They are anti-German," he added, "yet I have had them tell me that they wished the Germans would come in and take control, for at least then their property and lives would be in a measure safe.

"Did you meet Raymond Robins in Russia?" Senator Wolcott asked.

"Yes, I had a long talk with him in Moscow. His attitude was, I think, one of recognition of the Bolsheviki because, he put it, they were people in charge. He said to me that they were the only people over there 'with the guts.'"

"Russia," said Mr. Dennis, "is today a kaleidoscope. It is changing every minute. I should like to see the fellow that could draw a blueprint of that unhappy country."

Sold Guns to Germans.

Mr. Leonard was on the Russian front at the time of the Bolshevist coup.

"Did you see the propagandists at work among the Russian soldiers before the collapse?" he was asked.

"Certainly, I couldn't help it. I saw the soldiers, that is the Russian soldiers, selling machine guns to the enemy for six rubles, while field pieces were disposed of for a bottle of brandy."

"Who was in charge of the propaganda?" Senator Overman asked.

"I was told that the men in charge of it numbered about 400. Some of it was directed from the front, and some of it, and this was the most deadly, from the rear."

"Were any of them from the United States?"

"Yes, soldiers have told me that they met some from America among them."

"Where were you when the Bolsheviki gained control?"

"In Kieff."

"What did they do there?"

"The first thing was to levy 1,000,000 rubles on the city."

Senator Nelson asked Mr. Leonard to estimate the extent of Russian territory in which the Bolsheviki are in control. He replied that they were supreme in Petrograd and Moscow district and to a lesser extent in some of the other districts of which large cities are the centres.

"Were you in jail while you were over there?" Senator Nelson asked.

"Yes, Sir, several times. I was first imprisoned by the Bolsheviki at Tsaritzen, along with another American Vice Consul and his interpreter. We were leaving the place on our way to Moscow when we were overhauled and placed in arrest. We were arrested by two Commissaries, one a Russian and the other an apostate Jew. We were not told what the charge was, and when we tried to communicate with our consulate in Moscow were refused that permission. Finally we smuggled word to Mr. Poole in Moscow by a Norwegian. I understand that at the instance of Mr. Poole, the Minister for Foreign Affairs in Petrograd, wired that we be released, but the Reds in Tsaritzen ignored the order. At any rate we were not released."

"During the time you were in these various jails, what did you see in the way of atrocities which were ordered by these extraordinary commissions?" Senator Overman asked.

"Those commissions," replied Mr. Leonard, "worked on the theory that all men are guilty until proved innocent. They arrest on the authority of anything from an anonymous letter up. They are very primitive in their methods. For instance, they would come into the jail at midnight or early in the dark hours of the morning and take out prisoners and beat them up with the butts of their weapons. I have seen the wounds on the bodies of the men. At other times they would come in and call the roll of the prisoners and then inform certain numbers of them that they were to be sent to another prison. The next morning we would hear that instead of a new prison they received bullets in the head. Most of the members of these extraordinary committees are Letts, who can't even speak Russian.

"While we were in jail at Astrakhan, at about the time the attempt was made to kill Lenine, we saw a message announcing the shooting of 300 officers, all Russians of the old army, who were lined up and slaughtered as a measure of retaliation. In this jail we could see from our cell the ditch into which they threw the bodies of the dead. It appeared to be full all the time."

Peasants in Silk Stockings.

"Did you come in contact with these agitators from the east side of New York?"

"Very few of them. They are mostly in the Central Government. There are not so many in the outlying Soviets. I remember one of them, however, who was the commissaire of a city I happened to be in for a time. When he took office he seized all the silk stockings in the place and gave every peasant woman a pair. A few days later, this was in the Cossack country, he heard that the Cossacks were coming and he told me that if the worst happened he would claim American citizenship and would show his New York City library card and tell them it was an American passport. However, they did not come and so he did not have to use the card.

"There is an organization of what is known as Committees of the Poor. They were put up by the Central Government. Their members are drawn from the riffraff, the men who drank up all they had, the utterly worthless. The old Soviets, owing to the fact that the peasants in them owned land, could not be controlled, so they put these committees in power to handle the situation. I know of villages in which there were no eligibles for these committees, and in such instances Lenine sent in 'poor eligibles' to take the positions."

Would Abolish Marriage.

"What of marriage and of home life under Bolsheviki rule?" Senator Wolcott asked.

"They are aiming at free love and hope to do away with marriage; to make marriage a contract for a term of years, so to speak. That is their program."

"May be that's due to the acquisition of that horrible creature, Maxim Gorky. He is about as immoral as a person can be," remarked Senator Nelson.

"Yes, there was great rejoicing when Gorky came into the fold," Mr. Leonard answered.

"Can the Church help to save Russia?" Senator Nelson asked.

"If the Church purges itself—I mean the Russian Church—and can produce a leader it may be able to save Russia."

"What effect has Bolshevism had on Petrograd?"

"I left there Nov. 13 last. Before Bolshevism it was a city of more than 2,000,000. Today it is a city of probably not more than 500,000 people."

"What has become of the great Generals of the old Russian Army?"

"Brusiloff was shot in bed and I have heard that he was killed. I do not know the fate of Russky. I have heard that the Grand Duke Nicholas is in the Crimea, but do not know whether it is true or not. I do not know what has become of Demetrieff who fought so well for Russia."

The last witness of the day was Professor Russell Story of the University of Illinois. He said that the Bolsheviki that he met in Russia were frankly anti-Ally and were just as frankly aiming at world domination.

The hearing will continue tomorrow.

WRITS FOR REDS VACATED.

Judge Knox Dismisses Habeas Corpus Appeals as Devoid of Facts.

Judge John C. Knox in the United States District Court yesterday dismissed the writs of habeas corpus issued in behalf of the fifty-eight I. W. W. deportees on Ellis Island awaiting transfer back to their homes. Judge Knox, who had refused to sustain a single objection by the Government attorney, apparently with the view of allowing the counsel for the radicals the fullest scope for his arguments, found that no facts produced by the defense were sufficient to justify continuance of the writs. In vacating them, however, the Judge stipulated that should evidence warrant it he would reissue writs wherever an allegation of injustice or error might be entered.

While the undesirables' counsel was making the fight in court Acting Commissioner of Immigration Byron H. Uhl said he had canvassed the men on the Island and found that 50 per cent. of them opposed any plan to halt deportation, declaring that they wished to get overseas as fast as possible. Despite this, Miss Caroline A. Lowe, I. W. W. attorney, and Charles Recht, another attorney, left last night for Washington, where they will look over the records of the hearing in each case in an effort to find irregularity.

When Judge Knox opened the hearing in the afternoon Ben A. Matthews, Chief of the Criminal Division of the Federal District Attorney's office, moved to dismiss the writs on the ground that the petition was not signed by any of the men detained. He argued in effect that Miss Lowe, who drew the petition, had only second-hand information of the matter. Miss Lowe countered by declaring that she had been refused permission to see her clients, and she then took the stand, where she was questioned by Recht and by the Assistant District Attorney.

Miss Lowe said she was born in Canada and for a number of years had taught school in Kansas City, Mo., being President of the Teachers' Association there when she resigned to become an I. W. W. attorney in Chicago. She said she had been one of the counsel at the trial of "Big Bill" Haywood at Chicago. She placed the I. W. W. membership in this country at about 100,000, but said: "We have been raided so often lately that it is impossible to give the figures accurately." She disclosed that she had received a sum of money sent from Butte via Chicago, which she was endeavoring to give to the deportees. After Miss Lowe had admitted that she was unable to contribute any specification in regard to her allegation that the trials of the men had not been thorough, Judge Knox decided to dismiss the writs.

"It seems to me," he said, "to be not only impracticable, but bad in policy for courts to issue writs of habeas corpus on a petition which does not set out facts upon which a charge of wrong can justly be predicted. There are here fifty-three writs to be issued in behalf of as many men. None has signed the petition and no adequate authority for this petition has been shown in the court.

"There are 1,000 men maybe on Ellis Island, and for all I can determine from the proceedings of today the petition might apply to any or all of them. It seems that some hearing or decision of some kind has been recorded in each of these cases at the point of origin. It does not seem to be good practice for relators to wait until the eve of deportation and then ask for habeas corpus—this should have been done before.

"I would be inclined to grant writs in such cases on a proper showing that a wrong had been done. But in the present status of affairs I must deny the application and dismiss the writs, without prejudice, however, to a renewal upon showing of facts that will justify their issue. I would suggest that Mr. Recht and Mr. Matthews arrange so that the records in each case can be investigated."

The Bureau of Legal Advice, 118 East Twenty-eighth Street, issued a statement last night in which it announced that it was co-operating with the National I. W. W. in the fight to prevent the deportations. The statement set forth the bureau's belief that the convictions had not been proper.

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LABORITES WARN COMMONS OF DANGER

Thomas Declares 1,000,000 Are Unemployed, and That Upheaval Is Threatened.

NATIONALIZATION IS URGED

Bonar Law Deprecates Creating Fear of Engaging in New Industrial Enterprises.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The debate on industrial unrest was opened in the House of Commons today by William Brace, Labor Member for South Glamorgan, who moved the official Labor Party amendment in reply to the speech from the Throne.

The amendment expresses regret at the absence of any mention in the speech of a definite proposal for dealing with the present causes of industrial unrest and for securing in this connection working hours and conditions of labor that would establish a higher standard of life and social well being for the people.

Mr. Brace asserted that not a little of the responsibility for the unrest lay in the failure to give responsible trade union officials such settlements by negotiations as they were entitled to receive, and in the granting of concessions regarding terms after unofficial stoppages of work, which concessions had been refused to trade union leaders before the stoppages.

Says Grievances Accumulated.

Organized labor, he said, stood strongly for the settlement of disputes by consultation and conciliation. The real cause of the present unrest, he declared, was an accumulation of unsettled grievances.

He contended that if the situation created by this unrest was to be remedied the Government must go to the root of the matter and nationalize the land, the railways, and the mines. As long as this question of nationalization was unsettled, he asserted, there would be serious industrial unrest.

J. H. Thomas, General Secretary of the National Union of Railway Men, in seconding the amendment, said he had no hesitation in saying that the difficulties with the miners, railway men, and transport workers were so serious that the country might at any moment be plunged into one of the greatest industrial upheavals ever known. He said that there were 1,000,000 men and women unemployed.

Bonar Law Defends Cabinet.

It had been expected that Premier Lloyd George would intervene in the debate, but Andrew Bonar Law, Government spokesman in the House, explained that the Premier had been detained by important work and had asked him to speak instead.

Mr. Bonar Law begged the House not to force a division on the labor amendment, because, he said, it would be a bad thing thus to suggest that the Government was doing nothing to deal with the industrial situation. It was not fair, he added, to suggest that the Government was neglecting one of its chief duties.

He denied that the Government had shown a tenderness for profiteers. On the contrary, prices had been controlled or fixed in every direction, and one effect of a heavy excess profits duty likely would be an absence of working capital, which would be dangerous to the country in trade competition.

After announcing the Government's willingness to make any award to the miners retroactive, Mr. Bonar Law argued that a distinction had been drawn between the movement for obtaining better working conditions by limiting employers' profits and similar movements inflicting hardships on the community. He believed that if the people kept their heads there would be no great danger of serious unemployment. The demand for commodities of all kinds would prevent that. The dangers he foresaw were lack of credit and fear to engage in new enterprises.

Miners to Take Strike Vote.

The Miners' Federation of Great Britain, in conference at Southport today, decided to take a strike vote returnable on Feb. 22. The Federation yesterday voted to reject the proposals of the Government for meeting the miners' demand for a six-hour day and a 30 per cent. increase in wages.

The statement on the strike vote declares that "should the ballot be for a strike, notices will terminate on March 15."

"Unauthorized strikes cannot and must not be tolerated under any circumstances," is the declaration of the Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Union Congress in a manifesto dealing with the recent Clyde and railway strikes and addressed to all affiliated societies in Great Britain. The committee dwells upon the irregularity and defiance of agreement involved in these strikes and insists that it is the bounden duty of the minority to abide by the decision of the majority in such cases.

"It is the duty of all who desire the trade union movement to be strengthened," the manifesto says, "to see that a union's action is governed in regular accordance with its constitution and rules. * * * If the movement is to progress and prosper, it is essential that strict discipline within the membership be maintained, and, where necessary, the machinery of responsible government must be assisted by the executives insisting that their decisions be carried out implicitly."

The Financial Commission of the conference met under the Presidency of ex-Premier Salandra of Italy. The Secretary of the commission was ordered to amalgamate all lists into one for presentation to the commission at its next meeting Monday.

An official bulletin issued tonight says:

> A meeting of the sub-committee, appointed by the Commission on the International Régime of Ports, Waterways and Railways to study the general questions of freedom of transit and other matters, was held on Thursday at 3 o'clock at the Ministry of Public Works. The Hon. Henry White, U. S. A., was elected Chairman and Sir Herbert Llewellyn Smith, British Empire, Vice Chairman.
>
> The committee considered a draft convention dealing with freedom of transit, submitted by the British delegation. The discussion indicated general agreement on the principles involved, but various amendments of detail were suggested. These amendments are now being collected and will form the basis of discussion at the next meeting.

MORE RAIDS IN CHICAGO.

Police and Secret Service Men Have Rounded Up 162 Reds.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—The continued arrival in this city of I. W. W. members from Seattle and other Western cities, combined with reports of a plot to assassinate President Wilson and W. G. McAdoo, by avowed followers of Bolshevism, have spurred the Chicago police and Federal agents to extraordinary activity. Raids are of daily occurrence, for the Chicago authorities have reliable information that the Bolshevist forces in America are planning to make this city their headquarters for future operations.

A total of 162 I. W. W. members have so far been arrested by the Chicago police within the last two weeks and driven from the city.

In a raid yesterday three of the Seattle I. W. W. men were caught. They were William Bader, Henry Danielson, and Fred Enger.

Chicago police and detectives are making every effort to head off any Bolshevist or I. W. W. demonstrations here and no member of the anarchist band who has caused trouble anywhere else will be allowed to remain here.

DENIES WILSON PLOT.

Cleveland Prisoner Admits, However, He Is a Member of I. W. W.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 13.—Pietro Pierre, whose arrest here was said to have been the result of an I. W. W. plot against the lives of President Wilson and William G. McAdoo, declared today that the whole story was fiction. Pierre had been shadowed for months before his arrest by Secret Service operatives.

"I'm merely in jail now as the result of personal grudges," said the prisoner. "The men who don't like me have framed stories about me that are as absurd as ten-cent novels. I'm no anarchist. The last thing I would think of doing would be to attempt to destroy the Government."

He admitted having been in Fort Leavenworth on Federal charges, but denied that he had ever been connected with I. W. W. plots.

"I am a member of the I. W. W.," said Pierre. "I'm not ashamed of that. Every workman who hopes for a fair deal ought to be a member of the I. W. W. But wait until I come up for trial. Things may be learned there that aren't known now."

He refused to explain this statement further.

CASHIER UNDER GUARD; BANK IS CLOSED

Cashier of a Pittsburgh Institution Accused of Perjury and Embezzlement.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 13.—U. S. Swartz, cashier of the Park Bank, is being closely guarded by a constable in a hospital tonight. When he recovers sufficiently he will be taken before an Alderman to face charges preferred by the bank officials of perjury, fraudulent entry, and embezzlement. In the meantime the doors of the bank are closed by order of the Pennsylvania State Banking Commission, and State Examiner D. C. Cameron is in charge of the affairs of the institution.

Swartz's peculations are said to amount to more than $250,000. Directors of the bank are optimistic and believe the doors will soon be reopened and every depositor paid in full.

Swartz was found unconscious when officers called at his home to arrest him, and this gave rise to the report that he had tried to commit suicide. This rumor was discredited this afternoon, when it was announced that he was really ill and in no condition to go to jail. Alderman U. U. Kirby stated tonight that he would demand $40,000 bail from Swartz when he is able to appear.

It is said that the Directors of the bank were aware of the shortage several days ago and gave Swartz a chance to make good, which he promised to do. Failing to replace the money information was made to the authorities by E. M. Diebold, Vice President of the bank.

The accused man was the largest stockholder in the institution. According to President E. C. Chalfant the bank has approximately $2,400,000 deposits and 12,000 depositors.

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BEGIN RECASTING NATIONAL GUARD

Adjutant General Issues Order to Bring Organization Within Federal Requirements.

A WEEDING OUT NECESSARY

Some Men Too Young, Some Too Old—No New Law Necessary—Vanderbilt Committee's Report.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 13.—Initial steps were taken today by Adjt. Gen. Charles W. Berry to bring the National Guard within the Federal requirements. Following a conference with Governor Smith, a general order for the organization of malitia commands to conform to such requirements was issued from the Adjutant General's office this evening.

Earlier in the day Governor Smith had sent a special message to the Legislature informing the lawmakers that the reinstatement of National Guardsmen returning from overseas service with the American Expeditionary Force could be accomplished without any amendments to the State military law. Soon after assuming office the Governor, believing that legislation would be necessary for the purpose, appointed a special committee composed of military men, with General Cornelius Vanderbilt as Chairman, to investigate and recommend amendments to the present statute. A report from that committee received by the Governor yesterday was appended to his communication to the Legislature.

Committee Recommendations.

The Vanderbilt committee in its report made the following recommendations to guide the Adjutant General in the reorganization of the National Guard:

"1. That the Adjutant General of the State immediately order each unit commander to take all necessary steps for the reorganization of his command so that it will attain the standard required by the National Defense act of 1916.

"2. That, when a unit reports that it is reorganized according to the required standard and ready for inspection, the Adjutant General of the State shall immediately take such steps as may be necessary to obtain arms and equipment for that organization from the Federal Government.

"3. That where a unit as a company, battalion, or regiment occupies an armory, the commanding officer thereof shall make such arrangements as may be possible to have units returning from Federal service march to their respective armories with such escort, ceremony, and welcome as may be proper for the occasion, and that as soon as possible thereafter he confer with the officers of the returning organization and make such mutual arrangements as may be possible to secure their return to the military service.

"4. That where two or more officers of the same grade are available for a single position the matter shall be referred to the division commander, who will adjust it, if possible, in such manner that the best interests of the State may be conserved and both officers be utilized in some capacity, an officer with actual combat experience in the late war having the preference. Where such adjustment cannot be made satisfactorily in the manner indicated above, or should either party disagree with the ruling of the division commander, the matter should be referred to the Governor for final decision."

In the reorganization of the National Guard the requirements for enlistment laid down in the National Defense act will be adopted. The ages for grade qualifications are defined as follows in the Federal statute: All applicants must be 21 or over; Second Lieutenants must not be over 30, First Lieutenants not over 35, Captains not over 40, Majors not over 45, Lieutenant Colonels not over 50, Colonels not over 55, and commanding officers of the General grade not over 60.

Weeding Out Necessary.

The age and physical requirements laid down in the National Defense act will make a weeding-out process in the present State militia necessary. The present force was organized, after this country had gone to war and the State National Guard had been mustered into the Federal service, in compliance with the constitutional requirement that military force of at least 10,000 men should always be available within the State. With the draft law enforced and all of military age subject to its provisions, it was necessary to accept for the new State militia boys under 21 and men over 45. Adjt. Gen. Berry said that a large number of the rank and file of the present State militia was above 50 and a good many past 60.

According to the Adjutant General, special inducement will be offered former National Guardsmen who fought with the overseas forces and apply for reinstatement, provided they can fill the Federal requirements. It is understood that the new guardsmen will receive compensation from the Federal Government for drill and other guard duties. The War Department also will supply uniforms and military modern equipment to make Federalized guard regiments in the future combat units.

Under the National Defense act, this State, according to Adjutant General Berry, would be required to contribute as its quota to the Federal army in time of peace 35,000 men. The Adjutant General realizes that it will take some time to recruit the guard to that strength. At the outset it was intended that companies should be recruited to a minimum strength of 100, which would give regiments of 1,800. This is half the strength of the regiment on the fighting front in France.

"While promptness is desirable, it is realized that conditions vary in different parts of the State, so that the work of reorganization will go on with varying degrees of promptness, according to the locality," said Adjt. Gen. Berry. "The return of men from Federal service is also a factor to be considered. It is not intended that the reorganization shall be conducted in such a manner that any one desiring to serve will be shut out or that the command will become demobilized. Men who are unwilling or are unable to serve under the conditions required of Federal forces should be retained in the service under their present oath until such time as their places can be filled by those who can meet Federal requirements. Experience has shown that it will not be an easy matter to obtain personnel of proper calibre, and every effort should be made by the resourceful commander to reach every available man in his vicinity."

It was said today that all men returning from service with the Federal forces in France and joining the new National Guard would be permitted to wear chevrons and other insignia of distinction won in the fighting "over there."

FOR ROOSEVELT EXHIBITION.

Columbia Proposes Addition to Its Americanization Work.

A Roosevelt exhibition is being planned by Professor W. A. Braun, director of Columbia House, 419 West 117th Street, as part of Columbia University's Americanization program. The Roosevelt family have given their permission, and a number of public men, many friends of the Colonel, have promised their co-operation.

"Not only will such obvious things as Roosevelt portraits, busts, publis hed works, and original manuscripts be shown, buta lso illustrations showing Colonel Roosevelt's achievements, his intimate and touching letters to his children, his sayings revealing his American spirit, and special features that we can obtain only from the friends of the Colonel," said Professor Braun. "We are depending largely on their suggestions and co-operation to make the exhibition of such scope, breadth, and intimacy as to be worthy of Colonel Roosevelt. It is also proposed to give a series of illustrated lectures commemorating the life and activities of Colonel Roosevelt."

HURD APPROVES IDEA OF A STATE WELCOME

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

prevent the demobilization of the 369th Infantry, old 15th New York, before the unit parades in Fifth Avenue, the Rocky Mountain Club yesterday sent a message of protest to Secretary Baker. "They marched down Fifth Avenue on their way to France," said the message, "and why can't we let them march up Fifth Avenue on their way to Herlem?"

Five more members of the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee wrote to Nathan S. Jonas yesterday commending his action in quitting the organization after the appointment of William R. Hearst and announcing their own resignations. Charles L. Morse of A. M. Kidder & Co., bankers at 5 Nassau Street, write in part:

"Upon my return from the South I have been informed as to the situation existing in the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee. I quite agree with you in your stand, and, being in absolute accord with the sentiments you have expressed, L have this day followed the action of the others of the committee and presentel my resignation to Mr. Riegelmann as one of the Honorary Vice Chairmen."

Charles H. Magie of the New York and Brooklyn Casket Company, 703 Bedford Avenue, wrote in part:

"As a resident of Brooklyn I consider it my duty to express to you my sincere and hearty approval of your action in connection with the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee. Your course was both manly and courageous, and in my opinion a large majority of the citizens of New York City are with you, believing that you did what was right and honorable."

In his letter Harry Zirn, a lawyer at 50 Court Street, said:

"No self-respecting and right-thinking man would have acted otherwise than you did in relation to the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Commitee. It is evident that Mr. Hearst has been trying to use the committee for his own political purposes. I have sent in my resignation as a member of the General Committee."

Darwin R. James, Jr., wrote:

"I inclose a letter from the Secretary of the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee accepting my resignation, which I forwarded to Borough President Riegelmann on Feb. 4. It is only necessary for me to say that I could not remain a member of the committee under the circumstances, for I was in entire accord with the position taken by you and resented, as you properly resented, political intereference in the management of the committee organized for the purpose of extending a welcome to the boys returning from overseas. I think the affair most unfortunate."

William J. Myers of 815 Putnam Avenue also advised of his withdrawal from the committee, while a letter written at Blessonville, France, by Lieutenant W. F. Gips of the 304th Machine Gun Battalion protested in unmeasured terms against Hearst.

Eight other resignations from the committee were received yesterday at the office of Congressman John J. Delaney, who is in Washington. The letters indicated that they were from George W. Henderson, Dr. Leon Lauria, John Littleton, Walter M. Crittenden, Oswald M. Jacobs, Mrs. Maude Mayne, former Senator Charles F. Murphy, Republican leader of the Tenth Assembly District, and Benjamin J. Conboy.

Grover A. Whalen, Secretary to the Mayor, announced last night that plans had been made for a parade of the 15th Infantry, colored, on Feb. 23 under command of Colonel William B. Hayward. The parade will start at 11 o'clock from Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third Street and the line of march will be north to 110th Street; to Lenox Avenue, to 145th Street, where it will be dismissed. From 145th Street the regiment will be taken in special subway trains to the 71st Infantry Armory, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, where a dinner will be provided by the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Returning Troops. At 5 o'clock special trains will take the soldiers to Camp Upton.

Reviewing stands will be erected at Fifth Avenue and Sixtieth Street and at Lenox Avenue and 130th Street. The reviewing officers will be Secretary of War Baker, Assistant Secretary of War Emet J. Scott, Major Gen. Shanks, in charge of debarkation at Hoboken; Major Gen. Thomas Barry, Commandant of the Department of the East; Governor Smith, ex-Governor Whitman, Robert L. Moran, Acting Mayor, and Daniel G. Reid, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Mayor's Committee.

Bids for the erection of reviewing stands to accommodate 75,000 persons for the parade of the returning troops early in March were considered yesterday by the Executive Committee of the Mayor's Committee. G. J. Koch, Inc., was awarded the contract for the building the stands to accommodate 75,000 persons. The bid was for $74,000. The stands, which must be finished by March 5, will be used for three or four parades.

The first meeting of the 77th Division Home Auxiliary Association was held yesterday in Trinity Parish House, 187 Fulton Street, at which the election of officers took place. The auxiliary was formed at the request of officers of the division which is still on duty in France.

The officers elected were: Chairman, Dr. William T. Manning; Vice Chairman, Mrs. Robert Bacon; 2d Vice Chairman, Mrs. Snowden Fahnestock; 3d Vice Chairman, Mrs. T. H. Talmadge; Secretary, Mrs. Russell H. Hoadley; Assistant Secretary, Mrs. Lloyd Derby; Treasurer, Stephen H. Olin, and Assistant Treasurer, Captain Elliot C. Bacon.

Among those forming the Executive Committee are: Former Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, Cleveland H. Dodge, S. B. Bertrom, Major Archibald G. Thacher, Major De Lancy Jay, Walter Grafton, Captain F. S. Greene, Mrs. J. E. Curran, and L. F. H. Betts.

The association, it was announced, is making plans to welcome the division upon its return, and also to help in finding employment for the men.

When coffee disagrees try
INSTANT POSTUM
a few days.
You'll probably continue using
POSTUM

A Wonderful Sale at Saks' Today

5700 Pairs of Genuine Mocha
GLOVES

All New and Perfect in Every Particular, divided into two groups, as follows:

For Women—4200 Pairs Reg. $3 At $1.98
For Men— 1500 Pairs Reg. $4 At $2.95

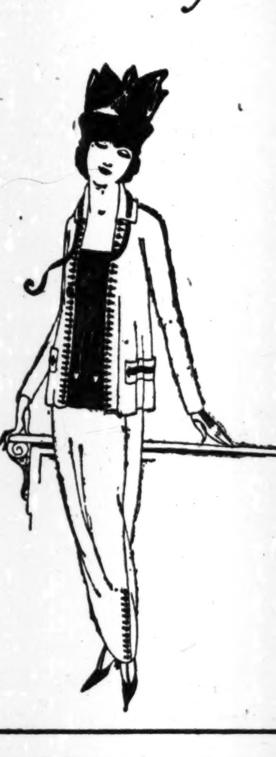
We purchased the entire stock on hand of one of America's best known manufacturers. The quantity we had to take to get the price is larger than we would normally purchase for regular stock, so we have taken just one half and marked them close to cost—$1.98 and $2.95—for immediate disposal. The balance will be placed in regular stock and sold at *actual value—$3 and $4*. Every pair is made of genuine mocha skins, in the smartest shades for Spring:

Grey for Men—Sand and Grey for Women
with self color or contrasting embroidered backs.
Full Pique sewn for women; Prix seam for men.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

E. M. GATTLE & CO.
Platinumsmiths 630 FIFTH AVE. *Jewelers*
Our Remounting Specialists
are prepared to transform Old Jewelry
into Modern Gattle Creations
Opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"
direct particular attention to their wonderful collection of
YOUTHFUL EFFECTS
IN
TAILOR-MADE SUITS
for early Spring Wear



Embodying the elements of chic with those of good taste always so apparent in styles presented by Gidding—

Smart materials and models made according to our usual standard and possessing that youthful fit and effect which is so much desired.

Gimbel Brothers
32ND ST - BROADWAY - 33RD ST.

at $25.00
Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats

A group representing almost the entire stock that we have arbitrarily priced $25 for Friday and Saturday.

The Suits
Two and Three Button Models.
Soft Roll Models.
Conservative Models.
Skirted Models.

The Overcoats
Chesterfield Models.
Skirted Models.
The smart coats of the Season.

This collection for Friday and Saturday. Special for Men and Young Men. All Sizes—and the Season's Newest Models and Colorings.

GIMBELS—Men's Clothing Section—Fourth Floor.

Saks & Company Will Place on Sale Today
1200 Men's Shirts
at the very special price of
$2.95

¶ You could search the stocks of every leading mill in the country today and not find any cloths to equal those from which these splendid shirts are made. Fact is, no such cloths are now available. They are a pleasant memory of the past as far as the present market is concerned.

Imported Madras, Rich Silk and Cotton Mixtures, Sparkling Fibre Silks and Domestic Woven Madras

are a few of the cloths used to tailor them, the beauty of their colorings being fully appreciated only by those who see them.

Soft and Stiff Cuffs—All Sizes

Reduced for Clearance—
Men's Fine Silk Cravats
Formerly $1.50 and $2.50
Now $1.10

¶ All in perfect condition, but reduced because the assortments are incomplete. Tailored in the very finest neckwear silks.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Saks
TODAY
and
TOMORROW
The Last Chance to Get One of These
OVERCOATS
Formerly Priced
$35 $33 $30 $28
at
$22
ULSTERS EXCEPTED
A SMALL CHARGE WILL BE MADE FOR ALTERATIONS
Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

CONCRETE
WHITE
FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION CO.
NEW YORK

MILITARY TESTS.
Article giving details of the United States Army mental tests, in the Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

WE DON'T BELIEVE
you understand the possibilities of the
PLAYER PIANO
unless you have heard the
"CHRISTMAN"
Its rendering of the Master Compositions is uncanny in its duplication of the interpretation of the virtuoso.
Prices: $600, $675, $750, $850.
Monthly payments if desired.
CHRISTMAN SONS,
M'F'RS., 753 6th Ave., bet. 42d & 43d

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Price—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square,
Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.
Store Opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

Active Years

Every one of the 61 alive to the merchandise demands of the moment; each year energetic in reaching out to the newest and best and ever watchful to serve as well as save for our patrons.

That is why such worth-while economies are assembled in this great merchandise event, our Sixty-first Anniversary Sale.

Men's Winter Overcoats, $21.50
were up to $37.50

An Anniversary Special to clear away the lot of high grade this season's overcoats.

Although size range is incomplete there is good selection in the following models.

Ulsterettes, Town Coats, Slip-ons, Box Models and Chesterfield effects.

Macy's—Fifth Floor

Very Special
Men's Negligee Shirts, $1.89

Woven Madras, Satin Stripe Madras and fine soft fabrics—Soft Cuffs.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

A SHAVE SUPREME is enjoyed by those who know the comforts of

Macy's SHAVING CREAM

One-half inch of this sanitary silver white cream lathers up into a soothing efficacious lather. Friendly to your face and gives your razor a chance.

Large tube, 17c

Macy's—Main Floor, Rear

I'll Hand 'Em to Him

and he'll lit'rally die of surprise for he adores good gloves and just think what I'm saving him.

Mrs. Heather guessed right, for this is an Anniversary Special.

Men's Grey Suede Walking Gloves, $1.69

Paris Point Back, Gussetted fingers, round corners, Prixseam sewn, one clasp.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Theatre Tickets At Box Office Prices

Good seats for popular successes may be purchased here till 5:30 P. M. for evening performances—until 1 P. M. for matinees.

Macy's Public Service Bureau

Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 34th Street

CHARGE THAT JAPAN AIDS OPIUM TRADE

Sends Morphia Into China and Profits Thereby, Says China Herald Writer.

CUSTOMS CONTROL HELPS

Opium Transshipped in Kobe Harbor—Mailed Inn Postal Packages the Chinese May Not Eaxmine.

A charge that the Japanese Government secretly fosters the morphia traffic in China and other countries in the Far East is made by a correspondent in The North China Herald in its issue of Dec. 21 last. The correspondent asserts that the traffic has the financial support of the Bank of Japan, and that the Japanese postal service in China aids, although ".Japan is a signatory to the agreement which forbids the import into China of morphia or of any appliances used in its manufacture or its application."

"Morphia no longer can be purchased in Europe," the correspondent writes. "The seat of industry has been transferred to Japan, and morphia is now manufactured by the Japanese themselves. Literally tens of millions of yen are transferred annually from China to Japan for the payment of Japanese morphia.

"The chief agency in the distribution of morphia in China is the Japanese post office. Morphia is imported by parcels post. No inspection of parcels in the Japanese post offices in China is permitted to the Chinese Customs Service. The service is only allowed to know what are the alleged contents of the postal packages, as stated in the Japanese invoices. Yet morphia enters China by this channel by the ton. A conservative estimate would place the amount of morphia imported by the Japanese into China in the course of a year as high as eighteen tons, and there is evidence that the amount is steadily increasing.

How Drug Is Circulated.

"In South China morphia is sold by Chinese peddlers, each of whom carries a passport certifying that he 's a native of the Island of Formosa and therefore entitled to Japanese protection. Japanese drug stores throughout China carry large stocks of morphia. Japanese medicine vendors look to morphia for their largest profits. Wherever Japanese are predominant there the trade flourishes. Through Tairen, morphia circulates throughout Manchuria and the province adjoining; through Tsingtao, morphia is distributed over Shantung province, Anhui and Kiangsu, while from Formosa morphia is carried with opium and other contraband by motor-driven fishing boats to some point on the mainland, from which it is distributed throughout the province of Fukien and the north of Kuangtung. Everywhere it is sold by Japanese under ex-territorial protection.

"While the morphia traffic is large there is every reason to believe that the opium traffic, upon which Japan is embarking with enthusiasm, is likely to prove even more lucrative. In the Calcutta opium sales Japan has become one of the considerable purchasers of Indian opium. She purchases for Formosa, where the opium trade shows a steady growth, and where opium is required for the manufacture of morphia. Sold by the Government of India, this opium is exported under permits applied for by the Japanese Government, is shipped to Kobe, and from Kobe is transshipped to Tsingtao. Large profits are being made in this trade, in which are interested some of the leading firms of Japan.

"It must be emphasized that this opium is not imported into Japan. It is transshipped in Kobe Harbor, from which point, assisted by the Japanese-controlled railway to Tsinanfu, it is smuggled through Shantung into Shanghai and the Yangtze Valley. This opium is sold in Shanghai at $500 a ball, forty balls to the chest, a total valuation of about $20,000 a chest. China's failure to sell 'for medicinal purposes' her opium at $27,000 a chest, the price asked by the opium ring, is thus explained. The price is undercut by the Japanese. There is reason to believe that between Jan. 1 and Sept. 30, 1918, not less than 2,000 chests of opium purchased in India were imported into Tsingtao through Kobe.

"Upon this amount the Japanese authorities levy a tax, which does not appear in the estimates, equivalent to Tls. 4,000 a chest, a total for the 2,000 chests at the present rate of exchange of £2,000,000 ($10,000,000.) The acquisition of this immense profit from a contraband traffic would explain the origin of those immense sums now being lavished upon the development of Tsingtao and the establishment there of Japanese commercial supremacy.

Done Under Japanese Military Control.

"It may be asked how it is possible that at Tairen, where the morphia traffic is greatest, and at Tsingtao, which is the chief centre of the Japanese opium trade, the importation of this contraband continues without the knowledge of the Chinese Maritime Customs. At both Dalny and Tsingtao these offices are wholly under the control of the Japanese and wholly manned by them. Japanese military domination would forbid in both ports any interefernce in a traffic in which the Japanese authorities were interested either officially or unofficially. In Dalny, the highest civic dignity has been conferred upon the chief dealer in morphia and opium.

"Moreover, in the case of Tsingtao, by the agreement which relinquished to Japanese the exclusive charge of the Chinese Maritime Customs, any trade in which the Government is interested, contraband or not, can be carried on without the official knowledge of the customs. Article 3 of the Agreement of Dec. 2, 1905, perpetuated in the agreement of Aug. 6, 1915, provides that any goods landed in Tsingtao under 'certificates of Government' shall be free from customs examination. The way has thus been opened, not only for the illegal import of opium, but of contraband in arms.

"The Maritime Customs returns of 1917 show that forty-five piculs of boiled opium were admitted to Tsingtao in 1917, but the actual amount probably was fifty times greater. The balance enters in cases stamped 'Chun pung pin,' meaning 'military stores,' and boxes so stamped are to be seen commonly in the Japanese drug stores along the Shantung Railway.

"In 1917 morphia to the amount of nearly two tons is recorded as having entered Tairen for use in the leased territory, but no morphia is recorded as having entered Manchuria from the lease teritory during the year, nor does any entry of morphia appear in the Tsingtao customs returns for 1917. Yet a competent witness, Dr. Wu Lien-teh, states that 'almost every Japanese drug dealer or peddler in Manchuria sells morphia in one form or another, and does so with impunity, because no Japanese can be arrested without first informing the Consul.'"

Punishes Armour's Buffalo Branch.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The Food Administration announced today that the licenses of Armour & Co., covering transactions in butter, eggs, and lard at their Buffalo branch had ben revoked for thirty days for failure to mark butter invoices and containers with the words "cold storage," as required.

DR. EATON LAUDS A. F. OF L.

One of Greatest Conservative Influences of Nation, He Says.

The Rev. Dr. Charles A. Eaton who, as head of the National Service Section of the United States Shipping Board, traveled throughout the country delivering patriotic addresses to workers in shipyards and industrial plants, discussed last evening the work of the committee and also labor conditions in America today.

Concerning the labor situation today, Dr. Eaton said:

"Organized labor in this country as represented by the American Federation of Labor is one of the great conservative influences in the nation. Making allowances for many of its abuses of power, I can say that the federation is anti-Socialist, anti-anarchist, and anti-Bolshevist. It is an American institution, but it is in danger of attack by the Bolsheviki under various names."

As a means of continuing the "inspirational and educational" work of the National Service Section, he announced the formation of the National Service League, with Mayor W. L. Smalley of North Plainfield, N. J., President, and himself Honorary President, which would conduct its business on similar lines.

Idaho Limits Direct Primaries.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 13.—Idaho today abandoned the direct primary system of nominating State and Congressional officers, when the Legislature passed the bill to confine the operations of the primary system to the nomination of county candidates and delegates to State conventions. The present law has been in existence ten years, although several times amended.

SUES HARKNESS ESTATE.

Kentucky Demands Taxes Aggregating $5,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 13.—On the allegation that Harry S. Harkness, who died in New York on Jan. 23, was a legal resident of this county at that time, State and county officials joined this afternoon in a suit to collect $5,000,000 from Mrs. Florence Harkness of New York, his widow, and J. W. McMiller, executor of the estate.

The petitioners allege that Harkness failed to list for taxation for three years stocks in various companies worth about $12,000,000. The Kentucky Tax Commission passed upon the petition and ordered the suit brought.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Are You Prepared For Peace

Do you fully understand the momentous questions which are being discussed and decided by the Delegates of the Nations assembled at this the most important Peace Conference in the History of the World?

Do you know the full meaning of President Wilson's famous fourteen points? What is meant by "self determination of small peoples"? Are you familiar with the geography of Europe? Old boundary lines will be obliterated and new frontiers established. Do you fully appreciate the underlying reasons for the determination of such lines? Are you familiar with the history of Alsace-Lorraine and why Germany has so tenaciously held to these provinces? What is Italia Irredenta? Who are the Czecho-Slavs, Jugo-Slovaks and the Serbo-Croats? Many of the questions to be decided at the Peace Conference go deep in history, in diplomacy, in court intrigue, in the Franco-Prussian war; the wars between Italy, Austria, Germany, Denmark and Russia. The ghosts of Catherine of Russia, Frederick the Great, William the First, of Bismarck, of Napoleon, play an important part at the Peace Conference.

There never has been a time when the American man or woman needed correct, authoritative and comprehensive information as during this great period in the world's history. The maze of questions with their roots far back in history are absolutely baffling to clear understanding without the aid of a reliable work close at hand. The Encyclopaedia Britannica in such an emergency is absolutely necessary. It is the patriotic duty of the average man and woman to understand the problems confronting the great statesmen of our country and the world, in bringing forth a peace which will prevent the Nations of the world being again thrown into the cataclysm of bloody wars. As a citizen of a democracy you will be called on to ratify this peace settlement, which will have such far-reaching results that our posterity for many generations to come will feel the effects and you must be so posted that you can intelligently cast your vote.

The standing of this great work is attested to by the fact that President Wilson had placed in the Conference Room of the S. S. George Washington a set of the Encyclopaedia Britannica where he could consult it repeatedly, for President Wilson knows that the Britannica furnishes accurate, comprehensive and reliable information and as a background of knowledge it is invaluable to him. It furnishes knowledge to this great statesman as well as to the man in every walk of life, whether this man be a clerk, banker, professional man, business man, manufacturer, and again to the woman, to the housewife and to the business woman. Even President Wilson, as wide as his education, as great as his knowledge and his intelligence, and with as powerful a brain, cannot carry all the knowledge he needs in his head, and turns to the great Encyclopaedia Britannica for reliable, stable, comprehensive information. Is not the example of such a man enough for you?

Surely you need the Encyclopaedia Britannica

$1 AS A FIRST PAYMENT will bring you a complete set—the entire 29 volumes. You pay for them in small monthly payments.

Sign and Send This Coupon Now

Gimbel Brothers, New York.

Please send me, free, the 136-page booklet, fully illustrated, giving detailed information about the Encyclopaedia Britannica. Also tell me what I will have to pay for one of the remaining sets of the Handy Volume Issue of the Britannica printed on genuine India paper.

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Address ....

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Remember, this is the last offer that will be made of the new Britannica printed on genuine India paper. Act today—NOW—by clipping the coupon and sending for this fully illustrated book, telling all about the Britannica.

You Can See Complete Sets and Leave Orders at the Gimbel Book Store on the Main Floor.

MILTON WEBER, INC.
7 Wall Street Cor. New Street

Removal Sale

Our store has been leased to the Lincoln Trust Company. We must move May 1st, therefore we are forced to sacrifice our stock of high-grade Men's Attire

At Extraordinary Price Concessions

Your choice of our entire stock of

"Wall Street Clothing"
at two prices

$26.50
Suits
in a variety of models and fabrics from the extreme of youth to the most conservative.
Overcoats
Waist line form fit, Chesterfields in plain Oxford, also Raglans with ease for the motor.

$32.50
Suits
full and half lined in soft flannels and cheviots. The kind of materials which show to advantage the best quality of workmanship.
Overcoats
of the finest of woolens, comprising warmth without weight. Ulsters and a variety of models in both fall and winter weights.

Formerly selling at $35 to $45

Our clothing is especially designed by us, hand tailored under our direct supervision and cannot be replaced at prevailing market quotations.

Shirts of the Highest Grade

Exclusive "Metric" Shirts
with soft and stiff cuffs, negligees, pleated and stiff bosoms, in attractive patterns.
Reduced from $2.50 and $3.00 $1.65

Russian Cord Madras
Silk Stripe Creptal Cloth
"Metric" Shirts
Reduced to $2.85
Soft and stiff cuffs, negligee and pleated bosoms.
Formerly $3.50 and $4.00

Pure Fibre Silk
Silk Mixed
"Metric" Shirts
Reduced to $4.85
In unusual patterns and quality.
Formerly $6.00

Shirts of Highest Grade Silk Broadcloth
Crepe de Chine and Imported Jacquarded Silk.
Usually sold at $10.00 and $12.50 $7.85

Attractive Reductions in Other Departments

B. Altman & Co.
MADISON AVENUE-FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

A SALE OF
Men's Fur-lined Coats
at $78.00
has been arranged to take place on the SIXTH FLOOR, commencing to-day

These Coats are made of soft, warm fabrics, in heather mixtures, and are lined with dark marmot fur. A large beaver collar of exceptionally fine quality adds to the appearance and value.

All of the Coats in this assortment were marked at very much higher figures and, considering the ever increasing cost of fur, the purchasing opportunity is one that should not be passed by.

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK.
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

Final Disposal of Winter Fashions

STREET—AFTERNOON & EVENING GOWNS
Of tricotine—satin—velvet—chiffon—Georgette, including a few hand-embroidered and fur-trimmed styles—
Heretofore $95 to $195 at $58 & $75

HANDSOME EVENING WRAPS
Of velvet—satin—taffeta—faille and crepe—the last of many high-class styles, including a few fur-trimmed effects.
Heretofore $150 to $250 at $95

LUXURIOUS FUR-TRIMMED COATS
Of duvetyn—velour—velvet and other rich material with elaborate trimmings of fashionable furs.
Heretofore $350—at $95 to $195

FOUNDED 1880 LONDON

BOYS' AND GIRLS' CLOTHING

Good taste demands the utmost simplicity in the day dress or school outfit of a boy or girl.

In many of our select schools distinct limitations govern the dress of the pupils.

For years we have provided in carefully designed models clothing for boys and girls which, while noticeable for its restraint, possesses marked distinction and individuality. This we attribute to the importance we attach to the providing for our clothing for boys and girls both washable and woolen fabrics, imported by us exclusively for this purpose.

Sailor Suits for boys from 3 to 9 years in correct English models; made of imported wash fabrics and serges.

Norfolk Suits for boys from 7 to 16 years in imported tweeds and homespuns.

Complete assortments of headwear, furnishings and footwear for boys.

Girls' Wash Dresses for school wear in regulation models and other simple designs for girls from 4 to 14.

Regulation Middy Blouses for girls from 4 to 12 years made of imported wash fabrics, separately or with pleated skirts and bloomers.

"Anniped" shoes.

DE PINNA
5th Avenue at 50th Street

McK&R

Especially adapted for children—and delicate women

ANALAX
The FRUITY LAXATIVE

McKESSON & ROBBINS, INC. N.Y.
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS EST. 1833

What You Get

This great work brings to you in boiled-down form the results of an international investigation, which cost $12,120 to make, covering every possible phase of motor truck efficiency. It treats the motor truck not as a piece of machinery, but as an investment.

530 pages, 9½"x6¼"—228 reproductions of photographs—112 charts and blueprints—4 large folding inserts of forms, etc.—complete set of standardized cost-keeping forms. Partial table of contents as follows:

COMPARING COST OF HORSE AND TRUCK DELIVERY—Complete analysis of costs. Common mistakes in figuring costs. Tables on comparative costs.

HOW TO DETERMINE COST OF PERFORMANCE—Comparative cost of two-ton truck and two-horse team. What the truck costs and what it does.

HOW TO KEEP AN EFFECTIVE RECORD OF COSTS—Simple cost systems. Drivers' card an aid to economy. Reducing last month's expenses.

SELECTING THE RIGHT TRUCK FOR YOUR WORK—Types of trucks. The best truck for your business. Capacity and power. What to look for in buying.

PLANNING THE DELIVERY SYSTEM RIGHT—Daily route card. Simplifying assembly of loads. Reducing delays. System that saved one firm $8,700,00.

DEVICES THAT REDUCE LOADING TIME—Special devices and demountable bodies. Trailers. Lumber "dolies." "Nest" bodies. Binds.

EFFECTIVE SCHEDULING AND ROUTING—How to save time on a route. Handling 10,000,000 parcels a year at small cost.

CARRYING ORE GOODS WITH SPECIAL BODIES—Convertible bodies. Flareboards. Hauling "empties." Special bodies. Interchangeable bodies.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE USE OF TRAILERS—Pulling 150 tons with one truck. Difference between carrying and pulling. Comparison of rail and truck conditions.

USING TRAILERS TO HAUL MORE GOODS—Saving one-third. Bulky loads easy. Types of trailers and pointers on buying.

HELPING THE TRUCK TO UNLOAD EFFECTIVELY—Time saved. Dump bodies. Gravity chutes Gravity pitch in body. Unloading bricks. Buckets simplify unloading.

HOW TO GET YOUR DRIVER'S CO-OPERATION—Why it is necessary. Picking drivers, educating and keeping them out of court. Saving on fuel and oil Recording devices.

INSTALLING A BONUS SYSTEM—Reasons for driver's bonus. Basis of reward. Bonuses pay themselves and leave profit saving.

WHAT UNDERLIES SOUND MOTOR TRUCK MAINTENANCE—Decreasing wear and tear The ounce of prevention. When to overhaul.

HOW ONE MAN SOLVED THE MAINTENANCE PROBLEM—Ten ways to discover leaks. Four typical cases. Saving made by proper oil. How the driver can help.

WHY OVERLOADING MEANS BIGGER REPAIR BILLS—Common abuse. Effects on axle wheels, springs Effects on tires, frame, brakes and transmission. How to avoid it.

HOW TO CURB OVERSPEEDING AND OTHER ABUSES—Regulate speed to save truck tires and engine. What the gears do. Errors in driving and the cure.

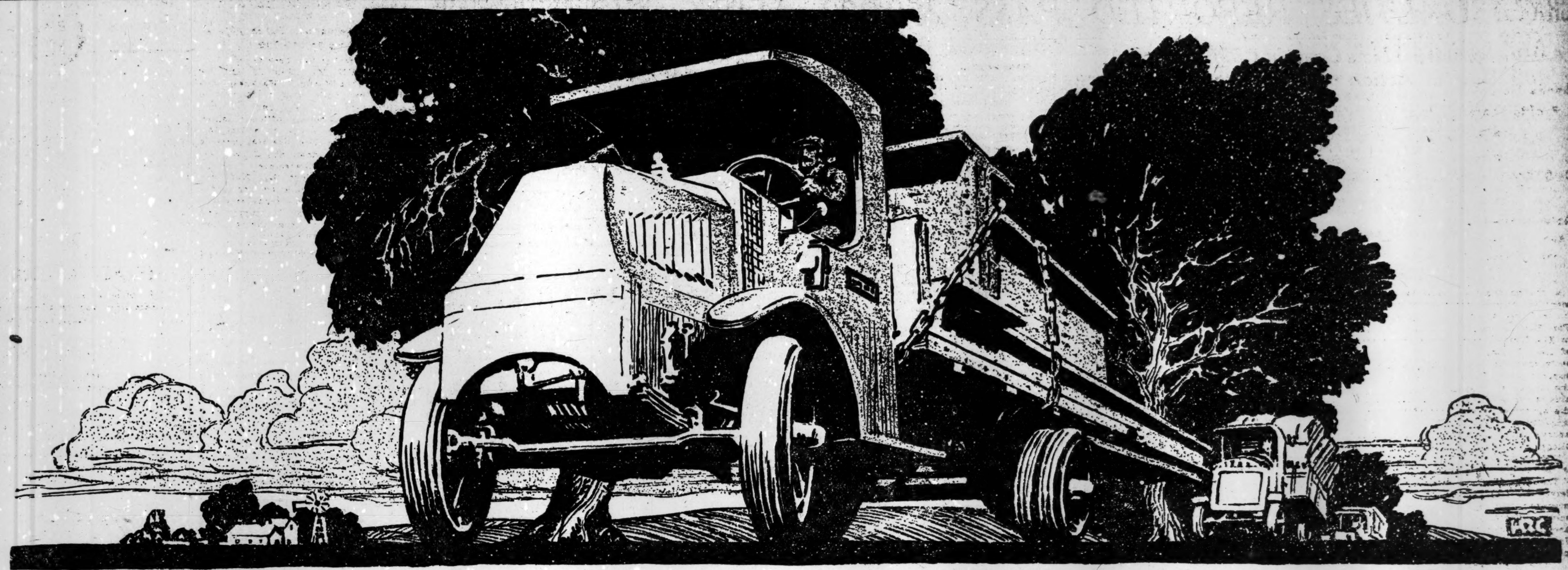
HOW TIRES CAN RAISE OR LOWER THE COST OF UPKEEP—Rubber substitutes. Types of tires, effect of overloading, overspeeding.

SELECTING THE RIGHT TIRES—Public or private. Saving ground space. Layout, parking, lighting, cleanliness.

HOW THE MOTOR TRUCK CAN HELP YOU MEET COMPETITION—Meeting newspaper competition with trucks. Other ways. Motor trucks on the farm

MAKING YOUR MOTOR TRUCK ADVERTISE YOUR BUSINESS—Sign of progress. Publicity a by-product. Limitless advertising opportunities.

INCREASING PROFITS BY CUTTING DELIVERY COSTS—Overcoming handicaps. Truck accomplishments $10,000 saved in nine months.



Right and Wrong Ways to Operate a Truck

Merely keeping a truck out of the repair man's hands does not necessarily mean that you are running it right. Simple methods there are by the hundreds for trimming down costs, increasing mileage, and raising every phase of a truck's efficiency. Exactly what these methods are and how you can use them in your business is here specifically told.

"WHAT!" snapped Preston, screwing his face into an expression of utter disbelief, "you don't mean to tell me it costs you *that* much to deliver a package. Why, we deliver in the same radius for *one-third less than it costs you.* And on top of that we deliver almost twice the number of packages in the same time."

It all happened in Morton's office. A friend of his dropped in for a visit. They got to talking about motor truck deliveries. Morton prided himself on his low cost and speed of delivery. And he had a right to be proud of it, for he had made big savings in his firm's former best record.

Then along came his friend Preston. They compared notes, figures, experiences. And at the end of it all Morton, experienced though he was, admitted that he had a lot to learn.

That was last September. Preston's ideas on handling motor trucks were put into immediate operation. And the result? This—Morton has since cut his delivery costs by one-third, and more than doubled his number of deliveries per truck per day. And this without increasing expenses by a single penny.

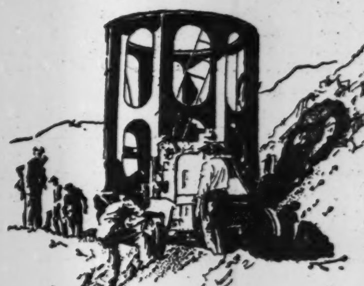


Figure 4, Page 6—Shows how a 3½ ton capacity truck carried over ten tons over nine miles of treacherous roads to top of Mount Wilson.

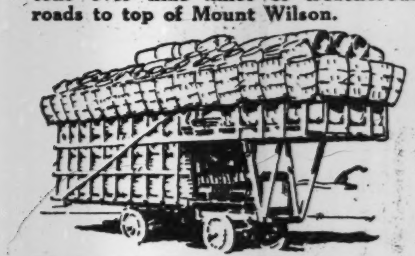


Figure 99, Page 151—How a special body tripled capacity. This body carries 289 empty barrels. The capacity with regular body is only 100.

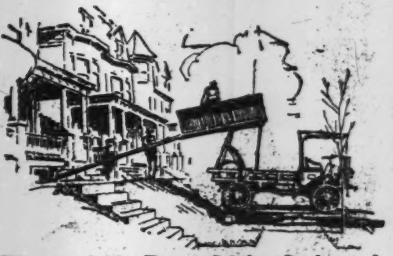


Figure 149, Page 204—Coal truck delivering a load by gravity chute in less than two minutes in spite of distance from curb and five foot embankment.

Experiences of Thousands of Users

THIS experience is typical with motor trucks. Many a man who is already satisfied with the performance of his trucks has only scratched the surface of their efficiency. He could, if he only knew how, greatly improve his present efficiency record. Costs that he already considers low could be trimmed down. Delivery time could be shortened. Radius of delivery could be increased. And a hundred and one other advantages could be gained—all without increasing expenses by a single penny.

It's safe to say that ninety out of every hundred motor-truck users could do this. That they are not already doing it is no reflection on them. The motor truck is comparatively new. Hit-or-miss methods were inevitable at the start. Every new idea or product has to go through this stage. The motor truck was no exception. There was no record of experience to guide users. Each had to find out for himself what to do and what not to do.

No one man, no matter how capable, can "know it all." The result is that, in the absence of experience records, many a truck user is not getting anything like the efficiency out of his trucks which they are capable of giving. He may already be satisfied with their performance, yes! But they'll produce much bigger results—and give still greater satisfaction—if only they are operated in the right way.

But what is the right way? That used to be a poser. What was right for one man was wrong for another. But now this question, which has always perplexed truck users, has definitely and conclusively been answered. For a personal man-to-man investigation has been made, and the experiences of each checked one against the other, proved and verified, and put down on paper.

Here is the way it all came about. Each month hundreds of requests came to SYSTEM, The Magazine of Business, for definite information on all phases of truck operation. These requests grew in volume, which indicated a widespread need for definite data on motor trucks. So SYSTEM sent skilled investigators throughout the country to look into motor truck conditions at first hand.

By reason of the field it covers, its highly specialized organization, and its intimate connections with thousands of business houses throughout the country, SYSTEM was especially qualified to perform this great work. The question of editorial direction was an important one. SYSTEM'S editorial staff was fortunate to obtain the enthusiastic co-operation of Mr. S. V. Norton, whose unusually wide range of experience with motor trucks qualifies him to speak as an authority. Capt. B. B. Lipsner, U. S. R., another recognized expert, also collaborated.

Thousands of users, in every conceivable line of business the country over, were called upon. Motor truck manufacturers, truck users, tire manufacturers, automobile clubs and associations, and governmental departments enthusiastically co-operated in this work of collecting definite data. They realized the great value it would be to them individually as well as to the entire industry.

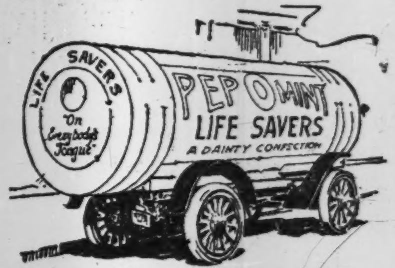


Figure 8, Page 10—Many products lend themselves to effective advertising by means of specially designed bodies. This presents a good example.

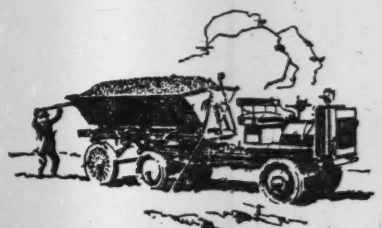
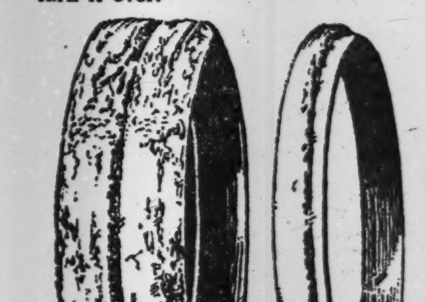
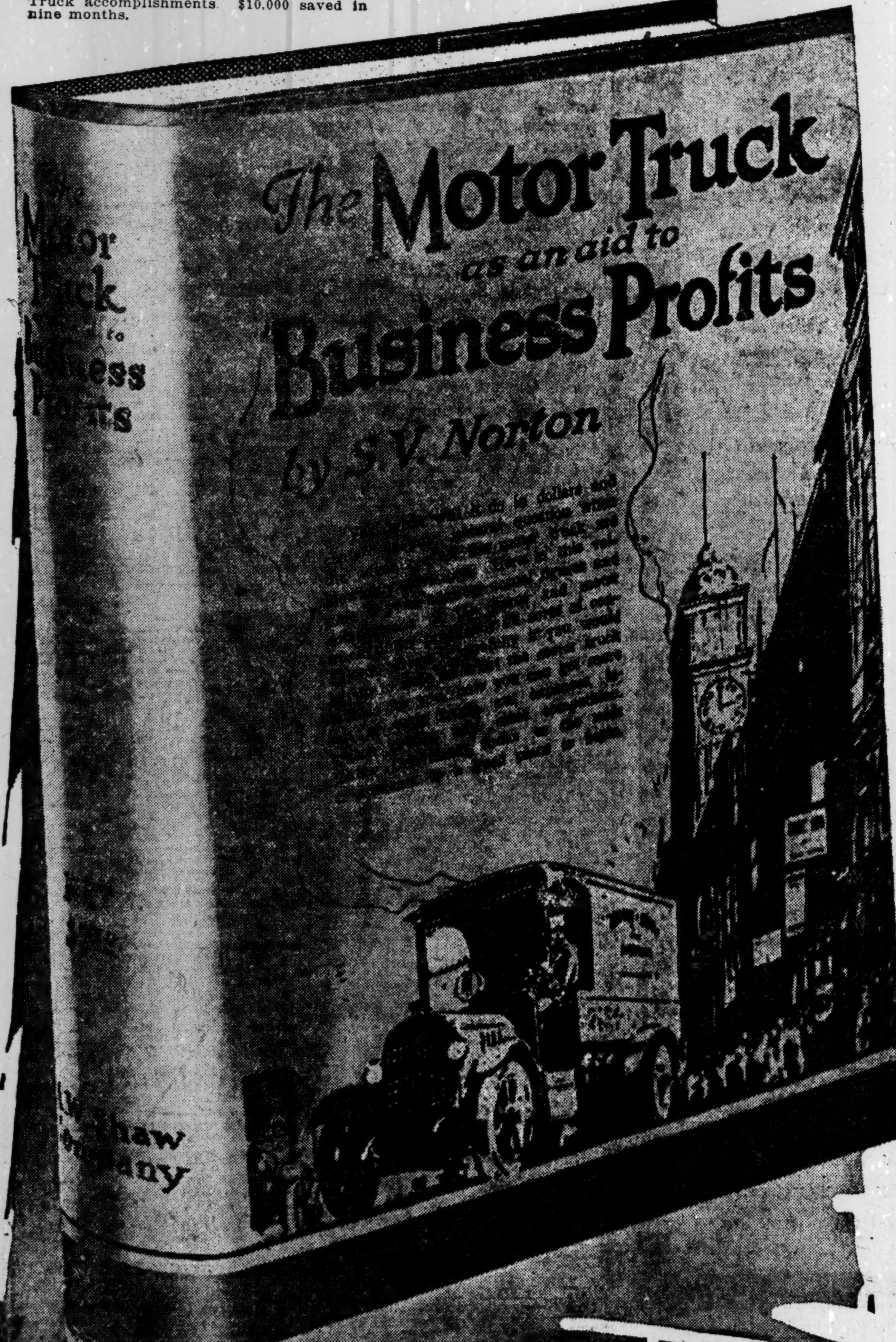


Figure 152, Page 206—This side dump body, resting in balance, can be unlocked and dumped with ease by one man. Only a slight pull is required to turn it over.



Figures 249 and 252, Pages 346-7—Cut at left shows bad effects of neglecting cuts which should be trimmed immediately. Cut at right shows how car tracks ruin tires.



Sent to You on Approval

THIS exhaustive investigation is now published in book form. It is called "THE MOTOR TRUCK AS AN AID TO BUSINESS PROFITS." It is a veritable encyclopedia of motor truck information. Simply turn to the handy index. There you'll find the complete answer to practically every question of truck operation as easily as you find a word in a dictionary.

This great book has started many a man into a realization of what he has been missing with his trucks. It's reasonable to suppose that it will startle you. Remember, it gives not pet theories, but definite, tangible facts based on the actual experiences of thousands of truck users the country over.

To get the book, merely fill in and mail the coupon. Send no money. Book goes to you by return mail, wholly on approval—free of charge or obligation. Look it over carefully. Test it in every way you can think of. Prove its merit for yourself. Keep it five days. Then if at the end of this time you don't want it, return it and the transaction is closed. And if you keep it, as you surely will, simply send $7.80 in full payment on receipt of bill.

Owing to the high cost of producing this book, it obviously cannot be sent broadcast on approval. The approval offer must necessarily be limited to rated firms, or individuals who have the book sent to their business address. Or you can remit $7.80 with order on the distinct understanding that you can return the book and have your money refunded instantly should the book not satisfy you in every way.

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CASUALTIES REPORTED PASS 250,000 MARK

Army and Marine Lists Contain 1,596 Names; 109 Died in Action or from Other Causes

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Three army casualty lists were issued by the War Department today, containing 1,356 names, bringing the total for the army up to 244,423. One Marine Corps list was issued, containing 40 names, bringing the total for that arm up to 5,706, after an official recheck of classifications. The total for the army and Marine Corps so far announced has passed the 250,000 mark, and is now 250,129.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 12 killed in action, 7 died of wounds, 16 died of accident, 49 died of disease, 214 severely wounded, 555 wounded to a degree undetermined, 498 wounded slightly, and 5 missing in action. The Marine Corps list issued today contained the names of 15 killed in action, 5 died of wounds, 3 died of disease, and 17 wounded severely. The total dead in the four lists is 109.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Feb. 13.	Total.
Killed in action	30,856	12	30,868
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	13,013	7	13,020
Died of accident	2,773	16	2,789
Died of disease	19,153	49	19,202
Total	66,527	84	56,611
Wounded	165,340	1,267	166,607
Missing	11,200	5	11,205
Total	243,067	1,356	244,423

Summary of Marine Corps Casualties to Date.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	95	2,140
Wounded	121	3,088
In hands of enemy	..	25
Missing	..	237
Total	216	5,490
Total		5,706

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

BLOOMFIELD, E. J., 1,052 Tiffany St.—Corp. (WU)
BOGOMOLNIA, B., 335 E. 20th St. (WS)
BRACKEN, R., 817 Lafayettte Av., Brooklyn (WU)
BREAKSTONE, H. A., 850 E. 161st St. (WU)
BROWNING, M., New York City (WL)
BUTLER, E. W., 518 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn (WU)
CAVANAUGH, E., 80 Morton St—Wagn. (WS)
CHENNELL, C., 324 W. 37th St. (WS)
CLANCY, J. J., 130 Milton St., Bklyn. (WS)
CLAYTON, W. R., Jr., 463 81st St., Brooklyn (WU)
CLIFTON, C. A., 241 Linden Av., Brooklyn—Capt. (WU)
COFFEY, T., 101 State St., Brooklyn—Wagn. (WL)
CONNELL, D. E., 169 E. 81st St., Brooklyn—Sgt. (WL)
CUDMORE, F. W., 506 E. 119th St—Sgt. (WL)
DE MARTINO, V., 342 E. 113th St. (WL)
DRAPER, W. W., 10 St. Nicholas Terrace—Corp. (WL)
EGEL, J. F., Cornaga Av., Far Rockaway (WS)
ELIAS, S., 385 Grand St., B'klyn (WU)
ESPOSITE, A., 263 E. 142d St. (WU)
FAWCETT, W. S., 209 Oxford Av., Richmond Hill (WL)
FAY, J. F., 614 E. 138th St. (WL)
FAY, L. A., 5 Spencer Court, Bklyn. (WU)
FITTING, F. V., 564 Amsterdam Av.—Corp. (WL)
FITZPATRICK, A. J., 11 W. 59th St.—Bgl. (WL)
FLANAGAN, C. A., 1,321 Herkimer St., Brooklyn (WS)
FLAX, HARRY, 94 Walton St., Bklyn. (WS)
FREUDENBERGER, JACOB, 865 Fresh Pond Road, Brooklyn (WU)
GATANIS, HARRY, 48 Madison St. (WL)
GAZZARI, GUISTO, 194 Bleecker St. (WU)
GAUZZA, J. A., 22 Mulberry St. (WU)
GIANCANA, NICOLLA, 224 Cook St., Brooklyn (WU)
GIESECKE, E. W., 35 W. 83d St.—Chauffeur (DD)
GLOVER, H. W., 1 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn (WU)
GOETZ, C. D., 184 Columbus Av. (WU)
GOODMAN, JACOB, 488 Hinsdale St., Brooklyn (WS)
GOTZEN, J. C., 849 58th St., Bklyn.—Sgt. (DA)
GRAY, F. J., 430 W. 25th St.—Corp. (WL)
GREEGAN, JOHN, 213 W. 80th St., care of Mrs. Greenfield (WL)
GROSSMAN, HARRY, 260 W. 99th St. (WL)
GUMPERTZ, S. G., 701 W. 178th St.—Sgt. (WU)
HAAK, ROBERT, 715 Sackett St., Bkn. (WS)
HAAS, SYDNEY, 1,183 8d Av. (WU)
HAGUE, F. L., 50 Wyckoff St., B'klyn. (WS)
HALEY, HENRY, 7 E. 5th St., B'klyn. (WL)
HECK, A., 1,706 Himrod St., B'klyn. (DD)
HOBBS, JAMES, 436 W. 163d St.—Sgt. (DA)
HORGAN, A. J., 2 Annex Road, Bkn. (WL)
JOHNSON, C. H., 2,012 StrongAv.—Mch. (WS)
KEARNEY, P. J., 450 West End Av. (WU)
KEMPF, J. C., 153 Alexander Av. (WU)
KRUEGER, W. H., 299PalmettoSt., Bkn. (WL)
LANDY, J. J., 1,268 Nelson Av.—Sgt. (WU)
LEAHY, DANIEL, E. 97th St.—Corp. (WS)
LESCHES, J., 299 Stone Av., B'klyn. (WU)
LOUGHRAN, J. A., 5,203 6th Av., Bkn. (WU)
LYNCH, G. B., 293 Chauncey St., Bkn. (WU)
LYNCH, PATRICK, 135 W. 83d St. (WU)
McCARTY, FRANK C., 205 E. 94th St. (WL)
McCULLOCK, A., 315 E. 33d St. (WU)
McCUNE, A. W., 16 Fillmore St., Bkn. (WU)
McELWEE, WILLIAM, 2,417 8th Av. (WL)
MARKS, E., 1,575 Park Place, B'klyn. (WU)
MIRKOVITCH, A., 4,002 3d Av. (WU)
MOORE, JOHN F., 701 Crescent St., Astoria—Corp. (WS)
MURPHY, THOMAS J., 611 Woodward Av., Brooklyn—Corp (WS)
NANIA, NICHELINO, 2,345 3d Av. (WL)
NAVESEY, THOMAS J., 690 2d Av. (WU)
NEILSON, D., 302 Morris Av.—Corp. (WS)
O'KEEFE, DAVID P., 2,755 Creston Av., Bronx (WS)
PAPINI, R. C., 83 Sullivan St—Sgt. (WU)
PARKER, CHARLES R., 34 Culvert St., Brooklyn—Corp (WS)
PREGEL, A., 511 Graham Av., Bkln. (WL)
PRENSKY, SAMUEL, 900 Trinity Av. (WU)
REGAN, JOSEPH T., 1,399 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn (WL)
RIORDAN, JOHN, 18 West 16th St. (KA)
ROCKEFELLER, W. E., 2,179 8th Av. (WU)
ROSENBERG, ALEX., 59 Market St. (DA)
ROSSI, ANGELO, 315 East 154th St. (WU)
SABEL, JOHN, 53 S. 1st St., Bkln. (WU)
SCHNIBBE, RICHARD V., 463 Greene Av., Brooklyn—Sgt (WU)
SHANAHAN, JAMES F., 243 E. 114th St.—Corp (WS)
SCHULTZ, JOS., 1,421 Prospect Av. (WU)
SEE, JOSEPH M., Custom House (WL)
SILVERMAN, HARRY, 101 Clifton Av., Rosebank, S. I. (WL)
SOLOMONOWITZ, ABE, 985 Fox St. (WS)
STEINDECKER, H., 521 Timson Place. (WL)
STRINGER, D. W., 147 West 84th St. (WL)
SURGAN, LOUIS, 412 Dumont Av. (WU)
SWEENEY, A. J., 343 East 41st St. (WL)
VALENTINE, C. E., 1,213 Bergen St., Brooklyn (WL)
VIGLIETTA, L., 90 Sepoler Av., Corona (WL)
VISTO, J., 315 Nevins St., Brooklyn (WL)
WELDON, G. R., 601 West 127th St.—Capt. (WU)
WHYTE, J. I., 518 West 145th St. (WS)
ZOZULA, A., 320 West 40th St.—Corp. (WS)

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BOEHLER, LOUIS, Buffalo (WL)
BONAFEDE, M., Rochester (WL)
BONASORTE, D., Rochester (DD)
BOND, E. A., Highland.—Corp (WU)
BRADY, J. E., Lackawanna (WL)
BRADY, WM. H., Clinton.—Corp (WU)
BROADLEY, F. E., Utica.—Corp (WU)
BUSHY, RICHARD E., Buffalo (WU)
BUTTONS, L. E., Medina—Corp (WU)
CARMICHAEL, A. E., Schenectady (DA)
CHESBOROUGH, A. B., Plattsburg (WS)
COLE, HARVEY, Walton (WS)
CRANSTON, S. H., Schaghticoke (WL)
CREGAN, JOHN, Jersey City—Corp (WU)
CULKIN, T. J., Troy—Sgt (WU)
DREHER, RUDOLPH, Jr., Buffalo (WU)
DUDLEY, A. B., Atlanta—Corp (WU)
EVANS, E. R., East Syracuse—Corp (WU)
FARRELL, E. J., Buffalo—Sgt (WL)
FENTON, L. N., Batavia (WU)
FLACK, W. J., Palisade (WU)
FLANIGAN, J. T., Buffalo—Sgt (WU)
FULLERTON, S. L., Middletown (WL)
GATES, R. C., Ransomville (WL)
GENEVIVA, A., Herkimer—Mus (WL)
GIBBONS, E. H., Buffalo (WU)
GLYNN, J. J., Albany (WL)
GRIMES, E. N., Buffalo—Corp (WL)
HACKOS, JOHN, Utica (WS)
HART, W. E., Corning—Sgt (WL)
HEGEL, AUGUST, Ridgewood (DD)
HIGGS, FRANK, Bacon (WL)
HITCHCOCK, FRANK, Cairo—Cook (DD)
HOLMES, T. H., East Aurora (WL)
HOPE, MARTIN L., Elmira (WL)
JOHNSON, LYNN E., Canastota—Sgt. (WU)
KEARNEY, JOSEPH R., Union (WL)
KELLY, M. J., JR., Hudson Falls (WL)
KUSTER, JOSEPH, Buffalo (WU)
LOWERY, EDWARD J., Wappingers Falls (WU)
McFALL, RAYMOND H., Apalachin (WU)
McGUIRE, F. E., Hornell—Corp (WS)
MARONG, PETER J., Buffalo—Corp. (WS)
MENZINGER, R. R.—Dunkirk—Sgt. (WU)
MIFFLIN, WM. B., Clayton—Sgt. (WL)
NAGEL, WALTER B., Buffalo (WU)
NAPOLIE, R. V., Locust Valley—Sgt. (WL)
NELSON, JOHN A., Rochester (WL)
OATES, LEO E., Buffalo (WU)
OWENS, GLENN E., Binghamton (WS)
PEARSON, R. J., Central Islip—Corp. (WL)
PUPITALLE, CHAS., Rochester (WU)
QUICK, LEONARD G., Buffalo—Corp. (WS)
RAFFANE, EDWARD W., Marathon. (WL)
REILLY, THOMAS F., JR., Port Richmond—Sgt. (WU)
ROBERTS, E. J., Canajoharie—Sgt. (WU)
SCHULTZ, FRANK, Buffalo (WU)
SINCLAIR, LEO W., Knowlesville (WS)
SNELL, CHARLES E., Watertown (WU)
WELLSON, FRANK, Elmira (WU)
WILLETT, LEANDER, Oyster Bay—Sgt. (WU)
WOLFE, WALTER J., Wellsville (WU)

ALABAMA.

DAVIS, GEORGE, Haynesville (DD)

ARKANSAS.

JONES, JOHN WESLEY, Plumerville (DA)
SIMS, WILLIAM E., Eudora (DD)

CALIFORNIA.

KRETCHER, A., Plymouth—Sgt. (DA)
NEILON, CHARLES R., Yreka—Sgt. (DA)
SANDERS, JACOB E., Orosi (DW)

CONNECTICUT.

BARNES, B. B., New Britain (WU)
BRENKER, HARRY, Torrington—Sgt. (DA)
BRODSKY, PHILIP, Bridgeport (WL)
BROWN, JOSEPH, Terryville—Sgt. (DA)
CASTLEDINE, JOHN, Norwalk—Corp. (WS)
COFFEY, W. J., Stamford (WL)
CONROY, J. R., New Britain—Corp. (WS)
D'ALIMONTE, E., Torrington—Corp. (WL)
EGAN, H. T., Stamford (WS)
FRENCH, G. S., Hartford (WU)
GIANARELI, D, Danbury (WU)
GRIFFIN, J. D., Hartford (WU)
GRIFFITH, H. A., New Haven—Corp. (WS)
HACKBARTH, C. E., Meriden—Sgt. (WU)
HEISSIER, W. H., South Meriden (WL)
HOPE, FRED, South Manchester—Sgt. (WL)
KZIZANOWSKI, J. S., Suffield (WU)
LAMORTE, M., Greenwich—Sgt. (WU)
LOZZES, G., Union City (WU)
McLAIN, D. B., Salisbury—Sgt. (WU)
MOORE, R., Naugatuck—Sgt. (DD)
PETERSON, L. O., Orange (WS)
PRESTON, N. H., Middletown—Corp. (WS)
RENSHAW, C. J., New Britain—Corp. (WS)
RICHARD, LOUIS B., Waterbury (WL)
ROONEY, JOHN J., Hartford (WL)
SHUCKEROW, F. J., Hartford—Corp. (WL)
TRACY, CHARLES H., Wauregan (WL)
VOORHEES, JOHN B., Hartford—Secretary, Y. M. C. A. (WS)

FLORIDA.

ARRANT, WILLIAM D., Darlington (DD)
SHEFFIELD, PHILIPS, Norum (DD)

GEORGIA.

GREEN, WALTER, Macon (DD)
ODUM, JOHN W., Odum (DD)

ILLINOIS.

CURTIS, ADOLPHUS B., Charlestown. (DD)
HOLTON, FLOYD, Decatur (DD)
MADISON, JOHN, McLeansboro (DW)
METZ, WILLIAM G., Chicago (DD)

INDIANA.

SMITH, WAVERLY, Bristow (KA)

IOWA.

BULLER, ERNEST J., Kiron (DD)

KANSAS.

SUTTON, C. A., Cawker City—Corp. (DW)

KENTUCKY.

BRACKEN, TRESLEY, Franklin (DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOYLE, CHAS. E., Cambridge (DD)
MINNEY, CHARLES, Millbury (DD)
PERKINS, ARTHUR E., Salem (DD)

MICHIGAN.

DEYO, CHARLES F., Medina (DD)
EVERITT, JOSEPH, Milford—Sgt. (DA)
ROSENBERG, HENRY C., Adrian (KA)

MINNESOTA.

HAINLIN, ALFRED C., St. Paul—Sgt. (DA)
HUSBY, JOHN, South Minneapolis (DD)
JAKES, CHARLIE, Olivia (KA)

MISSISSIPPI.

GALES, LUCIAN, Fayette—Sgt. (DA)
HARRELL, WILLIE, Perkeston (DD)

MISSOURI.

COFFEE, DAVID S., Webb City—Sgt. (DA)
HENSON, HAROLD C., Seneca (DD)
O'NEILL, CHARLES, St. Louis—Lt. (DP)
PEARSON, J. R., Cape Girardeau (KA)

NEBRASKA.

DEANGELO, FRANK, Superior (DA)
SCRIBNER, CHARLES E., Omaha (DW)

NEW JERSEY.

BASSOUNAS, J., Penns Grove—Corp. (WS)
BOEHMER, MAX, JR., Montclair (WL)
BONATO, HARRY J., Haledon—Corp. (WL)
BONIN, WILLIAM, West Hoboken (WL)
CARLUCCIO, MICHAEL, Hoboken (WU)
CLAUWERS, JEAN H., Edgewater (WL)
COLON, GERBACIO, Paterson (WU)
DOW, JAMES S., Bloomingdale (WU)
ERBE, WILLIAM, West New York (WS)
ESPOSITO, FRANCISCO Jersey City (WL)
FARR, SIDNEY E., Colonia—Sgt. (WU)
FLANAGAN, A. J., Jersey City—Corp. (WU)
FOX, FRED D., Passaic (DD)
FRANDSEN, F. P., South River—Corp. (DD)
FRITTZ, JOHN F., Newark (WU)
GASEWIND, GEO., Newark—Corp (WU)
GAUDETTE, CHARLES, Trenton (WU)
GETZ, ALFRED J., Harrison—Corp. (WL)
GLEITZMAN, OTTO, East Rutherford. (WU)
HARRIS, FRANK L., Trenton—Sgt. (WU)
HESTON, LEE, South Amboy (WL)
HILL, ROSWELL K., Pompton Lakes. (WL)
HOWERTER, H. W., Jersey City—Sgt. (DA)
ISIDORO, VIOLENTI, Paulsboro (WS)
JOHNSTON, PETER B., Bayonne (WL)
JOYCE, GEORGE A., Newark (DD)
KEARNEY, JOHN B., Union Hill (WL)
KELLY, JOSEPH J., Elizabeth (WU)
KELLY, LEO E., Totowa Borough (WU)
KENNEDY, MICHAEL J., Passaic (WL)
LEDDY, PETER C., Newark (WL)
LESLIE JAMES F., Vineland (WU)
LOWNIE, JOHN E., Trenton—Sgt. (WU)
McCONNELL, LOUIS, Toms River (DD)
MARANOIK, J. J., Elizabeth—Corp. (WL)
MARRINER, HARRY, Asbury Park (WL)
MARSHALL, ERVIN, Ancora (WU)
MOTTERSHEAD, HARRY, Kearny (WS)
POWERS, S. P., Wading River—Lt. (WU)
ROUAN, DANIEL, Edgewater (WS)
SCHULTZ, FRED J., West Norwood (DD)
SIMPSON, HORACE E., Paterson (WS)
SLONCOSKI, EGNOTZ, Jersey City (WL)
SMITH, KENNETH, Plainfield (WU)
STETSER, CHARLES W., Paulsboro (WS)
STIER, MAX F., Passaic (WS)
WILSON, RAYMOND L., Bayonnne (WU)

NEW MEXICO.

DAVISON, CLARENCE W, Roswell (DD)

NORTH CAROLINA.

JAMES, ARTHUR, Lemon Spring (DD)
McLEAN, T., Mount Pleasant—Sgt. (DA)

OHIO.

CLAUS, CLEMENCE G., Louisville (DD)
McMANNIS, JESSE, Hamden (DD)
PHILLIPS, C. W., Youngstown—Sgt. (DW)
REDDING, FRANK M., Cleveland (KA)
SANDMAN, FRANK, Akron (DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

FITZPATRICK, G. W., Harrisburg—Corp. (DA)
GABLE, W., Philadelphia—Hrs. (DA)
GLASPEY, R. M., Harrisburg—Maj. (DD)
HEBO, JOHN, St. Clair (DD)
JONES, HAROLD W., Export (KA)
KIRK, FRANK R., Ingram—Lt. (KA)
LINK, ADAM, Pittsburgh (DD)
MILLER, H. B., Hyndman (DW)
O'NEILL, J. P., Scranton—Corp. (DD)
PHILLIPS, J., Dickson City (DD)
SMITH, J. M., Parkesburg—Corp. (DD)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

BELK, JAMES L., Camden—Lt. (KA)
MOONEYHAM, PAUL B., Spartanburg—Corp. (DW)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

ANDERSON, CONRAD, Viborg (DD)

TENNESSEE.

BROWN, C. M., Murfreesboro (DD)
KING, JIMMIE, Arrington (DD)

TEXAS.

GARNER, W. G., San Antonio (DD)
NABERS, TRACY B., Ladonia (DD)
O'KELL, A. E., El Paso—Sgt. (DD)

VIRGINIA.

MONTROSE, HARRY, Waynesboro—Lt. (DD)
NICHOLS, EMMETT, Baywood (KA)

WEST VIRGINIA.

PERKS, J. W., Charleston (KA)

WISCONSIN.

MUNSON, A. M., Chippewa Falls (DD)

FRANCE.

ANDIOTT, P. E., Vernet Cetedor—Civilian (DD)

ITALY.

RUGGERS, A., Doceolmera Province, Messina (KA)

Revised Casualty List.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
McSHERRY, J. T., 839 E. 43d St.	(Sick)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

	Now Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
DEVINE, C. R., Elmira	(WU)	(MA)
PAPPAS, WM., Poughkeepsie	(WL)	(MA)

OTHER STATES.

	Now Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
ALLEN, H., Columbia Falls, Me.	(DW)	(DD)
ANDERSON, C. H., Albert City, Iowa	(Erroneously)	(DD)
ANTLE, A. A., Irene, Ky.	(RD)	(KA)
BETTFREUND, A. F., Valley, Wash.	(WU)	(DW)
BROWN, H. L., Marion, Ind.—Corp.	(WU)	(DW)
COLE, G. L., Palestine, Ark.	(WU)	(KA)
COPPERSTEIN, H., Rock Island, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
DWORAKOSKI, A., Perth Amboy, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
EWARDS, C. L., Edson, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
FICKLIN, W. A., Duplissis, La.	(KA)	(MA)
FRANDSEN, F. P., Chicago, Ill.	(Erroneously)	(DD)
HEINCHES, W., Paterson, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
MATHEWS, F. R., Zanesville, Ohio	(KA)	(MA)
OPDYKE, F. G., Fort Golden, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
PRELL, H., Batesville, Ind.	(KA)	(MA)
PULCINNO, J., Altoona, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
REICHERT, G. W., North Yakima, Wash.	(KA)	(MA)
STROMAN, M. C., Orangeburg, S. C.	(RD)	(DW)

Marine Corps Casualty List.

NEW YORK CITY.

BONNER, P., 1,484 St. Nicholas Av. (WS)
RYAN, J. F., 44 Lewis Av., Bklyn. (WS)
SALMON, LEE J., 16 42d St. (WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BOIES, CARLTON R., Leicester (DD)

COLORADO.

BRYANT, G. E., Drake (DW)

GEORGIA.

SMITH, KIRBY R., Dallas (DW)

ILLINOIS.

McMATH, EARL R., Hartsburg—Sgt. (KA)

MINNESOTA.

CLARK, D. C., St. Paul—Corp. (KA)
FRYE, C. L., Minneapolis (KA)
POTTER, C. O., Hector (DW)

MISSOURI.

JENKINS, C. C., Lawson (DD)

MONTANA.

STOCKS, W. E., Butte (DD)

NORTH CAROLINA.

CRANFORD, R. D., Davidson (DW)
DEANS, J. B., Middlesex (KA)
HUTCHINS, WALTER, Yadkinville (KA)

NORTH DAKOTA.

GALLUP, H. B., New England (KA)

OHIO.

ISALY, EARL W., Columbus (KA)

OREGON.

HARLOW, ALBERT L., Portland (KA)
LINTON, WILLIE, Dallas (KA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

KEENAN, JOSEPH, Pittsburgh—Quartermaster Clerk (KA)
SHAUBERGER, GALE B., Albion (KA)

TEXAS.

FARMER, HOUSTON B., Dallas (DW)

VIRGINIA.

GEHO, DAVID W., Bellton (KA)

WEST VIRGINIA.

HECKENBERRY, CECIL C., Sully (KA)

Revised Marine Corps List.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
PAUL, PERCY, 514 Freedom Av., Richmond Hill	(RD)	(MA)
SHANNON, WM. J., 722 10th Av.	(RD)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

	Now Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
STANTON, PERCY A., Westport.	(RD)	(MA)

OTHER STATES.

	Now Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
AUSTIN, W. G., Burrton, Kan.	(KA)	(MA)
KRAFT, D. F., Sellersville, Pa.	(KA)	(MA)
KRUSE, O. L. H., Middletown, Ohio	(RD)	(DW)
PANCOAST, C. W., Irvington, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)

New Motor Vehicle Bill.

Colonel Edward S. Cornell of the National Highways Protective Society, who did not attend the recent conferences at the Traffic Court at which amendments to the present laws regulating motor vehicles were drawn up, announced yesterday that Senator John J. Mackrell of Troy had introduced at Albany a bill creating a Motor Vehicle Department in charge of a Commissioner. He said the bill had the approval of safety and other societies, but is not approved by those who were present at the Traffic Court meetings, which Secretary of State Hugo attended. He pointed out that if the present law is amended it will still "limp so badly" that it will be of little value.

SAYS DEMOTION MADE COLONEL A SUICIDE

Representative Gallivan Declares Wyoming Guardsman Was Wronged by Regulars.

REAL FATE JUST REVEALED

First Report Said "Killed in Action"—Other Cases of Demotion Board's Mistreatment Charged.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Representative James A. Gallivan of Massachusetts told the House today that Colonel Joseph Cavander of Wyoming was demoted by the Demotion Board at Blois, France, and felt so humiliated that he left the so-called "canning factory" and committed suicide. Reports, issued by the War Department in September, said that he had been "killed in action" but this was changed yesterday to read "died from self-inflicted wounds."

Mr. Gallivan made this assertion on the word of a Colonel of the Regular Army, and the statement of Representative Mondell of Wyoming, during continued discussion of alleged action of the "Leavenworth clique" in demoting National Guard officers just before the armistice was signed to make way for the elevation of West Point graduates.

The letter from the Colonel of Regulars read by Gallivan, was as follows:

"Colonel Joseph Cavander, who left Wyoming with as good a regiment of husky Westerners as was ever organized, and who was transferred from the infantry to the artillery with no choice, and who took up the new work with vim and enthusiasm, and put together a regiment whose record has not been excelled, and who were on the fighting line for five long months, was detached from the regiment and sent to the same board, where he was informed that he could take a Captain's commission or go home.

"Broken-hearted, he walked over to the hotel and fired a 45-calibre pistol bullet into his brain, and then the casualty reports showed him 'killed in action,' and I have in mind at least fifty generals, colonels, and lieutenant colonels of the National Guard who have met disgrace at this tribunal of injustice, and I will be glad to furnish the names and addresses if they are needed.

"We stood this long without a murmur while the war was going on, for the reason that nothing mattered much if the boche won, and we were willing to suffer even these things, in order to maintain harmony in our own forces, but now we feel that justice must be done."

"And here is the climax of that brave man's death," added Mr. Gallivan. "Early reports did say that this officer had been killed in action. But Representative Mondell of Wyoming told me today that the War Department had informed him that the records had been corrected to show that he died of self-inflicted wounds."

Another letter concerning General Hill of Illinois was read as follows:

"General Hill of Illinois, one of the most able and conscientious officers that the National Guard ever produced, was haled before the tribunal, whose door should have upon it, 'All Who Enter Here Leave Hope Behind,' and told he could accept a Colonel's commission in the S O S or a Major's commission in the line, and he stated that he came over here to fight, and was going to fight if he had to fight as a private. He went to the line as a Major, and every officer and man who knew him testified to his soldierly conduct and ability. I have visited his grave near Epionville, in an orchard, in that shell-torn Argonne Forest, and as I stood at that shrine I felt that if God ever cursed a human being he surely would trouble the consciences of that board, who never smelled powder, but who have broken the hearts of many patriotic American officers."

READING SOON TO SAIL.

Slight Illness Delays Ambassador's Return to America.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The Associated Press is authoritatively informed that the Earl of Reading, British Ambassador to the United States, will return to America in about a week's time.

The Ambassador had intended to sail on the Olympic, but owing to an illness which is confining him to his room he was compelled to postpone his departure. If he is sufficiently improved, it is stated, he will sail on the Aquitania.

We Begin to Die

as soon as we are born. Life is a succession of breakdowns and repairs. Help Nature rebuild vital tissues, keep the blood pure and rich, maintain power to resist disease, by using

BOVININE

For Strength

not a medicine, but a food tonic, blood maker and strength builder. Doctors prescribe it—all druggists sell it.

12 oz. bottle $1.15. 6 oz. bottle 70c.

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75 W. Houston St., New York

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Browning King & Co

CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

Another Browning-King Sale Overcoats This Time

All Our $35.00 and $40.00 Overcoats Reduced to $24.50

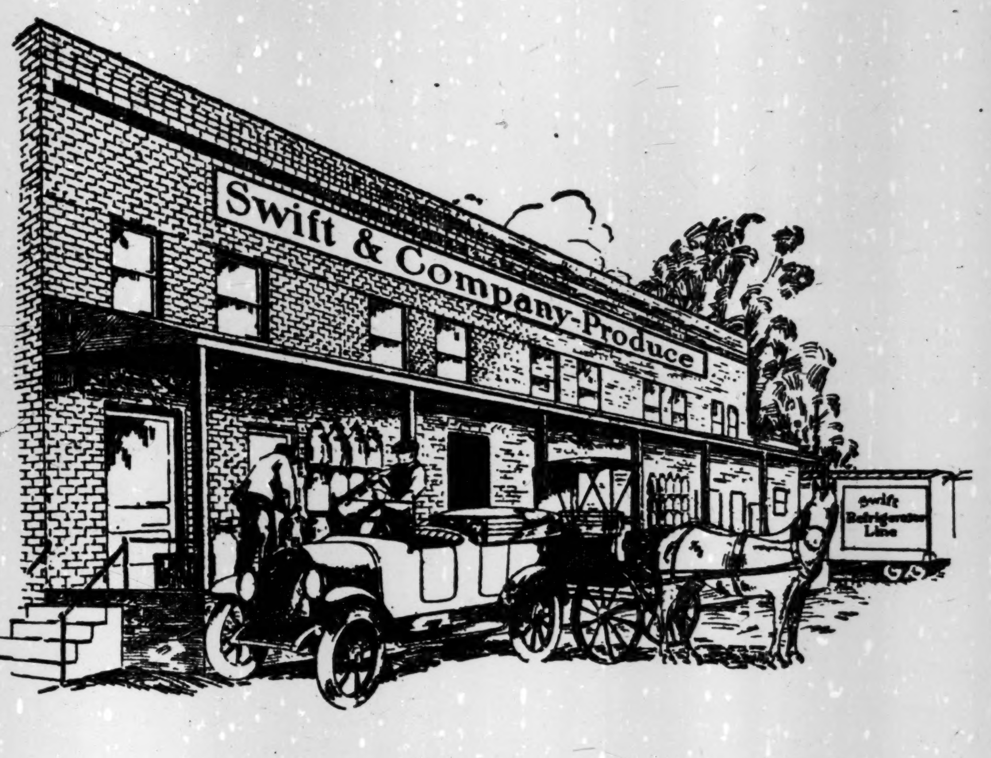
Eight models for your choice, from Conservative Chesterfields to Snappy Ulsters.

If you don't need one now, buy it for next Winter and effect a real saving.

ALSO—A VERY SPECIAL SALE OF SOFT AND DERBY HATS—THIS SEASON'S STYLES ALL $4.00 QUALITY SALE PRICE $2.65

There's a bit of human news back of this sale. The several hat departments in our twenty stores are having a contest to see which can sell the most hats in one week. We want our hat man to win the prize, hence the reduction.

This Sale is at our Cooper Square Store Only.
Cooper Square at 5th Street.
BROWNING, KING & CO.



Why Swift & Company Handle Poultry, Eggs, Butter and Cheese

Swift & Company went into the produce business because they saw a crying need for the kind of service they were equipped to perform.

The produce business was in chaos. Collecting, transportation, preparation and distribution was hit-or-miss, with delay, deterioration and loss on every hand.

The farmer was at the mercy of an uncertain, localized market. He had no way of reaching through to the people who needed what he was raising for them. There was no premium upon improving his stocks, for grading was lax or lacking.

The consumer had to accept produce that, as a rule, had no known responsible name behind it. He had no way of knowing how long the eggs or the butter he was buying had been lying around in miscellaneous lots in the back room of a country store. Much of the poultry was not properly refrigerated before shipment or properly protected by refrigeration in transit.

Swift & Company's initiative brought system to this chaos. Their organization, equipment, and experience in handling perishable food products were already adjusted to the task. Their refrigerator cars, branch houses, central points, far-reaching connections, trained sales force, supplied just what was demanded.

Now the farmer has a daily cash market in touch with the nation's needs with better prices. Standardization makes better produce more profitable. More consumers are served with better, fresher, finer foodstuffs.

Nothing suffers from this save inefficiency, which has no claim upon public support.

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

Seventeen Wholesale Distributing Markets in Greater New York
Central Office, 32 Tenth Avenue
G. J. Edwards, District Manager

SWIFT & COMPANY U.S.A.

Breakfast With POST TOASTIES

Corn Flakes that are so different from common kinds you'll wonder why you ever ate the other sort.

Thick, Rich, Creamy and full of Nourishment

Ask for them by name POST TOASTIES

Post Toasties

The Supply of
SCOTCH WHISKEY
Is Limited & High Priced. Try
OLD BUSHMILLS
11 year old all malt
IMPORTED WHISKEY
It is like fine old Liqueur-Scotch with less smoky taste.
ALEX D SHAW & CO NY
12 Stone St. Tel. 8070 Bowl. Green

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Selling Out Before Prices Go Way Up!!
OLD RELIABLE
ESTAB. 31 YEARS
PHIL. GOLDBERG

FINAL NOTICE

The new liquor tax of $6.40 a gallon is almost here. It doubles these extraordinary low prices. Get your bone-dry supply now—at once—or pay double in a few days. The government will not molest a home supply during prohibition.

Be Careful and buy from a concern with a sterling reputation for over 30 years. This is your best protection against unscrupulous dealers. Auction and Bankrupt Stocks are generally misrepresented. Even our advertising is imitated, but our cut prices remain unequalled! Actually

15 to 30% LESS THAN YOU ARE NOW PAYING!

Special Prices for To-Day and Saturday Only:

STANDARD WHISKIES	Bot.	Gal.
Old Taylor Whiskey, qt.	$2.25	$8.50
Case of 12 full qts., $26.00.		
Old Crow, 5s, $1.75; qt.	2.00	7.50
Case of 5s, $20.00; qts., $23.00.		
Green River, bot., $1.75; qt.	2.00	7.50
Case of 5s, $20.00; qts., $23.00.		
O. Hickory Rye, bot., $1.50; qt.	1.75	7.00
Case of 5s, $20.50; qts., $23.50.		
Gibson Whiskey, quart	2.00	7.50
Case of 12 full qts., $23.50.		
Golden Wedding Rye, qt.	2.00	7.50
Case of 12 full qts., $23.50.		
Carstairs or Baltimore Club.	2.00	—
Old Hermitage Rye, qt.	2.25	8.50
Case of 12 full qts., $26.00.		
Golden Sponsor Rye, full qts	2.00	7.50
Case of 12 full qts., $23.50.		
Hunter Whiskey, W. L.	1.75	7.50
Old Private Stock, quart	1.75	7.00
Case of 12 full qts., $20.00.		
Hermitage Bonded 5s	2.00	—
Old Jordan, 8 years, qt.	2.70	—
Everglade Bond, Case $27.75; quart, $2.40.		
Sunnybrook Bond 5s, $2; qt.	2.45	—
Guckenheimer Bond 5s, $2.15; quart	2.65	
Pebbleford Bond 5s $2.10; 4s	2.65	—
Golden Wedding, Bond, qt.	2.60	—
Overholt, bonded, quart	2.65	—
Paul Jones or Cutter's	1.85	—
Crow, Kirk's or Hunter	1.95	—
Wilson, $2.00; Duffy's Malt	1.50	—
Comm'l Rye, 5s, $1.40; qt.	1.65	6.50
Imperial Club or Monogram	1.25	6.00
Favorite Whiskey	—	5.00
Holly Club Whiskey, qt.	1.65	6.50
Corn Whiskey, Orchard br.	1.50	6.50
Canadian Club	3.00	—
Gooderham & Woerz, 10 yrs.	3.00	—
Mackey & Mackey Scotch	2.35	10.50
Ramsey's Scotch	2.25	10.00
Case of 12 5s, $26.50.		
Cunningham's Scotch	1.85	8.50
Mitchell's Scotch (in jugs)	3.00	—
King George	3.25	—
Johnny Walker	3.50	—
Kingsmere Scotch	2.25	10.00
Chatsworth Scotch XXXXX.	2.25	—
Sandy MacDonald 10-yr. old	3.00	—
Dewar's or Usher's, G. C.	2.85	—
Usher's Green Stripe	3.25	—
Dewar's White Label	3.25	—
Black and White	3.25	—
Burke's XXX Irish	2.50	—
Wm. Jameson, 7 years old	3.00	—
Cruiskeen Lawn, Irish, jugs.	3.00	—
Dunville, Irish	2.25	—
James Boyle & Co., Irish	2.25	10.00
Case of 12 5s, $26.50.		
James Cunningham, Irish	1.85	7.50
St. Croix or Jam. Rum, Imp.	2.85	12.00
St. Croix or Medford Rum	2.00	9.00
Bacardi Rum	2.50	—
Red Heart Jam. Rum, Imp.	2.65	—
Carlton Jamaica Rum	2.00	—
Tuxedo Cocktails, quart	1.75	—
Creme de Menthe, $1.50 and	1.75	—
Rock and Rye, for colds	1.50	—
Grenadine, 75c; finest	1.00	—
Kummel, finest, $1.50, $1.75	2.00	—

	Bot.	Gal.
Dubonnet, J. B. Marten's	2.00	—
Benedictine, pints	3.00	—

BRANDIES AND GINS	Bot.	Gal.
Majestic Cognac XXX	$2.00	$9.00
Case of 12 bottles, $23.50.		
Du Archile Freres XXX	2.25	10.00
Case of 12 bottles, $26.50.		
J. Robin Cognac G. L. XXX.	2.75	—
Planat & Co. Cognac XXX.	2.75	—
Remy Martin Cognac XXX.	3.15	—
Hennessy or Martell XXX.	3.25	—
Blackberry Brandy, $1.25 &	1.50	—
Peach or Apricot Cordial	1.50	—
Ginger Brandy	1.50	—
Gordon Dry Gin	1.90	—
Tuxedo Club Dry Gin	1.75	8.00
Case of 12 bottles, $20.00.		
Queensboro Dry Gin	1.50	7.00
Case of 12 bottles, $17.50.		
A. Lane's or Gayoso Dry	1.75	—
Plymouth Gin, Gilbey's	3.00	—
De Kuyper Holland Gin	2.50	—
Meder Swan Gin, 1-3 gal.	3.50	—
Buchu Gin, Dr. Bouviers, qt.	1.90	—
Queensboro Holland Gin	1.50	7.00
Sloe Gin, finest....$1.50 and	1.75	—
Tom Gin, finest....$1.50 and	1.75	—

QUALITY WINES	Bot.	Gal.
St. Julien Type Claret	.35	$1.50
Crown Court Claret	.40	1.75
Medoc Grand Maison	.50	2.00
Medoc Bordeaux, case $8.50	.75	2.75
Medoc, Barton & Guestier's.	1.25	—
St. Estephe, Calvert & Co.	1.50	—
Medoc, Nathl. Johnston	1.50	—
Niersteiner White, case $8.50	.75	2.75
Koenigsbacher, A. Kramer	1.75	—
Laubenheimer, Krote's	2.25	—
Sauternes, .50; finest	.75	—
Haut Sauternes, $1; finest	1.25	—
Sauternes, Barton & Gues.	1.25	—
Golden Valley Port or Sherry	.50	2.00
Old Castle Port or Sherry	.65	2.50
Medisco Port or Sherry	.75	3.00
Case of 12 bottles, $8.50.		
Oporto Port, imported	1.00	4.00
Case of 12 bottles, $11.50.		
Delicioso Sherry, imported	1.00	4.00
Case of 12 bottles, $11.50.		
Duff Gordon Sherry	1.00	4.00
Duff Gordon Sherry, superior	1.25	5.00
A. G. F. Graham's Oporto	1.25	—
Palido Fine Sherry, Ivison's.	1.25	—
M. M. M. Guvilla Cie Sherry.	1.50	—
Old Ruby Port Oporto	1.50	—

VERMOUTH	Bot.	Gal.
Vermouth, Italian, imported	$1.10	—
Vermouth, French, imported.	1.25	—
Vermouth, Italian, domestic.	.85	—
Vermouth, French, domestic.	.85	—

SWEET WINES

Muscatel, Angelica, Catawba or Tokay.	Bot.	Gal.
Golden Valley Brand	.50	$2.00
Medisco Brand	.75	3.00
Delicioso Brand	1.00	4.00

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All the leading brands, imported and domestic, at lowest in the city prices.

MANY OTHER BRANDS NOT LISTED AT SACRIFICE PRICES. ASK US!

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Why do people sleep

Remember the morning you woke up with a feeling that you really had been sound asleep all night? Never felt so well before! Nor looked so fresh and rested—nor got things done so easily.

IT WAS the deep sleep that did it. Nothing keeps us looking so young or feeling so vigorous as enough deep, restful sleep—every nerve and muscle relaxed.

Do you ever really relax?

The chances are you don't.

No matter what you do to bring sleep, you will never sleep sound unless your bed invites perfect relaxation. Most beds have a loose joint that squeaks or rattles. Even a slight noise sets your nerves on edge.

There is not a person anywhere but will sleep better for doing away with the old wooden bed or loose-jointed noisy metal bed and getting a Simmons Metal Bed.

Why the Simmons Bed?

Thousands who for years have been "light sleepers"—waking at every sound—sleep the night through on a Simmons Bed.

The Simmons Metal Bed is strong and rigid where the average bed is weakest—*in the corner locks.*

These are some of the Simmons *basic patents*—the pressed steel corner locks—they have much longer locking surfaces than you find in the average bed. In fact, it is the pressed steel corner locks that have made possible the Simmons new Three-piece Bed—the spring made in a single unit with the side rails.

The Simmons Company of Kenosha, Wisconsin, San Francisco, California, Newark, New Jersey and Montreal, Canada, has been specializing for two generations in making the best metal beds that can be produced.

And what is more, Simmons Beds are produced *complete* by the Simmons Organization.

Every item, every detail made straightforward from the bulk metal under the Simmons roof—tubing, corner lock, fittings and springs; all the processes of forging, rolling, machining, brazing, grinding, polishing, finishing—to the last final touch of enamel or lacquer.

Simmons styles are *good.* Whatever your bedroom decoration scheme, there is a Simmons Bed that "belongs."

The tubing generous, massive—never skimpy or weak.

Beautifully finished. Lacquer perfect. Enamel free from pin-holes, blisters and lumps—clear and smooth.

Don't Blame Your Mattress for the Faults of Your Spring!

Not even a Simmons Bed can help you much if your spring is slack or weak—if it sags so that you roll down into a hollow.

Even a slight sag throws a strain on the muscles of your body.

And you're very lucky indeed if your spring never creaks, never knocks or rattles, just when you finally snuggle down to sleep!

The strange part of it is that you may not be conscious of waking. But your nervous system has been half awake a good part of the night.

Small wonder if you feel all fagged out in the morning!

How Simmons Springs are Built for Sleep

Long ago, this company realized that a good spring is quite as essential to sleep as a good bed.

Simmons Springs are built for sleep.

A good spring! Taut but elastic—never slack.

A spring so designed and constructed that it makes a flat, resilient foundation for the mattress.

A spring that gives to the contours of the body—supports the spine and muscles in any sleeping position—invites relaxation and promotes natural, restful sleep.

A spring that fits four-square and firm on the bed—that does not creak, knock or rattle.

Simmons Springs are designed on scientific principles—and *built right.*

Where your ordinary spring is made of tinned fabric, apt to rust and stain the bedding—Simmons Fabric Springs are electroplated, long-wearing and rust-proof.

See a Simmons Spring in with a group of various makes and your eye will pick it out immediately by the sturdy look.

You will rate its smooth finish—no corners or loose ends to tear the bedding.

You will be surprised to find that Simmons Springs cost little if any more than ordinary springs. They are worth more—much more.

• • •

You can identify Simmons Springs by the Simmons Company name displayed on the end rail of each spring.

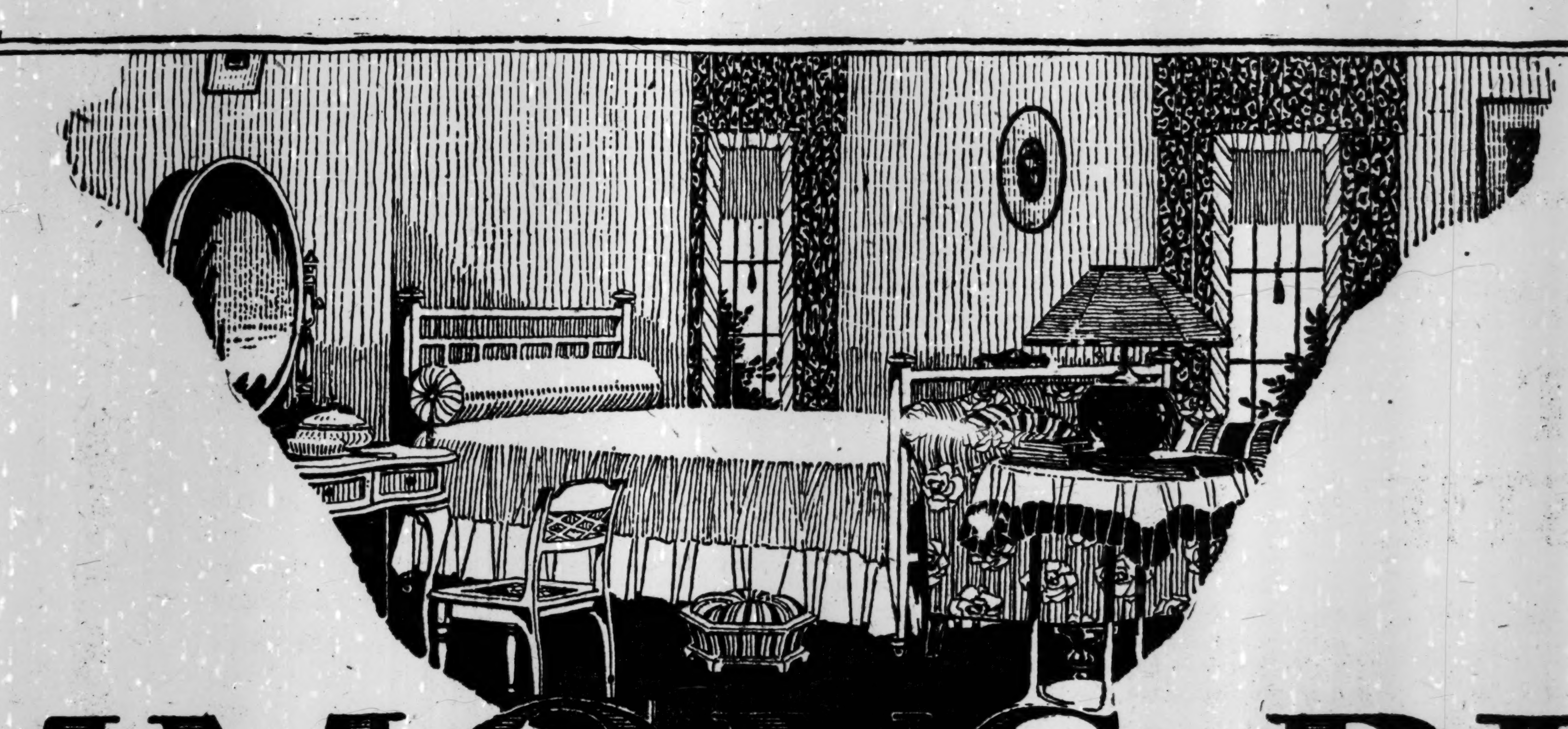
These remarkable springs are not sold by every dealer in furniture. But you *will* see them in the leading stores of your community—the house-furnishing, department and general stores where you would expect to find first class goods.

It will pay you to find one of these quality-merchants. We shall be glad to tell you their names.

San Francisco, Cal. Newark, N. J.
Montreal, Canada

SIMMONS COMPANY
Kenosha, Wisconsin

New York City
Brooklyn



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Fast as our time schedules are, we occasionally overtake them, and more than one Thompson-Starrett building has been finished before the tenants were ready to go into it.

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Building Construction

SENIOR
ACOUNTANT WANTED

A firm of public accountants, located in the Western part of New York, requires a first-class senior accountant with public accounting experience. Applicant must furnish good references as to character, professional ethics and ability, as eventual admission to partnership is contemplated. Experience must include executive qualities and ability to make independent audits and investigations without supervision. Age not above forty. All replies treated confidentially. Compensation in accordance with ability.

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In Wood handles 6 to 14 inch, inclusive
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30x3½	Non-Skid	$12.47
34x4	"	21.74
34x4½	"	23.96
36x4½	"	27.80
35x5	"	30.05
37x5	"	35.92

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In 5 Lb. Lots and up
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(Ground Only) DELIVERED FOR 27c A LB.

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Phone Barclay 9857. Established 79 Years.

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in Queens and Nassau on improved property. Rates and charges reasonable.

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40,000 POUNDS OF
IMPORTED POTATO STARCH
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Packed in 200 Jute. F. O. B. cars North Philadelphia, Pa.
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2335 Sedgley Ave, Philadelphia, Pa.

STRIKE OF BUILDERS AWAITS APPROVAL

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NO CHANGE UNDER TRUCE

Carpenters Return to Association Jobs—Demand $6.50 per Day—Wages Elsewhere Cited.

The expected settlement of the differences between union carpenters and the Building Trades Employers' Association did not take place yesterday, although, as agreed, carpenters on local jobs went back to work with such allied building trade unionists as were employed on association jobs. A general strike of thirty allied trades will begin on Saturday at noon, when the truce ends, it was announced last night, if the Executive Council of the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, which meets here today, gives its sanction to such action.

William L. Hutcheson, President of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, and Robert P. Brindell, Vice President of that organization, and Ronald P. Taylor, President of the Building Trades Employers' Association, and a committee met yesterday under the terms of the truce. When the conference was over Mr. Taylor issued the following statement:

"A committee of the Employers' Association met Mr. Hutcheson and Mr. Brindell this forenoon. They met again at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The conference came to an end when Mr. Hutcheson stated that the only condition of settlement that he would accept would be the payment to the carpenters of a wage of $6.50 per day beginning Monday morning, Feb. 17."

The strike would undoubtedly be renewed on Monday morning if no settlement was reached before that time, said union leaders, who pointed out that the case would be reviewed by the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor today, with a view to extending the strike to the thirty crafts of the building trades.

"When I was discussing the case with Mr. Taylor I cited that carpenters were getting 80 cents an hour in Chicago, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Bridgeport, Youngstown, and many other cities," said Mr. Hutcheson last night. "The carpenters in New York are asking only 81¼ cents an hour where the cost of living is so much greater.

"In reply to this Mr. Taylor said: 'You are dealing with weak sisters in those cities if you are getting that rate an hour for your men.' He would not consider the humanitarian side of the case."

Milton Snelling, International President of the Hoisting Engineers' Union, said last night that under the truce some of his men were allowed to return to work for one contractor on the army base, but another, working on the same project, refused them employment. He said the organization of hoisting engineers had been loyal during the war, had faithfully lived up to its agreement with the association; men had worked for $33 a week when they could have obtained double that amount from other contractors. In other cities, he added, employers voluntarily increased their wages beyond the price stipulated in the agreement.

If the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor, of which Mr. Hutcheson is a member, sanctions a general strike in the allied building trades on association work today, it was said last night that probably 325,000 union members in the thirty building crafts would be affected, though not all of this number were at present employed.

CHARGES BRUTALITY AGAIN.

Schlesinger Threatens to Appeal to Aldermen in Garment Strike.

Although the police in the district where most dress and waist manufacturing is done denied yesterday that there was basis for charges of violence made by Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, Mr. Schlesinger asserted last night that unless the violence ceased he would bring the matter directly to the attention of the Board of Aldermen, which meets next Saturday.

Inspector Bolan was not at the headquarters of the Third Inspection District yesterday, but a Lieutenant in charge declared that the strikers had been arrested while picketing only for disorderly conduct and because they used threatening language. The district was being properly policed, he added, with two or three policemen assigned to some blocks.

"The mistreatment of the girl pickets in the dress and waist strike by the police continues unabated," said Mr. Schlesinger in a statement last night. "The brutality displayed by some of the men in uniform and others in civilian clothes, who pose as private detectives, surpasses everything that I have witnessed in my experience in any garment workers' strike in New York.

"The Merchants' Association, in its eagerness to assist the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, in a letter to Acting Mayor Moran, today urges a still harsher policy against the women strikers. It would appear that the mere fact that a number of these girls were born in Russia and Italy is sufficient to hurl against them the epithet of 'Bolshevism' and to rob them of their right to a square deal and impartial treatment."

Harry Gordon, counsel for the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, said last night that the association members had employed private detectives solely for the protection of property and the workers who had been employed during the strike.

DECREES A 5-DAY WEEK TO END TEXTILE STRIKE

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—A decision which is expected to end the strike of Eastern textile workers was reached by the War Labor Board tonight, when a temporary working basis of an eight-and-one-half hour day and a five-day week was announced. It was estimated by labor leaders that 90 per cent. of the idle employes would resume work on Monday.

A joint appeal by silk manufacturers and labor leaders of 40,000 striking textile workers in the East asked the board to standardize the hours of work in the silk industry and expressed a common purpose in desiring to counteract the activities of the I. W. W. and other radical elements resulted in the decision.

COURTS-MARTIAL CALLED ATROCIOUS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

company Lieutenant came along and commanded the soldier to give up the cigarettes.

"I won't do it, and I don't give a —— for anybody," retorted the soldier.

General Ansell went on to tell of the boy being tried by court-martial, convicted, and sentenced to dishonorable discharge and forty years in jail. The commanding officer of his regiment, on reviewing the case, reduced the sentence to ten years.

"Now it must appear that this was a serious offense," said General Ansell. "But the facts must be considered as they were to get an insight into the matter. Here was a raw recruit, new to army life, in the turmoil of a kitchen, quite likely upset by a reproof that might have been harshly made and letting his temper get the better of him. For this he was sentenced to forty years in jail.

"In many instances—I am not citing exceptions—the same brutally excessive sentences have been imposed for trivial offenses.

"Any system that would impose such a sentence as that upon the boy you speak of is un-American," commented Senator Thomas. "It would make Bolsheviki out of the relatives of a man. I want to say that the officer who would act that way to a soldier is a —— fool."

"You don't want that go upon the record?" suggested Senator Chamberlain.

"Yes, I do," insisted Senator Thomas, hotly. "I say that officer was a —— fool, and ought himself to have been court-martialed. Any one imposing such a sentence ought to be court-martialed, too. It is easy to see why in peace times we cannot get men to go into our army."

General Ansell remarked that, outside of the power of review over the court-martial by a command officer, the only avenue left open to a soldier under sentence is the exercise of executive clemency by the President.

Some Representative Cases.

The General read from a memorandum he wrote and submitted to Secretary Baker, protesting against the system of court-martial. He called it "personal absolutism," and blamed the Chief of Staff and the Inspector General of the Army for allowing such a system to prevail.

General Ansell spoke of a soldier who had deserted from the army at West Point and who remained away from duty for five months being sentenced to death. Investigation by General Ansell developed that he had gone home, fearing that things were not going well, to find his father dying from paralysis.

"That boy remained with his father until he died," said General Ansell. "The day after, he reported back for duty."

The death sentence was set aside, after General Ansell's investigation, but the General did not know what had happened to the boy.

Another boy, the General said, had been sentenced to fifteen years for deserting for forty days. He had gone home to a sick wife and child. General Ansell felt that the circumstances "did not justify desertion, but extenuated it."

Upon a soldier in France, General Ansell said, the death sentence had been imposed for declining to drill after having been subjected to extreme exposure to cold for twenty-four hours. He insisted he was not able to stand. Two others were sentenced to death for sleeping on post, after having been on duty for four days with hardly any sleep. General Ansell set these sentences aside, he said, after the War Department had declined to act.

"It must be remembered," said General Ansell, "that these men seldom have adequate counsel and don't know how to defend themselves. The Government is represented by able counsel, and the offender has all the odds against him."

Senator Chamberlain wanted to know if it would not be advisable for Congress to pass a law to reinstate men who have been dishonorably discharged and heavily punished for slight offenses.

"It would be commendable if that could be done," replied General Ansell. "The dishonorable discharge is a stigma that must cling to a man through life. It is meant to. When an injustice is done, as has happened so often in our courts-martial, it seems only fair that reparation be made to the injured man."

SENATE TO WORK AT NIGHT.

Democrats Try to Speed Up as End of Congress Draws Near.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—In an effort to clear the congested legislative calendar and thus remove the necessity for the early convening of the new Congress in extra session, Democratic Senators decided at a conference tonight to hold night sessions of the Senate until Congress adjourns sine die March 4.

The conference decision was unanimous and also included an agreement to convene the Senate an hour earlier each day—11 o'clock instead of noon.

The night sessions will begin tomorrow, but the Senate will not start meeting at 11 o'clock until Saturday. The conference approved the decision of the Democratic Steering Committee to extend the daily sittings and several leaders expressed the opinion that the Senate could dispose of all necessary bills before the session ends. Other prominent Democrats, however, said they did not believe that even with extended sessions all the appropriations could be passed.

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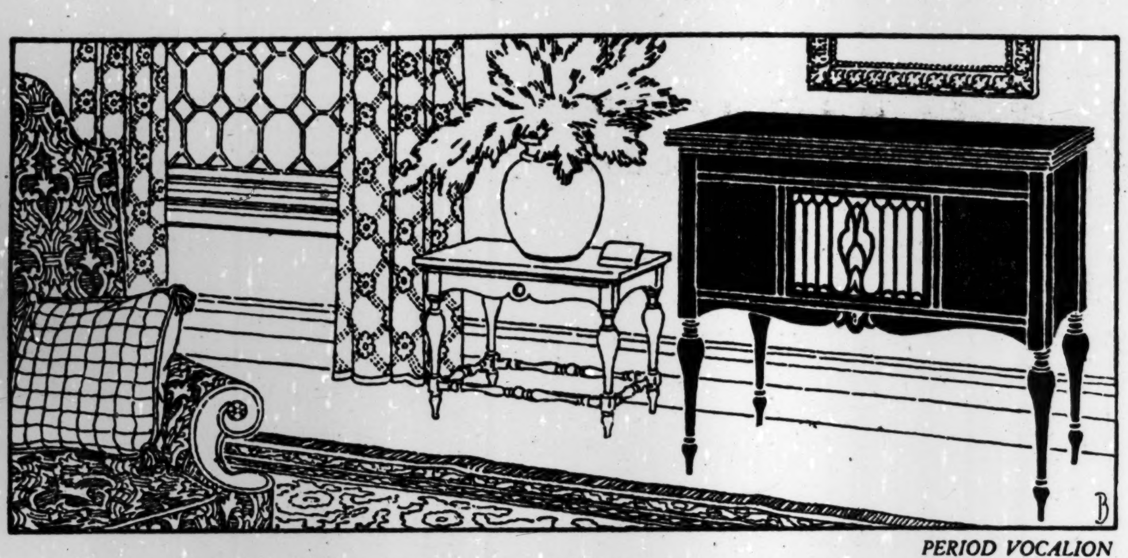

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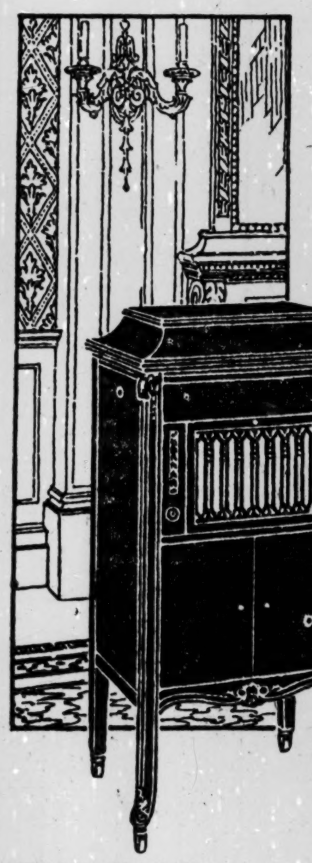

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Of all the Equitable's sixty years of public service, 1918 was by far the most important and successful.

During that year the greatest epidemic in America's history carried off over 400,000 people, most of them in the young and healthful period of life.

Of the $27,799,026 distributed in death claims by the Equitable in 1918, to the beneficiaries under its policies, $5,200,000 was directly due to the epidemic of Influenza and Pneumonia, emphasizing the urgent need of life insurance and of securing it at an early age.

In 1918 the Equitable distributed to its policyholders in Death Claims, Endowments, Dividends and other benefits, $65,412,490. It also promptly met all the obligations imposed by the Government during the great war. Liberty Bonds to the amount of $54,000,000 were purchased during 1918. To do this it was necessary for the Society to borrow $23,000,000.

The following figures are from the Society's 59th Annual Statement, which will be furnished on request:

OUTSTANDING INSURANCE, Dec. 31, 1918,		$1,924,538,578
Increase over 1917, $169,669,670		
NEW INSURANCE IN 1918		$273,223,559
Increase over 1917, $21,878,907		
INSURANCE RESERVE	$483,817,197	
Balance due Banks, Liberty Bond a/c	21,000,000	
Other Liabilities	18,085,970	$522,903,167
SURPLUS RESERVES:		
For distribution to Policyholders, 1919	$18,016,362	
Awaiting apportionment on deferred dividend policies	57,967,578	
For Contingencies	12,926,813	$88,910,753
ASSETS, December 31, 1918		$611,813,920

Through GROUP INSURANCE the Equitable, in 1918, increased the protection furnished by employers to their employes to the extent of $80,000,000. The value of this protection was strikingly illustrated during the epidemic.

There was a marked gain in policies giving beneficiaries Monthly Incomes for life, as well as in Business Insurance, and in policies to cover Inheritance Taxes.

There was also a large increase in life policies providing for (1) waiver of premiums if totally disabled, (2) continuous income during total disability, and (3) double payment in case of accidental death.

As an extension of this branch of Equitable service, policies are now issued giving complete accident and health coverage, and providing for weekly incomes for disabilities caused by accident and disease.

W. A. DAY,
President.

Our Annual Clearance
Overcoats and Suits

Formerly $22.50, $25 and $30.00 At **$17.50**

Considering the prices which will prevail next season, even though the War is over, we urge you Men and Young Men, whose price is limited, to satisfy in this sale all your present requirements, and those of next season.

$17.50 Overcoats and Suits on Sale at 5 Stores Only—Not at 49th or 42d St. Stores

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The House of Kuppenheimer

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Formerly $35, $40 and $45 At **$29.50**

The name Kuppenheimer on clothes is a mark of merit, a guarantee of satisfaction and absolute assurance of value; no better Ready-to-Wear Clothing, or values, were obtainable during the season, and none better can be had now.

$29.50 Sale at all Brill Stores.

Shoes up to $14.00, in a Sale at 49th St. Only, at $8.45 and $15.00 Shell Cordovan Shoes at $9.45.

$65 and $70 Kuppenheimer Overcoats and Ulsters now $48.50

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MY FIRST DAY HERE: BY PHILIP GIBBS

Whirl of Traffic and Commotion of Lights Bewildering to the English Writer.

FINDS FRIENDLY RESCUERS

And Swaps Battlefield Reminiscences with British and Americans from "Over There."

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

The Cunard liner Carmania had passed Staten Island and was drawing near to the Statue of Liberty before I had my first glimpse of New York. The sky was clear and steel-blue over the Hudson River, which was covered with big and little craft, but there was a mist over the water, and the City of New York was veiled by it. I stood in the bow of the ship staring out, eager to see that view which has been described a thousand times by many great writers, so that I had a mental vision of it.

Gradually it appeared, a phantom city towering faintly through the sun-lit mists and then appeared in sharper outline but still vague and ghostlike out of the water. I drew my breath and felt a queer excitement and awe. It was more wonderful and more beautiful than any description I had read.

This great city with its high, straight towers and immense masses of architecture upon which the sunlight gleamed between gulfs of black shadow-worlds, was like some visionary's dream of a new world capital not yet materialized. It was fantastic, colossal, but unsubstantial.

It seemed to have no actuality and to be no more than a mirage created by the fevered imagination of man. But gradually, as the ship made her way forward, and the mists were dispelled, the city became real. Those great vague masses of architecture, those immense sky-reaching towers, had sharp outlines and solidity.

Baffled by High Buildings.

I tried to count the windows and the stories in the Woolworth Building, which rose high like an immense cathedral in the midst of buildings almost as tall as that, until I lost count. This city was real, there beyond the water, and was no dream of a wild imagination, but the architecture of the civilized people whom I had met with a sense of comfort and gladness along roads and villages behind the battlefront when we were hard pressed and the coming of the American armies was the promise of victory at a time when we were nearer to defeat than the world then knew.

When I left the steamer and passed the customs and drove into the City of New York I was scared—"scared stiff," as the English soldiers say. I felt absurdly and pitifully ignorant of a city which was a world away from anything I had seen in other parts of the world. I had come with the idea of telling the American people something of the war on the western front, but the audacity of such a thing appalled me. When for the first time I drove through New York streets I felt the smallest thing on earth, smaller than any "cootie" nidding in the trenches under the bombardment of 2,000 guns.

Through the windows of the automobile I could not see the topmost heights of the buildings on either side. They towered up to vast altitudes, story upon story, and I seemed to be driving down deep canyons with high cliffs rising sheer and straight on both sides, but cliffs pierced with innumerable windows, and in every window a display of wealth and elegance of civilization which put the remembrance of cities like Paris and London into insignificance. New York appeared to me stupendous, and on a vaster scale. I was caught up in the whirl of it. I became a little creature without will power or resistance in a torrent of life.

I lunched at the Vanderbilt Hotel and had a little restfulness in a quiet corner of a beautiful restaurant from which I watched American men and women all round me with a sense of having come into a new phase of civilization more complicated than anything I had seen in Europe with greater opportunities of luxury and immense reserves of power. I felt also that sense of being a "new chum" among these people with that feeling of loneliness and apprehension which came to young officers of ours when they came first to the Western front and the forward trenches in the midst of a vast human organization—a war machine with its myriad activities for destructive purpose, in which every man was familiar with his job and knew his way about in places of famous names, all strange and unknown to the man who had first come out.

But I had not been more than a few minutes in the city before I was aware of friendly hands groping out through the whirl of New York life to give me a welcome, and of friendly voices coming to me down many wires with a greeting. Before I had registered at the hotel some one said, "There's a call for you," and the telephone receiver was waiting unhooked. "Hello, is that you?" said a voice, and I knew it as the voice of a soldier whom I had last met in a French château on the road to Arras, when the sun was not shining brightly on our arms. I had not registered, and hardly knew myself what hotel would be my dwelling place, but somehow or other I had been found by this friend, and it seemed to me the quickest thing I had known. "Good for New York," I said, "but I do not know how it is done."

Then I learned that in New York one lives at the end of telephone wires, with little bells calling to one all day long. Before the baggage was dumped in my bedroom the little bell rang and the telephone operator, who had a cheery girl's voice, said: "Welcome to our city, Philip Gibbs—and here's another call for you."

Strangers came out of that big life in the streets and asked all sorts of things about the state of Europe, of which I did not know the answer, so that I had to "camouflage" the depths of my ignorance; and while they talked the telephone bells went on ringing every two or three minutes, so that I became confused in mind and made sixteen engagements which overlapped each other, tied myself into hopeless tangles of accepted invitations, and forgot whether I was talking into a telephone or to another visitor, and shouted in a quiet bedroom far above the noises of the streets.

But I lost the sense of loneliness in a great city and felt a wonderful friendliness surrounding me and reaching out to me in New York because I was an Englishman who had been through the war, which was their war as well as ours.

In a Melodious Oasis.

Drifting like a straw on a torrent, without any power of resistance, but with a growing optimism that I should not be broken in the whirl of it, I found myself carried into a quieter backwater which was the tea lounge of the Biltmore Hotel. Quieter, but not silent, because for the first time off the stage I heard a real jazz band, and above its remarkable melody there was the noise of many people talking and laughing round little tables in a vast and beautiful room.

"I sat at one little table and plunged into one of those group conversations and found that the men and women about me were most charming to a shy creature like myself. They were telling me of their experiences in the war and I was surprised to find that in this one group there were three English officers that knew as much about the old Ypres salient as I did and ladies who had been working among English and Irish soldiers since the beginning of the war. After all, the Atlantic was but a narrow strip and the war had bridged it, and America had gone to Europe and Europe to America and the people had begun to know each other with understanding.

There were French officers in the tea room as well as American and English officers, and they had seen the fighting qualities of each other's troops, whose blood had moistened the same battlefields. And hanging from the windows of clubs and business houses there were long banners with stars on the outside edge, showing how many men from that home had fallen on the field of honor. There were many of these golden stars of death above the heads of these people seething there in those whirlpools of life between Fifth Avenue and Broadway.

I went into Broadway alone in the evening just about dusk and that scared feeling came back to me and I felt more afraid of the City of New York than when I had walked through other cities like Arras and Amiens when shells were bursting, though I had not liked that.

Broadway! Sixteen motor cars made a leap for my body as I stared up at a wild commotion of lights on the high buildings. I escaped the motor cars by the width of a heel, but more lights caught hold of my senses and captured them. There were fountains of light leaping above the topmost stories of fantastic buildings which seemed to touch the skies and cascades of light falling down steep walls and lights that wriggled and squirmed and whirled in marvelous combinations.

Pictures flashed out and began to play strange pantomimes. There were rows of grotesque little men who went through a form of physical exercise which brought a laugh out of my heart in the midst of the crowd which seethed about me. There was a marvelous kitten of light playing with a gigantic reel of cotton and urgent messages flashed into my soul imploring me to buy somebody's chewing gum and somebody's boots and all kinds of things which I did not want at that moment. My eyes were dazzled and bewildered and my senses dazed and the tide of traffic about me was a roaring torrent of which I was a little human atom with hair standing on end beneath my hat. I was terrified of Broadway and fled from it, feeling suddenly alone in all that teeming crowd and in need of a friendly hand.

Many friendly hands took hold of mine in the City Club, and the sincerity of the friendship that was offered me there has dispelled forever any fear that I had of New York. That night I dined with the club of the allied press in a room of the City Club, so cozy and so like our own literary clubs in another Street of Adventure at home, that I lost all sense of being a stranger and a "new chum." And around me were familiar faces of writing men who had chronicled the history of the world before the war came, and whom I had met in many cities of Europe. Through the war they have given their pens to the cause of the Allies and have played the game honestly, bravely, and with understanding of the perils which faced our civilization and all humanity.

Among them was Sir Arthur Pearson, who made a noble and moving speech which revealed the heights of human courage in those who have been blinded in our battles and have shown a splendid defiance of their agony and loss. We listened to him with reverence and admiration, and after that there were other speeches by Americans and English which should have reached beyond that corner in New York because they prove that whatever friction may come between the American and British peoples, whatever troubles may arise, in trade and competition, the intellect of America and the soul of the American people desire the closer alliance of the two English-speaking races, and will not be denied, because of the sacrifices both have made for the same ideals of civilization. They were spoken with emphasis and sincerity, and my first day in New York left me with the faith that its people are pledged to friendship with us.

Next morning my telephone bell rang at 7 o'clock and I answered it and said: "Don't you ever go to sleep here?" The answer came back: "We're pretty wide-awake and there's a lot to do."

GIBBS ANALYZES THE WAR.

Ideas Fought Brute Force, and Ideas Finally Won.

Philip Gibbs, war correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES and London Daily Chronicle with the British armies, and Carl W. Ackerman, correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES in Siberia, were guests of honor yesterday at a luncheon in The Times Annex, attended by the editorial and executive staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Mr. Gibbs said that from the very beginning he had been convinced that the war was a conflict of ideas against brute force, and that while on occasion it seemed as if brute force was perilously near a victory, ideas ultimately had triumphed.

Nothing could be better proof of this, he said, than the attitude of German soldiers and civilians to whom he talked when he accompanied the British Army of Occupation into Germany; all said that upon the news of America's entry into the war the Germans began to realize that their course had stirred up a whole world against them and that in opposition to all the other principal peoples they had no chance to win. He expressed the belief that close co-operation between the British commonwealth and America would be the surest guarantee of the preservation of the fruits of victory.

Mr. Ackerman told of the difficulties attending the allied expeditions into Siberia.

GIBBS TO LECTURE ON WAR.

Philip Gibbs, the famous war correspondent, whose dispatches in THE NEW YORK TIMES have been eagerly read in this country, will lecture on his experiences in France and Belgium on Thursday evening, Feb. 20, at Carnegie Hall, under the auspices of the Pond Lyceum Bureau. This is his first appearance as a lecturer here. He will make a six weeks' tour of the country, speaking in the large cities. Mr. Gibbs is well known as an author and, although a young man, has twenty books to his credit.

Mr. Gibbs and his three brothers are all celebrated in the world of literature: Cosmo Hamilton, with whom he collaborated in producing "Menders of Nets" at the Duke of York's Theatre; Arthur Hamilton Gibbs, actor and novelist, and Anthony Hamilton, traveler and lecturer. Mr. Gibbs's "Soul of the War" and the "Battle of the Somme" have passed nto several editions.

HISTORIC 'BORIS' SUNG AGAIN

Thirty-five times Moussorgsky's historic "Boris Godunoff" has held its place on the Metropolitan stage, a "music drama of the future" still, but of noble sincerity, never more vital than now. Launched here by Mr. Gatti's artistic partner, Toscanini, seven seasons ago, it remains one of the few supreme lyric productions since a former generation saw America's first "Rheingold." There have been many changes in the "Boris" personnel, but few in its protagonists, Adam Didur acting the usurping Russian Czar last night for the third time this Winter, as always before, and on this occasion with Margaret Matzenauer newly returned to the part of the Princess Marina.

There are no scenes in all modern opera quite like those of the Czar's coronation and of his death, or that contrasting picture of the dark Polish garden, with its shouting intrigue and courtly Polonaise.

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Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
Eighth Av., cor. 127th St.

BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN
Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

OPERA

By James Gibbons Huneker

"Loreley."

"Loreley," a romantic opera in three acts, book by Carl d'Ormeville and A. Zanardini, music by Alfredo Catalini, was sung for the first time in this city last night at the Lexington Theatre by the Chicago Opera Association. Italian was the language used.

CAST.

Rudolpho .... Virgilio Lazzari
Anna, his niece .... Florence Macbeth
Walter .... Alessandro Dolci
Loreley .... Anna Fitziu
Hermann .... Giacomo Rimini
Incidental dances by Sylvia Tell and corps de ballet.
Conductor, Giorgio Polacco.

"I know not what evil is coming, but my heart feels sad and cold; a song in my head keeps humming, a tale from times of old." Thus sang Heinrich Heine, translated by James Thomson; but it may be confessed that little of the old world magic of the Loreley legend transpires from the score of Catalani. It is a theme that has attracted more than one composer, Bruch, Lachner, Mendelssohn, among the rest. The present work was first heard at Turin in 1890. Toscanini has conducted it, and Campanini, too. It has been sung in Chicago. The composer was born at Lucca in 1854. Grove's Dictionary credits him with a respectable list of operatic, symphonic, and choral works, "La Wally," the last, produced in 1892, and in New York at the Metropolitan Opera House, Jan. 6, 1909. Catalini died at Milan in 1893.

The libretto is a hodge-podge of the Rhine legends dealing with the celebrated Water-Nixie, whose rock is the cynosure of all Cook's Tourists' eyes. The finny lady vanished over four years ago. A romantic tale of love, jealousy, and despair is set before us. A beautiful girl is to marry a nobleman, but the Loreley intervenes. He is spellbound by her witchery. He deserts his bride, who "spurns the advances" of her lover's friend. The Loreley at the end becomes the mate of Alberich, the river demon. The earth hero commits suicide by drowning. A flash of tail, a nose-dive, and the Loreley returns to her element. Annette Kellermann outdone! This musical water-witch ought to please the most hardened prohibitionist.

The Catalani score reveals excellent craftsmanship. Not original, not even boasting an individual profile, nevertheless there are the compensations of a melodic line, withal commonplace, skilled vocal writing for soli and ensemble, a sane harmonic scheme, together with a sense of atmosphere and a way of finishing musical sentences and scenes without any loose threads to confuse the hearer. Shipshape, in a word, is this Italian's technique.

His orchestral melos flows, there is enough color, and if the music hadn't been choked off by the too demonstrative conducting of Mr. Polacco—a conductor, be it said, of the first rank—perhaps we would have enjoyed the details of the orchestration. But the brass choir was overblown, the percussive instruments punctuating every few bars with a bang. We heard now and then some rich writing for the strings, especially for the violoncelli.

Mr. Polacco was not altogether to blame, for it appears that the orchestral pit is paved with cement; that and the megaphonic acoustics of the theatre do not promote the cult of the nuance. Noise ruled throughout. A metallic wall cut off the singers from the audience, so there was much shouting, which, it may be said in parenthesis, was heartily enjoyed by the audience.

Rose Raisa was to have sung the title rôle. Illness prevented her. Miss Fitziu did well under trying conditions. Like her colleagues, she had a sad tremolo. In Act I. the stageful positively trilled, and the singing of Florence Macbeth was an oasis in leagues of sandy vocalism. Nor was Miss Macbeth in the best of voice, yet she sung legato, even if her middle tones were clouded. The mermaid of Miss Fitziu was gorgeous. She was a handsome apparition at the end of Act II.

The most musical number was the simple Mozartean duo sung by Miss Macbeth and Mr. Dolci. Mr. Rimini was satisfactory, and the tenor, Dolci, sang in various tone productions that were surprising; also kaleidoscopic. Below F his voice lacks lustre, but he can volley forth his upper tones with power. Unlike Rose Ponselle—who sat in a stage box—his is not a seamless scale.

He is young. He is virile. He pleases. Time will show his potentialities. There were choruses, processions, a pretty ballet, and when Wagner wasn't hanging around in the score, Lohengrin under his arm, Papa Verdi took up the white man's burden. The principal objection to "Loreley" is its absence of vital characterization. Possibly Rose Raisa might lend it wings. At present it is not overwhelmingly interesting.

TWO ORCHESTRAS PLAY.

The Philharmonic, with Louise Homer—Symphony Society Matinee

Two orchestral concerts representative of the musical life of New York filled Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon and night, that of the Philharmonic last evening having Louise Homer, the contralto, as guest. Mme. Homer sang Franck's "La Procession," Debussy's recitative, and an air of Azael from "The Prodigal Son," and later an air from Tschaikovsky's "Jeanne d'Arc."

The Philharmonic program, all of which will be repeated this afternoon, included also Brahms's "Tragic" overture at the start, and Kalinnikow's Symphony No. 1 at the evening's close, while midway in the proceedings there was a first performance in America of Respighi's "Fountains of Rome."

Four "Fountains" play in magical transformation, first that of the Julian Valley, with cattle passing in Rome's misty dawn; then, as told in a mad instrumental whirl, the dancing naiads of the Triton Fountain, and the pompous Neptune's chariot from the Fountain of Trevi. The noontide trumpet blare dies to a shimmer of sound at sunset by the beautiful water pools of the Villa Medici.

Ottorino Respighi, like Alfredo Casella, is one of those younger than the "young Italians" of opera veritism, who have turned to music not of the stage. Like his compatriot's "War Films," played recently by Walter Damrosch, these "Fountains of Rome" furnished to Mr. Stransky by the Italian Government are musical pictures, almost "moving pictures." They are scored with bells and all the modern apparatus.

The Symphony Society at its matinée in the same hall yesterday gave a program of orchestral works, including Franck's prelude, chorale and fugue, arranged by Pierne; Beethoven's Fifth Symphony, Mendelssohn's "Spinning Song," the allegretto from his quartet for strings, and Liszt's "Les Preludes."

Mrs. Hurd Reaches Semi-Finals.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 13.—The first match round of the St. Valentine tournament for women was played at Pinehurst today. Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Hurd, the medalist, came through to the semi-finals in the lower frame, in company with Miss Eleanor T. Chandler of Philadelphia. Mrs. F. T. Keating of Agawam and Mrs. J. D. Chapman of Greenwich survived in the upper bracket. All four had easy matches on their hands.

FOR NEW ERA FOR LABOR.

Four Catholic Bishops Join in Program for Reconstruction.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Adoption of minimum wage schedules, maintenance in general of the wage levels attained during the war, and permanent establishment of the National War Labor Board and the United States Employment Service were advocated as essentials of a just reconstruction in a report made public today by four Catholic Bishops, constituting the Administrative Committee of the National Catholic War Council.

While favoring, in the interests of health and morality, prohibition of child labor and reduction to the smallest practical limits of the employment of women in industry, the committee urged equal pay for women doing equal work with men. It declared also for insurance of workers against illness, old age, and unemployment until wages are high enough to tide over such periods, for abolition of monopolies, for continuance of heavy taxes on large incomes and excess profits, for co-operative merchandising in necessities to reduce the cost of living, and for Government-assisted colonization of unoccupied farm lands by demobilized soldiers and sailors.

As a measure outside its present reconstruction program but of value in solving the problems of capital and labor, the committee urged gradual participation by labor in the management and eventually in the ownership of industry.

The report was issued in the names of Bishops Peter J. Muldoon of Rockford, Ill., Joseph Schrembs of Toledo, Ohio, William T. Russell of Charleston, S. C., and Auxiliary Bishop Patrick J. Hayes of New York. As members of the War Council's Administrative Committee they represent the Catholic hierarchy of America in general direction of war work in this country and overseas.

While holding that "mere justice, to say nothing of chivalry," dictates that women who filled in industry the places made vacant by men called to war "should not be compelled to suffer any greater loss or inconvenience than is absolutely necessary" in the readjustment under peace conditions, the report declared that no female worker should remain in an occupation harmful to health or morals. In this classification street car operation and the cleaning of locomotives were especially mentioned. An efficient national employment service, it was stated, would be able to shift to domestic and other suitable lines of activity women war workers whose circumstances required them to continue as wage earners.

The committee asserted that the average rate of pay had not increased faster than the cost of living, and that a considerable majority of wage earners, both men and women, were not receiving living wages when prices began to rise in 1915.

"Even if the great majority of workers," the committee said, "were now in receipt of more than living wages, there are no good reasons why rates of pay should be lowered. After all, a living wage is not necessarily the full measure of justice. All the Catholic authorities on the subject explicitly declare that this is only the minimum of justice. In a country as rich as ours there are very few cases in which it is possible to prove that the worker would be getting more than that to which he has a right if he were paid something in excess of this ethical minimum.

"So far as possible the insurance fund should be raised by a levy on industry, as is now done in the case of accident compensation. Any insurance scheme or any administrative method that tends to separate the workers into a distinct and dependent class, that offends against their domestic privacy and independence, or that threatens individual self-reliance and self-respect, should not be tolerated. Hence all the forms of State insurance should be regarded as merely a lesser evil, and should be so organized and administered as to hasten the coming of the normal condition."

Upholding the right of labor to organize and to deal with employers through representatives, the report urged a gradual recognition of the workers in the management and ownership of the industries of which they are a part. As a first step it suggested admission of employes to the industrial part of management through formation of shop committees to co-operate with owners of plants. The next phase, participation in ownership, the committee conceded was not of general value in a program for immediate social reconstruction. It classed private ownership as preferable to a collectivist organization of industry, which it characterized as a state of socialism which would mean bureaucracy, political tyranny, general social inefficiency and decadence, but asserted that the present system, producing "insufficient incomes for a great majority of wage earners and unnecessarily large incomes for a small minority of privileged capitalists," needed modification and improvement.

"It seems clear," said the committee, "that the present industrial system is destined to last for a long time in its main outlines, but the full possibilities of increased production will not be realized so long as the majority of the workers remain mere wage earners. The majority must somehow become owners, at least in part, of the instruments of production."

To bring about even moderate reforms, the Bishops asserted, both capital and labor must get a new viewpoint. The laborer, they declared, "must come to realize that he owes his employer and society an honest day's work in return for a fair wage, and that conditions cannot be substantially improved until he roots out the desire to get a maximum return for a minimum of service. The capitalist needs to lern the long-forgotten truth that wealth is stewardship; that profit-making is not the basic justification of business enterprise, that there are such things as fair profits, fair interest, and fair prices; that the laborer is a human being, not merely an instrument of production, and that the laborer's right to a decent livelihood is the first moral charge upon industry."

THIS AFTERNOON AT 3 P. M.
Hear the playing of
Bauer—Grainger
Hofmann—Leginska
Reproduced by the
DUO-ART PIANO
Admission without charge
THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
29 West 42nd Street Fourth Floor

AMUSEMENTS.

Hear
COL. W. A. BISHOP
The World's
GREATEST AVIATOR
CARNEGIE HALL, TONIGHT, 8:30
BROOKLYN LECTURE
Academy of Music, Saturday Evening 8:30.
Tickets at Box Office.

8 O'CLOCK FRIDAY

There must be final release by 8 o'clock Friday night of advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and restaurants intended for insertion in the Sunday edition of The New York Times.

Advertisements under the classifications mentioned released on Saturday cannot be inserted in the Sunday edition.

Advertisers and advertising agencies should comply strictly with this rule in order that disappointment may be avoided.

The circulation of the Sunday edition of The New York Times exceeds 500,000 copies.

The New York Times

AMUSEMENTS.

CASINO THEATRE, TODAY, 2:30
Positively Last Appearance of
Capt. CARPENTER, V.C.
OF H. M. S. "VINDICTIVE."
The Last Opportunity to Hear This Remarkable Story of the Greatest Naval Exploit of the War.
THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE
Illustrated with lantern slides.
Major Ian Hay Beith, Chairman.
Tickets $2.50 to 50c, at Box Office & Agencies.

Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Eve., Feb. 20
FIRST AMERICAN APPEARANCES OF
☆ PHILIP GIBBS ☆
Speaking as he Writes on
The Soul of the War.
"The finest correspondent this war has produced."—Chesterton.
Tickets $2.50 to 50c, at Box Office and Agencies on Monday.
Mgt. J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42d.

Come To-night
After the Play
Most Brilliant, Artistic Event of the Season
Roshanara Ball *of the* Orient
AT
The BILTMORE
Beginning at 10 P. M.
Roshanara, Michio Ito, and co-artists in
A Gorgeous Pageant of the East.
Continuous Dancing—Supper a la Carte.
Single Tickets, Five Dollars at The Biltmore.

TOMORROW NIGHT
8:30—CARNEGIE HALL—8:30
THE FAMOUS
CLEF CLUB
ARABIAN NIGHTS
BIG WELCOME CONCERT
GUESTS OF HONOR
Col. Hayward & "Old 15th" Regiment Heroes.
Lieut. James Europe & Ragtime Soldier Band.
60 STARS OF JAZZLAND | DIXIE QUARTET | 20 NEW SONGS
Seats Now at Carnegie Hall Box Office
Popular Prices, 50c. to $1.50.

BURTON HOLMES
CARNEGIE HALL Sunday Eve., 8:30
WITH THE "YANKS" AT THE FRONT
Monday Matinee at 3
WITH THE "YANKS" IN PARIS
POPULAR PRICES—50c to $1.50.

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE, 4th St. & 7th Av. Phone Spring 6409.
Take 7th Ave. Subway to Christopher St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30.
HOBOHEMIA
A Comedy of Greenwich Village.
GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE.
Special—THIS AFTERNOON at 3:30,
Catherine Du Pont Presents Noh Dances and LYRIC DRAMAS OF JAPAN
Tickets at the Box Office and Tyson's.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Matinee Today, Best Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Evgs. at 8:15

HIPPODROME NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT, 8:15
CAMPANINI CONCERT
CHICAGO OPERA ARTISTS AND ORCH.
Soloists, Galli, Lazzari, Dolci, Lamont, Rimini.
Conductors: Campanini, Polacco, Raffaelli.
Tickets $1, $1.50, $2.00. Now at Box Office.

TOMORROW NIGHT AT 8:30.
DANCE FESTIVAL
The Iconoclast Dancer of South America HENRI First Appearance in New York
Greek Dances by Children of 3 to 8 Years.
Also Other New Character Dances.
Admission 50c. No Reserved Seats.
Rand School Auditorium, 7 East 15th St.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLE SHOW
Madison Square Garden and 69th Regiment Armory
Ticket, Admitting to Both Buildings, 50c.
10 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mat. Daily 25c-$1
GEORGE WHITE | BELLE BAKER
MABEL McCANE
CLIFTON CRAWFORD
and THE MARION MORGAN DANCERS

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96 St.
EMMA CARUS | LOUISE DRESSER & Jack Gardner
Dorothy Toye & Sister
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RULLMAN'S
(Established 1842)
Theatre Ticket Offices
Metropolitan Opera Subscriptions
At Box Office Prices
130 West 42d St. 111 Broadway.

AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT, 8:20.
PIANO RECITAL BY LOUIS Grunberg
Seats $2, $1.50 & $1.00 at Box Office
Management: Metropolitan Musical Bureau.

Longacre Thea., Special Mat. Today at 2:30
GHOSTS
WHITTIER SETS HIGH STANDARD WITH FIRST IBSEN PLAY.—N. Y. SUN.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily. GIRLS OF THE | Pop. Prices U. S. A.

ICE SKATING TODAY
ICELAND, BROADWAY & 52D ST.

MOTION PICTURES.

NOW PLAYING—PRISCILLA DEAN
In The Photo Play Sensation
"THE WICKED DARLING"
BROADWAY THEATRE, at 41st St. Cont. 10 A. M. to Midnight.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20,30,60. Lgs. $1 | Nazimova "OUT OF THE FOG" Bruce Scenic, Soloists, RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

RIALTO Times Square 20—30—60. | "Ascent of Matterhorn" ETHEL CLAYTON in "Maggie Pepper." RIALTO ORCHESTRA

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
GEO. WALSH in "Luck and Pluck."
FRITZIE BRUNETTE, "Sealed Envelope."

PLAZA Madison Ave., 59th St. BILLIE RHODES in "HOOP-LA!" The Girl of My Dreams, in a Romance of the Circus. CHARLIE CHAPLIN, "Shanghaied."

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3986
FRED STONE in "UNDER THE TOP"
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

STRAND B'way at 47th St. Geraldine FARRAR in "SHADOWS." Soloists, Comedy. STRAND ORCHESTRA.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN Evgs. at 8 Sharp. Mat. Tom'w, 2.
CHARLES DARNTON, EVE. WORLD: "The greatest show in the world."
Winter Garden's Mid-Winter Extravaganza Monte Cristo, Jr.
STEPHEN RATHBUN, EVE. SUN: "A diamond mine of entertainment."
Sunday Night Concert
BIG ALL-STAR BILL.

CENTURY GROVE—Roof of Century Theatre
NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL —AT 11:30— A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30.
MATS. TOM'W, WED. & NEXT FRI.
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
A. H. WOODS Presents
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
EXTRA MAT. TODAY
A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning. "Riddle: Woman"

LONGACRE WEST 48TH ST. Eves. 8:30. MATINEE TOM'W, 2:30.
MARIE CAHILL in the new comedy, "TRIUMPH."—Sun
JUST AROUND THE CORNER
Next Monday Night—Seats Now
THREE FACES EAST

MOROSCO HAS THE HIT
MATINEES TOMORROW & WED. AT 2:20.
COURTENAY AND WISE
IN THE BIG FUN HIT CAPPY RICKS

CENTRAL 47th & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
A Musical Play—Different.
SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART
Sunday Night Concert—All-Star Bill

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
Jolly Musical Romance Some Time with ED. WYNN

PARK Columbus Circle, 59th | Phone 9590 Col. | Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.
SOCIETY OF AMERICAN SINGERS.
NOTABLE ALL-STAR REVIVAL.
The National American Comic Opera.
ROBIN HOOD
Greatest Comic Opera Cast Ever Assembled.

SELWYN Thea., West 42 St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
JANE COWL
THE CROWDED HOUR

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S West 39th Street
SPECIAL MATINEE TODAY
TEA for 3 The Comedy Hit
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Wed., 2:30

44TH ST. THEATRE, just west of Broadway. Evs. 8. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2.
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in
45th Week in New York SINBAD 45th Week in New York

CENTURY THEATRE. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
LIMITED ENGAGEMENT
THE BETROTHAL
By Maeterlinck, Author Blue Bird.
Economic Prices, Pop. Mat. Wed. Best Seats $1.50

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier
65W.35.Ev.8:15.Mt.Tom'w,Thurs.,2:15
THIS WEEK Pelleas et Melisande
Seats 50c. to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

Original Monologues
BEATRICE HERFORD
MONDAY MATINEES at BOOTH Theatre
1st Matinee Feb. 17 at 3:30

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way & 97. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w, Wm. Hodge, "A Cure for Curables." Next Week, Wm. Collier, "Nothing but Lies."

Little Theatre 44th, W. of Broadway. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.
OLIVER MOROSCO Presents
A Hilarious Farce of Honeymoon Happenings
"Please Get Married"
ERNEST TRUEX EDITH TALIAFERRO

THE TIMES SAYS:
TOBY IS PRICELESS
"PURE SOUTHERN GOLD."—Herald.
Toby's Bow
A LOVE STORY OF THE SOUTH
with NORMAN TREVOR
GEORGE MARION, DORIS RANKIN, etc.
"A GEM."—Globe.
Comedy Thea., 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30.

48TH ST. Theatre, E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30.
THE BIG PUNCH IS THERE.—Globe.
A PLAY OF LOVE, LAUGHS & THRILLS. THE NET

Ex-President Taft
SAW THE COMEDY
"A Little Journey"
at the Vanderbilt Theatre last Tuesday night and in a public speech delivered before the audience said:
"I enjoyed this play immensely. My handkerchief is wet and my sides are aching."
Roaring Comedy of Exquisite Contrasts.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
Extra Matinee Friday, Feb. 21st

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w and Thurs., 2:15.
Riotous Musical Comedy MELTING OF MOLLY

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Matinee Tom'w, 2:30. | Last 3 Times
Sleeping Partners with Irene Bordoni

Beginning MONDAY, FEB. 17 Seats Now
A New Farce Comedy. A SLEEPLESS NIGHT
With Peggy Hopkins, Ernest Glendinning, Wm. Morris, Lucile Watson, Donald Gallaher.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
The Big Musical Comedy Hit
GOOD MORNING, JUDGE
With
George Hassell | Mollie King | Charles King | 80 Others
"The sentence on 'Good Morning, Judge' is that it be confined to the Shubert Theatre for several months at hard laughter."—N. Y. Herald.

PRINCESS Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. Evenings at 8:20.
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes. OH, MY DEAR!
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

39TH ST Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
The Laugh Play
Keep It To Yourself
"A COMEDY CLASSIC."—Globe.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
WHITESIDE 4TH MONTH
in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

MANHATTAN Opera Ho., 34th, W. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.
Last 11 Times In Her Favorite Role MARJORIE RAMBEAU EYES OF YOUTH
25c. to $1.50. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.
Seats Now Washington's Birthday

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION.

Tom'w Aft., 2:30 P. M.. Sat., Feb. 15, 10:30 A. M.
AS YOU LIKE IT
With
Elsie Mackay, Rosalind; Leonard Willey, Orlando; Henry Herbert, Touchstone; Howard Kyle, Jacques.
Performances of Walter Hampden in "Hamlet" will be continued every Thursday Afternoon.

LYRIC 42nd St., West of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
THE SEASON'S HIT | With RICHARD BENNETT | 6TH BIG MONTH
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers
UNKNOWN PURPLE

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
EAST IS WEST
A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

NORA BAYES Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15
NORA BAYES LADIES FIRST
Sun. Night Concert—Extraordinary Bill

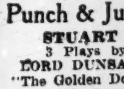
Loew's 7th Ave. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1 Mat. Sat., 25c to 75c. MARY NASH in "THE BIG CHANCE."
Next Week—"Rock-a-Bye Baby."

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evgs. 8:20 Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:20.
"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times.
William Gillette | BARRIE'S BEST PLAY.—Herald | Dear Brutus
"To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

Henry Miller's THEATRE, 124 West 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30.
Mrs. FISKE in a new comedy
"Mis' Nelly of N' Orleans"

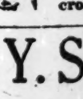
Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evgs. 8:20. Matinee Tom'w, 2:30.
MOVES TO THE LONGACRE THEATRE
NEXT MON., FEB. 17.
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written
THREE FACES EAST
Monday, Feb. 17. Seats Now
MESSRS. COHAN & HARRIS Present
The Royal Vagabond
A COHANIZED OPERA COMIQUE
Book by Stephen Ivor Szinnyey & Wm. Cary Duncan. Music by Dr. Anselm Goetzl



CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:20.
"'Ullo! 'ere's a 'it." The Better 'Ole
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thur., Fri., Sat., 2:30.
STUART WALKER'S SEASON
3 Plays by LORD DUNSANY
"The Golden Doom" "King Argimenes" THE GODS of the Mountain
MATINEE TODAY

LIGHTNIN Evs. at 8:30. MATINEES TODAY & Sat., 2:30.
GAIETY, B'way & 46 St.
AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT
3 Wise Fools Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
CRITERION, B'way & 44th St.



The Big Sensation of Spirit Mystery THE INVISIBLE FOE grips New York—Follow the crowd to the HARRIS Theatre

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evs. at 8:15
Matinees Tomorrow & Wednesday, 2:15.
The Big Laugh of the Season
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Sensation.
The VELVET LADY

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
TWO ENTIRELY DIFFERENT SHOWS

GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Nights 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:20.
JULIA SANDERSON | JOSEPH CAWTHORN
Sam Hardy Maud Eburne "The CANARY" Doyle & Dixon

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:20.
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FOUNDATIONS OF THE LEAGUE.

Progress upon the plans for a League of Nations has been more satisfactory and hopeful since the Special Commission at Paris, after much discussion, adopted the rule of simplicity. Many proposals not essential to the purpose of the League have been discarded; others, notably the proposal for maintaining a large armed force to execute the decrees of the League, have been rejected for the very good reason that they would have endangered or made impossible the acceptance of the plan by the nations concerned. The Special Commission has now centred its attention upon the prime essentials. First, there must be a covenant of peace; second, the agreement to refer causes of difference between nations to the Council of the League for a hearing, with provision for arbitration later, if it be found necessary. Supplementary to these foundation requirements is the provision that the members of the League shall agree to put powerful economic restraint upon nations violating the covenant. The fear of practical outlawry through nonintercourse would be a great deterrent, its application would be a punishment no transgressor could long endure.

The rule of simplicity, of excluding all nonessentials, has been laid down most lucidly by Lord PHILLIMORE, Chairman of the British Committee which prepared a plan for the League of Nations, in an article in the last Quarterly Review in which he considers with candor and learning the whole ground of discussion, taking as his text something like a dozen publications and proposals of individuals and societies. We quote the concluding paragraphs of his article:

> In conclusion, it is suggested that the treaty which forms the League should be as simple and, so to speak, as preparatory as possible, affirming only the two broad principles: (1) That there shall not be war; and (2) that there shall be provision for settling differences. Further details will have to be settled as occasions may arise. Workers like Dr. EVANS DARBY and other members of the Peace Society, old laborers in the cause of peace, would have us rely on the moral law and the moral sense alone, and have no coercive force applied; but, as human nature is constituted, there must be force behind. "Quid leges sine moribus?" says HORACE, and truly; but unfortunately one must add, "Quid mores sine legibus?" and every law, as AUSTIN long ago observed, requires a sanction to support it.
>
> It is doubtless true that no treaty, however carefully framed, and whatever sanctions may be put on paper, will make the League of Nations an absolute and certain security of future peace; and that no covenants can be relied upon as certain to be fulfilled, because at the root of everything lie faith and justice and good-will, just as no laws will prevail if the citizens of a State are anarchical and lawless. Yet, since in every civilized State the reign of law, supported by "the resources of civilization," does on the whole prevail, and since law helps morals, and morals help law, we may humbly trust that a well-framed scheme of a League of Nations will at once perpetuate that holy horror of war which all at this moment feel, and furnish an adequate coercive system to restrain any such future crime against humanity.

A covenant of all the nations not to make war until the cause of complaint has been referred to a council and reported upon, with the further agreement to put constraint upon any nation breaking the covenant—that is the foundation of the League. A League containing these provisions as the minimum, with only such further provisions as are indispensable, would secure the adhesion of all nations now civilized and intending to remain so. Great Britain, France, and the United States, by their power and by the moral force they command because of their devotion to the cause of peace, are already united by ties of friendship that really constitute them a League of Nations. The extension of that League to include all nations may be secured if the statesmen now laboring upon the plans at Paris will be guided by the rule of simplicity.

REPUBLICAN BOOMS.

If Jackson Day and Jefferson Day are not as rich in Democratic oratory and dollar-dinners as they used to be in the golden prime of Mr. BRYAN, at least the Republican brethren do make a use, whether ceremonious or humorous it is hard to make out, of Lincoln Day. The better the day the better the boom; and at least two or three Republican Presidential booms were "launched" Wednesday. In Pittsburgh, one of the holy spots immemorially of protection, Senator PHILANDER C. KNOX's young dream of ambition was propelled artistically from the ivory gate or the gate of horn, as the future must decide. "Who will be our next President?" No sooner did this question possess the air than the Americus Republican Club, there banqueting mellifluously, rose to its feet as one man and yelled joyously, "PHIL KNOX." Mr. KNOX is a gentleman of much urbanity and dignity. Probably few persons in Pittsburgh or anywhere else habitually call him "PHIL," but it is necessary that a candidate for President should have some sort of endearing nickname. If the Pittsburgh boom, which appeals to some of the holiest feelings of old-fashioned Republican nature, because one hears in it the full dinner pail rattling and the American standard of wages climbing irresistibly in spite of all the dissolute attempts of pauper labor of Europe, has already contracted the well-beloved PHILANDER into "PHIL," its managers know the great popular democratic value, supposed or estimated, of the affectionate reduction of a candidate's name. WASHINGTON got along without it, but WASHINGTON was notoriously a cold and haughty plutocrat, who did not dull his palm with entertainment of each new, unfledged comrade, and used a great big aristocratic coach, copious of horses and outriders.

In Toledo, Senator HARDING, who is supposed to be the hope and darling of the Buckeye Republicans and the Ohio official candidate for President in 1920, launched himself formally and ceremoniously at a Lincoln dinner. It is beautiful to think of the number of budding Republican statesmen and candidates that are brought out of the nurseries on Lincoln Day and exposed to the gentle or harsh air of welcome or rebuke awaiting them. Never since the sun shone in heaven has Winter worn such a mild and lamblike face as in this present February. The prophetic woodchuck could not have possibly found any excuse for continuing subterranean habits on and after Candlemas Day. In these urbane temperatures no candidate exposes himself to frost. In lashing Mr. KNOX to the citadel of protection, no generous heart will forget Mr. HARDING, who saw the heaven-high and sacred tariff as early and often as anybody else, and, like Jack, climbed that august beanstalk and reached the sky.

In Albany County that ancient Amalekite, if he be not a Hittite, Mr. WILLIAM BARNES, ironically sensible, as usual, named Mayor OLE HANSON of Seattle for President. Mr. BARNES is exceeding his charter. Courage, high principle, contempt of political consequences—these are qualities in a public man that only a fossilized hunker like Mr. BARNES would dare to praise.

THE FEDERAL FINANCES.

Democrats vie with Republicans in condemning the appropriations for which both are responsible. Both are responsible for deferring enactment of the Tax bill beyond a date when it could be satisfactorily administered. The Treasury thought the latest date was Feb. 1. When Chairman KITCHIN predicted that it could not pass before Feb. 10, that was thought to be the same as saying that it was about as well as not to pass the bill at all. The bill has now passed, and on Feb. 13. Congress has taken twice as many months to prepare the bill as it allows weeks for statements and payments under it, and after all its pains finds that the country dislikes the bill as much as its authors do. Thus Senator PENROSE says that he has received "thousands" of letters showing that the sentiment of the country has changed since the country remarked what was in the bill. The country remarks that the deficit grows with the appropriations. No matter how they are increased, there are about as many more billions needed as when the previous limit was fixed. "After the "armistice enthusiasm subsided con-"siderably." That is as true outside Congress as inside it. There was no politics and little consideration of finance in fighting the war abroad. There is more politics and still less finance in starting the next home campaign, with both parties now defending the Treasury as energetically as they emptied it before the taxpayers took notice. The idea of taking credit for the bill occurs to nobody.

Its very badness and bigness may be turned to use through imposing more business-like methods in the national finances. The President cables his approval of the budget idea which President TAFT propounded, and which has advanced not at all in the years since then. If anything is needed more than a budget it is an audit. At present the Treasury sees that the totals are right, and compares the spendings with the authorizations by law. That is not an audit worthy the name. First, because it is done by the spenders of the money. The Treasury is administered by the party in power. Secondly, an audit should not be a mere addition of totals and interpretation of law. An audit should be both a certification of accounts and a corrector of policy. It should supply the means of knowing whether the money was spent well and honestly, and, if bad methods are discovered, should show the correction.

It is no function of the Treasury to correct the policy of Congress. That is the function of the opposition party, and its audit should be above partisanship, in a constructive spirit of patriotism. The budget idea alone has penetrated Congress, and the subject is attacked in the manner usual with politicians. The budget committee proposed is variously called bipartisan, unpartisan, nonpartisan, but the balance of parties runs through it. The error is as fundamental as that respecting the audit. The budget is as much the duty of the responsible majority as the audit is of the opposition. By mingling the two functions and giving representation to both parties the responsibility of either for either budget or audit is destroyed. Why not attack the subject in the manner of the dollar-a-year men, who know less about politics than Congress and more about accounts? Can it be assumed even that Congress is the better authority on politics? If it were, how is it possible to explain a tax bill that affronts all in either party and puts both parties on the defensive before an angered country?

ADMIRAL JELLICOE'S STORY.

The disclosures of Admiral JELLICOE's book, "The Grand Fleet, 1914-16," explain why Jutland was not a decisive British victory, and the wonder is that if the Grand Fleet was inferior in destroyers, in range-finding appliances, in armor-piercing projectiles, in direct-firing gear for secondary batteries, and in searchlights, as Admiral JELLICOE declares, the Germans were worsted and ran for their base in rout. He seems to make out a good case for his decision not to fight a night battle with the retiring High Seas Fleet, because he must be staking his professional reputation upon the accuracy of his statements. But POLLEN and other critics of the Admiral's tactics will still contend that he should have done more fighting before darkness fell and that his attack was not sufficiently aggressive. POLLEN has always insisted that the British fleet was torpedo shy at Jutland, and Admiral JELLICOE admits it.

A comparison of several of the capital ships of the two fleets shows that the German constructors had put more faith in torpedo tubes. But it is a surprising revelation that the British were weaker in destroyers. A British estimate on the eve of hostilities gave the German Navy 152 destroyers and the British 238. JANE's annual, which showed a marked British superiority in destroyers, must have misled his countrymen. If the British had had a great many more of this indispensable type of warship the Grand Fleet would not have put to sea with less than half of the German strength, which is indicated by Admiral JELLICOE's statement that "the High Seas "[German] Fleet possessed eighty-"eight destroyers and the Grand "Fleet only forty-two." Did the British have scores of obsolete destroyers not fit for battle and the Germans twice as many "up-to-date" destroyers? Could that have been the Admiral's meaning? If so, it is singular that in the Jutland fight the destroyer losses were: British seven, Germans six. There should have been a greater disparity against the British, apparently. On the eve of war the Germans were supposed to be at a hopeless disadvantage in dreadnoughts, but Admiral JELLICOE presents a catalogue of misfortunes to the British fleet to prove that its superiority on Oct. 27, 1914, was only on paper:

> The Ajax had developed condenser defects. The Iron Duke had similar troubles. The Orion had to be sent to Greenock for examination of her turbine supports, which appeared to be defective. The Conqueror was at Devonport refitting, and the New Zealand was in dock at Cromarty. The Erin and Agincourt, having been newly commissioned, could not yet be regarded as efficient, so that the dreadnought fleet consisted only of seventeen effective battleships and five battle cruisers. The German dreadnought fleet at the time comprised fifteen battleships and four battle cruisers, with the Blücher in addition.

Why "the Blücher in addition"? She was a 15,500-ton armored cruiser with a main battery of 8.2-inch guns. Could not the British match her with the Minotaur, Defence, and Shannon, (main batteries four 9.2-inch guns and secondary batteries ten 7.5-inch guns,) which Admiral JELLICOE does not include in his "five battle cruisers"? What chance would the Blücher have stood against these three armored cruisers? The impression made by Admiral JELLICOE in his estimate of the two fleets is that he exalts the German strength and minimizes the British. Now it is a fact that at Jutland the gun power of the British fleet was greatly superior. If the Admiral's estimates are unassailable, the Germans had a fine opportunity to wrest mastery of the sea from Great Britain and stupidly let it slip. And what else is to be concluded from the British Admiral's admissions of the superiority of the German equipment in many respects but that the Admiralty had let the navy run down or had allowed the Germans to steal a march upon them? With the publication of Lord JELLICOE's book a bitter controversy will begin to rage, for his analysis of the fleet will pierce British pride to the quick. He will have to defend his figures, and his leadership in the Jutland fight will be challenged.

AUSTRIA AND HER NEIGHBORS.

The old motto of the Hapsburg Government was "Divide and rule." The shifting provisional Government of German Austria which has replaced the Hapsburgs has no hope of ruling the nations lately subject to the German Austrians, but it is doing its best to divide them and to set them in a bad light before the world. Vienna of late has been the centre for so-called news, much of which is in fact merely disguised propaganda to discredit the new Governments of the Slavs who were once part of the Dual Monarchy.

Two such dispatches appeared yesterday. One of them told of the truce arranged by an American officer between Germans and Jugoslavs fighting over the territory in dispute between those two peoples, and occupied by considerable populations of both. According to the Viennese version, the "Jugoslav troops" were opposed by "German and Slovene peasants." The Slovenes, of course, are one of the three branches of the Jugoslav race. It is not impossible that invading forces of Serbs or Croats might have made themselves inconvenient even to the friendly population, but it is exceedingly unlikely, in view of the general Slovene enthusiasm for Jugoslav unity, the Slovene hostility to the Germans, and above all Vienna's bad record of falsification in the affairs of this very district. Little more than a year ago much play was made in the Viennese press about the appearance before Emperor CHARLES of a Slovene deputation which begged him to put down the Jugoslav movement and preserve the then existing Constitution, which kept the Slovenes and the rest of the subject peoples pretty much at the mercy of the Germans. The only weakness in this story was that it was speedily proved that except for a few office holders there were no Slovenes in the party at all, but only Germans living in predominantly Slovene districts. We need better authority than Vienna before we can believe stories of Jugoslav dissension.

As for the dreadful predictions made in Vienna of the financial disaster which may follow upon the restamping of the old Austrian currency by the new Governments of the liberated nations, it may be said that it is no doubt alarming to the Austrians, but the only sane course for the Czechs and Jugoslavs; and that the consequences that may come to Austria are due to the errors of her old Government and not to the action of the new Slav States. Austria's currency was bad enough before the war; there was an enormous amount of outstanding paper and a small gold reserve. During the war most if not all of the gold was deposited in Germany, and the paper issues rose to more than seven billion dollars. With Austrian defeat these are about as worthless as any money can be, for there is nothing to secure them but the credit of a much constricted Austria and the treasure that the Austrians stole in Italy and the Italians are now taking back.

The Czechs and Jugoslavs have restamped such of this money as is in their territory to make it an obligation of their own new Governments, because they have to have money that is worth something, and their Governments will presumably be able to furnish a solid basis of credit. Of course, it depreciates still further such money as is unstamped and has only Austrian credit behind it, but this loss will fall mainly on Austria, which is responsible for it. When Austrian financiers talk of great quantities of Austrian kronen in French and British hands they certainly exaggerate, for nine-tenths of the outstanding paper money was issued during the war. If Frenchmen and Englishmen bought any of that they were betting on the victory of the enemy, and ought to bear their losses.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

His Safety Lay in Silence.

Commissioner ENRIGHT, in the matter of Inspector COSTIGAN's demotion, stands in the always unenviable position of those who give for action taken by them an explanation obviously inadequate and as obviously inaccurate. Inevitably from such an explanation there is deduced the conclusion that the real explanation of the action is one for some reason or other unavowable—in plain words, that the real explanation is bad. The part of wisdom, when it is dangerous or even injudicious to tell why a thing was done, is to say nothing at all.

That was Commissioner ENRIGHT's first thought, and in this case first thoughts were best—for the Commissioner.

But the pressure on him for additions to, or substitutions for, his original statement that the demotion was to effect a needed reduction of one in the number of Inspectors proved too much for him to stand, and references to Inspector COSTIGAN's record irritated the Commissioner, first, into asking if the public knew what that record was, and, second, into a presentation of statistics as to arrests which, on its face, seemed to prove that the record was discreditable.

Then, as might have been expected to happen, the Commissioner's trouble began. His statistics were promptly attacked, and it was shown that while the Inspector, as Inspector, had made only enough gambling arrests to constitute a poor record, in his other capacity as head of the vice squad—the capacity in which gambling arrests naturally would be made—the number of arrests constituted an excellent record, in full accord with the Inspector's reputation as an honest, able, and diligent officer.

Why the Commissioner did not know that his curious method of computation would not serve his purpose it is hard to understand. He has always been regarded as a man of considerable intelligence, particularly well informed in all the details of police business and politics, and it is strange indeed that he should not have realized betimes the weakness of the case he presented against a man with many friends, all sure to look for flaws in that case and to find them if there were any.

Discretionary Powers Are Broad.

That Captain COSTIGAN will become Inspector COSTIGAN again simply because it has been made clear that his reduction in rank must have been for another reason, or other reasons, than the one assigned for it by his commanding officer—that is a matter of large uncertainty. Motives are always hard and usually impossible to prove, and difficult, too, is it to prove that the limits of an admittedly broad discretionary power have been exceeded.

It might well be that a John Doe inquiry would show that Inspector COSTIGAN was not displaced because there was one too many officers of that grade, and the question whether or not he was reprehensible as Inspector for not doing what he did under another name is worthier of consideration in a comic opera than in a court. But the fact remains that the Commissioner had a legal right to demote the Inspector if, in the Commissioner's opinion, it was "for the good of the service," and it would take a searcher of hearts to decide, with any conclusiveness, that such was not the Commissioner's sincere belief. "For the good of the service" is a large phrase, beautifully indefinite, and what it doesn't mean would be hard to tell.

They Should Cover the Subject.

For reasons not unimaginable, the first news of an International Woman Suffrage Conference now going on in Paris came to most of us in a brief dispatch printed yesterday. The suffragists everywhere, as a rule, are highly successful in getting publicity for all their doings, and in other days than these and in another city than Paris now an international gathering of theirs would get the attention its interest and importance deserve. But at present the burdened cables spared for them only the time required for carrying a few lines about action taken and none for preparatory announcements.

What was told was what the assembled representatives of the suffragists are demanding. Some of their wants are familiar—the franchise for women everywhere on the same basis as men, all offices and employments to be open to women, equal pay for equal work, and a single standard of morals. Comparatively new, however, is a protest against the loss of her nationality when a woman marries a foreigner.

That protest does raise a question worthy of consideration, for, with the abandonment or obsolescence of the old idea that man and wife are one, and man the one, there remains no effectual reason why marriage should have any different effect as regards a woman's nationality than as regards a man's. But it is noticeable that, at least so far as present advices show, the international suffrage protest is against only the loss of citizenship by marriage. It ought also to be against any gaining of citizenship by marriage, for that is a much greater danger and a much greater grievance. A form of sex "equality" which all would, or at any rate all should, commend would be equality before the naturalization laws, of all countries probably, of this country certainly.

An Answer Seems Called For.

Secretary BAKER should make immediate and full response to the demand of the Senate Military Committee for a report on conditions as they have existed in the Embarkation Camp near Brest. From several quarters have come statements to the effect that many fine things were done for the comfort and safety of the soldiers there, but contradictions of these statements are arriving in such numbers from men who tell of terrible sufferings from exposure to cold and wet in the Brest camp that it is no longer possible to dismiss the complaints as nothing more than the "grumbling" and "grouching" which are proverbially a part of the soldier's profession—his method of lightening the tediums of service.

Among the letters about the Brest camp that have reached THE TIMES is one from an artilleryman who was not new to hardship, as he had been all through the second battle of the Marne and the Argonne-Meuse offensive. Those experiences he mentions only as giving him a right to speak with authority when he says that those he had at Brest while waiting to board a transport were harder to bear and not less dangerous to life and health than were the days at the front.

For this there may be explanations, but it is hard to believe that there is any adequate excuse, unless it is an excuse as well as an explanation that a certain callousness to the sufferings of others often develops in those to whom such sufferings are too long visible. Many nurses and a few doctors show this tendency, and it is not unknown among commanding officers in armies. To a constantly repeated stimulus, that is, they cease after a while to react in the ordinary human way.

Ole Hanson's Lesson.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The statement of the Mayor of Seattle, the Hon. Ole Hanson, published in THE TIMES on Sunday, is worthy of the attention of the Federal Government, and money could not be better expended than in giving it billboard display in every city and town in the country, not only in English, but in all the foreign languages. Furthermore, our various ministers from the pulpits, without regard to creed or language, should use the article as a basis for a sermon. In my opinion nothing has appeared more timely and to the point than this dispatch.

W. W. CONLEY.

New York, Feb. 10, 1919.

A VALENTINE.

O heart of me! Dear heart of me!
'Though flamed with love your shrine-fires glow,
How can you breathe your ecstasy?
How can you fond devotion show?

The day is here for tender song—
The music of a lover's vow.
To Cupid all the hours belong,
'Tis time to whisper secrets now!

Where, then, shall you, O yearning heart,
For loving aid and ardor turn?
Where find the language to impart
The hopes that on your altars burn?

O heart of me! Dear heart of me!
The day is here, the day divine!
And love's strong champion shall be—
The sweet, impassioned Valentine!

LURANA SHELDON.

COURT ACTION HALTS ISSUE OF CITY STOCK

$4,500,000 Authorized by Board of Estimate Illegal, Contends W. J. Schieffelin.

MUST SHOW CAUSE TODAY

Attempt to Pay Thus Expenses Already Met by Taxation Called Financial Juggling.

Controller Craig, through a representative of the Corporation Counsel's office, will appear before Supreme Court Justice Cropsey in Brooklyn today to explain why the city should be permitted to raise $4,500,000 to apply toward part of the overhead expenses of the Public Service Commission when these expenses have already been paid by the taxpayers. His appearance is in answer to a taxpayer's action brought yesterday by William Jay Schieffelin, Chairman of the Citizens Union, against Mayor Hylan, Controller Craig, and the city administration in general.

Mr. Schieffelin, through his counsel, Leonard M. Wallstein, obtained an order yesterday from Supreme Court Justice Lazansky, directing the city officials to show cause today before Justice Cropsey why an injunction should not be issued restraining the city from issuing its long-term securities, corporate stock, for overhead expenses of the Public Service Commission in connection with the building of the dual system. Justice Lazansky also granted a temporary injunction staying the city authorities from taking any action in connection with the appropriation pending a decision on the motion.

It was said on behalf of Mr. Schieffelin that this is the first time in the history of the city that it has attempted to issue special corporate stock for the payment of past expenses. Mr. Schieffelin charged illegality and waste of city property. The members of the Citizens' Union maintain the action of the city is a piece of financial juggling by means of which the money raised would be turned in to the general fund for the reduction of taxation and would thus artificially reduce the tax rate.

Unjustified Burden on Future.

At the same time, according to the legal papers, such a method of financing would place an unjustified burden on the future, operating injuriously against present-day needs by narrowing the borrowing margin of the city.

The first intimation of the administration's plan so far as the public was concerned came out last Friday when Controller Craig, at a meeting of the Board of Estimate, insisted on the immediate adoption of a resolution authorizing the issue of $4,500,000 in corporate stock for part of the supervision expenses of the Public Service Commission since 1909. Mr. Wallstein attempted to prove that the action was illegal, and Mayor Hylan declared that the Citizens' Union was "the biggest bunch of fakers in town."

The resolution was adopted by the board and it was indicated that the remainder of the Public Service Commission's expenses, which also have been paid by the taxpayers, amounting to $7,500,000 more, would be similarly made the basis of a further issue of corporate stock.

"The result of this method of financing," according to a statement issued yesterday by the Citizens' Union, "would be to reduce by the amount of the corporate stock issue the sum necessary to be raised by current taxation for the purpose of carrying on the current operating expenses of the city unless the equivalent of some part or all of the money raised by the corporate stock issued is to be used for new purposes not included in the budget already adopted, (such as the settlement of contractors' claims.)

"The charge of illegality is based on Section 169 of the Greater New York Charter, which expressly prohibits the use of the city's corporate stock for the payment of the city's current operating expenses. Such application of the proceeds of the bond issue authorized at last Friday's meeting of the board is expressly provided by the board's resolution. The only claim which the city officials can make in defense of their action is that since 1912 the Public Service Commission expenses thereafter authorized and not yet paid, could, in first instance, have been financed by the issue of corporate stock. The Citizens' Union contends, however, that this furnished no legal basis for the board's action.

Would Provide Bad Precedent.

"Otherwise, as the papers in the litigation point out, the present Board of Estimate could search the records of the city from the beginning for the purpose of discovering every case in which expenditures could have been in first instance, but were not, paid out of corporate stock, and then, in spite of the fact that those expenditures had long since been met and paid, could now issue the city's corporate stock in an amount equal to those expenditures.

"During the last Administration several million dollars of public improvements were made under the pay-as-you-go policy with the cost paid out of tax levy. On its theory, the present Administration, despite the fact that these improvements have been paid for, could now proceed to issue bonds because, at the time the improvements were authorized, their payment might have been provided for in a bond issue.

"At 4½ per cent. interest each dollar of a fifty-year bond costs $1.69 for interest and sinking fund charges, so that at the end of fifty years each dollar represents an outlay by the taxpayers of $2.69. On this basis, $12,105,000 would have to be paid by future taxpayers in order to meet the bond issue of $4,500,000 authorized last Friday.

"Not only does such a method of financing place an unjustified burden on the future, but it operates injuriously against present day needs by narrowing the borrowing margin of the city. If last Friday's bond issue is legal it reduced the city's borrowing capacity by so much and thus fritters away the only source of money for completion of subway construction, for development of the port and for urgent needs for capital improvements."

As proof of the assertion that the overhead expenses of the Public Service Commission have already been paid, it was pointed out that from 1909 to 1912 the work of subway construction was paid for by the issue of special revenue bonds only and these were redeemed the following year in each case out of tax levy and the bonds were retired. In 1912 the Rapid Transit act was amended to give the Board of Estimate the option of either paying for the subway work by the issue of special revenue bonds or corporate stock. Although the board had the power after that to pay for subway construction out of corporate stock issue, it continued from 1912 to the present time to pay for the work out of special revenue bonds.

Mr. Wallstein's Affidavit.

In his affidavit attached to the complaint of Mr. Schieffelin, Mr. Wallstein stated that if the resolution of the Board of Estimate was within its power and if the proceeds of the corporate stock it attempted to authorize might be so applied, there was no reason why the Board of Estimate could not scrutinize the records of the city for the purpose of discovering every instance in which the overhead expenses incident to the construction of a public improvement were not financed by an authorization of corporate stock.

He said that in 1914, 1915, and 1916 the entire cost of public improvements was financed out of tax levy. He argued that if the Board of Estimate had the power it took to itself last Friday, it could, on the basis of all these capital expenditures named, (which might have been, but were not financed by corporate stock,) now authorize the issuance of corporate stock, and apply the proceeds to the general fund for the reduction of taxation. The consequence of this would be, he maintained, that only negligible sums would have to be raised by current taxation, and those only sufficient to pay interest on the city's debt.

NEW PLAN FOR DELINQUENTS

Baker Orders Disciplinary Recommendations Put Into Effect.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Modern methods of treating military prisoners and of keeping men liable to become delinquents out of the army, recommended by the recent conference here of commanders of disciplinary barracks, have been approved by Secretary Baker. It was announced today that the Adjutant General had been instructed to see that sixteen specific recommendations, which involve important changes both in recruiting machinery and in the handling of offenders, were worked out in regulations.

The conference recommended the establishment of a corps of psychiatrists of the Medical Department for duty at recruiting depots and elsewhere to weed out men applying for enlistment who might be adjudged incapable of conforming to army discipline. A considerable extension of the medical personnel of the army would be involved.

As a second step, the conference urged the erection of development detachments under special officers into which men adjudged as doubtful might be received from the recruiting depot for study, to determine whether they should be passed into the army or back to civil life. Men serving prison sentences would be sent to the development detachments on recommendation of the commandant of the prison.

Vocational education at the prisons was featured in the report, which also urged that men dropped from the rolls as deserters after an absence of three months, but who subsequently surrendered voluntarily, be sent to the disciplinary barracks for trial, so that an adequate study of their mental condition might be a factor in determining punishment.

A system of correspondence courses for prisoners is to be set up and commandants authorized to recommend earlier parole for men who complete such courses successfully. In addition, an employment department, under supervision of a parole officer, is to be established to aid prisoners in obtaining work after their discharge.

Emphasis was laid on the necessity of extending morale work throughout the army, and an amendment to the manual of courts-martial was proposed, under which final designation of the place of confinement, whether in disciplinary barracks or a Federal penitentiary, would be deferred ninety days to permit study of individual cases.

The situation at Leavenworth Barracks, where 3,000 prisoners went on strike some time ago, but now are quiet and working under an "armistice agreement," played a considerable part in the deliberations of the commanders' conference. Secretary Baker's announcement today pointed out that a survey of the inmates at Leavenworth made by the Medical Department disclosed that there were three groups among the prisoners, the first, including two-thirds of the whole, being classified as men who are military offenders "from an excessively eccentric personality." By this, it was explained, is meant men who are "individualistic, opinionated, self-willed, or vain to an extreme degree."

"It would appear from this," the statement said, "that the problem of delinquency in the army is chiefly that of the individual, who is by nature insubordinate, or at any rate unadaptable. That this is not due to the strict discipline of the army is attested by the finding that over 40 per cent. of all the prisoners had histories of delinquency previous to their admittance into the army."

The other two groups are composed of men of "extreme emotional instability," and of those of inadequate intelligence.

TROTZKY'S EYE ON KANSAS?

Information That He Wants His Old Quiet Job in Girard.

From The Topeka Daily Capital.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Feb. 8 (Special.)—Faced with the failure of his ambitious scheme to create a working class dictatorship in Russia, Leon Trotzky has made application for his old job on The New Appeal, formerly The Appeal to Reason, in Girard.

Even a personal appeal in Trotzky's behalf by a bearded count of the old Russian régime failed to persuade Emanuel Haldeman-Julius, the present manager of The New Appeal, to put the empire wrecker on the payroll.

When Louis Kopelin, editor of The New Appeal, was in Europe recently on a mission sent by the "Loyal Socialists of America" to backfire on Hun propaganda among the working class, Trotzky sent emissaries to Kopelin, asking to be re-employed on the staff of The New Appeal, as he had been a number of years ago, traveling then under the name of Bernstein.

Kopelin wrote to Haldeman-Julius about this, so the manager was not greatly surprised when several months later there entered his office in Girard a tall, bearded individual, wearing abundant whiskers, introducing himself as Ivan Michaelowitch, and representing himself to be a count of the old régime and a writer of some note in his own country.

The "count" said he had joined the revolution and was one of Trotzky's right-hand men.

"Trotzky is a tired man," the "count" said. "He is tired of revolution. He is almost a victim of neurasthenia. Added to this, he has fallen out with Lenine. Trotzky's one desire now is a place in some quiet corner of the world, where he can enjoy the job of theorizing without having to tackle the task of putting his theories into practice. As money is no object with him, he would be willing to work for the same old salary, but would like to have a desk in a private office.".

Haldeman-Julius told the "count" there is nothing open in The New Appeal at this time.

"Tell Trotzky for me that if he wants to find a quiet place he might go to Holland and hobnob with the Kaiser—provided Wilhelm will associate with him, which I doubt," Julius said.

While in Girard Trotzky organized and promoted a strike by the two dining room girls in the town's one hotel. It was not a success. He protested against townsfolk acting as firemen to extinguish a burning residence, because, he said, it belonged to the "bourgeoisie."

$5,000 CABLED TO Y. W. C. A.

Contribution from Mrs. H. P. Davison—Total Now $65,037.75.

Contributions to the $600,000 fund which the Young Women's Christian Association undertook to raise between the 10th and 20th of this month were led yesterday by $5,000 cabled from Paris by Mrs. Henry P. Davison. Another $5,000 was received from Mrs. Stephen Clark, $1,000 from Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Baker, $1,000 from Lewis H. Lapham, a $250 annual subscription from George F. Mason, and $100 from F. Louis Slade.

Subscriptions totaled $19,998.75 for the day, making a grand total to date of $65,037.75, a little more than one-tenth of the amount desired.

HIGH HONORS GIVEN FOR WAR SERVICE

Stettinius, Franklin, Tripp, and Army Officers Receive Decorations.

FRANCE JOINS IN AWARDS

Legion of Honor for Ten and Distinguished Service Medals for Eleven Are Conferred.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Decorations of the Legion of Honor awarded to General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff, and nine other officers of the American Army last December by decree of President Poincaré, were formally presented today by General Collardet, French Military Attaché. Coincidentally, Secretary Baker, in the name of President Wilson, decorated nine American Army officers and two civilians—Edward S. Stettinius and P. A. S. Franklin—with the Distinguished Service Medal.

The double ceremony took place in Secretary Baker's office.

The presentation of the French decorations was marked by the full military customs of France for such occasions. General Collardet touched each recipient on each shoulder with his sabre, while the military staff of the embassy stood at attention with drawn swords. The decorations, General Collardet said, would be to these officers and their families always a reminder of the lasting appreciation of France for their share in the important rôle the United States Army had played in the winning of the war.

Baker Praised Civil Aids.

Secretary Baker said he hoped that the presentation of Distinguished Service Medals in the American forces would always be carried out with the simplicity that marked the fact that it was recognition by the nation of high service which a citizen had performed, whether soldier or civilian. It was a happy omen, he said, that two men who had played so great a part in the success of American war enterprises as had Mr. Stettinius and Mr. Franklin, the one in the procurement of munitions both here and abroad and the other in supervising the vast and complicated transport fleets, should thus stand side by side with their soldier comrades to receive their awards.

Speaking in reply for the American Government when the French decorations were presented, Mr. Baker said he believed that the future would see the two nations standing side by side in peace as they had fought in war.

Among the officers who received the Distinguished Service Medal were Major Gens. Henry P. McCain, former Adjutant General, now commanding at Camp Devens, and William C. Gorgas, former Surgeon General, retired. These awards were made some time ago, but neither officer was in Washington when the presentations for that group were made.

Guy E. Tripp, Assistant Chief of Ordnance, the third civilian to be awarded the decoration on today's list, was not present, but will receive his decoration later.

The Order of Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor was awarded to General March and the following were made Commanders of the Legion:

Major Gens. Frank McIntyre, Assistant Chief of Staff; Henry Jervey, Director of Operations; George W. Goethals, Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic, and William C. Gorgas, formerly Surgeon General.

Decorations of Officer of the Legion of Honor were conferred upon Major Gen. C. C. Williams, Chief of Ordnance; Brig. Gens. Marlborough Churchill, Director of Military Intelligence; Lytle Brown, Director of War Plans Division, General Staff; Frank T. Hines, Director of Embarkation, and Colonel Constant Cordier, liaison officer, General Staff.

Citations for Medals.

The citations for the Distinguished Service Medals as published today in army orders were:

Major Gen. Frank McIntyre; as executive assistant to the Chief of Staff his breadth of view and sound judgment have contributed materially to the formulation and carrying out of policies essential to the operation of the military establishment.

Major Gen. John L. Chamberlain; as Inspector General of the army, he has by his highly responsible services materially contributed to the efficiency of all departments and bureaus of the military establishment and to the successful execution of the military program.

Major Gen. Jesse McI. Carter, Chief of the Militia Bureau; he conceived and directed the organization of the United States Guards and utilized these and other forces most effectively in the important work of safeguarding the utilities and industries of the nation essential to the prosecution of the war.

Major Gen. Peter C. Harris; during his services in the Adjutant General's Department his zeal, energy, and judgment have been made manifest by the reforms accomplished in record keeping systems in the War Department and in the army.

Brig. Gen. William S. Pierce; while in charge of the Springfield Arsenal his exceptional ability contributed materially to increasing the output of small arms. As Assistant Chief of Ordnance he has rendered conspicuous service.

Brig. Gen. Richard C. Marshall; his zeal, judgment, and exceptional administrative ability in the construction division of the army have enabled serious difficulties to be overcome and the construction necessary for a great army to be provided.

Brig. Gen. Robert I. Rees; to his initiative and breadth of vision are largely due the successful measures for training enlisted men for special services and the establishment of student army training corps.

Brig. Gen. William H. Rose; while in charge of the engineer depot he was charged with the system of purchase of supplies. His exceptional ability, judgment and resourcefulness are apparent in the efficient solution of the many difficult problems involved and in the success attained in supplying the vast quantities of engineering supplies to the army overseas.

Colonel Constant Cordier, general staff; while on duty as liaison officer between the War Department and the foreign military missions, he displayed the greatest discretion and ability and contributed materially to the successful conduct of military-diplomatic relations between the War Department and the Allied military missions.

P. A. S. Franklin; to his fine technical knowledge and energetic action is due, in a large measure, the efficient jurisdiction over dock facilities and floating equipment which has made possible the large movement of troops and supplies overseas.

Guy E. Tripp, who, as chief of the production division of the ordnance department, and later as assistant chief of ordnance, displayed fine technical ability and broad judgment in systematizing methods and practices resulting in the efficient co-operation of industries producing articles of ordnance for the army.

Edward R. Stettinius, who, as director general of purchases for the War Department, Second Assistant Secretary of War and special representative in France of the Secretary of War, in connection with the procurement of munitions for the American Expeditionary Forces, rendered conspicuous services. His broad vision and splendid judgment have been of the greatest value to the success of the military program.

GLASS OUTLINES LOAN FINANCES

Finds Opposition in House Committee to Letting Him Fix Interest Rate.

FOREIGN LOAN CRITICISED

Treasury Head Doubts if Year's Expenditures Can Be Kept Within $18,000,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Carter Glass, Secretary of the Treasury, appeared today before the Ways and Means Committee in support of his recommendation for the enactment of immediate legislation for the amendment of the Liberty Bond acts in preparation for the Victory Liberty Loan.

By this legislation, the enactment of which Secretary Glass seeks before March 4, the limit on the issuance of bonds would be raised to $25,000,000,000. The Fourth Liberty Bond act raised the limit to $20,000,000,000. The Second, Third, and Fourth Liberty bond sales brought in $14,977,482,000 in subscriptions, leaving a balance under existing law of $5,022,512,000 for issues of Liberty bonds. This balance Mr. Glass would raise to $10,022,512,000 by raising the total limit to $25,000,000,000.

After hearing not only Mr. Glass but also R. C. Leffinugwell, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and Albert Rathbone, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury in charge of the Foreign Loan Bureau, the committee considered several points advanced by the speakers. Opposition developed to granting the Secretary of the Treasury power to fix the interest rate of the loan as well as authority to extend a loan of $1,000,000,000 to the allied Governments for the purchase in the United States of goods for export.

United opposition exists among Republican members to both propositions. If extreme pressure is exerted it is probable that the majority will consent to allow Secretary Glass to fix the interest rate of the forthcoming bond issue, although there is at present a great hesitancy on the part of Congress to delegate such broad powers to any executive officer.

Senator Glass submitted to the Ways and Means Committee a 7,000 word statement, which he read, in support of the legislation urged, and was also heard in executive session of the committee. The figures he submitted showed that, exclusive of the public debt, the classified disbursements made by the Treasury from March 1, 1917, to Jan. 31, 1919, representing approximately the period from our entry into the war to date, have aggregated $26,620,334,803.51, and that in the same period the receipts of the Treasury, exclusive of the public debt, have been $6,117,762,294.99. Mr. Glass's figures showed that in the first four Liberty bond campaigns the Government allotted subscriptions aggregating $16,977,488,000. While Mr. Glass did not say so, the Fifth Victory Loan will be for something over $5,000,000,000.

One of the tables submitted showed that on Jan. 31, 1919, the interest-bearing debt of the United States had reached $23,267,039,082, distributed as follows:

Bonds, Liberty and others	$17,457,365,040
Treasury certificates	4,798,064,800
War savings certificates	1,011,609,242

The $26,620,334,803.51 of disbursements, exclusive of public debt, made since March 1, 1917, includes ordinary disbursements of $18,496,501,226.09, loans to foreign Governments aggregating $7,975,267,247.10, and $148,566,329.72 representing other special disbursements. The receipts in the same period have been $357,594,898.51 from customs, $5,132,205,822 from internal revenue, $615,350,294 from miscellaneous revenue, and $12,611,279 from the Panama Canal.

"On the day the armistice was signed," Mr. Glass told the committee, "the United States was in the fortunate position of having outstanding no short-time indebtedness, excluding War Savings Certificates, that was not more than covered by the deferred installments on subscriptions for the bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan.

"But expenditures in November, December and January, according to the Treasury daily statement, exclusive of transactions in the principal of the public debt, amounted to $5,958,576,114.24, or at the rate of nearly $2,000,000,000 a month, and the amount of Treasury certificates of indebtedness outstanding on Jan. 31 was $4,798,064,800, of which $3,225,099,500 were issued in anticipation of the Victory Liberty Loan.

"Expenditures for the first seven months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, exclusive of the principal of the public debt, amounted to $12,594,498,537.96. It is apparent that unless there should be a very radical reduction in expenditures during the last five months of the current fiscal year Secretary McAdoo's hope that the expenditures for the whole fiscal year would be in the neighborhood of only $18,000,000,000 must be disappointed.

"It is needless to say that the Treasury does not contemplate the issue, in connection with the Victory Liberty Loan, of any such amount of bonds as $10,000,000,000. It has, however, been the practice of the Treasury since the Second Liberty Loan to allot the entire amount of bonds subscribed for. To be in a position to do this in connection with the Victory Liberty Loan, if it should then be thought wise to follow that policy, it is necessary to authorize some increase in the amount of bonds authorized to be issued. In making the change it seemed wise to suggest an increase to a figure which, so far as at present information is available, would seem to represent the maximum possible amount of the bonded debt growing out of the war.

"Not in addition to, but as an alternative of, the issue of such bonds, I have suggested the authorization of an issue of notes limited to $10,000,000,000. I should like to suggest also an increase in the maximum amount of Treasury certificates from $8,000,000,000 to $10,000,000,000. It cannot be too plainly stated that these three items of $10,000,000,000 each are not cumulative. It is contemplated merely that authority should be given the Treasury to finance the existing and expected indebtedness either by the issue of Treasury certificates or by the issue of notes or by the issue of bonds. It may be desirable to adopt all of these methods in succession. It may be desirable to issue Treasury certificates in the first instance and bonds to refund them, as has been done in the past. It may be desirable to refund the Treasury certificates into notes and the latter ultimately into bonds.

"In respect to the notes and also in respect to bonds of a maturity of ten years or less, I have asked authority to determine the interest rate as the situation may develop. I am by no means convinced that conditions will be such in April as to necessitate an increase in the interest rate over that provided in existing law to an important extent, if at all, yet, if I were obliged to determine now what is the lowest rate at which I could undertake with certainty to finance the requirements of the Government when the issue is offered in April, I should be obliged to name a maximum rate much higher than that which, if developments are as favorable as I expect they will be in the interval, will, I hope, be sufficient to float the loan.

Premium at Maturity.

"I suggest that authority be conferred upon the Treasury to issue bonds or notes payable at a premium at maturity, believing that it might be found desirable to issue bonds following the lines of the British National War Bonds, which have been issued so successfully during the past year and a half. Payment of a slight premium at maturing would have a number of advantages over an increase in the nominal interest rate. It would carry with it an inducement to saving and to the retention of the bonds; it would tend to limit depreciation in the market; it would probably have a somewhat less injurious effect upon the market value of existing issues of Liberty bonds and other securities than a flat increase in the interest rate; and it would make possible more exact computation of the effective interest rate to be borne by the bonds or notes than is possible where bonds are issued and paid at par. A fractional semi-annual interest payment involves infinite annoyance to bondholders, banks, and the Government itself, which would be to a great extent avoided by payment of a small premium only once at maturity. I do not undertake to say that it will be found wise to issue bonds or notes payable at a premium, but I do say that the Treasury should be equipped with authority to do so if that be found expedient.

"I ask for authority to determine the exemption from taxation to be carried by the bonds, notes and Treasury Certificates. That something must be done to make the bonds or notes of the Victory Liberty Loan more attractive than their predecessors is apparent."

Details of Our War Expenditures of $24,620,000,000 Shown by Secretary Glass

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Appearing before the Ways and Means Committee in support of his urgent request for more Liberty bond legislation, Secretary Glass today submitted to Chairman Kitchin and his colleagues two tables giving for the first time a complete official survey of the American financial situation for the period since this country entered the war. It shows that disbursements in that period have been $26,620,334,803.51. As the normal expenditures in this period would have been about a billion a year, eliminating $2,000,000,000 assumed as about representing the normal expenditures, it would appear that the war cost to date has been about $24,620,000,000.

The first of the Glass tables shows classified disbursements, exclusive of public debt, by months, from March 1, 1917, to Jan. 31, 1919. We entered the war early in April, 1917. This table follows:

	Ordinary.	Foreign Loans.	Other Special.	Total.
March, 1917	$72,773,903.20	....	$27,176,896.12	$99,950,799.32
April 1 to 5, 1917	10,271,591.52	....	408,584.28	10,680,175.80
Total Mar. 1, 1917, to Apr. 5, 1917	83,045,494.72	....	27,585,480.40	110,630,975.12
Apr. 6 to 30, 1917	71,328,006.70	$200,000,000.00	7,885,770.50	279,213,777.20
May, 1917	114,102,809.68	407,500,000.00	4,962,746.28	526,565,555.96
June, 1917	134,304,040.35	277,500,000.00	919,445.78	412,723,486.13
Total Apr. 6, 1917, to June 30, 1917	319,734,856.73	885,000,000.00	13,767,962.56	1,218,502,819.29
Total Mar. 1, 1917, to June 31, 1917	402,780,351.45	885,000,000.00	41,353,442.96	1,329,133,794.41
July, 1917	208,299,031.05	452,500,000.00	1,511,814.92	662,310,845.97
August, 1917	277,438,000.64	478,000,000.00	2,019,363.50	757,457,364.14
September, 1917	349,013,305.34	396,000,000.00	1,364,980.35	746,378,285.69
October, 1917	462,045,359.94	480,700,000.00	1,623,392.58	944,368,752.52
November, 1917	512,952,035.17	471,929,750.00	1,200,022.36	986,081,807.53
December, 1917	611,297,425.62	492,000,000.00	1,914,433.70	1,105,211,859.32
Total July 1, 1917, to Dec. 31, 1917	2,421,045,157.76	2,771,129,750.00	9,634,007.41	5,201,808,915.17
January, 1918	715,302,039.83	370,200,000.00	4,854,005.86	1,090,356,045.69
February, 1918	675,209,068.43	325,000,000.00	12,477,917.31	1,012,686,985.74
March, 1918	819,955,367.26	317,500,000.00	18,338,441.98	1,155,793,809.24
April, 1918	910,756,758.95	287,500,000.00	17,031,020.28	1,215,287,779.23
May, 1918	1,068,203,026.82	424,000,000.00	15,992,206.83	1,508,195,233.65
June, 1918	1,263,914,905.86	242,700,000.00	5,958,796.56	1,512,573,702.42
Total Jan. 1, 1918 to June 30, 1918	5,453,341,167.15	1,966,900,000.00	74,752,399.82	7,494,893,555.97
Total for fiscal year 1918	7,874,386,324.91	4,738,029,750.00	84,286,396.23	12,696,702,471.14
July, 1918	1,259,782,599.23	343,485,000.00	5,015,055.21	1,608,282,654.44
August, 1918	1,524,901,777.74	279,250,000.00	1,361,445.28	1,805,513,223.02
September, 1918	1,274,505,845.05	282,150,000.00	608,440.22	1,557,264,285.27
October, 1918	1,174,622,406.40	489,100,000.00	1,139,854.59	1,664,862,260.99
November, 1918	1,655,051,004.19	278,949,697.70	1,248,607.04	1,935,249,308.93
December, 1918	1,670,890,396.88	389,052,000.00	1,033,458.60	2,060,975,855.48
Total July 1, 1918, to Dec. 31, 1918	8,559,754,029.49	2,061,986,697.70	10,406,860.94	10,632,147,588.13
January, 1919	1,659,580,520.24	290,250,800.00	12,519,629.59	1,962,350,949.83
RECAPITULATION.				
March 1, 1917, to April 5, 1917	$83,045,494.72	....	$27,585,480.40	$110,630,975.12
April 6, 1917, to June 30, 1917	319,734,856.73	$885,000,000.00	13,767,962.56	1,218,502,819.29
July 1, 1917, to Dec. 31, 1917	2,421,045,157.76	2,771,129,750.00	9,634,007.41	5,201,808,915.17
Jan. 1, 1918, to June 30, 1918	5,453,341,167.15	1,966,900,000.00	74,652,388.82	7,494,893,555.97
July 1, 1918, to Dec. 31, 1918	8,559,754,029.49	2,061,986,697.70	10,406,860.94	10,632,147,588.13
Jan. 1, 1919, to Jan. 31, 1919	1,659,580,520.24	290,250,800.00	12,519,629.59	1,962,350,949.83
Grand total	$18,496,501,226.09	$7,975,267,247.70	$148,566,329.72	$26,620,334,803.51

The second table submitted by Mr. Glass shows classified receipts, exclusive of public debt, by months, from March 1, 1917, to Jan. 31, 1919. It follows:

	Customs.	Internal Revenue.	Miscellaneous Revenue.	Panama Canal.	Total.
March, 1917	$20,154,128.38	$40,961,678.49	$5,244,258.74	$857,634.48	$67,217,700.09
April 1-4, '17	3,047,788.66	5,589,899.06	1,488,499.62	62,884.39	10,189,071.73
Tot. April 1-5, '17	23,201,917.04	46,551,577.55	6,732,758.36	920,518.87	77,406,771.82
April 6-30, '17	17,863,547.22	59,462,899.10	5,804,920.33	314,793.31	83,446,159.96
May, 1917	28,660,148.60	157,610,868.79	11,361,950.32	634,421.46	198,267,389.17
June, 1917	18,686,805.14	252,224,196.35	14,120,100.17	694,056.30	285,725,157.96
Total April 6 to June 30, '17	65,210,500.96	469,297,964.24	31,286,970.82	1,643,271.07	567,438,707.09
Total Mar. 1, to June 30, 1917	88,412,418.00	515,849,541.79	38,019,729.18	2,563,789.94	644,845,478.91
July, 1917	15,805,129.91	60,374,840.20	7,575,979.09	171,687.08	83,927,636.28
August, 1917	15,902,255.99	48,170,690.46	9,839,107.31	584,477.10	74,496,530.86
September, 1917	15,201,388.70	47,291,868.96	12,967,317.09	648,787.75	76,109,362.50
October, 1917	13,647,946.24	56,306,319.18	20,226,866.64	277,158.50	90,458,290.56
November, 1917	11,935,389.41	88,257,600.68	39,175,579.26	122,208.09	139,490,777.44
December, 1917	11,247,214.10	75,150,610.13	18,034,677.89	626,568.30	105,059,070.42
Total July 1, 1917, to Dec. 31, 1917	83,739,824.35	375,551,929.61	107,819,527.28	2,430,886.82	569,541,668.06
January, 1918	12,163,216.06	73,093,908.84	17,796,189.59	302,895.38	103,356,209.87
February, 1918	12,019,441.74	72,316,414.70	14,177,234.29	585,348.96	99,098,439.69
March, 1918	18,106,373.13	121,059,264.75	16,536,309.47	1,047,330.70	156,749,278.05
April, 1918	16,445,531.99	176,126,011.63	16,111,894.79	635,705.85	209,319,144.26
May, 1918	19,925,706.94	477,186,725.76	97,254,972.78	378,705.51	594,746,110.99
June, 1918	17,598,789.28	1,890,700,056.82	22,817,686.62	655,481.06	1,931,772,013.78
Total Jan. 1, 1918, to June 29, '18	96,259,059.14	2,810,482,382.50	184,694,287.54	3,605,467.46	3,095,041,196.64
Total for fiscal year 1918	179,998,383.49	3,186,034,312.11	292,513,814.82	6,036,354.28	3,664,582,864.70
July, 1918	15,837,889.72	603,444,442.73	21,974,810.55	619,994.14	641,877,137.14
August, 1918	14,175,802.76	114,531,789.63	22,645,000.23	899,439.10	152,252,031.72
September, 1918	12,719,424.43	125,314,103.65	13,757,134.67	94,391.05	151,884,653.80
October, 1918	11,453,096.69	123,463,872.52	16,058,975.73	604,815.02	151,580,759.96
November, 1918	12,583,861.29	128,563,579.32	169,112,403.43	734,419.15	310,994,263.10
December, 1918	9,681,907.59	179,575,131.72	14,213,636.93	431,587.99	203,902,264.23
Total July 18 to Dec. 31, 1918	76,451,582.48	1,274,892,919.57	257,761,961.54	3,384,646.45	1,612,491,110.04
January, 1919	12,732,514.54	155,429,048.67	27,054,788.82	626,489.31	195,842,841.34
RECAPITULATION.					
March 1, 1917, to April 5, 1917	23,201,917.04	46,551,577.55	6,732,758.36	920,518.87	77,406,771.82
April 6, 1917, to to June 30, 1917	65,210,500.96	469,297,964.24	31,286,970.82	1,643,271.07	567,438,707.09
July 1, 1917, to to Dec. 31, 1917	83,739,824.35	375,551,929.61	107,819,527.28	2,430,886.82	569,541,668.06
Jan. 1, 1918, to June 29, 1918	96,259,059.14	2,810,482,382.50	184,694,287.54	3,605,467.46	3,095,041,196.64
July 1, 1918, to Dec. 31, 1918	76,451,582.48	1,274,892,919.57	257,761,961.54	3,384,646.45	1,612,491,110.04
Jan. 1, 1919, to Jan. 31, 1919	12,732,514.54	155,429,048.67	27,054,788.82	626,489.31	195,842,841.34
Grand total	$357,574,898.51	$5,132,205,822.14	$615,350,294.36	$12,611,279.98	$6,117,762,294.99

TO CHECK STOCK FRAUDS.

Secretary Glass Urges Bill for Protection of Investing Public.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Drastic legislation to protect the Government in its financial operations and the people of the United States from "threatened grave injury" growing out of the issuance of securities of doubtful worth, was asked of Congress today by Secretary Glass.

In a letter to Chairman Kitchin of the Ways and Means Committee Mr. Glass urged early enactment of a law, drawn by the Capital Issues Committee, which would require all corporations or persons desiring to sell stock through the mails or through advertisements in newspapers circulated through the mails to file with the Secretary comprehensive statements concerning the stock. It also would make the persons required to sign the statements personally responsible for any falsity therein. Willful violation of the act would be punishable by a fine of $5,000 or imprisonment of one year, or both, and persons suffering from intentional misrepresentations in the staments could recover damages.

"The country is being flooded with stock flotations at the present time, many of which are of very doubtful worth and many of which are fraudulent," Mr. Glass's letter said. "The millions of holders of our Liberty Bonds are being solicited by paid agents to exchange these bonds for these securities, thus not only seriously diminishing resources which should be kept available for Government financing, but as well bringing, in many cases, financial loss and ruin, and seriously jeopardizing national finances from the resultant sale on the market of Government securities by those who have thus obtained possession of them. Public protests are coming in from all parts of the United States.

"While the condition I have pointed out is not a new one, it represents at the present time an especially grave menace to the public and to the Government, and for the common protection of both I make this appeal to Congress for the legislation indicated, to cope with and to suppress this evil.

"Permit me to point out that this proposed action by Congress will not of itself be sufficient to suppress effectually this evil, because there are many transactions with which Congress may not have constitutional authority to deal. Supplementary legislation by the several States will also be necessary. The promoter or stock vendor whose agents go from house to house, relying upon personal conversations and solicitations, without the use of the mails or any of the United States Government agencies, can hardly be reached through national legislation. On the other hand, they can be adequately controlled by State legislation; and the obvious method would be to require all persons desiring to sell shares of stock to the public to obtain first a license from any State in which such shares are to be offered."

WARFIELD SEES PERIL TO RAILROADS

Says No Man Should Hold Autocratic Power Given to the Director General.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Before the Railroad Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, Director Hines of the Railroad Administration made a plea today for the five-year extension of the Federal control of the railroads.

Before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee S. Davies Warfield, President of the National Association of Security Holders, said that the extreme power given to the Director General under a plan of Government ownership or control was fraught with great danger.

"There is a choice presented to the country," said Mr. Hines, "whether it shall give now an extension which in all probability it will have to give within two years and get certain very important results for itself, or whether it will postpone giving that extension until the last minute and meanwhile suffer very serious disadvantages and at the end of the time still have to give the extension."

"No one man," said Mr. Warfield, "should be given in a democracy such autocratic powers as are necessary to work out a problem of such magnitude as have been held by the Director General of Railroads and as are now exercised by that official; in this, of course, I speak impersonally. Favoritism can be shown any railroad or any section of the country. The fate of communities and railroads rests with him, for he can make or break them by the railroad service he may choose to give the former, and business to the latter.

"It is idle to say that present Federal control and operation of the railroads can be extended, with definite purposes in the minds of those in control of it, and at the same time state that you do not favor Government ownership, when, perforce, you bring it about whether you favor it or not. Give me the direction of extended Federal control and operation of the railroads for five years, or even three years, and under my direction they could be so operated that at the end of the period they would find themselves in the position being forced to accept the larger company proposition, or Government ownership, if it was my belief that it was desirable to eventually land them in one or the other direction."

MARRIES MORGAN BARNEY.

Mrs. Nora Stanton Blatch Weds Naval Architect.

Morgan Barney, a naval architect of this city, and Mrs. Nora Stanton Blatch of 15 West Ninety-first Street were married yesterday afternoon in the City Hall at New Rochelle by Mayor Fred H. Waldorf. The ceremony was performed a few minutes after the couple had obtained their marriage license.

This is Mrs. Barney's second marriage. In May, 1912, at New Rochelle, she obtained a decree of divorce from Lee De Forest, the wireless inventor, whom she had married in February, 1908. Justice Keogh granted her permission then to resume her maiden name, and gave her custody of her young daughter. Mrs. Barney is the daughter of Harriot Stanton Blatch, suffragist leader.

Sinton-Menken Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin E. Sinton of 270 Park Avenue have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Harriet Sinton, to Harold D. Menken, son of Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer M. Menken of 35 West Seventy-fifth Street. Mr. Menken was recently on active duty as an ensign in the navy.

Joseph Kendall.

Joseph Kendall, 34 years old, President of the Missouri State Life Insurance Company, recently of St. Louis, and formerly of Dallas, Texas, died yesterday at Bellevue Hospital of bronchopneumonia. Mr. Kendall came here on business, and was a guest at the Ritz-Carlton until a few days ago, when he was taken to the hospital.

MOVE TO KEEP ALIVE NEW HAVEN SUITS

Stockholders Ask Federal Court to Appoint a Limited Receiver for the Railroad.

FIND COSTS BURDENSOME

Unusual Procedure Adopted as Step in the Litigation Against Former Directors of the Company.

An application for the appointment of a limited receiver to prosecute suits against certain of the former Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company for the restitution of money of the company alleged to have been wastefully and wrongfully spent was made yesterday to Federal Judge John C. Knox. The plaintiff is Harold Norris, an official of the National Surety Company and Secretary of a protective committee which represents 1,738 stockholders of the company holding 51,959 shares of stock.

It is an unusual proceeding, only a few of the same character ever having been instituted, but the legality of the action was sustained by the United States Supreme Court in 1879 in a similar application brought in Pennsylvania against a French banking concern. At least two other similar actions, it was said, had been brought and heard by the courts. The grounds for the action are that suits now pending may be settled by the plaintiffs at so late a date that the statute of limitations would run against persons seeking redress in similar fashion, and that the cost of the actions would be so great that it would be impossible for private litigants to bear them.

If a receiver for the purpose of prosecuting the suits is named by the court the costs would have to be borne by the defendant corporation. The action, which brought about the present coalition of the large number of stockholders, was an equity suit begun in March, 1917, by Edwin Adams, Julius C. Morse, George C. Fisk, James F. Ray, and Mary M. Clark, Massachusetts stockholders, for the recovery of a large amount of money which it was alleged had been dissipated by the action of a majority of the Directors. The defendants named in the present action are William Rockefeller, Charles M. Pratt, Lewis Cass Ledyard, and Herbert L. Satterlee, William P. Hamilton, and Lewis Cass Ledyard, as executors of the estate of J. Pierpont Morgan, and Florence A. V. Twombly, as executrix of the estate of Hamilton McK. Twombly.

The plaintiffs in the Adams suit owned only 1,056 shares of the company's stock. The complaint was voluminous and covered all of the points made in the present proceeding. Both complaints charge the defendants with having used the money and credit of the company unlawfully and without authority to purchase control of other corporations to the end that competition might be destroyed in the New England States, in procuring unwarranted and destructive litigation to bankrupt and to drive out of business certain corporations competing with the New Haven Company, or to injure the business of these other companies so as to compel them to sell out at ruinous prices.

Unlawful Agreements Charged.

It is also charged in both complaints that the defendant company entered into unlawful agreements and spent large sums of money for the purpose of completing the domination of the railroad business of the New England States, that it allowed rebates and made concessions to shippers, that $1,500,000 was spent by the defendants to purchase the printing of articles favorable to the company's scheme in the newspapers, that $3,000,000 was lost in operating secretly owned steamboats, that $3,000,000 was spent by Charles S. Mellen, Edward D. Robbins and one Edward G. Buckland, Timothy E. Byrnes, and others to influence legislation in the States of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Vermont, New Hampshire, and the Dominion of Canada.

It is alleged in the present suit, as well as in the Adams suit, that $500,000 was spent for lawyers and litigation to carry out the schemes of the alleged conspirators, and that millions were spent for similar purposes between Jan. 1, 1910, and Dec. 31, 1914. There is a vast amount of detail showing just how the defendants are alleged to have unlawfully and wastefully squandered the money of the corporation. The suit instituted by Mr. Adams fixed the aggregate of these sums at $165,000,000, which the defendants were asked to return to the company but Saul S. Myers, of counsel, in the present proceeding says the total is about $150,000,000, which the receiver will sue for if the Court appoints him.

The complaint in both suits gives the entire list of Directors of the New Haven Company at the time the alleged wrongful acts, or some of them, were committed. Besides the defendants named they were George Macculloch Miller, Charles F. Brooker, Charles S. Mellen, Robert W. Taft, Edward D. Robbins, James S. Elton, James S. Hemingway, A. Heaton Robertson, Frederick F. Brewster, Henry K. McHarg, and John L. Billard. It is alleged that the plaintiffs could not hope to obtain help in the prosecution of their case if the present directorate of the company had any friendly connection with any of the individual defendants.

The present complaint says that the unlawful acts complained of resulted in the company obtaining eight out of the nine railroad systems, exclusive of the New Haven, operating in New England in 1893, comprising lines having about 6,541 miles out of a total of 8,233, of twenty-two of the thirty water lines operating in New England, and 1,500 miles out of the total of 1,652 miles of tholley lines. Because of the action of the defendants the companies controlled by them, it is alleged, gave much poorer service than was formerly maintained; that the rolling stock depreciated, and that freight traffic was diverted to other lines. It is pointed out that the taking over of the New Haven Company system by the Federal Government did not disturb the right of the plaintiffs to sue.

On Jan. 21, 1915, the complaint says, the Board of Directors refused a request that a restitution suit be brought against some of the former Directors of the company.

Summarizing the points in the present action Mr. Myers said:

"The stockholders in the Adams vs. Rockefeller suit have found the prosecution of that suit at their own expense to be so burdensome as to be practically impossible. The suit is not brought against all the former Directors, but only against the estate of J. Pierpont Morgan, William Rockefeller, Lewis Cass Ledyard, Charles M. Pratt, and the estate of Hamilton McK. Twombly. The Adams-Rockefeller suit does not seek to cancel the Westchester guarantee of nearly $20,000,000, on which the road is now paying $800,000 a year interest, or similar guarantees.

"Such an important suit should not be allowed to remain in the hands of a small group of stockholders who may find it to their advantage to make a separate settlement, and it would then be too late for other stockholders to start a fresh suit. A receiver, being wholly disinterested, would, as an officer of the court, be given freer access to the books of the road than could possibly be accorded to any small group of stockholders. Such a suit, being of enormous scope, could only be prosecuted with continuity of purpose, unity of action, and impartiality by a receiver appointed and directed by the court."

An answer filed in the Adams-Rockefeller suit contained a general denial of all the charges, and said that whatever was done by accused Directors which was afterward decreed to be unlawful was done in the belief that the acts were lawful and in the interest of the stockholders. It especially denied the charge that an unlawful monopoly had been created and maintained.

Besides Mr. Myers, the counsel for the plaintiffs are Edgar T. Brackett, Everett P. Wheeler, Robert Treat Whitehouse, and Albert Stanton Woodman, the two latter from Portland, Me. The court set next Friday at 10:30 as the time when the defendants should show cause why the application for a receiver should not be granted.

The application for a limited receivership for the New Haven was received with considerable surprise in the financial district, although no entirely new conditions were seen surrounding the court action. At the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. it was said that nothing was known about the step taken by the stockholders' committee. Howard Elliott, former President and now a Director, is away on a vacation, and other Directors had no comment to make.

The news had an adverse effect on New Haven stock, substantial selling causing a drop of 3 points, to 25¾. Before the close of business the price recovered some of the ground lost in the first hasty offerings, purchases being stimulated by the expectation held in trading quarters that the move for a receivership would change little the status of the original action against former Directors.

Lieut. Col. Slifer Dies in France.

Lieut. Col. Hiram J. Slifer of the 21st Light Railway Engineers, U. S. A., formerly engaged in Chicago as consulting railway engineer, died in France Feb. 3 of pneumonia. While inspecting a section of railroad which had been released by the Germans, the car on which Colonel Slifer was riding left the track, and he was thrown into a stream of water. He suffered a broken arm, and pneumonia later developed. He was recommended for promotion to the rank of Colonel, and received several citations for bravery.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. FRANCES INA RUDD, widow of Theodore Rudd, who was for thirty-five years with The New York Journal of Commerce, died in the Bushwick Hospital on Wednesday in her seventy-seventh year. She lived at 90 Hopkinson Avenue, Brooklyn.

ROBERT McFARIANE, formerly purchasing agent for the Ansonia Clock Company for twenty-seven years, died on Tuesday at his home, 257 Windsor Place, Brooklyn, aged 61 years. He was a member of Clan MacDonald, Order of Scottish Clans.

WILLIAM H. VINCENT, a member of Hampton Lodge of Odd Fellows and a District Deputy of that order, died at his home in Easthampton, L. I., on Wednesday of pneumonia and influenza.

SAMUEL G. HICKS, former Tax Collector of the Town of Islip and for many years Clerk of the Bayport School Board and Secretary of the Bayport Fire Department, died at his home in Bayport on Wednesday. He was 64 years old.

THOMAS FRANCIS KILROY, 67 years old, a retired manufacturer of emery appliances in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 1,724 Sixty-first Street, Brooklyn. He was a member of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce.

Mrs. MARY PORTER HOLMAN, widow of Rudolph Holman, a cigar manufacturer in Manhattan, died on Tuesday at her home, 701 Macon Street, Brooklyn, aged 64 years.

Mrs. MARY ELEANOR PHILLIPS, wife of George Phillips and former Secretary of the Brooklyn Branch of the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, died yesterday in St. John's Hospital. Mrs. Phillips was 57 years old. Her home was at 1,724 West Ninth Street, Brooklyn.

GEORGE C. QUIRK, a former resident of Brooklyn, where he was active in Republican politics, died at his home in Norwalk, Conn., on Wednesday, aged 65 years.

Mrs. ANNIE L. EBAUGH, widow of A. Newton Ebaugh, a teacher in the Manual Training High School, died on Wednesday at her home, 454 Third Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. SARAH GOUGH MELLOR, a native of Liverpool, England, and a resident of Brooklyn for several years, died in her sixty-first year on Tuesday at the home of her son, 579 Hancock Street, Brooklyn.

HUGH C. MALLOY, an inspector in the Department of Highways for many years, died yesterday at his home, 135 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn.

AARON STONE, 59 years old, a retired contractor, died from heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 1,434 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. HATTIE HOYT DANIEL PAGE, wife of Alfred Page, a retired haberdasher of Brooklyn, died at her home, 576 Fifth Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday.

JAMES F. KELLER, until recently having an interest in several New York hotels, died yesterday at his home, 520 West 149th Street. Mr. Keller was 46 years old.

URIAH BURDGE WATSON, a retired banker, died yesterday at his home, 171 West Eighty-first Street. He was 81 years old.

GEORGE P. RICHARDSON, 69 years old, President of the Richardson Silk Company of Chicago, died suddenly yesterday at the Hotel Manhattan.

JOHN D. TOPPIN, first assistant engineer on the U. S. S. Brooklyn during the civil war, died Wednesday at his home, Newark, N. J. Mr. Toppin was one of the last of the men who fought with Farragut in Mobile Bay.

The Rev. Brother A. P. KENNEDY, master of novices in this country of the teaching order of the Christian Brothers of Ireland, died Wednesday evening at St. Mary's Novitiate, Mamaroneck, N. Y., of pneumonia, in his sixty-fourth year.

DAVID A. JEWELL, 54 years old, poultry dealer, died Tuesday at his home, 250 West 128th Street, of heart disease.

Mrs. CORNELIA E. WATSON, wife of Dr. William Perry Watson, a physician, died Tuesday at her home, 812 Montgomery Street, Jersey City.

S. VINTON KENDALL, general manager for a local manufacturing and wholesale elastic bandage concern, died Wednesday at his home, 2,465 Broadway, at the age of 28 years.

Mrs. MARY MATHESON, wife of William Matheson of the Queens Bridge Department, died Wednesday at her home, 1,112 Emeral Street, Woodhaven.

Mrs. CHARLES MAYER, wife of a New York newspaper man, died yesterday at her home, 1,853 Homecrest Avenue, Brooklyn, of injuries received on Oct. 17 last, when she was thrown from a motor ambulance she was driving.

Mother Superior MARY JOHANNA of the Franciscan Convent, New Brunswick, N. J., died yesterday of pneumonia at the age of 62 years.

Mrs. ANNIE WITEPSKY, 52 years old, of 201 West 120th Street, died suddenly yesterday afternoon in the Empire City Savings Bank at 231 West 125th Street.

CARLTON T. WHITE, a furniture, carpet, and drapery broker, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease at his home, 740 Riverside Drive. He was 52 years old.

Mrs. KATHARINE HUTTON PLUNKETT, wife of Thomas F. Plunkett, textile manufacturer, died yesterday of pneumonia in the House of Mercy Hospital, Pittsfield, Mass.

THOMAS A. STOKES, head of the coal and wood firm of Thomas Stokes & Son, died suddenly Tuesday in his home, 122 West Seventy-seventh Street. He was 43 years old.

Miss EVELYN E. GRILLI, 35 years old, of 132 Utica Avenue, Brooklyn, a teacher in Public School 89 and also in Adelphi Academy, is dead of influenza.

NATHAN BERGENFELD, 56 years old, in the embroidery business in this city, died Tuesday at his home, 1,424 Wilkins Avenue, the Bronx.

Mrs. ELEANOR COHEN, wife of Israel Cohen of the editorial staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, died yesterday of pneumonia. Mr. Cohen is ill of influenza. The funeral of Mrs. Cohen will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home, 8,757 Bay Sixteenth Street, Brooklyn.

FREDERICK H. CRUM, President of the North River Insurance Company, 95 William Street, this city, died yesterday at his home in River Edge, N. J. Mr. Crum was 71 years old.

Colonel STANLEY PLUMMER, formerly connected with the Civil Service Bureau in Washington and Postmaster of the United States Senate for four years, died yesterday at Atlantic City. His home was in Dexter, Me.

Baron HENRI VAN OLDENNEEL, patent attorney, died yesterday at his home, 302 Chestnut Street, Roselle, N. J. He was born at Houthem, St. Gerlach, Holland, sixty-seven years ago, the son of Baron Charles Hyacinthe Van Oldenneel and Theodorina de Billet de Valanson Van Oldenneel. He was never naturalized.

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ROSEBERY SERIOUSLY ILL.

Earl, Now 72, Depressed Over Death of Son in Battle.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The Earl of Rosebery, former Prime Minister, is dangerously ill. His health for some time has been failing, and it is recalled that he suffered from a paralytic stroke several years ago. He has also shown much depression over the death of his son, Neil Primrose, who, as a Lieutenant in the Bucks Yeomanry, was killed in action in Palestine.

Lord Rosebery is in his seventy-second year.

Ex-Judge John W. Bogert.

Ex-Judge John W. Bogert, for twenty-four years on the New Jersey Court of Errors, retiring four years ago, died yesterday at his home in Hohokus, at the age of 79 years. He served in the Assembly and in the Senate up to 1891. Ex-Judge Bogert was prominent in Democratic politics.

Died.

ABRAHAMS.—Fannie, passed away suddenly, after a short illness. Survived by her sister Dora. Funeral Friday morning, 10:30, from her late residence, 159 East 61st St. Interment Washington Cemetery.

BASCH.—Gustave, dearly beloved husband of Sarah, (nee Appel,) in his 66th year. Funeral services will be held at Congregation B'nai Jeshurun, 257 to 265 West 88th St., on Sunday morning, Feb. 16, 1919, at 10 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully requested to attend. Kindly omit flowers.

BELL.—Agnes Lowry, on Tuesday, Feb. 11, widow of the late William John Bell. Funeral services at her late residence, Pound Ridge, Westchester County, N. Y., at 4:30 P. M., Thursday, Feb. 13. Interment Friday.

CALCOTT.—On Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1919, Alfred L., beloved husband of Cora Carey Calcott, in his 30th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 640 Academy St., Astoria, L. I., on Friday evening, Feb. 14, at 7 o'clock. Interment at Stroudsburg, Penn.

CLARK.—American Protestant Benevolent Coachmen's Ass'n: We regret to inform you of the death of our only charter member, John Clark, 1867-1919. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 15, from 206 West 30th, 10 o'clock, (M. Sengers.)
ROBERT FAIRBAIRN, Pres.

COHEN.—On Feb. 13, Eleanor, beloved wife of Israel Cohen, of pneumonia. Funeral Friday at 3 P. M. from her late home, 8757 Bay 16th St., Brooklyn. No flowers.

COHEN.—On Wednesday, Feb. 12, Ida, beloved wife of the late Isadore Cohen and dear mother of Mrs. Gussie Cerf, Josephine, Lester, Cora, and Gertrude. Funeral strictly private Friday, Feb. 14, at 2 P. M., from her late residence, 795 St. Nicholas Av. Troy papers please copy.

COHEN.—On Thursday, Feb. 13, in her 25th year, Harriett, beloved daughter of the late Jacob and Essie Cohen. Funeral services at Sam Rothschild funeral chapel, 208 Lenox Av., Friday, Feb. 14, at 1 P. M.

CRUM.—At River Edge, N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 13, Frederick H., beloved husband of Louise Maltbie. Funeral services Saturday, Feb. 15, at 2:15 from Church of Annunciation, Oradell, N. J. Train leaves Chambers St., Erie R. R., at 1 P. M.

DICK.—Entered into rest Thursday, Feb. 13, at his residence, 1,213 Fairmount Av., Elizabeth, N. J., Henry C. Dick. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DODD.—On Feb. 13, 1919, Helen McMurtry Peters, beloved wife of the late E. V. B. Dodd, in her 74th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 177 North 9th St., Newark, N. J., Saturday, Feb. 15, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

EBAUGH.—On Wednesday, Feb. 12, Mrs. Annie L. Ebaugh, widow of the late A. Newton Ebaugh. Funeral services at her late residence, 454 3d St., Brooklyn, on Friday, at 3:30 P. M. Interment Baltimore, Md.

EMANUEL.—Samuel H., in his 79th year, at his residence, Healy Av., Far Rockaway, beloved father of Pauline, Sidmund L., Mildred E. Veit, Lillian E. Hofman, Edna Samper, Beatrice Frankenfelder, and Irene Schwabe. Funeral from his late residence on Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

FLANNERY.—John R., of the Standard Oil Co. of New York, suddenly, Wednesday morning at 12:30 o'clock, at his residence, 719 Highland Av., Westfield, N. J. Funeral services at Holy Trinity Church, Westfield, Saturday, Feb. 15, at 9:45 A. M. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery, Brooklyn. Montreal papers please copy.

FOWLER.—At East Orange, N. J., on Feb. 13, 1919, Anna M., wife of Lorenzo N. Fowler. Funeral from the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. D. Miller, 5 Harvard St., East Orange, on Friday evening, Feb. 14, at 8 o'clock.

FRASER.—Suddenly, on Tuesday morning, Feb. 11, Eleanor Kevan, widow of James Fraser. Funeral services from her late residence, 171 East 70th St., Friday, Feb. 14, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

GARDINER.—On Thursday, Feb. 13, 1919, James Dawes Gardiner, beloved husband of Elida Morton Gardiner. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, Croton-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., on Monday, Feb. 17, 1919, at 11 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

GEISSEL.—Agnes Alston, wife of August Geissel. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. H. H. Kibbe, 98 Egbert Av., West New Brighton, S. I., Saturday, Feb. 15, at 2 P. M.

GRIFFITH.—David, suddenly, Feb. 11, 1919, in his 67th year, beloved husband of Mary Humpharys Griffith. Funeral services at his late residence, 48 Baxter Av., Elmhurst, L. I., Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Saturday morning in Woodlawn Cemetery. Member of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners of New York City.

HAINES.—At White Plains, N. Y., Feb. 13, 1919, Henrietta F., daughter of Henry F. and Jeanette Haines, in her 9th year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, New York Av., on Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.

HARNEY.—Michael, on Feb. 13, 1919, native of Glen Patrick, County Waterford, Ireland, husband of the late Fannie Scully and beloved father of Patrick F., James E., Michael E., Mrs. H. Pitts, and Mrs. E. A. Healey. Funeral from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. E. A. Healey, 416 East 187th St., near Park Av., on Monday, Feb. 17, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Vincent Ferrer Church, 66th St. and Lexington Av., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary.

HAY.—At Nutley, N. J., on Feb. 13, 1919, Sarah Anna Hay, wife of James R. Hay, and daughter of the late Richard Kingsland. Funeral Saturday from her residence on the arrival of 2:44 train from Jersey City, Newark branch of the Erie Railroad.

HEALEY.—Suddenly, Feb. 12, John H. Healey, beloved husband of Jessie Healey. Funeral services at his late residence, Graham Court, 116 7th Av., Saturday, the 15th, at 1 P. M. Interment at Kensico Cemetery.

HILL.—On Feb. 11, 1919, Hannah C. (nee Carroll,) beloved wife of James G. and mother of George, Harriet, and Jennie Hill. Funeral from her late residence, [illegible] East 136th St., on Saturday at 1 P. M.

HIRSCHBERG.—On Feb. 13, after a short illness, Abraham A., beloved brother of S. Charles Hirschberg and Sadie Meldner. Funeral at St. Louis, Mo., on Feb. 16. Chicago and St. Louis papers please copy.

HOFFMAN.—On Feb. 12, Harry, beloved husband of Clara, son of Louise and the late Isaac Hoffman, and brother of Ida H. Gutmann. Funeral private.

HOLZINGER.—Suddenly on Feb. 11, Jeremiah Holzinger, beloved husband of Bessie Whitehead Holzinger, in his seventy-ninth year. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

HOOKER.—Suddenly, Thomas Cammann, son of William H. and Maude de N., aged 1 year, at Bayside, N. Y.

KEELER.—On Thursday, Feb. 13, of meningitis, Sherwood Keeler, baby son of Jessie Mygatt and Alton Sherwood Keeler, aged 8 months. Funeral private. Please do not send flowers.

KELLER.—On Thursday, Feb. 13, James Francis, aged 46, beloved husband of Nellie Adams Keller. Services, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.) Broadway and 66th St., Sunday afternoon, 3 o'clock. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

KILROY.—Thomas F., beloved husband of Ursula T. Kilroy, on Tuesday, Feb. 11, 1919. Funeral from his late residence, 1,724 61st St., Brooklyn, on Friday morning, Feb. 14, at 9:30 o'clock. Solemn mass of requiem, Church of St. Francis de Chantal, 57th St. and 13th Av. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege. Boston and Worcester (Mass.) papers please copy.

KING.—After a lingering illness, on Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1919, Elizabeth Gilmore, widow of Thomas King, in her 81st year. Funeral services at her late home, 839 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, on Friday, Feb. 14, 1919, at 8 P. M.

LAGERGREN.—At Stockholm, Sweden, on Feb. 11, 1919, Caroline Russell Lagergren, wife of Marquis Claes Lagergren, and daughter of the late Charles H. and Caroline Howland Russell.

LIEBERMAN.—On Thursday, Feb. 13, Charles, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Lieberman. Funeral from his late residence, 540 West 146th St., Friday, Feb. 14. All friends and relatives please attend.

MASON.—Frank, beloved husband of Mamie Mason (nee Newman) in his 36th year. Services at Campbell FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., Friday, 8 P. M.

Died.

MEAD.—On Tuesday, Feb. 11, 1919, at her home, 310 West 116th St., Mary A., beloved daughter of Mary E. and the late James H. Mead. Funeral Friday, Feb. 14. Solemn requiem mass at the Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, 118th St. and St. Nicholas Av., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Auto cortege.

MEAD.—At New Plymouth, New Zealand, Nov. 12, 1918, Beatrix, daughter of the late Frederic M. Mead and Edith Mead of London, Eng. St. Matthew, 16:25.

MERRIMAN.—At her residence, Lakewood, N. J., Feb. 11, 1919, Elmyra Hitchcock Merriman. Funeral services Friday, Feb. 14, at the Presbyterian Church, Lakewood, N. J., 4 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

MOSS.—On Feb. 12, 1919, Ida F., daughter of William H. and Emma Moss, aged 30 years. Funeral services at her residence, 42 Pavonia Av., Arlington, N. J., on Friday, Feb. 14, at 8 P. M.

MULLEN.—Mary, beloved wife of James Mullen and mother of Lettie, Bessie, Margaret, and Mrs. Mary Bonnell. Funeral from her late residence, 442 West 57th, to Paulist Fathers' Church, 60th St. and Columbus Av., at 10 A. M., Saturday. Interment at St. Theresa's Cemetery, Summit, N. J.

NEWMAN.—At Albany, N. Y., Feb. 13, 1919, Charles Newman, in the ninety-first year of his age. Funeral service at his late residence, 14 1st St., Sunday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock.

NIEMANN.—Bernhard, on Feb. 12, aged 64, beloved husband of Anna Boenau Niemann, and father of Mrs. F. Zimmer, Jr., Edward, and Berhard. Services at 2,793 Briggs Av., Bronx, corner 197th St., on Feb. 14 at 8 P. M. Interment private.

NOURSE.—On Feb. 12, A. Homer, beloved husband of Eva, (nee Cahill.) Funeral from his late residence, 515 Park Place. Mass of requiem at St. Theresa Church, Classon Av. and St. John's Place, at 9 A. M.

ODAJIAN.—Parantz. Services, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Sunday, 2 o'clock.

OWEN.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1919, Isabelle Emily Mapelsden, widow of Samuel J. Owen. Funeral services at her late residence, 81 Buena Vista Av., Yonkers, on Friday, Feb. 14, at 2 P. M. Interment Dale Cemetery, Ossining.

PAGE. — On Wednesday, Feb. 12, Hattie Hoyt Daniel, beloved wife of Alfred Page. Funeral services at her late residence, 576 5th St., Brooklyn, Friday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private. Toronto and Vancouver (B. C.) papers please copy.

PEARSALL.—On Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1919, Stephen Frederick Pearsall, in his 36th year. Funeral private.

PHILLIPS.—At St. John's Hospital, Brooklyn, Thursday, Feb. 13 Mary Eleanor, beloved wife of George Phillips. Funeral Sunday, 2 P. M., from Church of the Holy Spirit, Bay Parkway, (22d Av.,) Bensonhurst. Interment Greenwood.

PICKENS.—Feb. 13, 1919, Bella Pickens, aged 55 years, faithful servant with the family of Dr. and Mrs. Charles O. Kimball for thirty-four years. Funeral services Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Saturday morning, 11 o'clock.

PLUNKETT. — At Pittsfield, Mass., on Wednesday morning, Feb. 12, 1919, Katherine Hutton, wife of Thomas F. Plunkett and daughter of Amy S. and the late John Hutton. Funeral services at her late residence, 193 Barplett Av., Pittsfield, Mass., on Friday, Feb. 14, at 2 o'clock.

RICHARDSON.—At Hotel Manhattan Feb. 13, George P. Richardson. Interment Chicago, Ill.

ROTHBERG.—Morris Loeb, at his home, 314 East 5th St. Funeral services at his late residence, 314 East 5th St., at 10 A. M. Feb. 14, 1919.

SAMPSON.—On Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1919, George Henry Sampson, aged 79 years. Funeral service at his late home, 607 West 146th St., on Friday, Feb. 14, at 4:30 P. M. Interment Medford, Mass.

SHELTON.—Joseph, aged 73, Feb. 12. Services Sunday, 2 P. M., Campbell's FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St. Interment private. Boston papers please copy.

SIMS.—Henry Edgar, Feb. 13, beloved husband of Jessie MacGregor Sims. Funeral services Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at 241 East 234th St., Woodlawn.

SMITH.—At Southport, Conn., Feb. 13, 1919, Clara Davis Smith in her 23d year. Funeral services at the home of the late Miss Frances Wakeman, Southport, Conn., on Saturday, Feb. 15, at 2 P. M. Interment Oaklawn Cemetery, Fairfield.

SPRINZ.—Feb. 13, in 62d year, Max, beloved husband of Bertha, devoted father of Margaret S. Hacker, Herbert, Ira, Mattie, and Dorothy. Funeral, chapel Saul A. Rothschild, 2,003 7th Av., Sunday, Feb. 16, 10 A. M.

STARK. — Alma, suddenly, of influenza, daughter of the late Sali and Sophie Stark, 106 West 69th St. Funeral notice later.

TOPPIN.—At Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1919, John D. Toppin, U. S. N. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 20 Bathgate Place, Newark, on Friday, Feb. 14, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

WALKER.—On Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1919, at his residence, 19 West 31st St., New York City, of pneumonia, Elisha Robbins, son of Hilah Julia and the late Joseph Walker. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

WALKER.—On Feb. 11, of pneumonia, in the 36th year of his age, at St. John's Hospital, New York, Harold Strother, son of John Brisben Walker and Emily Strother Walker. Funeral Denver, Col., Feb. 16.

WATSON.—U. Burdge, on Feb. 13, 1919, at his residence, 171 West 81st St. Funeral private.

WATSON. — The Daughters of Holland Dames, descendants of the ancient and honorable families of New Netherlands, announce with sorrow the death on Feb. 11, 1919, of their member, Mrs. William Perry Watson.
CLARA CROOK MACDONALD, Directress General.
JANE C. PARKER, Corr. Secretary.

WHITE.—On Feb. 13, Carleton G., at his residence, 740 Riverside Drive. Services, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Friday afternoon, 3 o'clock. Interment Syracuse, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

WILSON.—Maria, on Feb. 12, at her residence, 606 West 113th St., widow of Levi Wilson. Sewickley, Penn., papers please copy.

WORTH.—On Feb. 11, Robert Gottlieb Worth, beloved husband of Henrietta Dodge. Funeral service Friday evening at 8:30 o'clock, at his late residence, 49 Morse Av., Rutherford, N. J. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery, Saturday, 1 P. M.

In Memoriam.

SALVE.—In loving memory of John M. Salve, Jr. Feb. 14, 1918.
ELLEN SALVE.

WAJE.—Herman. In loving memory of our dear husband and father, who departed this life Feb. 14, 1917.
ANNA M. WAJE,
HERMAN AND EDITH.

WHALEN.—In loving memory of our dear mother, Ann Whalen, died Feb. 14, 1917. Gone but will never be forgotten. May her soul rest in peace.
CORNELIUS P. WHALEN.
VIVIAN PRESCOTT WHALEN.

A PROGRAM for an American Revolution without Bolshevism — a definite constructive program — is outlined in this week's issue of
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YALE CLUB'S SQUASH TENNIS TEAM WRESTS THE TITLE FROM THE HARVARD CLUB PLAYERS

SQUASH TITLE GOES TO YALE CLUB FIVE

Princeton Club-Squash Club Team Beaten in Deciding Clash, 4 Matches to 1.

HARVARD CLUB IS SECOND

Last Season's Champions Nose Out Columbia Club Players by Margin of a Single Point.

Final Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Yale	5	1	.833
Harvard	4	2	.667
Columbia	2	4	.333
Princeton-Squash	1	5	.167

The crack squash tennis players of the Yale Club yesterday won the metropolitan district team championship. In the final round of the tournament, which has been progressing under the auspices of the National Squash Tennis Association, the Elis trounced the combined Princeton Club-Squash Club team to the tune of 4 matches to 1. This gave the Yale representatives a slate of five victories and one defeat for the tournament, enabling them to capture the title from the Harvard Club players, last year's winners.

Yale's match against the Princeton-Squash aggregation was played at the latter club and brought out perhaps the closest and most interesting single match of the entire tournament. This was the meeting between Livingston Platt of Yale and Harold Tobey, representing the Princton-Squash quintet. Platt took the match by scores of 6—15, 18—16, and 15—9.

Tobey showed clearly to advantage in the opening game and completely puzzled Platt with his attack. The Eli representative failed to approach his top form, although at times he pressed Tobey hard. In the second game Platt recovered his prowess, and hard driving and a sustained rally gave him the game after it had been set. The third game found Tobey weakening in the face of his rival's heavy offensive, and Platt took the game by 15—9 and the match.

H. D. Harvey scored the only victory for the Princeton squash aggregation. This success came as somewhat of a surprise, for the victim was W. Adams, whose playing has been of a high quality since the start of the tournament. Adams took the first set by 15-8, but dropped the second by 15-10, and in the third was beaten out in a brilliant rally by Harvey, who scored at 17-14.

H. W. Carhart of the Yale Club toyed with F. K. Geddes, whom he defeated at 15-2, 15-4.

Two scheduled games went to Yale by default, the Eli players to benefit thus being Donald MacKay and J. A. Vietor. G. E. Cruse failed to come to scratch against Vietor, while MacKay's opponent was to have been W. H. Vanderpoel.

At the Columbia Club the Blue and White quintet was forced to yield by the Harvard Club players by three matches to two. This result gave Harvard the runner-up position in the title chase. The club's record for the series is four victories and two defeats.

J. W. Appel, Jr., of the Crimson team, went through three games against Irving H. Cornell of Columbia and won by 15—2, 6—15, and 15—3. Appel's victory was easy despite the loss of the second game, when his attack lost its force. In the other games Cornell's efforts never attained the status of being dangerous to his opponent. Appel's opening success was attained without undue waste of energy, and the same was true of the third game, which went to the Crimson player by 15—3.

Fred S. Keller of Columbia fell before the effective playing of P. Sanger in two hotly contested games, the scores being 15—7, 17—14. In the other Harvard success Captain A. E. Ellis forced Robert L. Strebeigh of the Blue and White team to defeat after three interesting games by 15—11, 9—15, and 15—6.

Jay Gould of Columbia gave a flash of his expected form in his match against J. V. Onatavia, trouncing the Crimson player by 15—11 and 15—10. The other Blue and White victory was scored by Frank Kidde over J. W. Burden, the scores being 15—6 and 15—9.

The summaries:

Yale Club vs. Princeton-Squash Club.

L. Platt, Yale Club, defeated H. Tobey, Princeton-Squash Club, 6—15, 18—16, 15—9; H. W. Carhart, Yale Club, defeated F. R. Geddes, Princeton-Squash Club, 15—2, 15—4; H. D. Harvey, Princeton-Squash Club, defeated W. Adams, Yale Club, 8—15, 15—10, 17—14; J. A. Vietor, Yale Club, won from G. E. Cruse, Princeton-Squash Club, by default; Donald MacKay, Yale Club, won from W. H. Vanderpoel, Princeton-Squash Club, by default.

Score—Yale, 4 matches; Princeton-Squash, 1 match.

Columbia Club vs. Harvard Club.

Jay Gould, Columbia Club, defeated J. V. Onatavia, Harvard Club, 15—11, 15—10; F. Kidde, Columbia Club, defeated J. W. Burden, Harvard Club, 15—6, 15—9; J. W. Appel, Jr., Harvard Club, defeated I. H. Cornell, Columbia Club, 15—2, 6—15, 15—3; P. Sanger, Harvard Club, defeated Fred S. Keeler, Columbia Club, 15—7, 17—14; Captain A. E. Ells, Harvard Club, defeated R. L. Strebeigh, Columbia Club, 15—11, 9—15, 15—6.

Score—Harvard Club, 3 matches; Columbia Club, 2 matches.

SCHAEFER ABANDONS TOUR.

Young Billiard Player, Ill with Influenza, Going to Coast.

Owing to the severe illness of Jake Schaefer, the young billiard player, who has suffered at attack of influenza, the exhibition tour in which he was engaged with Welker Cochran has been called off, the young players sacrificing dates which were worth about $5,000 to them.

Schaefer expects to leave for California in a few days, and will spend the Summer there recovering his health.

ANNOUNCE RACING DATES.

Maryland Meetings Extend from April 1 to May 17.

The Jockey Club, at its regular monthly meeting yesterday, awarded the racing dates for the three Spring meetings in Maryland, which precede the opening of the Metropolitan season. The dates for the Metropolitan meetings were not announced, but as the Maryland season covers practically the same period as last year the local season will probably begin May 16.

The Maryland season will open at Bowie, where the Southern Maryland Racing Association will conduct a meeting from April 1 to 15, thirteen days, including two Saturdays. The Agricultural and Breeders' Association will conduct a meeting from April 16 to 30, at Havre de Grace, having thirteen days, with two Saturdays, and the Maryland Jockey Club will hold the last of the Spring meetings at Pimlico, May 1 to 17, having fifteen days of racing, with two Saturdays. The last two days of the Pimlico meeting usually conflict with the opening of the Metropolitan tracks. The United Hunts Racing Association will hold a meeting at Belmont Park on May 17 and 21.

The Jockey Club also adopted a ruling against geldings which will set up a barrier against such performers as Billy Kelly. In its amended form the rule reads:

"No gelding three-year-old and upward shall be qualified to start in any race closing seventy-two hours or more before the date of running, except handicaps and selling races. This rule shall not apply to horses gelded prior to Feb. 13, 1919."

Aside from the awarding of dates the most important business of the meeting was the appointment of officials for the year. The appointments were as follows:

Starter, Mars Casidy; handicapper, W. S. Vosburgh, secretary to the handicapper, H. O. Vosburgh; placing judges, E. C. Smith, and C. H. Pettingill; clerk of the scales, P. U. Homan, assistant to the clerk of the scales, Albert Burlen; patrol judges, J. L. Hall, E. H. Hanna, and James McLaughlin.

The License Committee considered the applications of Jockeys Johnny Loftus and Lawrence Lyke and E. Forehand for jockey licenses, but after some discussion these were laid on the table and the permits were not granted.

Present at the meeting were August Belmont, Edward B. Cassett, Robert L. Gerry, H. K. Knapp, Andrew Miller, John Sanford, F. K. Sturgis, and William Woodward.

SCORE IN SQUASH TOURNEY.

Noted Players to Clash in Annual Invitation Affair.

Play in the National Squash Tennis Association's annual invitation tournament will commence tomorrow at the Yale Club, when four matches in the preliminary round will be decided. The tournament has attracted an entry of twenty players. The upper half of the preliminary round will hold matches between H. W. Carhart, Yale Club, and Irving H. Cornell, Columbia Club, and R. E. Wigham, Columbia Club, and J. A. Vietor, Yale Club. In the lower half are T. Livingston Platt, Yale Club, and A. E. Ells, Harvard Club, and W. J. Knapp, Squash Club, and S. Wainwright, Yale Club.

Continue Races at Speedway.

It is announced by J. Bert Young, Manager of the Speedway at Sheepshead Bay, that he is now negotiating with a group of auto racing sportsmen to plan the running of the three races allotted that track July 26, Aug. 23, and Sept. 20, and that all other attractions booked for the season will be carried out.

Montreal Wins Curling Trophy.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Feb. 13.—The Montreal Curling Club won the Edwards Trophy from the Country Club of Brookline, Mass., today by a score of 50 to 34.

PACT WITH MINORS STILL HOLDS GOOD

National League Will Continue Business Relations Under Old Agreement.

When the minor leagues declared their independence and decided to go their way and let the major leagues worry along as best they could, those behind the project intended that new conditions should go into effect immediately. Now it develops that they were not as anxious to get their freedom as they appear to be. President John A. Heydler has sent out word to all National League clubs that the National Agreement between the majors and minors is still in existence, and ordered all clubs to conduct business with the minors the same way as in the past, until further notice.

In other words, the National Agreement has never been abrogated, as the minors believed it to be, and until some new agreement is made with the majors governing relations between the organizations business will be conducted as formerly. Consequently the dreams which Joe Tinker of Columbus and some of the other Western minor league magnates had about building up major league clubs of their own and selling ball players for as large sums as they cared to ask have been temporarily shattered.

It does not seem likely that a new agreement between the majors and minors will be signed before the present season opens, and consequently players will go from one organization to the other on the same conditions as in the past. The temporary agreement which the minors drew up was approved by Chairman August Herrmann of the National Commission, but Presidents Heydler and Johnson refused to sign it.

It now develops that the reason they did not sign it was because the minors in this document claimed territory where baseball leagues have been extinct for two or three seasons. The major leagues flatly refused to give the minors jurisdiction over imaginary minor organizations. There were eight minor leagues in existence at the time of the joint meeting here and the minors want the territorial rights to sixteen circuits, seven of which do not exist.

Baseball men are wondering just what is going to happen at the end of the Spring training season when the major leagues will have to turn loose many young players to keep their player limits down to twenty-one men. Some of the minor leagues will insist that the national agreement has been abrogated and will not recognize it, although the major leagues will insist that it is still in operation.

It is believed that the plan of the minors is to have the majors turn loose their excess players and let them automatically become free agents. Then the minors can take the pick of them for their own clubs. This will mean, of course, that some of the minor league players who have been engaged will be sent adrift to make way for the more promising players released by the majors. It is doubtful if this plan of the minor leagues will materialize, because with the National Agreement still recognized by the majors, the minors will realize that it is to their advantage to take the majors young talent under the same optional conditions that have existed in the past.

The Captain Edward L. Grant Memorial Association was organized yesterday at the offices of the New York Baseball Club of the National League, with John J. McGraw as President, Sam Crane, Secretary, and John B. Foster, Treasurer. The object of the organization is "for the purpose of providing a fitting memorial for a soldier who made the supreme sacrifice in France, for a baseball player who was a credit to the game, for a patriot, and for a man."

All subscribers to the fund will automatically become members of the association. The memorial will be erected at the Polo Grounds, where Captain Grant played his last ball game. Subscriptions to the fund will be entirely voluntary and no solicitors are authorized to collect funds. The New York Club started the subscriptions with $200.

PILKINGTON RING VICTOR.

Local Champion Beats Western Titleholder in Crescent A. C. Bout.

Charles Pilkington of the Union Settlement A. C., New York State 125-pound amateur boxing champion, defeated George Brandler of the Olympic Club, San Francisco, Pacific Coast champion, in an interesting bout last night at the Crescent A. C. of Brooklyn. The contest was a special attraction, in addition to the final matches in the New Moon Club's monthly tournament. Pilkington gained the judges' award in three rounds. Brandler is in the naval service and is stationed at Ellis Island.

The winners of the regular classes were: 110 Pounds—A. J. De Vito, New West Side A. C.; 115 Pounds—Sam Nable, Clark House A. A.; 125 Pounds—J. Hausner, Clark House A. A.; 135 Pounds—E. Crozier, Bronxdale A. C. In a special 115-pound bout A. Arra, Quick Step A. C., defeated P. Kurnin, Barret Gymnasium, in three rounds, judges' decision.

CANNEFAX WINS AGAIN.

Plays Spectacular Game Against Harry Frisch.

Robert Cannefax of St. Louis, former three-cushion carom billiard champion, scored another victory in his handicap match against Harry Frisch at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn last night. The score was 40 to 23 in thirty-eight innings.

Kieckhefer Wins from De Oro.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—Augie Kieckhefer, three-cushion billiard champion, tonight defeated Alfred De Oro, the Cuban expert from New York, by winning the first block 50 to 45 in sixty-three innings. De Oro, from whom Kieckhefer won the championship a year ago, gave an exhibition of skill, making a high run of eight, but Kieckhefer quickly passed him. Kieckhefer's high run was four.

Blumenthal Defeats Spence.

William Blumenthal defeated D. Spence in a closely contested ninety-three-inning game by the score of 50 to 49, at Thum's Academy last night, in the three-cushion championship tournament of the A. A. B. A. Blumenthal made a high run of 3, while his opponent's best effort was 4. Tonight Joseph Cosgrove will play A. Ortiz.

CORNELL ATTACKS BIG THREE POLICY

Aloofness of Yale, Harvard, and Princeton in Athletics Is Called Undemocratic.

Severe criticism of Harvard, Yale, and Princeton because of their alleged closed athletic syndicate is being made by several colleges, but the loudest protest against the exclusive policy of the Big Three comes from Cornell. The action of the three universities in confining their athletic activities to themselves is called undemocratic and against the spirit of the times. The Ithacans freely predict that the attempt by the Big Three to build up a "sport autocracy" is courting disaster and that the "policy of self-sufficiency and self-contained competition will prove a boomerang."

The sentiments which have just been expressed by Cornell are shared by other colleges, including Pennsylvania. The protest of Cornell is voiced in The Cornell Daily Sun, which does not mince words in commenting on the resented policy of Harvard, Yale, and Princeton. The criticism has been so severe that it has led to the plan of Pennsylvania, Cornell, Dartmouth, and Columbia to pool their athletic interests.

The Cornell Sun, in discussing the subject, says: "Perhaps the college world awaits anxiously and breathlessly the rending of the veil of secrecy regarding the athletic plans of Harvard, Princeton, and Yale. Perhaps American colleges will not feel able to go wagging along their way until the Big Three tribunal issues its decrees. Perhaps.

"The existence of 'powerful' cliques controlling the future of intercollegiate athletics is at once the greatest stumbling block to success and the greatest menace to the future of the whole system. The easily arrived at conclusion that a given group contains within its restricted confines all the meat and marrow sems to constitute the raison d'être and the strength of the Big Three. Harvard, Yale, and Princeton are perhaps just a little behind the times in setting up their hierarchy of intercollegiate sport. With the multiplicity of colleges sending teams out into intercollegiate competition the existence of a sport aristocracy is an anomaly and an anachronism.

"The Big Three idea is a bit undemocratic and against the spirit of the times. College athletic competition should be broadened in scope. Any attempt at forming closed syndicates attacks the very essence of athletics. War should have taught the Big Three a lesson or so; and it is possible that the forthcoming army plan of preparedness may include a few eye openers for the self-constituted Big Three.

"There is no university or group of universities possessing either the prestige or power to control the athletic affairs of American colleges. And so it happens that the artificial Big Three idea as only taken seriously, sans salt at Cambridge, Princeton, and New Haven. It is annoying to democratic America to learn that three institutions choose to isolate themselves, and to send out the mandate that their triangular competition constitutes the aims and end and the all of intercollegiate athletics. There is just a suspicion that some of the pool's tadpoles may grow; perhaps some day the Big Three's policy of self-sufficiency and self-contained competition will prove a boomerang.

"It is not unthinkable that the Big Three policy of aloofness may contain within itself the seeds of disaster. The very phrase Big Three is a contradiction, and even now the Big Three is losing some of its old time sway. The future will see a broadening of the field of intercollegiate competition. Then the Big Three must either recognize the error of its way, or self-sufficiency and isolation will bring disaster."

FIRST TICKET FOR BOUT.

Rickard Disposes of Box for Big Fight for $600.

The first sale of tickets for the proposed heavyweight championship boxing bout between Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey was recorded yesterday by Promoter Tex Rickard. The Western promoter announced that he had made his first sale to a well-known millionaire who is an enthusiast of boxing. The sale provided for boxes in the first and fourth rows. The boxes contain six seats each, at a value of $50 each. Rickard received a certified check for $600.

Rickard did not disclose the name of the purchaser. The unidentified enthusiast at first requested that ten boxes be placed at his disposal, but Rickard would not agree.

Hold Wrestling Meet March 17.

The national amateur wrestling championship titles will be decided March 17 and 18, according to an announcement made yesterday by Frederick W. Rubien, Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U.

CARNEGIE DEFEATS BAXTER.

Meets Clarke in Championship Round at Palm Beach Today.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 13.—Semi-finals of the annual South Florida golf tourney today contained a couple of tourney today contained a couple of updrew Carnegie 2d, and H. C. Clarke, facing each other for the championship round. The first surprise was Carnegie's defeat of W. J. Baxter, Oakland, and the second the elimination in the third division of J. S. Elwell, Apawamis, by John Shepard, Jr., Rhode Island, Elwell having won his match yesterday in an average of under 4 and an outward journey of 32, the best in the present tourney.

Scores—First Division semi-finals; H. C. Clarke, Myopia, defeated Charles E. Vanvleck, Englewood, 3 to 2; Andrew Carnegie, 2d, Myopia, defeated W. J. Baxter, Oakland, 2 and 1.

Xavier Five Defeats Curtis.

The Xavier High School basket ball team defeated the Curtis High School five in a closely contested game on the latter's court, by the score of 32 to 31.

REAL WINTER

is in the North Woods now—to be properly equipped for the winter sports there take Taylor

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Helps keep peace in the family, too, to know that the lady has the privilege of changing her mind! Money is simply on deposit until she's absolutely sure that suit, overcoat, hat, shoes, shirt, whatever it is, is just what she wants him to have.

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Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

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OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
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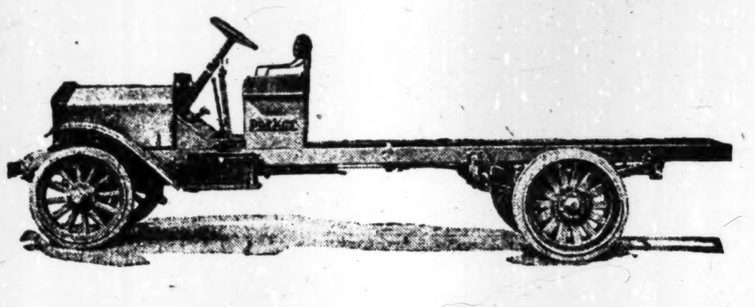
Why not have a derby, too?
They're coming back strong.
SPRING STYLES $2.50, $3.40, $4.40
SOFT HATS $2.40, $2.90, $3.40
Cloth Hats 75c up—Caps 65c up



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TRUCKS
Six Cylinder Motor
Electric Self Starter

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at the Truck Show

AFTER several months of diligent investigation and try-out of many makes of motor trucks, we finally decided upon the PARKER line, and our judgment has more than been confirmed at the Show.

For verily, the PARKER is creating a sensation!

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The Truck With the "Six Cylinder Pull"

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This continuous torque or 6-cylinder pull prolongs the life of the driving units of the chassis. It spares the gears, the worm and the worm-wheel, the axles, the tires and, most of all, the motor's internal self. It furnishes a smoothness and flexibility of power application heretofore unknown in motor trucks.

The Electric Starter a Time and Money Saver.

The Electric Starter adds 40% to the life of the motor—or, to put it another way, it saves 75 days useless motor wear yearly, because it cuts off at least 2 hours of motor idling per day.

It eliminates motor abuse, and prevents carbonizing. It will save $225 per year on gasoline alone. And it will save 300 hours of truck time per year—to say nothing of making it easier for the driver.

These are FACTS, and we are proving them to the satisfaction of our visitors at the Show—we would like to prove them to YOU.

The Economy Truck—Prove It Yourself.

In addition to the features mentioned, here are some others that spell ECONOMY—heavy radius rods—extremely long springs—Parker four-speed transmission—Parker full floating rear axles; they all mean economy of operation, and satisfaction to users.

We would like to have you see the PARKER, and invite you to examine it at Madison Square Garden during the Truck Show—or any time later at our salesroom.

Motor truck buyers are seeking just what the PARKER truck, more than any other, represents—the most continuous service under all conditions at the lowest operating costs.

Don't fail to see it—a genuine sensation in the motor truck field!

Dealers: Progressive dealers who are anxious to secure an agency for a complete line of trucks will do well to get in touch with us. The PARKER Agency will get you away from competition as no other agency can. Wire, write or call for particulars.

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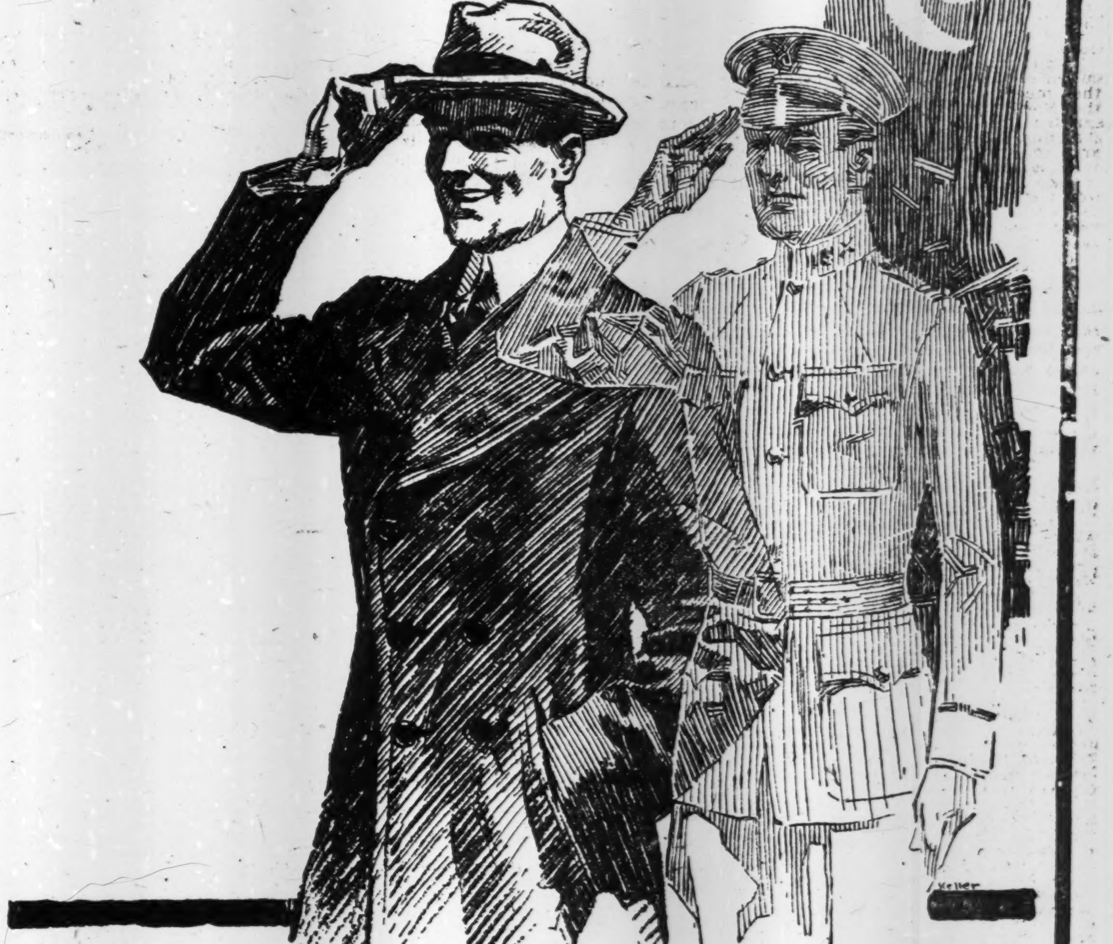

Monroe Overcoats $17.

Monroe Clothes $21. Distinctive, high grade Winter Suits and Overcoats at a tremendous saving.

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OUTLINES VAST PLAN TO BETTER THIS PORT

Gustav Lindenthal Would Link Us to Jersey with Bridge, Tunnels, and Railroad.

UNION STATION IN THIS CITY

Great Freight Classification Yard on Jersey Meadows and Belt Line All Around Harbor.

Members of the New York-New Jersey Port and Harbor Development Commission, of which William R. Willcox is Chairman, met yesterday at 115 Broadway and listened to a plan formulated by Gustav Lindenthal, consulting engineer, for the development of the terminal and transportation facilities of the Port of New York.

For many years Mr. Lindenthal has made a special study of the conditions relating to port facilities and especially to railroad freight and passenger terminals. His plan calls for a belt railroad in New Jersey running from near Perth Amboy in a semi-circle to the Hudson River and including a railroad on Staten Island connected by tunnel under Staten Island Sound, the belt line to intersect all railroads in New Jersey.

It also provides for a classification yard in the New Jersey meadows accessible to all railroads and to motor trucks from which local freight to Jersey City and Manhattan could be distributed in carloads and smaller lots; a multiple track high level bridge across the North River; an elevated railroad connecting with the bridge and having two decks down the river front in Manhattan with freight and passenger stations and market halls; about twenty market halls between the Battery and Inwood; tunnels under the North River near Battery Place and crossing over to the New Jersey Central yards and connecting with the west side elevated railroad, thus forming with the existing tracks in New Jersey a loop back to the distribution yard in the meadows.

Union Station in Manhattan.

The plan also calls for a connection between the bridge and the New York Central Railroad north of Fifty-seventh Street; a union passenger station in Manhattan for all the railroads in New Jersey, including the Pennsylvania Railroad, with room for some trains of the New York Central lines; a conveyor railroad or moving platform from the bridge in the subway under Fifty-seventh Street connecting all the existing elevated and subway lines in Manhattan running north and south with the bridge and local lines in New Jersey; rapid transit tracks for connecting with the Ninth Avenue elevated lines and two surface tracks connecting with tracks on Fifty-ninth Street; a pair of tunnel tubes from Greenville, N. J., to Bay Ridge, L. I., about three miles long, to serve as the last link in an all-rail freight line along the Atlantic seaboard from Maine to Florida; a two-track tunnel under Audubon Park to connect the river tracks of the New York Central with the tracks of the Putnam Division and its Harlem Division, and so with the New Haven system, giving another all-rail through line for passengers and freight between New England and New Jersey, and finally a great power plant to supply electric power for all transportation lines, electrical locomotives to be used everywhere.

The cost of the project, not including river-front improvements and shipping piers, is $211,000,000, which Mr. Lindenthal says is not excessive when compared with the $500,000,000 cost for subways in Manhattan and Brooklyn, used merely for local passenger transportation.

In discussing the financing and execution of the work Mr. Lindenthal said that much of it could be done through the North River Bridge Company, an existing Federal corporation. He stated that this company, having already been granted certain powers necessary for such a large undertaking, could co-operate with the commission, which would still leave a very large share of the work, particularly that relating to water-front improvement, entirely in the hands of the Port Commission.

Comprehensiveness of Plan.

"The comprehensiveness of the plan, as far as the railroads are concerned," said Mr. Lindenthal, "is apparent from the fact that every railroad in New Jersey would have a direct entrance into Manhattan for freight and passengers, and also direct connection with the railroads on Long Island, Staten Island, and in New England. Provision is made so that all railroads within the territory of the future free port of New York can readily and directly reach tidewater frontage on Staten Island Sound and on Staten Island along the lower bay, as well as in the upper bay, where there would be a very extensive system of steamer piers, each 2,000 feet long, on the Hudson River on both the New Jersey and Manhattan sides."

Mr. Lindenthal also pointed out that while the present time is not propitious for construction on account of the high prices of material, the work of studying and preparing plans should begin at once, as well as the necessary negotiations with the railroads.

There will be a conference at 11 o'clock this morning in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce between Governor Smith of New York and Governor Edge of New Jersey, as well as legislative committees of both States, regarding the tentative draft of amendments to the treaty of 1834 between New York and New Jersey fixing and determining the rights and obligations of the States in and about New York Bay and the Hudson River.

The New York representatives besides Governor Smith will be Lieut. Gov. Walker, Senators Walters, Sage, Foley, and Burlingame; Speaker Sweet, Assemblymen Adler, Machold, Martin, and Donohue; Attorney General Newton and Assistant Corporation Counsel McGoldrick.

DISCUSSES RUSSIA'S PERIL.

A German Dictator May Get Control Ultimately, Corse Asserts.

Speaking last night on "Russia and the Reconstruction" at a meeting held in the Bush Terminal Sales Building, Frederick M. Corse, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American-Russian Chamber of Commerce, predicted that if the Allies did not interfere in Russia and establish order, the country would sink to such complete anarchy that a German would be able to step in as dictator and organize it on a German basis.

"If left alone Russia will go from Bolshevism to complete anarchy," he said. "An absolute dictatorship will follow; the dictator will be a German and Russia will welcome him. There is no place except Russia where the German can migrate. Already there are thousands of Germans in Russia who know the language and customs. In the event of a dictatorship, the Germans will go ahead and thoroughly organize the country on a German basis; then in possibly thirty years the world will face another menace of a Germanized Slavic nation.

Speaking on the Bolshevist rise of power in Russia, the speaker said that if the country had had a man like Ole Hanson, the Mayor of Seattle, in July, 1917, the present régime could not have gained power. He said Bolshevism was not Russian by origin, but was transported to the country by 100,000 exiles from such places as the east side of New York and the Latin quarter of Paris.

"They act on the theory of do what you please, take what you want and assassinate anybody who interferes." Mr. Corse said.

The Allies, Mr. Corse said, should throw down the gauntlet to the Bolsheviki in Russia and aid the country in establishing a democratic form of government. In the enterprise of rehabilitating Russia, America should play the chief part, Mr. Corse asserted. The speaker related several stories of dealings with the Trotsky government and of the plight of the business man in Russia.

2,995 MORE TROOPS HOME FROM FRANCE

Cruiser Seattle and Transports Santa Teresa and Peerless Meet Rough Weather.

BARNEY FLOOD RETURNS

New York Policeman Denies Reports of Crimes by American Troops in Paris.

Two steamships and a United States cruiser arrived here yesterday with 2,995 troops from France. The cruiser Seattle, from Brest, had on board 1,356 troops and 25 enlisted men of the navy. Her list included the medical detachment, First Battalion Headquarters, and Companies A, B, and C, all of the 163d Infantry of the 43d Division; 116th Supply Train and other detachments, all of the same division; Battery C of the 50th Regiment of the Coast Artillery Corps; Casual Company 235 of New York, and 13 casual officers. The returned troops included 91 enlisted men of the Kentucky and Montana National Guards.

The Santa Teresa, from Bordeaux, brought in 1,456 army men and a naval officer. All except one man had been wounded, and were from the Bordeaux Convalescent Detachments 1 to 7, 684 men; Detachments 17 and 18, 16 officers and 12 men; Detachment 65, 65 officers and 31 men; Casual Company 31, 1 officer and 73 men, and medical casual detachments. The steamship Peerless brought 157 officers and men, including Casual Company 24, of California men.

Among those who returned on the Santa Teresa was Captain Barney Flood, on leave from the police department, who has been serving as head of the Army's Bureau of Criminal Investigation, under Provost Marshal General Bandholz. He denied that there was a crime wave among American soldiers of the Expeditionary Force. Not only was the percentage of crime among the Americans small, but, the Captain said, the men who were found to be ex-criminals in nearly every instance made good. "The men who had been criminals, and who got to France with the army, proved honest and patriotic in nearly every case," he said. "They made good. There is absolutely no organized bandit gang in the whole American Army in France."

For a time Captain Flood was assigned to the French and British Governments. He worked on the Bolo Pasha case for France. His bureau sent back 700 undesirable civilians, and was instrumental in picking up a great many neutrals who were either known to be working for Germany or whose neutrality was a matter of suspicion. He went to Coblenz with the American Army. There he found the attitude of the Germans was one of tolerance.

Lieutenant A. Howard Neely of 549 Riverside Drive came back on the ship. He was with the 107th Field Artillery, and was gassed on the Marne on July 29. Lieutenant Neely recovered from that but on Oct. 24, in the Meuse sector, a big high explosive shell dropped near him filling his legs with splinters and that, added to rheumatism which he contracted, caused him to come home on crutches. Lieutenant Neely went overseas as a private with the 1st Depot Battalion of the Signal Corps and was made a First Lieutenant in the Argonne fighting in September.

Wears the Croix de Guerre.

Lieutenant F. V. Brown of Chattanooga, Tenn., came back wearing the Croix de Guerre for his work at Cantigny on May 28 at the head of his company. He broke up a counter-attack of the Germans, reorganized his men, went back at the Germans in front of him and put them out of action.

Lieutenant Thornton Hooper of Atlantic City was with the 11th Aero Squadron. After eighteen months in France, while flying over Conflans on Sept. 18 with four other machines, nine German planes came out of the clouds, attacked them and brought them down behind the enemy lines. He and his observer, Ralph R. Root, were captured and taken to Strasberg, where he said they were nearly starved.

Like other vessels arriving, the cruiser Seattle encountered rough weather and her log narrates having weathered a 106-mile hurricane that carried away her instruments for recording its velocity. So bad was the wind, the officers said, that the log trailing aft was lifted from the water and carried through the air as though the Seattle were flying a kite.

"Still," said Commander Culbertson, "that is not so bad as I once met with off Madagascar. When we tried to come to an anchor the anchor blew out ahead of us on 30 fathoms of chain and we had to put to sea again."

One seaman died from pneumonia on the voyage, and the vessel also brought home the body of a member of the crew who died on the outward voyage.

It was appropriate that the Seattle should bring home the 1st Battalion of the 116th Signal Corps, for Major J. A. Jackson, a civil engineer of Seattle, said that nearly all of the battalion was recruited there.

There was one officer among the thirteen casuals on the Seattle that got a shock on the high seas and hastened to send a wireless message home that he had not been killed in action. It was Lieutenant James H. Briggs, an ordnance officer, whose wife resides in Houston, Texas. During the voyage Lieutenant Briggs read in an old copy of a New York newspaper which he found aboard that he had been reported "killed in action."

The Finland, with a total of 3,353 passengers aboard, is expected to dock at Hoboken about 8 o'clock this morning. Brig. Gen. Daniel W. Ketcham is in command of the troops aboard the Finland, which include base hospital No. 18, 27 officers and 145 men; 34th Coast Artillery Brigade of Headquarters, 8 officers and 36 men, all from New York; casual companies, 483, Iowa; 484, Michigan; 485 (colored, from various sections); 486, Missouri; 487, Connecticut; 488, Illinois; 489, Massachusetts; 491, Ohio; 492, Oklahoma; 493, Pennsylvania; 494, Kentucky; 495, New York, and 496, Minnesota. Each has two officers and an average of 150 men. There are 30 casual officers, including 24 air service, and 6 civilians.

CROWDER IS REAPPOINTED.

Renominated Judge Advocate General and Confirmed by Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Nomination of Major General Enoch Crowder to be Judge Advocate General of the army for another term of four years was confirmed tonight by the Senate. The nomination from the President was received during the day and was immediately approved by the Senate Military Committee, which interrupted a public hearing to act, because General Crowder's present term will expire Saturday.

Since the United States entered the war, General Crowder has been Provost Marshal General under special detail by the President, and he will continue the work of that office until it is concluded. Brigadier General Ansell has been acting Judge Advocate General.

There were reports at one time, and they were the subject of lively discussion at the Capitol, that General Crowder would not be reappointed because of differences with General March over administrative questions.

Dutch Steamer Sunk by Mine.

CHRISTIANIA, Feb. 13.—The Dutch steamer Riek, Rotterdam to Bergen, struck a mine and sank three miles off the Norwegian coast on Wednesday. The crew was saved and has landed at Christianstad.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The War Department published the following Army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following to Vladivostok, Russia:

MAJORS.

Absher, D. C.
Allen, C. D.
Axline, M. H.
Lay, H. T.
Black, H. O.
Graham, R. E.
Kline, E.

CAPTAINS.

Alsup, F. F.
Ashby, J. W.
Bell, H. Y.
Dingman, H. W.
Carpenter, E. A.
Fenton, W. W.
Frundt, O. C.
Konigmacher, A. H.
Berry, J. F.
Bittner, C. L.
Bolton, B. R.
Durgin, E. C.
Massey, B.
Murray, J. G.
O'Brien, T. W.
Petty, L. A.
Robinson, L. B.
Sharp, H.
Truxal, C. W.
Van Hook, H. W.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Baldwin, A. K.
Bellin, L. M.
Betts, H. H.
Cadwallader, C.
Freeman, E. E.
Freund, C.
Jones, J. H.
Kopecky, J.
Livingston, W. R.
McBirney, R. S.
McCreight, M. C.
McKinley, R. W.
Mix, W. S.
Olcott, C. T.
Rock, J. H.
Sauer, F. J.
Van Hecke, D. S.
Wynne, W. R.

Von Schrader, Lt. Col. A., to Hoboken.
Robinson, Lt. Col. J. L., to Hoboken.
Taylor, Lt. Col. W. J., to Camp Meade.
Smith, Maj. C. H., to Hosp. No. 30, Plattsburg Barracks.
Murphy, Maj. W. A., to Hoboken.
Schwab, Maj. S. I., to Hosp. No. 6, Ft. McPherson.
Jean, Maj. G. W., (Captain U. S. A., retired,) hon. discharged as Major only.
Jerauld, Maj. F. N. C., to Camp Lee.
Jean, Maj. G. W., to his home.
Beckley, Maj. C. C., to Ft. Riley.
Broderick, Maj. J. J., to Hosp. 31, Carlisle, Penn.
Plummer, Maj. W. W., to Hosp. No. 4, Ft. Porter, for discharge.
Stearns, Maj. C. H., report to Cmdg. Gen., Western Dept. for duty.
Maes, Maj. W., to Base Hosp. No. 1, Ft. Sam Houston.
Suttle, Maj. O. A., report to Cmdg. Gen. Southern Dept. for duty.
Tucker, Maj. H., to Camp Eustis.
Spilman, Maj. R. S., to Army and Navy Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., sick.
Le Baron, Maj. C., to San Fran., and sail for the Philippines.
Wheat, Maj. A. F., to Camp Taylor.
Kidner, Maj. F. C., to Army Med. School.
Samuel, Capt. M. I., to Hosp. 16, New Haven.
Knoop, Capt. E. T.; Pfeffer, Capt. F. J.; Loop, 1st Lt. A. L.; McDowell, 1st Lt. O. C., to Hosp. 28, Ft. Sheridan.
Lewis, Capt. F. E., to Hosp. 10, Boston.
Sandow, Capt. B. F., to Ellington Field.
Ranz, Capt. W. E., to Camp Sherman.
Van Sant, Capt. W. L., to Camp Upton.
Maskell, Capt. L. J., to Camp Devens.
Smith, Capt. H. S., to Hosp. 8, Otisville, N. Y.
Miller, Capt. R. F., to Hosp. 1, Ft. Sam Houston.
Hearst, Capt. W. L., to Hosp. 29, Ft. Snelling.
Wilson, Capt. J. D., to the Philippines.
Pascoe, 1st Lt. C., to Letterman Hosp.
Logan, 1st Lt. J. A., to the Philippines.
Brook, 1st Lt. D. H., to Ellington Field.
Engelmann, 1st Lt. O. R., to Ellington Field.
Rienertz, 1st Lt. E. G., to Wilbur Wright Field.
Goldman, 1st Lt. C., to Camp Lee.
McCarthy, 1st Lt. J. D., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Bogan, 1st Lt. R., report to Cmdg. Gen. Camp Meade.
Kleckner, 1st Lt. M. S., to Hoboken.
Tucker, 1st Lt. C. C., assigned to duty Hosp. 21, Denver.
Cushing, 1st Lt. A. A., to Hosp. 10, Boston.
Wilkerson, 1st. Lt F. W., hon. discharged.
Hyland, 1st Lt. C. M., to Hosp. 31, Carlisle, Penn.
Dwyer, 1st Lt. W., hon. discharged.
Schaefer, 1st Lt. C. O., to Hosp. 28, Ft. Sheridan.
Martzloff, 1st Lt. K. H., to Hosp. 28, Ft. Sheridan.
Hartford, 1st Lt. W. S., to Canal Zone.
Merten, 1st Lt. P. J., to Hosp. 28, Ft. Sheridan.
Wolcott, 1st Lt. W. E., to duty in Base Hosp., Camp Dodge.
Battey, 1st Lt. H. I., to Camp Lee.
Dorger, 1st Lt. P. H., to duty as asst. to Camp Sanitary Inspector at Camp Sherman.
Dugan, 1st Lt. R. D., to Base Hosp, Camp Hancock, sick.
Hake, 1st Lt. C. B., and Strauss, 1st Lt. M. J., to duty in Base Hosp., Camp Pike.

Quartermaster Corps.

Merriam, Col. H. M., will assume duties as Zone Supply Officer at Baltimore.
Proctor, Lt. Col. R. F., to Baltimore and continue his present duties in charge of construction in the Curtis Bay Ord. Depot.
Montgomery, Maj. H. M., to duty as Asst. to Chief of Const. Div.
Chandler, Maj. G. M., to duty as Asst. to Chief Const. Div.
Wall, Capt. W., to Washington, report to the Director, Purchase, Storage and Traffic.
Hill, Capt. D. S., to Ft. Leavenworth, relieving 1st Lt. H. W. Weiss.
Pagen, Capt. W. W., to take station, Baltimore, as Asst. to Constructing Qm., Curtis Bay Ord. Depot.
Patrick, Capt. M. L., to Ft. Sam Houston.
Ledford, 1st Lt. E., to Jefferson Barracks.
Kissinger, 1st Lt. A. L., to Camp Knox.
Hulberg, 1st Lt. O. H., to duty as asst. to Zone Supply Officer, N. Y.
Whippler, 1st Lt. F. R., to Camp Lee.
Hallock, 1st Lt. S. N., to Columbus, Ohio, as asst. to Cmdg. Officer Army Reserve Depot.
Smith, 1st Lt. A. M., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Goldman, 1st Lt. J. M., to Washington duty in Motors and Vehicles Division.
Dean, 1st Lt. J. N., to Newport News.
Hennessy, 1st Lt. M. J., to Hosp. 21, Denver, sick.
Cheatham, 1st Lt. R. S., to Camp Eustis.
Thompson, 1st Lt. H. A., to Camp Gordon.
Landman, 1st Lt. H. C., to Governors Island and for duty as asst. to Dept. Q. M.
Rees, 1st Lt. S. P., to duty as asst. to Chief Const. Div.
Torbert, 1st Lt. T. W., to Hosp. 8, Otisville, N. Y.
Grenoble, Capt. W. S., Whittaker, 1st Lt. H. A., to Vladivostok, Russia.

Infantry.

Ashbrook, Lt. Col. R. W., to Camp Sherman, with 40th.
Persons, Lt. Col. W. E., detailed as Prof. of Tactics at Univ. of Missouri.
Burt, Maj. R. J., to Washington for duty with the Morale Branch, Gen. Staff.
Ward, Capt. F. R.; Horgan, 1st Lt. H. A., and Davidson, 1st Lt. J. S., to Vladivostok.
Brosius, Capt. C. L., to Ft. Sam Houston.
Kramer, Capt. O., hon. discharged.
Robinson, Capt. E. E., to Hosp. 36, Detroit, sick.
Jones, Capt. H. C. H., hon. discharged.
Sebastian, Capt. H. G., attached to 10th, Camp Custer.
Wahl, Capt. F., detailed as Prof. of Military Tactics at Loyola Univ., Chicago.
Moore, Capt. C. M., to 24th, Columbus, N. M.
Riddell, Capt. R. R., hon. discharged.
Williams, Capt. W., Jr., 810th Pioneer, to Washington, then to Rockford, Ill., for insurance duty.
Lester, Capt. G. W., to Camp Merritt, for duty with 13th.
Elliott, Capt. E. R., Hoboken.
Mackey, 1st Lt. H. E., to Hosp. 3, Colonia, N. J., sick.
Parker, 1st Lt. C. E., detailed with the Commission on Training Activities.
Cooper, 1st Lt. H. P., to Hoboken.
Embree, 1st Lt. F. V., hon. discharged.
Hills, 1st Lt. D. D., to Camp McArthur for examination.
Guillet, 1st Lt. J. P., hon. discharged as 1st Lt. only.
Sullivan, 1st Lt. C., hon. discharged, as 1st Lt. only.
Smith, 1st Lt. D. G., hon. discharged, as 1st Lt. only.
Torpey, 1st Lt. J. C., to Camp Meade for discharge.
Craig, 1st Lt. M. E., to Stillwater, Okla., as Prof. of Military Tactics at Oklahoma A. and M. College.
Whitgrove, 1st Lt. B. S., to Hosp. 32, Chicago, sick.
Little, 1st Lt. J. B., to Hosp. 25, Ft. Harrison, sick.
Neuhouser, 1st Lt. J. P., to Hosp. 21, Denver, sick.
Pomeroy, 1st Lt. E. C., report to Acting Director Mil. Intelligence Div. for discharge.
Ashford, 1st Lt. L. K., detailed as prof. of military tactics at Texas Military College.
Burns, 1st Lt. W. J., to Gen. Hosp., Whipple Barracks, sick.

Engineers.

Newcomer, Col. H. C., to 3d Engrs. on arrival at Honolulu.
Dunn, Col. B. C.; Akin, Lt. Col. A. D.; Hayes, Maj. W. R., to Camp Humphreys.
Conklin, Maj. J. F., to Commanding General A. E. F.
Massel, Maj. C., to Coast Art. Officers' School, Ft. Monroe.
Barns, Maj. F. R., to Chief of Engrs.
Sever, Maj. G. F., to Boston.
Scars, Capt. F. M., to Camp Humphreys.
Perry, Capt. W. L. G., to Camp Humphreys.
Holcomb, 1st Lt. T. W., to Chief of Engrs.
Adams, Capt. W. H., to Gen. Hosp. No. 20, Whipple Barracks.
Graham, 1st Lt. L. D. C., to Canastota, N. Y.
Howard, 1st Lt. C. D., to Peru, Ind., and by letter to the Chief of Engrs., for assignment.

Ordnance.

Johnson, Maj. H. S., to Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic, Washington.
Carney, Maj. M. T., to Watertown Arsenal.
Tenney, Capt. G. E., to Manila, P. I., arsenal.
Cook, Capt. O. L., to 111th Ord. Depot Co., Rockford, Ill.
Newth, Capt. A. W., to District Ord. Office, Philadelphia.
Quickmire, Capt. J. W., to Gen. Ord. Depot, Woodbury, Penn.
Calvin, 1st Lt. H. H., to Dist. Ord. Office, Philadelphia.
Banister, 1st Lt. E. S., to Dist. Ord. Office, Philadelphia.
Tanner, 1st Lt. P., to Ft. Wingate.
Stowell, 1st Lt. L. C., to 109th Ord. Depot Co., Camp Taylor.
Morris, 1st Lt. A. C., to 121st Depot Co., Camp Sevier.
Webster, 1st Lt. G. E., to Dist. Ord Office, Philadelphia.
Franzheim, Capt. G. W.; Peter, Capt. A. G.; King, Maj. G. L.; Broom, 1st Lt. H. C., and Field, 1st Lt. R. N., to Chief of Ord., Washington

Coast Artillery.

Hopkins, Col. J. P., to Paris, as American representative to the Inter-Allied Aircraft Committee.
Kilburn, Lt. Col. C. L., to Chief of C.A., Washington.
Silkman, Maj. E. F., will assume duty as Disbursing Officer at Ft. Howard.
Foote, Maj. W. C., to Ft. Monroe.
Kerr, Maj. C., to Ft. Monroe.
Weeks, Maj. L. B., to Chief of C.A., Washington.
Weeks, Maj. L. B., to Chief of C.A.
Ayres, Capt. W., to Chief of C.A., Washington.
Gephart, Capt W. T., to Camp Eustis.
Ryerson, Capt. R. E., honorably discharged.
Collins, Capt. J., to Ft. Scott.
Peck, 1st Lt. R. L., honorably discharged.
Thompson, 1st Lt. S. W., honorably discharged.

Air Service.

Kirtland, Lt. Col. R. C., to Middletown, Penn.
Sloan, Capt. J., to Washington.
Sherman, Capt. J. H., to Washington.
Sherman, Capt. J. H., to Gen. Staff, Washington.
Tyrel, 1st Lt. C. P., to Gen. Hosp. No. 21, Garden City, treatment.
Bonhag, 1st Lt. G. V., to Washington.
Rather, 1st Lt. W. G., to Port of Embarkation, Newport News.

Field Artillery.

Smith, Col. W. H., to Camp Taylor.
Dougherty, Lt.Col. L. R., to Texas A. and M. College, Texas.
Davison, Maj. M. F., to Camp Knox.
Lawson, Maj. L. L., to 82d, El Paso, Texas.
Johnson, Maj. J. H., 36th, to Ft. Monroe.
Marsh, Maj. R., to 1st F. A., Ft. Sill.
Bryden, Capt. W., and Hand, Capt. D. W., to Ft. Sill.
Blakely, Capt. C. S., to Camp Knox.
Lardin, Capt. L. E., 46th, to Letterman General Hosp., San Francisco.
Lentz, 1st Lt. B. X., to Camp Taylor.
Moyer, 1st Lt. E. G., to Atlanta, Ga.

Dental Corps.

Gunckel, Lt.Col. G. I., to Ft. Bayard.
Boyd, 1st Lt. J. L., to Camp MacArthur.
Albaugh, Maj. H. E., to Camp Sherman as Camp Dental Surg.
Moore, Maj. D. G., to Camp Meade as Camp Dental Surg.
Flanders, 1st Lt. G. H., to Gen. Hosp. No. 11, Camp May.
Pilkington, 1st Lt. E. L., to Gen. Hosp. No. 2, Ft. McHenry.
Rohner, 1st Lt. J. J., to San Francisco for transportation to Cladivostok.

Following 1st Lts. to San Francisco for transportation to Vladivostok.

Blanchard, L. D.
Clancy, J. F.
Keller, F. R.
Kennebeck, G. R.
Matson, J. S.
Pratt, C. B., Jr.
Wells, R. F.
Wilmot, M. D.

Motor Transport Corps.

Ross, Capt. W. A., to Camp Gordon.
Williams, 1st Lt. D. B., to San Francisco for transportation to Vladivostok.
Tomer, 1st Lt. C. H., to Boston.

Signal Corps.

Bean, Capt. J. H., to Carlstrom Field.
Carrico, 1st Lt. A., Jr., to Washington.
Harris, 1st Lt. S. F., to Middle Western and Eastern cities on official business, thence to Detroit, reporting to Commanding Gen. Central Dept.
Miller, 1st Lt. H. W., to 7th F.S.B., Ft. Bliss.

Sanitary Corps.

Milner, Maj. R. D., to Gen. Hosp. No. 24, Pittsburgh.
MacClaire, Capt. D. M., to Washington.
Fyke, 1st Lt. E. E., to Gen. Hosp., St. Louis.
Mockler, 1st Lt. C. F., to Gen. Hosp. No. 21, Denver.
Davidson, 1st Lt. L., to Gen. Hosp. No. 10.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Cox, 1st Lt. R. E., to Edgewood Arsenal.
Murtfeldt, Capt. W. S., to Washington.

Veterinary Corps.

Miller, 1st Lt. L. E., to 16th Cav., Mercedes, Texas.
Hill, 1st Lt. J. A., to Ft. Bliss.
Yost, 1st Lt. H. R., to 8th Cav., Marfa, Texas.
Moore, 1st Lt. H. K., to Camp Logan.
Loy, 1st Lt. M. D., and Curley, Capt. E. M., to Surg. Gen., Washington.

Miscellaneous.

Foust, Capt. H. P., and Murray, 1st Lt. A. M., A. G. D., to the Adjt. Gen., thence to Camp Humphreys.
Crooker, Maj. J. H., Judge Advocate, to Camp Kearny.
Firestone, Capt. F. V., to Washington, D. C.
Malo, Maj. S. C., Judge Advocate, to the J. A. G.
Allen, Maj. C. M., to Case School of Applied Science, Cleveland.
Farmer, 1st Lt. C. R., A. G. D., to Ft. Russell.
Brown, Maj. R. E., to the J. A. G.
Noble, Capt. F. C., A. G. D., to Camp Dix.
Kent, Capt R. C., Jr., A. G. D., to Hoboken.
Gustafson, Capt. A. L., A. G. D., and Graham, 2d Lt. E. L., Inf., to the Ajdt. Gen.
Smith, 1st Lt. S. B., to San Francisco, for transportation to Vladivostok.
Smith, Maj. H. C., to Ft. Russell.
Donnelly, Capt. C. F., A. G. D., to the Adjt. Gen.
Wells, Col. F. B., to the Gen. Staff Corps, Washington.
Roberts, Capt. R. O., to Newark Terminal, N. J.
Davis, Lt. Col. B., Insp. Gen., to the Chief Construction Div., Washington.
Stettinius, Maj. J. L., Judge Advocate, to the J. A. G.
Short, Lt. Col. W. C., to Commanding Officer, Camp Kearny.
Paul, Capt. F. A., Gen. Staff, to San Francisco for transportation to Vladivostok.

Resignations.

Matson, 1st Lt. H., Inf.
Ryerson, 1st Lt. R. E., C. A. C.
Carr, 1st Lt. J. G., Inf.
Peake, 1st Lt. J. B., C. A. C.
Kramer, 1st Lt. O., Inf.
Jones, 1st Lt. H. C. H.

Leaves.

Gee, Col. C. C., Eng., 15 days.
Hoyt, Lt. Col. C. S., Cav., 14 days.
Fitzmaurice, Maj. W. J., Gen. Staff, 14 days.
Huntington, Capt. E., 14 days.
Wilen, 1st Lt. C. H., Dental Corps, one month's extension.
Bridges, Capt. H. W., Q. M. C., two months' extension.
McSweeney, Capt. J. F., Eng., 10 days.
Kollock, 1st Lt. C., 15 days' extension.
Clark, Capt. R. G., F. A., 10 days.
Kinnard, Maj. H. W. O., F. A., 14 days' extension.
Holm, Capt. I. C., 10 days' extension.
Samuel, Capt. M. I., M. C., 10 days.
Wood, Capt. N. A., M. C., 14 days.
Lutz, Maj. R. R., 24 days.

Naval Orders.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders to officers today.

McCormick, Lt. Comdr. E. D., orders of detachment as Naval Attache at The Hague and to duty as assistant to the Naval Attache to that legation.
Barnard, Lt Comdr. J. H., from duty R. S. at Boston to the Pueblo.
Doyle, Lt. Comdr. M. D., from command U. S. S. H-1 to treatment Naval Hosp., New London.
Smith, Lt. Comdr. L. P., from aid on staff Comdr. Div. No. 1, Atlantic Fleet, to temporary duty R. S. New York pending further assignment.
Lake, Lt. Comdr. F. U., from Div. No. 1, Atlantic Fleet, to temporary duty R. S. New York pending further assignment.
Gray, Lt. Comdr. A. H., from the Princess Matokia to duty as aid on staff and flag secretary Comdr. Train, Atlantic Fleet.
Lee, Lt. Comdr. R. C., to duty Sperry Gyro Works, Brooklyn, as Assistant Inspector of Ordnance.
Glassford, Comdr. W. A., to U. S. S. Chauncey and in command when commissioned.
Miles, Comdr. A. H., relieved all duty except with the Camden.
Bagley, Comdr. D. W., orders to duty Naval Attache The Hague revoked; to continue duty at Rotterdam
Parker, Comdr. E. C. S., from the America to the Maddox and in command when commissioned.
Blue, Lt. J. J., (M. C.,) from Nantucket Section, 2d Naval District, to commanding officer Naval Training Station, Newport.
Brantley, Lt. J. C., from the Santa Ana to commander in chief Atlantic Fleet on board the Pennsylvania, to temporary duty as witness, upon completion of which will report to commander in chief Atlantic Fleet for further assignment.
McMeans, Lt. R. H., (M. C.,) from 1st Naval Dist. to the Georgia.
Brooks, Lt. E. K., from the Naval Hosp., New York, to further treatment Naval Hosp., Norfolk.
Faxon, Lt. E. B., to the Chicago.
Reuse, Lt. H. J., from the Ludlow to the Melville.
Lawrence, Lt. N. T., from the A1-10 to the R-16.
Christie, Lt. R. W., from the C-1 to the Camden.
Moore, Lt. R. H., from the South Carolina to R. S. Norfolk, Va.
McNamara, Lt. C. T., from the Missouri to R. S. Norfolk, Va.
Schlichting, Lt. J. L.; Randall, Lt. L. C., and McDonald, Lt. W. L., from the Missouri to R. S. at Norfolk.
Warner, Lt. S. T., from the South Carolina to R. S. Norfolk, Va.
Lorimer, Lt. Comdr. M. W., died Feb. 6, 1919.
Dodge, Lt. Comdr. A. H., retired Dec. 31, 1918.
Roberts, Lt. G. R., died Feb. 5, 1919.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 8 A. M. Feb. 12: Lieutenant John Dugan, from 15th Insp. Dist. to 92d Precinct as special duty officer; to take effect 8 A. M. Feb. 13: Sergeant J. W. England, 45th Prec. to 13th; to take effect 8 A. M. Feb. 15: Patrolmen G. C. Leavitt, 28 to 123d, to bicycle duty; W. P. McDonald, 103d, assignment as Corporal discontinued. To precincts indicated, assignments as Corporal continued: W. J. Bradley, 90th to 88th; T. Shanessy, 91st to 103d; A. Josephs, 101st to 91st. To precincts indicated, assigned as Corporals: L. Stillman, 49th to 7th; H. Hoffman, Jr., 66th; A. S. Dondero, 76th to 90th; J. Donohue, 101st; mutual, bicycle patrolmen, J. E. Bell, 109th to 113th; G. Vennert, 113th to 109th; matron, Mary E. Maguire, 26th to Headquarters in office of the Fifth Deputy Commissioner.

Temporary assignments: Patrol. William Wegman, 53d, to Headquarters, Division of Repairs and Supplies, 15 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 14; J. J. Hubman, 67th, to Headquarters, clerical duty in department storehouse, for 13 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 16; P. P. Murphy, 72d, to Headquarters, to Division of Supplies, 13 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 16. Precincts indicated to Headquarters, office of the Commissioner, 13 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 16: W. J. McCahill, 26th; J. J. Corbett, 74th; G. T. Bosch, 82d. Precincts indicated to Headquarters, to duty in Division of Repairs, 13 days, from 8 A M., Feb. 16: L. Gisselbrecht, 39th; B. Wilkins, 39th; E. F. Ozab, 46th; R. Osterhaus, 46th; F. Frazer, 95th. Probationary Patrol. P. Brady, 18th, to Headquarters, clerical duty in office of Chief Clerk, 13 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 16.

Leaves of absence, without pay: Acting Det. Sergt. 2d grade W. P. Martin, Det. Div., 30 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 8; Patrol. T. J. Reddington, 112th, 1 day, from 4 P. M., Feb. 17.

Resignation, to take effect 12 P. M., Feb. 13: Patrol. John Blackmore, Jr., 16th Precinct.

Fire Department.

Death Fireman 1st grade Michael O'Neill, Eng. 247, at 2:15 A. M., Feb. 12. Funeral from 423 Fifty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M., Feb. 15. Interment at Holy Cross Cemetery. Members of Eng. 247 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the above address at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street. The Chief of the 42d Battalion will detail an officer and an engineer of steamer and the Chiefs of the 32d, 33d, 40th, and 48th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of Eng. 247 at 9 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

Mutual transfers, to take effect at 8 A. M., Feb. 14: Fireman 1st grade M. A. Wood, H. & L. 106, to H. & L. 148; Fireman 2d grade F. G. Muller, H. & L. 148, to H. & L. 106.

Special leave of absence: Fireman 1st grade V. Maggio, Eng. 260, 72 hours, from 8 A. M., Feb. 14.

Education Notes.

The new school bill increases the salary of Superintendent William L. Ettinger from $10,000 to $15,000 a year. High school Principals get from $5,250 to $5,750 and elementary school Principals $1,000 less. Associate Superintendents get $8,000 instead of $6,500.

The graduates from the twenty-five high schools of the city on Jan. 31 numbered 2,674. Washington Irving High School graduated 287, the highest number of any of the high schools.

Hunter College, through its extension division, offers a course in elementary stenography, Isaac Pitman system, free to teachers in the city schools. The class will meet Saturday mornings from 10 to 12 for fifteen sessions. The first session takes place tomorrow. Application for admission may be made at that time or applicants may register at the time of the second sessions, March 1.

The examination for license as teacher of Pitman stenography and typewriting in high schools will be open to women as well as men. The written examination in the following subjects will be held at the examination hall of the Board of Education at the times indicated: Feb. 21, at 1:30 P. M., chemistry, (men only;) Feb. 25, at 1:30 P. M., Isaac Pitman stenography and typewriting, (men and women;) Feb. 28, at 9 A. M., Spanish, (men and women;) Feb. 28, at 1:30 P. M., Gregg stenography and typewriting, (men and women.)

A meeting of the New York Society for the Experimental Study of Education will be held at Washington Irving School night at 8 o'clock. The general topic of the meeting will be "The Results of the Gary School Survey." The speakers will be Dr. Frank P. Bachman, General Education Board, Director of the Survey, "The Gary Public Schools as an Experiment"; Stuart A. Courtis, Supervisor of Educational Research, Detroit Public Schools, "Measurement of Gary Classroom Products"; general discussion, led by Tristram W. Metcalfe, school editor of The Globe, and Dr. William H. Allen, director Institute for Public service.

Eight hundred school children are writing essays in an endeavor to win prizes offered by Ralph Elsman, General Manager of the Kings County Lighting Company, for the best compositions on "The Use of Gas in the Home." All of the public schools in the district supplied by the Kings County Lighting Company, which includes Bath Beach, Borough Park, Bay Ridge, Fort Hamilton, Midwood, and Parkville, are represented in the contest.

A Bureau of School Plant Operation was established yesterday by the Board of Education. The salary and the person to fill the position have yet to be named.

Superintendent of School Buildings Snyder has suspended Charles Putnam, Inspector of Heating and Ventilating, on charges of neglect of duty.

An annex to Evening Elementary School 42, Manhattan, will be organized in St. Peter's Church, 100 Trinity Place, Manhattan,

Josephine Levine has been appointed as teacher of literary club work in recreation and community centres for 1919.

Willis H. Grant, a teacher in the High School of Commerce, Mrs. Rose V. Nachman, a teacher in P. S. 52, Brooklyn, and Mrs. Lillian U. Vieht, a teacher in P. S. 83, Manhattan, were dismissed from the service by the Board of Education yesterday for absence from their duties without notification to their Principals.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for patrolman will be received until March 14. Persons are eligible who are 21 years of age on or before the date of the mental examination. Applications will not be received from those who are more than 35 years of age on the date of filing the same. The mental examination will be on June 4. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Physical development and strength, 50; mental test 50.

United States.

The commission announces that the examinations for calculating machine operator, multigraph and writer press operator and statistical clerk, male and female, will be held on Feb. 26, March 19 and April 23, instead of on Feb. 19, as originally announced. Instead of the registers of eligibles provided for in original announcement from the examination for calculating machine operator the following registers of eligible will be established: Eligibles who qualify in each of the four tests, addition, subtraction, multiplication and division; eligibles who qualify in any three of the tests; eligibles who qualify in any two of the tests; eligibles who qualify in any one of the tests. Certification may also be made of eligibles qualifying on listing or nonlisting machines, as the needs of the service may require. The names of eligibles will be placed on one register only, determined by the tests in which they qualify.

Wills for Probate.

KURN, OTTO, (Jan. 28.) Bequeaths to his grandchildren, who are the children of his son, Otto Kuhn, Jr., $50 each and gives this sum to each on the ground that they are not entitled to a larger share in his estate "because of their lack of interest in me." The residue of his estate, the value of which is stated in the petition, is divided among the sons and daughters of the deceased.

WIRTH, ANNA, (Jan. 22.) After leaving $2,500 to several relatives, she directs that $300 be disbursed for funeral expenses and $50 for music and $35 for lunches for the mourners.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

PUBLIC SALE.

The assets of Newark Bay Smelting and Refining Company, foot of Plum Point Lane and Avenue R, Newark, N. J., (meadows,) will be offered at public sale to the highest bidder on Friday, February 14, 1919, at 2:00 P. M., at the plant of the Company, located as above.

The assets consist of 13 acres of land with buildings, machinery, and personal property used in the smelting and refining of base metals.

The assets will be sold in whole or in parcels as may seem best on the day of sale.

The sale will be subject to confirmation by the Chancellor at the Chancery Chambers, (Prudential Building,) Newark, N. J., on Monday, February 17, 1919, at 10 A. M.

In the meantime the Receivers, at their office, 790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J., will receive private bids for the whole or part of the said assets as may be deemed best. These bids are also subject to the confirmation by the Chancellor at the Chancery Chambers in Newark on Tuesday, February 11, 1919, at 10 A. M., or later, if the hearing be adjourned. They shall remain acceptable by the receivers until Monday, Feb. 17, 1919, the time when bids at public sale will be subject to confirmation, as before stated.

Creditors and stockholders and others interested shall have the right to submit bids to the receivers either on February 11th or February 17, 1919, or at any time before the court shall have ordered the receivers to transfer the property to be sold. The property may be inspected at 10 A. M. on the day of sale.

CHARLES C. PILGRIM,
THOMAS C. MOFFATT,
Receivers,
790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.
SAMUEL VAN POZNACK, Auctioneer.
Newark, N. J., February 6, 1919.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The Western disturbance of Wednesday is central tonight over Northern Illinois, with a further increase in intensity, and marked low pressure prevails over interior districts west of the Rocky Mountains, except in the extreme Northwest.

There were general rains over the entire low pressure area, with some snows in the Plains States and the North Upper Lake region, and there were strong winds and gales over the Central Valleys, the West Lower Lake and the Upper Lake regions, and the Plains States. There were also scattered snows in the extreme Northwest, and light rains and snows over the northern districts west of the Rockies. In the Central and Southern Rocky Mountain regions and the extreme Southwest the weather was fair.

High temperatures continue east of the Mississippi River, except in the Middle Atlantic States and New England, while to the westward as far as the Rocky Mountains they have fallen considerably, but only to approximately normal conditions. In the Far West temperatures changed but little.

The disturbance will continue its east-northeastward movement during Friday, attended by general rains in the Ohio Valley and the Atlantic States and rains and snows in the lake region. There will be snow Saturday in the lake region and the Upper Ohio Valley and rain in New England and the Middle Atlantic States. The weather will be fair Saturday in the Lower Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and the South Atlantic States and fair Friday and Saturday in the East Gulf States.

It will be warmer Friday in New England and the Middle Atlantic States and colder in the upper lake and western lower lake regions, the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, the East Gulf States, and Western Georgia.

It will be colder Saturday in the South Atlantic States, the Upper Ohio Valley, and the lower lake region, and by Saturday night in the Middle Atlantic States.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Boston to Jupiter, Fla., and on the Gulf Coast from Bay St. Louis to Tampa.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be increasing south, becoming strong early Friday night, rain; Middle Atlantic Coast, increasing southeast and south, becoming strong by Friday evening, rain; South Atlantic Coast, strong south and southwest, except moderate on the South Florida coast, rain Friday, probably fair Saturday.

FORECASTS, TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Rain and warmer Friday. Saturday, rain or snow in the northern, rain in the southern, portion, colder.

Southern New England—Rain and warmer Friday. Saturday, rain, colder in the western portion.

New Jersey—Rain and warmer Friday. Saturday, rain, followed by clearing and colder.

Western New York—Rain Friday; warmer in the eastern portion. Saturday, snow in the western, snow or rain in the eastern portion, colder.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain and warmer Friday. Saturday, rain in the northern, rain followed by clearing in the southern portion, probably somewhat colder.

Northern New England—Snow in the interior, snow or rain on the coast, Friday and Saturday; warmer Friday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	48	32	4 P. M.	44	40
6 A. M.	45	32	6 P. M.	42	40
9 A. M.	46	33	9 P. M.	40	38
12 M.	46	43	11 P. M.	37	38

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 39; for the corresponding date last year it was 42; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 34; at 8 P. M. it was 38. Maximum temperature, 47 degrees at 12:30 P. M.; minimum, 31 degrees at 7:30 A. M. Humidity, 86 per cent. at 8 A. M., 81 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.01 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.91 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M. Loss.
4:40—202 W. 23 St.; not given........Slight
7:45—1,969 1st Av.; Harry Jalacko...Slight
8:45—751 E. 5 St.; Samuel Goldstein........Not given
9:05—West & Perry Sts., (shanty;) Manhattan Sand & Gravel Co......Slight
9:50—289 Broome St.; not given......Slight
10:20—436 W. 27 St.; Hudson Guild....Slight
11:30—2,313 Westchester Av.........Not given
11:30—182 Thompson St.; not given....Slight
11:30—362 E. 153 St...................Not given
P.M.
12:30—346 E. Houston St.........Not given
1:30—Broadway & Arden St.; not given........None
1:55—5 W. 20 St.; Ike Koch Co......Slight
2:00—1,971 1 Av.; Mike Maciscuo..Not given
6:35—Spaulding Av. & 216 St.; not given.None
8:10—1,314 Ellison Av; G. Krekpick...Slight
8:25—2,332 3 Av.; Otto Stahl..........Slight
9:00—59 Church St.; Hud. & Man. R. R. Slight
9:10—91 Bowery; Rubin Cohen........Slight
9:15—553 Lincoln Av.; J. Seleni.......Slight
9:55—652 E. 12 St; Alex. Broadman..Slight
11:35—502-504 6 Av.; Falcon & Lion Waist Co...............Not given

RESORTS.

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IDEAL WINTER HOME
Hotel Montclair
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS.
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A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets.
No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management JOSIAH WHITE & SONS CO.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, New York County.—In the matter of the application of GERMAN ODD FELLOWS' HOME ASSOCIATION OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK for leave to change its name to UNITED ODD FELLOWS' HOME AND ORPHANAGE ASSOCIATION OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the German Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York, a domestic corporation duly organized and existing under the the laws of the State of New York, and having its principal place of business in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, will present to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, at a Special Term, Part 1 thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 24th day of February, 1919, at 10:15 o'clock in the forenoon of that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, a petition for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "UNITED ODD FELLOWS' HOME AND ORPHANAGE ASSOCIATION OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK" on a day to be specified therein; and for such further and other relief as to the Court may seem just and proper in the premises.

Dated, New York, January 31st, 1919.
GERMAN ODD FELLOWS' HOME ASSOCIATION OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.
By MARCUS BERLINER, President.
JOEL KRONE, Attorney for Petitioner, 299 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Lee's Towing Line, Inc., chartered owner of the steamtug Herman Lee, has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage or injury arising out of the collision claimed to have occurred between the schooner Cora F. Cressy, which was in tow of the steamtugs Herman Lee and Maren Lee and the barge Cumberland on or about the 12th day of April, 1917: value of the vessel and freight $8,000.

All persons claiming damages because of any such loss, destruction, damage or injury, must prove their claims before Roger B. Wood, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, No. 37 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 19th day of May, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises........6:53 | Sun sets.........5:29

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:09	7:35	1:00	1:32
Governors Island	7:45	8:12	1:35	2:00
Hell Gate	9:55	10:19	3:56	4:21

Arrived—Thursday, Feb. 13.

U. S. T. Peerless, La Pallice, Jan. 26.
U. S. S. Seattle, Brest, Feb. 1.
SS Tarantia, Naples, Jan. 20.
SS Silver Shell, Plymouth, Jan. 26.
SS Anversoise, Cardiff, Jan. 29.
SS Absaroka, Plymouth, Jan. 27.
SS Victorious, London, Jan. 30.
SS Minerva, Genoa, Jan. 15.
SS Finland, St. Nazaire, Feb. 1.
U. S. T. Santa Theresa, Bordeaux, Jan. 30.
SS Losna, Christiania, Jan. 18.
SS Lake Mattato, Nassau, Feb. 7.
SS Lakeville, Caibairen, Feb. 7.
SS Nunamar, Antilla, Feb. 8.
SS Wellington, Newark, Feb. 12.
SS Gallia, Cardiff, Jan. 19.
SS City of Montgomery, New Orleans, Feb. 8.
SS Perfection, Port Arthur.
SS El Norte, Galveston, Feb. 8.
SS Madison, Norfolk, Feb. 12.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

U. S. S. Charleston	Brest	Jan. 31
Dante Alighieri	Marseilles	Jan. 30
Coronado	Brest	Jan. 21
Woonsocket	Bordeaux	Jan. 27
El Sol	Bordeaux	Jan. 22
Bristol	La Pallice	Jan. 23
Lancastrian	London	Jan. 28
Hickman	Bordeaux	Jan. 27
Alloway	St. Nazaire	Jan. 25

DUE TOMORROW.

Matsonia	Bordeaux	Feb. 3
Henderson	Brest	Feb. 3
Louisville	Brest	Feb. 5
Sixaola	Bordeaux	Feb. 2

DUE SUNDAY.

Harrisburg	Bordeaux	Feb. 5
Norfolk	Nantes	Jan. 28
Tottori Maru	Bordeaux	Jan. 31
U. S. S. Huntington	Brest	Feb. 4

DUE MONDAY.

U. S. S. Kansas	Brest	Feb. 5
Mercury	Bordeaux	Feb. 4
Eurana	Bordeaux	Feb. 2

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Saxonia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Huron, Turks Island	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Vauban, Buenos Aires	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Dominic, Para	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Taunton, Kingston	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Colon, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
E. Luckenbach, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
Carmania, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Duca d'Aosta, Genoa	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Espagne, Havre	8:30 A.M.	——
Oranje Nassau, Haiti	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Esperanza, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Fagersand, Cayenne	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Korona, Demerara	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

SAIL SUNDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
U. S. T. Leviathan, Brest	——	6:00 A.M.
U. S. S. North Carolina, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
Santa Theresa, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
Santa Olivia, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
U. S. S. Charleston, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Pathfinder, at Genoa, Feb. 5.
SS Johancy, at Genoa, Feb. 6.
SS War Viceroy, at Rotterdam, Feb. 8.
SS Moerdijk, at Rotterdam, Feb. 9.
SS West Gambo, at Rotterdam, Feb. 9.
SS Fram, at Santos, Feb. 9.
SS Edward Pierce, at Santos, Feb. 9.
SS Westerdijk, at Santos, Feb. 10.
SS Carib, at St. Nazaire, Feb. 10.
SS St. Andre, at Bordeaux, Feb. 7.
SS Manchuria, at Brest, Feb. 10.
SS Oakmore, at Naples, Feb. 11.
SS Pequot, at Plymouth, Feb. 11.
SS Goentoer, at Liverpool, Feb. 12.
SS Talaralite, at Aarhuus, Feb. 7.
SS Stavangerfjord, at Bergen, Feb. 7.
SS Giuseppi Verdi, at Gibraltar, Feb. 10.
SS Imperoyal, at Gibraltar, Feb. 10.
SS Langdon Hall, at Port Natal, Feb. 11.
SS Tuckahoe, at Nantes, Feb. 7.
SS Niagara, at Bordeaux, Feb. 7.
SS Western Light, at Rotterdam, Feb. 10.
SS Flores, at Havre, Feb. 7.
SS Luise Nielsen, at Antwerp, Feb. 6.
SS Buford, at Bordeaux, Feb. 10.
SS West Hosokie, at Bordeaux, Feb. 10.
SS Teiresias, at Shanghai, Feb. 8.
SS Munaires, at Buenos Aires, Feb. 10.
SS Posillipo, at Leghorn, Feb. 10.

Sailed.

SS Ubier, from Rotterdam, Feb. 7.
SS Hilton, from St. Nazaire, Feb. 10.
SS Lake Arthur, from St. Nazaire, Feb. 10.
SS Gulflight, from La Pallice, Feb. 9.
SS La Touraine, from Havre, Feb. 9.
SS Talisman, from Barbados.
SS Vitellia, from Glasgow, Feb. 12.
SS Phoenix, from Havre, Feb. 10.
SS Reginalite, from Gothenburg, Feb. 11.
SS Puras, from Barbados, Feb. 15.
SS Bia, from Penarth, Feb. 12.
SS Dawean, from Batavia, Feb. 9.
SS Vennonia, from Havre, Feb. 7.
SS Elisabeth, from Cardiff, Feb. 12.
SS Gantoise, from Barry, Feb. 12.
SS Ortega, from Brest, Feb. 7.
SS Rotterdam, from Brest, Feb. 8.
SS Ulna, from Cardiff, Feb. 12.

Passed.

SS New York, New York for Rotterdam, passed the Lizard.
SS Clan Morrison, New York for Cape Town, passed Fernando de Noronha.
SS Westward Ho, New York for Falmouth, passed the Lizard.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Feb. 14, SS Saxonia; 12 M. Feb. 14, SS Cedric, and 7 A. M. Feb. 15, SS Baltic.
France—Close at 7:30 A. M. Feb. 15, SS Espagne.
Italy—Close at 7 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Duca d'Aosta.
Gibraltar—Close at 7 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Duca d'Aosta.
Portugal—Close at 9 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Gea.
Greece—Sailings uncertain.
Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain; Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary, service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

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WHITE STAR LINE
Olympic N. Y.-Southampton FEBRUARY 28
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Baltic....Feb. 15 Adriatic..Mar. 15
Lapland...Mar. 8 Baltic....Mar. 22
Lapland........April 5
And Regularly Thereafter.
N. Y.—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic..(1st class only)..Feb. 27
Cretic..........Mar. 19
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NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Saxonia ....Feb. 14
Carmania ....Feb. 17
Royal George ....Feb. 25
AQUITANIA ....Mar. 1
Caronia ....Mar. 10
Orduna ....Mar. 18
Saxonia ....Mar. 18
Carmania ....Mar. 24
AQUITANIA ....Mar. 29
BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL
Prinses Juliana ....Feb. 28
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia ....Mar. 6
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ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.16 to $3.38.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

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Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5:00 P. M. Music.
NEW LONDON (NORWICH LINE) Str. lvs. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., weekdays only, 5:30 P.M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6 P.M.

RESORTS.

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SOUTHERN STATES.

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431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

SEES MERCHANDISE PRICES 'SOFTENING'

Jesse I. Straus Warns Dry Goods Retailers Against Anticipating Needs.

FAVOR BONUS TO SALESMEN

Three-Day Convention Here Ends with Discussion on Small City Merchants.

Speaking yesterday at the convention of the National Retail Dry Goods Association in the Hotel Pennsylvania, Jesse I. Straus of R. H. Macy & Co., said that the keynote of the present time was conservative optimism. He said that a very unhealthy situation had been created by the manufacturers and the wholesale distributors by their recent constant preaching on the scarcity of merchandise, statements that though honestly made were not well considered. He told the delegates that there is a tendency to buy for only current needs, and that this should work for a reduction in prices.

In discussing the statement of Secretary of Commerce Redfield that high prices cannot be maintained with safety to the United States, Mr. Straus said: "If our stocks are handled conservatively as nearly as possible, depending upon our proximity to market, from hand to mouth, we will be able to place before the consumers of the country their needs at lowering prices, with greater helpfulness and safety to them and with safety to ourselves. The time would have come if prices had continued to rise when consumption would be cut off."

At recent talks with producers Mr. Straus said he had been impressed with the positive conviction that prices are softening and that merchandise prices are gradually approximating normal conditions and that this, above all other times, is a dangerous time to anticipate too freely merchandising needs.

Mrs. Lucinda W. Price, Director of Education of the association, in presenting her annual report advocated the advisability of conducting salesmanship classes in the public schools.

The afternoon session was devoted to the discussion of problems affecting merchants in the small cities. Among the questions discussed was the sale of merchandise by the "self serve" plan, whmich members agreed has worked out well in some places, though still in its infancy. Another topic was the question of paying bonuses to salespeople. Many said that they are operating bonus plans and that the result has been favorable.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year. President, S. P. Halle of Halle Bros. Co., Cleveland, Ohio; First Vice President, Jesse Isidor Straus of R. H. Macy & Co., New York City; Second Vice President, H. M. Henderson of Henderson, Hoyt Co., Oshkosh, Wis., and Third Vice President, F. J. Paxon of Davisonn, Paxon, Stokes Co., Atlanta, Ga.

The convention closed last night with a reception, lecture, and exhibit given to the delegates by the Art Alliance of America.

A Window Display Helped.

A big New York wall paper house which does a retail as well as a wholesale business is shipping a $125 order of wall paper to Oklahoma as a direct result of its window display. The firm believes that a good display in a location where retail customers may be reached is a great help. Its windows are unusually attractive. Hanging with the papers are draperies in harmonizing tones, and there are vases in beautiful colors and lamps with attractive shades, all suggesting the possibilities of home decoration with their papers. The Oklahoma woman who gave the order said that she was passing, noticed the window, said to herself that a firm which could arrange such a harmonious display must have good papers, and went in and made her purchase.

Wash Skirts Going Well.

Manufacturers of women's wash skirts are looking forward to one of the largest seasons they have had for some time past. So far, the business at this end of the skirt line is nearly double what it was a year ago. Owing to the prices quoted on these goods the road business in some instances was not as good as was expected. Most of this business is now being done in the city. Novelty silks and wool plaids in different color combinations are among the more popular fabrics for Spring.

'BUY-NOW' CAMPAIGN BEGUN

Defense Council Warns of Unemployment from Ebbing Trade.

The United States Council of National Defense, through its Director, Grosvenor B. Clarkson, who is at present in New York, announced yesterday the start of a campaign to reduce unemployment by trying to get the general public to buy only what it needs, but "buy it now." It is the belief of the council that stocks are much depleted because the demands of the public have declined, and it is explained that though it may be economically wise to wait for a bottom market before purchasing, consideration should be given to saving men from unemployment and the country from the social consequences of such a condition.

According to the statement, the council believes that Bolshevism, the I. W. W., and similar agitators are likely to thrive on unemployment. The statement says in part:

"The Council's action is based on the general industrial situation. In the Northern States unemployment is present because of suspension of outdoor work. Workers on outdoor improvements have crowded into the congested cities and are finding more or less difficulty in getting temporary employment. There is business hesitation normal to post-war readjustment. Prices are to some extent declining. Men hesitate to buy materials and supplies on a falling market. This means stopping work in some places and reducing amount of work done in others. Return of soldiers in quantities adds for the time to the problem.

"Without expressing undue alarm, the Council of National Defense believes that the situation invites the activities of certain restless elements of society. The Bolshevik takes advantage of idleness. Empty stomachs and purses create his opportunity. His fellow, the I. W. W. agitator, seizes the same occasion.

"There is a great volume of business waiting to be done in America. Private stocks of all kinds are low. The country's means are ample, and when the full flow of private buying begins, there will be business for all. But it may take several months to bring this about, and action is needed now.

"Our commerce rests upon the personal purchases of individuals. If all were to stop buying there would be no business. It is called good business to delay buying until the market reaches bottom. If economic law alone were now concerned, that would be right action. But there is directly involved at this moment the saving of men from unemployment and the social consequences to them and to the country."

The Federal Employment Service announced yesterday that during the week ended Feb. 8 there had been 10,092 applications for work in this State, and that 5,162 persons had been placed in positions. Of those registered, 8,116 were men and 1,976 were women. Employment was found for 3,795 men and 1,367 women.

ANOTHER NEW-STATE BILL.

Would Join Connecticut and New Jersey to Eastern New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 13.—Twenty-nine western counties in New York State will have to look for a new collective name and Connecticut and New Jersey will lose their identity as States if Assemblyman J. Fairfax McLaughlin, Democrat, of the Bronx, has his way about it, and all because of prohibition.

Assemblyman McLaughlin doesn't like the way the Legislature spurned the wishes of New York City folks in ratifying the Federal prohibition amendment. He said the fact that the lawmakers acted so drove him to introduce his bill snatching New York City and the eastern counties away from up-State influences.

The proposed new State would take in the Counties of New York, Kings, Queens, Bronx, Richmond, Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester, Rockland, Putnam, Orange, Dutchess, Ulster, Sullivan, Columbia, Greene, Delaware, Rensselaer, Albany, Schoharie, Otsego, Washington, Saratoga, Schenectady, Montgomery, Herkimer, Warren, Fulton, Hamilton, Essex, Clinton, Franklin, and St. Lawrence and the States of New Jersey and Connecticut.

Majority Leader Adler offered the bill for $1,000,000 to begin the construction of the New York, New Jersey vehicular and pedestrian tunnel. The bill went to the Ways and Means Committee, which is expected to report it out early next week for action by the House. The measure is slated to go through the Legislature, according to leaders.

Senator Abraham Kaplan of New York would exempt from the inheritance tax all property or beneficial interest in property up to $10,000 transferred to any soldier who was in the world war, the exemption to extend to the transfer of estates of soldiers killed in action to dependents when the amount does not exceed $10,000.

State scholarships for honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, and marines in any college or technical school in the State are provided for in a bill introduced by Assemblyman Thomas V. McDonald of the Bronx. Tuition and textbooks would be free, as would instruction in the preparatory schools of any city or union free school district.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 13.—Forty new corporations having an aggregate capitalization of $5,110,500 were chartered today. They include:

Criterion Costume Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; B. Kunin, L. J. Schulman, J. Ginsberg, 342 East 15th St.

Jerge Truck and Body Co., Elma, Erie Co., $150,000; L. and B. and J. J. Jerge, Elma.

Color Co. of America, Inc., Manhattan, make colors, dyestuffs, and chemicals, $10,000; W. Cealmowitz, T. Williams, W. Bradlet, 14 Cedar St.

St. Paul Restaurant and Baking Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; P. Rosenfeld, H. Siegel, J. Appel, 608 William St.

Auto and Sport Hat Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Davidowitz, F. and C. Soloman, 181 Mercer St., Bronx.

J. C. Mirquet, Inc., Rochester, taxidermy and fur dressing, $5,000; P. Gruber, H. A. Kunze, J. C. Mirquet, Rochester.

Tonawanda Temple Corp., Buffalo, realty and construction, $5,000; S. H. Millener, H. G. E. Smith, G. P. Keating, Buffalo.

The Production and Transportation Corp. of N. Y., Manhattan, petroleum, production, $5,000,000; F. P. Rawle, L. Le Normand, A. G. Moses, 50 Pine St.

Consolidated Lunch Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Cohen, E. Palley, J. W. Umans, 2,343 Valentine Av., Bronx.

Moir Grant Gown Shop, Inc., Manhattan, $30,000; S. Grant, A. and A. H. Maisner, 542 West 112th St.

Geer-Hill Co., Inc., Manhattan, make machinery, $10,000; W. J. McCurdy, E. H. Brill, P. W. Geer, 149 Broadway.

Star Tailoring Co., Inc., Manhattan, $25,000; S. Kallus, A. Mandel, F. Brand, 200 West 145th St.

Universal Radio Mfg. Corp., Elmira, machinery and wireless apparatus, $50,000; W. C. Sallard, J. B. Coykendall, H. A. Moore, Elmira.

The Borough Transportation Co., Inc., Brooklyn, trucking and stevedoring, $5,000; J. A. Down, R. S. Dubois, T. P. McCormick, 54 Nassau St.

R. H. Ward & Co., Inc., Manhattan, stock and bond brokers, $100,000; C. M. Collins, H. C. Reilly, C. A. Bradley, 110 West 104th St.

French Shoe Mfg. Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $30,000; M. Feldman, S. Stein, M. Cohn, 320 Riverside Drive.

Buffalo Talking Machine Co., Inc., Buffalo, $100,000; H. B. Clark, O. L. Neal, V. W. Moody, Buffalo.

Eleventh Avenue Corp., Manhattan, hotels and restaurants, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $5,000; A. L. Foley, J. S. Regan, R. T. Woodruff, 257 West 92d St.

Walford Forwarding Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; P. L. Woodward, J. H. Kirkpatrick, H. C. Seay, 135 West 16th St.

European Watch and Clock Co., Inc., Manhattan, $20,000; J. P. Hartnett, V. Dautremont, R. T. Woodruff, 257 West 92d St.

colors and chemicals, $100,000; A. P. De Marmon, J. W. Bossert, G. Barritt, 303 Fifth Av.

M. Braude & Co., Inc., Manhattan, make dental supplies, $15,000; I. M. Landau, J. Marbach, M. Braude, 120 West 116th St.

Rothapfel Picture Corp., Manhattan, $150,000; W. Eisenhardt, H. T. Biggs, S. L. Rothapfel, 130 West 46th St.

Juvelir & Drillich Trading Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; L. Drillich, K. and M. Juvelir, 2,095 Honeywell Av., Bronx.

F. and R. Waist Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Farer, S. Rubin, M. Simon, 54 East 107th St.

F. Zadek & Bro., Inc., Manhattan, opticians, $125,000; S. F. Frank, M. and F. Zadek, 51 Maiden Lane.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

National Economy Stores Co., Inc., Auburn, $35,000 to $1,000,000.

Battery and Starter Co., Inc., Buffalo, $10,000 to $20,000.

The New England Mfg. Co., Inc., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

J. J. Ludwig & Co., Inc., $25,000 to $75,000.

Burnside Avenue Realty Corp., Manhattan, $1,250,000 to $1,625,000.

John F. Hemendinger, Inc., Brooklyn, $15,000 to $20,000.

Caribbean Steamship Co., Ltd., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Tifft Construction Co., Inc., Buffalo, $30,000 to $80,000.

International Express and Trucking Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $2,500 to $25,000.

Whitestown Motor Co., Inc., Yorkville, $6,000 to $12,000.

The Henry-William Co., Manhattan, $300,000 to $500,000.

Rexford Park Amusement Co., Inc., Clifton, $10,000 to $50,000.

Knickerbocker Towel Supply Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $20,000.

M. Ascher Silk Corp., Manhattan, stated capital to $512,500 and preferred stock at $100 each to 5,000 shares, common stock, no par value 2,500 shares.

CAIPTAL REDUCTION.

Surf Avenue Realty Corp., Manhattan, $100,000 to $34,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Drubin Morganroth Co., Inc., Manhattan, to Morganroth, Lesser & Co., Inc.

C. A. Andresen, Inc., Manhattan, to C. A. Andresen & Son, Inc.

Frost & Cundill, Inc., Manhattan, to F. W. Frost & Co., Inc.

AUTHORIZATION.

Snyder Holloware Corp., Delaware, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each, 4,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $100,000. Representative G. C. Snyder, 130 West 42d St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Sun Printing Company, Saratoga Springs.
Jamestown Table Lock Co., Jamestown.
Problem Producing Corp., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Feb. 13.—Charters filed:

Hamblin Tool Manufacturing Co., manufacture machinery, tools, &c., $500,000; W. Metkeff, P. D. Benson, F. B. Knowlton, all of New York City.

Monroe Jarnett Sons Co., manufacture, sell, and deal in and with lumber, millwork, &c., $110,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey, local Wilmington parties.

The American Food and Beverage Stores Co., conduct stores for sale of food products, $500,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, local Wilmington parties.

C-Himm Mei News Co., gather and distribute news and establish news agency, $100,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey, local Wilmington parties.

Triangle Rubber Co., manufacture rubber tires, &c., $100,000; James Whan, H. R. Shaffer, Charles K. Dellmore, Sebring (Ohio) parties.

Iamo Oil and Gas Co., drill, operate for oil and gas, $100,000; W. L. La Follette, Washington, D. C.; George F. McFall, Kansas City; H. M. La Follette, La Follette, Tenn.

Expert Clothespin Association, engage in trade of clothespins, &c., $30,000; Preston Witherspoon, New York; Joseph H. Harris, Brooklyn; Fred P. King, Tarrytown, N. Y.

United States Drug and Supply Co., conduct general drug stores, $50,000; Artames Smith, J. H. Ayars, M. E. Smith, local Wilmington (Del.) incorporators.

Standard Machine Co., deal in and with second-hand machinery of all kinds, $200,000; Glen D. Kammer, Albert L. Kammer, Edgar E. Kammer, all of Pittsburgh, Penn.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 13.—Charters filed:

New Jersey Cutlery Co., Newark, to deal in cutlery, $100,000; Robert Levy and Jacob Friedman of Newark and Leon Brach of East Orange.

Fred Wolff, Millwrighting and Hardware Co., East Orange, to deal in machines, &c., $50,000; N. M. Picking, C. O. Geyer, and E. R. Coburn, all of East Orange.

Nash Sales Corp., Jersey City, to deal in automobiles, &c., $25,000; D. J. Sargent and J. H. Gorman of Jersey City and M. Jones of Maplewood.

Economy Market of Jersey City, to sell provisions, &c., $50,000; Elizabeth Maloney, J. H. Maloney, and F. A. Tease, all of Jersey City.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

So Pac Co<NY Trap Rock Scow 7.
Miller & Co<Boat Spile Driver.
Burns Bros<Tug Mutual.
Timmins<Canal Boat Burns Bros No 2.

DISTRICT COURT—Woodrough, J.—In Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Anderson<NY O & W.
Penn Worsted Co<Sudbury.
Holt<Wabash Ry.
Nolan<NY C RR.
Kirchstein<Moross.
Dickinson<Pullman Co
Bell<Int Mer Mar.
Kesselman<CNY.
Smith<Penn RR.
H Newberger Co<Leh Val RR.
Busse<D, L & W RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Luckenbach<Duckett.
Brunning<Hines.
Clarke<SS Amazonia.
Badische Anilin<Klipstein.
Verbitsky<D & H Co.
Com Reguladora<Battery Park Nat Bank.
Re Weisswange.
Overseas Shipping Co<Schr Blue Peter.
Hunt<Bennett.
Hoffman<same.
Hunt<same.
Re Itzkowitz.
Littell<Robasa.
US<Lazarus.
Panoulias<Nat Equip.
H P Pats, &c, Co<Hodkinson.
Proctor<Bassick.
Arnett<Erie.
Olney<Farash.
Petersen<Strauss.
Fielder<Watts.
Compagnie<Bark San Giuseppe.
Saunders<Stair.
Red Star T & T Co<C RR of N J.
Grasselli<Aetna.
Bingham<Honeer.
Perez<SS Iroquois.
Moser<Dalleys.
McWilliams<Tug Mahoney.
Same<Tug P RR No 35.
Same<P RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Army & Navy Stores Co<Levy.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal calendar.

Trials:
John H Quigg,
Charles Teitelbaum,
Charles Goldblatt,
Louis Denmark,
Last day to file demurrer:
Charles Schaeffer.
Motion:
Samuel Jacobs.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty calendar.

Hubert<SS Masaba.
Gottesman<Canada, Atlantic & Plant SS.
Forsyth et al<St'tug John E Berwind.
E S Kuh & Valk Co<SS August.
Ashley & Johnson<Motor Yacht Storm.
Olsen Water & Tow Co<Barge Highcliff.
Daly<Penn RR.
Olsen Water & Tow Co<NY Cent St'tug 2

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Building, Brooklyn, at 2 P. M. Bankruptcy calendar.

Discharges:
Woolf Pierez.
Isabella J Hamilton.
David Rosenblum.
Composition:
Henry J Brown & Son.
Motions:
Abraham Ratkowsky.
Charles Dinkel.
Werstein Bros.
Elizabeth V Tietje.
10:30 A. M.:
Empire Water Co, Inc<St'tug Edouard Alfred, (on trial.)

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Smith, and Merrell, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.

NY Pneu Service Co<P T Cox Con Co.
Feigenbaum<Hizsnay.
Bulkley<Kaolin Prod.
Riley<Tull.
Ennis<Chichester.
Barter<Barrett.
Schuster<Town Taxicab Co.
Healy<Hallenbeck-Hungerford Rty Co.
Carroll<Waterson.
Jacob & Youngs, Inc<Kent.
Coler<Friedman.
Sisson<Shea.
Lindsay<Peet & Powers.
Dolan<Ziegenfus.
Re Cohen.

APPELLATE TERM.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Bijur, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Re Wille.
Brody<Brody.
N Y Savings Bank<Newdorf.
Van Damm<Van Damm.
Re Aubel, (Ormond.)
McKey<Am Autopress Co. (2.)
Von Pustau<Von Pustau.
Moore<Perot.
Octagon Films, Inc<Grossman.
Union Trust Co<Bernstein.
Fishman<Fishman.
Greenfeld-Cohen, Inc<St'd Oil Cloth Co.
Schack<Schwartz.
Treitman<same.
Ernst<Int R T Co.
Bunge<same.
Bennett<same.
Keresey<Keresey.
Spedden<Filbach Realty Co.
Rayden<Lion Brewery
Mosback<Blohm.
Fuldner<Johnson.
Oriental Am Traders, Inc<Slocum, Avram & Slocum Trading Co.
Lincoln Trust Co<Ginsberg.
Van Campen<Appel.
Kraeger<Friedman.
Fanning<Fanning.
Katz<B'klyn & North River RR.
Hoffmann<5th Av Coach Co.
Hill<same.
Fruit Auction Co<France & C S S Co.
CNY<Lipshitz.
Noble<Crane.
Caputo<Rohlfs.
Ey<Ey.
Thal<Van Siclen.
Re U S Fid & Guar Co. (Duffy.)
Levy<Cohn.
Deutsch<Bangerter.
Larkin<Fritz.
Re Fisher<Biltmore Theatre Co.
Berman<Schwartz.
Drucker<Drucker.
Hess<Frank.
Ayer<3d Av Ry.
Livingston<Dry Dock & Broadway Ry.
McPhillips<Belt Line Ry.
Nunes<3d Av Ry.
Watkins<Poretta Corp.
Jatchok<Shrier.
Gleitz<N Y Rys.
Mandelskorn<same.
Lallo<same.
Kelly<same.
Sangster<same.
Kooperman<same.
Friedenberg<same.
Carr<N Y Rys.
Cavazza<same.
McGuinn<same.
Piazza<same.
Palroonastro<same.
Romano<same.
Rock<same.
Rassi<same.
Francisco<same.
Di Thomas<same.
Cuban Telephone Co<Conklin.
Drake<Hodgson.
Odabashian<S. Lowenthal & Sons, Inc.
Albany Saving Bank<Renner Co.
Re CNY, (Westchester Av.) (3.)
Burnett<Express Mfg Co.
Rush<42d St Ry.
Osborne<Union Ry.
Howard<same.
Cuban Telephone Co<Conklin.
Lennan<Lennan.
Clarkine<Clarkine.
Moscowitz<Lefall.
O'Connell<O'Connell.
Sheingold<Haber.
Bass & Bass, Inc<Neumark.
Lassen<Steeves.
Re Evans Film Mfg Co, (2.)
Beauley<Beauley.
Bird<May.
Re Carlisle.
Teneyck<Brown.
Fox<Colonial Operating Co.
Tansley<Tansley.
Benesch<Benesch.
Lyle<Hart.
Bergen<Hall.
Peyton<N Y Rys, (2.)
Stern<same.
Sanborn<same.
Singhi<same.
Powers<same.
King<Bohling.
CNY<Sanborn.
Kursheedt Mfg Co<Rosenzweig.
Re Irving Fire Ins Co.
Lewis<Bohling.
People State N Y<Casinelli.
Reikes<Olenik.
Seligman<Seligman.
Kinsey<Quality Amusement Co.
Mensch<Korn, (2.)
Nathanson<Algier Shoe Mfg Co.
Bernstein<Bernstein.
Smoller<Smoller.
People ex rel Empire News Co<N Y Telephone Co.
Strauss<Standard Oil.
Geld<Sier.
Engle<Bishop-Babcock-Becker Co.
Rosenberg<Union Ry.
Central Saving Bank<Volz.
Rostifo<Draper.
Weisbecker<N Y Edison Co.
Re Rothstein, (Nitzberg.)
Wachsman<Travelers Ins Co.
Howard<3d Av Ry.
Noonan<Meyer.
Re Glass, (Rosenblum.)
Ritchie<Lyon.
Schnitzer<Ackerman.
Cable<Townsend.
Wheat Export Co<Penn RR Co.
Montufar<Valentine.
Rush<42d St, Man, &c, Ry.
Bloomingdale<Bloomingdale.
Zalud<Herzog Cloak & Suit Co.
Amel<Amel.
Waltermire<Commercial Credit Co.
MacGowan<MacGowan.
Russik Handelskompagnie<Israel.
Mont<Valentine.
Re Carnegie Trust Co (Sup't Banks.)
Re Kanive.
Finegan<H. C. & A. I. Piercy Cont Co.
Vail<Bernstein.
N E Equit Ins Co<Seaver.
Re Wittman.
People ex rel Thompson<Enright.
MacLean<Davidson.
Kittanning Face Brick Co<Peart.
Reed<N Y Trust Co.
Weed<Fitzpatrick.
Pearlstein<Tosti & Baron Cont Co.
Gleich<Gleich.

PART II.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:

Powley<Powley.
Montesano<Block.
Marlow<Marlow.
Hunter<Hunter.
Reiss<Musical America Co.
Davis<Davis.
Carroll<Carroll.
B Brown & Co<Caccaro.
Kriens<Kriens.
Preston<Preston.
Preferred causes:
Branner<Nathan Vlad Lodge, 276, &c.
Condon<Condon.
Negrin<Negrin.
Undefended divorces:
Kesselman<Kesselman.
Lukacs<Lukacs.
Lovey<Lovey.
Tierney<Tierney.
Hartmann<Hartmann
Cutler<Cutler.
Zimmerman<Zimmerman.
Posner<Posner.
Dios<Dios.
Boyd<Boyd.
Blutinger<Blutinger.
Kronenthal<Kronenthal.
Goldstein<Goldstein.
Silverstein<Silverstein.
Divine<Divine.
Caruso<Caruso.
Weisman<Weisman.
Sisenwein<Sisenwein.
Buford<Buford.
Vitale<Vitale.
Cohen<Cohen.
Weinberg<Weinberg.
Litwack<Litwack.
Lane<Lane.
Youngelson<Youngelson.
Transue<Transue.
Smiley<Smiley.
Beebe<Beebe.
Atkinson<Atkinson.
Whitehowke<Whitehowke.
Benson<Benson.
Buchanan<Buchanan.
Tolosi<Tolosi.
Bielmaier<Bielmaier.
Leibovitz<Leibovitz.
Gionnetto<Gionnetto.
Kaiser<Kaiser.
Ercolani<Ercolani.
Austin<Austin.
Perillo<Perillo.
Raimo<Raimo.
Field<Stearns.
Vizzari<Vizzari.
Meador<Meador.
Lifshitz<Lifshitz.
Goldberg<Goldberg.
Krias<Krias.
Telititzky<Telititzky.
Strong<Strong.
Clear.

PART IV.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.

PART V.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART VI.—Guy, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.

Nitre Power Co<Agcy Canadian Car Co.
Kasnowitz<Rosenwasser Bros, Inc.
Salzberg<Spero, (2.)
Loucheim<Amberg.
Breslow<Winberg.
Same<Altman.
Davis<Bestmaid Garment Co.
L Hammer, Inc<Em-[illegible]
Brown & Bros<Coccaro.
Lewis<Slade (2.)
Betts<Johnson.
Hershon<Kirsch.
Greenhut Co, Inc<Cooper. (2.)
Lynch<Eiseman Magneto Co.
Zweifler<Brim-[illegible]

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.

Greenberg<NY Rys.
Himelstein<NY Con RR.
Dages<NY Rys.
Rafter<Weil.
Flahive<NY Cons RR
Goldman<Ewert.
Donsker<NY Cons RR.
Hamburger<NY Rys.
Keller<same.
Rice<Patterson.
Rowley<Sonwil Holding Co, Inc.
Rifkin<Nassau RR.
Shaffren<Bauman.
Diskin<Lakin.
Primavera<Schlesinger.
Schott<Coppersmith.
Rosenberger<Int R T.
Thompson<NY Rys.
Spedden<Oysterman (2.)
Mintz<NY City Int Ry
Raineri<B'way Taxicab Co.
H Vogele<Int R T.
J Vogele<same.
Rubin<Seligman.
S Wolf<NY Cons RR.
C Wolf<same.
Camardi<Novotny.
Einbinder<Montezuma Realty Co.
Jonick<Int R T.
O'Donnell<Faust.
H Zalsfass<Soc for Prevention of Crime
S Zalsfass<same.
Bill<Anderson.
Dougherty<Campbell.
Dresnick<Cohen.
Schipkin<Union Ry.
Butchman<Gussaroff Realty & Const Co.
Rogers<Troacy.
O'Donnell<Faust.
Nitzel<Knick Ice Co.
Chaunsey<Bienstock.
Hamilton<Mendel, Inc.
O'Connor<Grosner.
Katz<Belt Line RR.
Reilly<Princess Garages.
Rutty<Hozman.
Casler<Black & White Cab Co.
Slavis<Mulford Haas Co.
Callahan<Muller.
Frachtel<Gerofsky.
Dona<Kelly.
Klein<Sherry.
Considine<Int M Mar.
Levin<NY Rys (2.)
Rosenbaum<47th St Taxicab Co, Inc.
Maier<Maze Rlty (2.)
Posner<Weatherhead.
Holders Rlty<Speitze.
Reid<5th Av Coach Co
Epstein<NY Rys.
Cunningham<Hirsch.
Cohen<Pugh.
Garcia<Bklyn R T.
Demacek<Rothschild.
Reubenstein<Gottlieb.
Glockman<Natsaim Corp.
Buckberg<NY Rys.
Genovese<Nas El RR.
Martone<Daub.
C Lamana<Donohue.
M Lamana<same.
Herman<Dieterle.
Horowitz<Leviene.
Poznansky<Edey.
Galiffo<Gaszola.
Masucco<Meyerson.
McCue<NY Rys.
Jones<same.
Traidman<Stein.
Uberall<Somers.
Schiffman<Weisberger.
Regan<Cushman.
J Breen<Westcott Exp
A Breen<same.
Meyer<same.
Daly<Int R T.
Gross<NY Rys.
Weintraub<same.
Union Pav Co<NY, N H & H RR.
Sheehan<Noonan.
Varian<Sennett.
Liston<same.
Pessagno<Lowenthal & Son.
Solver<Colonial Bank.
Brickner<Int R T.
Cardo<Erdman.
Karsh<Paley.
Sandeck<Sea Island Thread Co.
Prucha<Agostina (2.)
Kashdan<Steinhardt.
Intrabartolo<Brenner
McLaughlin<Ehrhardt.
Gulalo<NY Rys.
Armel<Folsom Estate Agency.

PART XIV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bradley Con Co<CNY.
Assets & Liabilities Assn, Inc<NY Lodge 1, B P O Elks.
Schwartz<Paul Gerli & Co.
CNY<Malatesta.
Corcoran<Rogers.
Hooflin<Halle.
McClure<McClure.
Berkowitz<Vetter Auto Top Co.
People<NY & East River Ferry Co.
Cohen<Freiman.
Bloom<Fish.
Freiburg Lumber Co<Marden Orth & H.
Chatham Square Rty Co<Lo Bue.
Kabeck<Hamilton.
Schwartz<Schwartz.
Weingarten & Jenks, Inc<Rhinock.
Irwin<Edison.
Finck<Bachrach.
Berman<Reiling & Schoen.
Beaty<Bacon.
Samuels<Rosen.
Ruge<Scharsmith.
Aldrich<NY Life Ins.
Goodman<Mass Bond & Ins.
Naphegyi<Interchange, Lim.
Kluyskens<W J Crouch Co, Inc.
Freehoff<Emporium Cloak & Suit Co.
Sabrary<O'Brien.
Keen<Anderson.
Reiber<Madison Glue Mfg.
J A Crowley Co<Maxim Mun Corp.
Greenberg<Atkinson.
Regan<Urban.
Wilson<Meeker.
Davis<Goldsmith.
Manufacturers' Com Co<Downes & Co.
Moyse<Guar Trust Co.
Empire Brick & Supply Co<Dowd.
Adams & Grace Co<Hepp.
Jacobs<Wells.
Same<Thompson-Starrett Co.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.
PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Lydon J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Daly<Hupfel Brew Co.
PART XIV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVIII.—Sears, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Motion calendar:

Sarah D Adhley,
Andrew F Kennedy,
Jennie Rosenblatt,
Jacob Lorillard,
Charles M Williams,
Heber R Bishop,
Martin Farrington,
Ruby May Fraley,
George Schwacke,
Mary Orpen,
Wassily G Shedko,
George Huber,
Ann E Berwick,
Lorrain Allen,
Joseph Neubert, inf,
George Finck,
Emma Gotte,
William H Smith,
James A Beattie, &c,
Smith Ely, (3.)
John Mangin,
Mary O'Toole,
William Flood,
Rosalie Hesslein,
Leonard Lehmann,
Wm S Waterhouse,
Valenti Biondo,
Louis W Chambers,
Elizabeth Adler,
Lillian P Geoffroy,
Martha McC Steele,
Catherine M Tolles,
Rachel D Sabberton,
Thomas Mullaney,
Edward Brinley,
Richard Conlan,
Mary A Watson,
Charles Klein,
Margaretha Klain.
Wills for probate:
Merritt B Miller,
Albert H Livermore,
Frederick Willmann,
John Engfer,
Wasley Schedko,
Amelia S West,
Giles E Taintor,
Stephen D Tactkian,
William Isaacs,
Fanny Charwat,
Theodore Angelo.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Estates:

Thomas F. Sheedy,
Edward F. Kinard,
George Persad, (2.)

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Litigated motions.

De Vivo<Gallerini.
McFarland<McFarland.
Kushner<Spielka.
Sweiback<N. Cohen & Co, (2.)
Success Waist Co<Boston Store of Chicago.
Raphael<Lee.
Jacobs<Berger.
Weissman<Krentzman.
Efficiency Heating Co<F. F. French Co.
Traubel<Abraham.
Hercules Elec Steel Corp<Premier Snap Fast Co.
Auerbach<Clauss.
Joyce<Hochron.
Callender<Standard Shipb Corp, (2.)
Schweitzer, Spitzer & Co<Opler Bros.
Mohr<Geller, (2.)
Gross<Schumer.
Barth<same.
Fitzgerald<Bennett.
Bandler<Isaacs.
Longdale Rty Co<Friedman.
Grilley<Mutual Profit Realty Co.
C. A. Feld Co<Herrington.
Benisch<Ferguson.
Steinhardt<Gray.
Del Papa<MacDonald.
Emmons<Dubrenheimer.
Arluck<Morrison.
Goldthwaite<Wittlesey.
Weber & Heilbroner<Fauerbach.
Jacobson<Sanders.
Weber & Heilbroner<Prince.
Benisch<Vogt.
Midland Trading Corp<Hechtkopf.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Allen, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Gittelman<Goodman, (2.)
Barsky<Wolf.
Wiener<520-522 E 13th St Rty Co.
Goldberg<Kline.
Hines<Gittens.
Goldstein<I R T Co.
Sopolsky<Thomson.
Kaufman<Dorf.
Katz<Reinus.
Beck<Goetter.
Kassman<NY Rys.
Weissecker<Fischer.
Held<Balmer Rty Co.
Bryant<N Y Rys.
Josefsberg<Kalbach.
Triwasch<Potter.
Skalek<McCarthy Drill, &c, Co.
Kronitz<Kalbach.
Blumberg<Am Sur Co
Cohen<I R T.
Reynolds<N Y Rys.
Youngsworth<same.
Wiener<I R T.
Weiger<NY Rys.
Flam<Senn.
Chadwick<NY Rys.
Holtzer<Fuss.
Fuchs<Mindlen.
Buckman<I R T.
Prager<NY Rys.
Bresko<Smith.
Resht<Brookman.
Ulino<Solomon.
Graziano<I R T Co.
Moskowitz<Northern Silk Mills.
McNamara<N Y City Int Ry.
Wrobel<Herbst.
Rachmil<Schoen.
Aron<Am Snap Fastener Co.
Chatham & Phenix Nat Bank<Katcher.
Steinberger<Maskendorf, (2.)
Whitten<Rowland.
Kokos<Amco Realty, Inc.
Schwartz<Sussman.
Goodstein<Milady Hat Co.
Megdal<Fidelio Brew Co.
Musgrave<N Y Rys.
Champion Coated Paper Co<Hide and Leather Storage Co.
Albeck<Keogh Amuse Co, (2.)

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Furlenette<Aronoff.
Cooper<Cotton & Co.
Case on.

PART III.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Oliver<Bronston, (3.)
Hicks<Arch Eng Co.
Botoshansky<Wilson.
Furst<Jacobs.
Howlett & Hockmeyer Co<Uditsky.
Freitag<Bregher.
Hopewell<Ritchey.
Silverman<Star Dial Light Co.
Huebshman<Dolinsky
York Bldg Co<Albert Fixture Co.
Pfeffer<Sklar.
Brummer<F & G Leggings, &c, Co.
Goetz<Rosenberg.
Gladstone<C D Wood Electric Co.
Zittel<Schwartz.
Indian Refining Co<Richards.
Dorf<Ginsburg.
Goldstein<N J Fid, &c, Co.
Prudential Knitting Mills<Krasney.
Sternstein<Horowitz.
Nat Metal, &c, Co<Liberty Airoil Burner, Inc.
Johnson & Kildal<Redtop Elec Co.
Olshin<Bernstein.
Le Roy Silk Mills<Schroeder & Co.
Watson Mfg Co<Cole.
Perfect Coat, &c, Co<Rubin.
Krebs<Sohn.
Vigneri<Levin Burgh, Inc.
Century H Co<Ebling Brew Co.
Arnold & Co<Duena Shoe Co.
Drop Forg Co<B B Neal Hardware Co.
Johnston<Richardson & Boynton Co.
Asch<B Coat, &c, Laundry Co.
Same<Fordham Laundry Co.
Federman<Harding.
Case on.

PART II.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Volente, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—[illegible] et al (2)—Charles D. Donohue. Schroeder<Rabbe—Lawrence S. Greenbaum.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Albert H. Hastorf<Jacob Sternstein — Chester J. Byrns.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Mills, Rich, Putnam, Blackmar, Kelly, Jaycox, JJ.—Non-enumerated day calendar at 10 A. M.

Ruland<Tuthill (2.)

Motion calendar at 10 A. M.

Hebblethwaite<Flint & Flint (2.)
Re Tarsey.
McDermott, Inc<Lawyers Mtg Co.
Hill<Kurtz, indiv, &c.
Realty Associates<Conrad Const et al.
Darnoska et al<Richmond Lt & RR Co.
Shedrofsky<Chicago Soda Water Fount.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M. Motions.

Galewitz<Weltman (2)
Van Cleef<Maxfield.
Roberts<Farrell.
Acken<Ray.
Markey<Markey.
Bklyn Trust<CNY (2.)
Collins<Rechnitz.
Moran<Nass E RR.
Platz<NY Cons RR.
Schwaner<same.
Cruikshank<White.
Re Stewart Av, (Scheibel.)
Kearns<Kearns.
O'Rourke Manure Co<O'Rourke.
Griswold<Herman.
Otton<Otton.
Musso<Beckenstein.
M Byron<Lamura Const Co.
T F Byron<same.
K M Andrews<Wilcox.
A W Andrews<same.
Barton<Hoffman.
People State of NY<Weiner.
Munter<Kobre.
Re Dupont St.
Oppenheimer<H L Development Co.
Meyerberg<Meyerberg
Eisenbrock<Eisenbrock.
O'Meara<O'Meara.
Blauvelt<Blauvelt.
Nassauer<Tagliabue.
Lazitch<Lazitch.
Jungmann<Sommer.
Soloway<Junius Coal & Wood Co.
Manzo<Kelly.
Marine Transp Serv Corp<Romanof.
Russo<Russo.
Schieffelin<Hylan.
Loeffler<Armour & Co
Ming<Ming.
McCormick<Cuendet.
Re 85th St (Raymond)
Sparrow<MacDonald.
Potts<NY Tel Co.

PART II.—Lazansky, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM, TRIALS—Part III.—Benedict, J. At 10 A. M.

Shiebler<Branson.
Union Trust Co<Jones
Grossmitz<Schoenfeld
Neulist<Neulist.
Katz<Katz.
Levy<Jacobsen.
Mitchell<Mitchell.
Freeman<Martin Rlty.
Marymont<Greenberg.
Kahn<Rosenthal.
Miller<Weil.
Cherpinski<Cherpinski

The remaining cases, marked ready on the previous call of Feb. 6, will be added to this day calendar for trial, from day to day, as the above cases are disposed of.

Highest number reached on the regular call, 1375.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Manning, J.; Part II., Young, J.; Part III., Kapper, J.; Part IV., Aspinall, J.; Part V., Clark, J.; Part VI., Van Siclen, J.; Part VIII., Kelby, J.

Messina<B H RR.
Behrens<B H RR.
Montagnino<Minolfi.
Goldberg<Rosenbaum.
Nielsen<Coastwise Dredging Co.
Iwan<Jung.
Silverstein & Co<Slutzky.
Bergman<Nassau RR.
Stern<Acme Malting.
Brooks<C I & Gravesend RR.
Ryan<Remmer.
Same<Kramer.
Clarke<Hughes.
Bowman<Nassau RR.
Lausen<Howland Co.
Wohlschegel<Testa.
Metal Package Co<Kennedy Const Co.
Osborn<B H RR.
Sagar<So Bklyn Ry.
Mannson<Nostrand.
Whittier<Dalzell & Co
Rourke<Ball.
Edelman<Lenoci.
Marando<Nassau RR.
McGuiness<Bleckert.
Ezzo<Steves-Laclos.
Karlinsky<Mandelbaum.

The balance of the day calendar stands over until Feb. 17.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7199.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V., May, J.—In Part I. at 10 A. M.

McKeen<Saiber.
Kramer<Barra.
Tooker<Globe Construction Co.
Audley Clarke Co<Richnitz Brothers.
Foster Imp Co<Ramagnano.
Rudinsky<Mandelbaum.
Fleiss<Stevens.
Blonstein<Vogel, (case on.)

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

Re Appleton, Morris Park & Mayflower Avs.
Barter<Rabbeitt.
Re Litzky.
Trost<Trost.
Stanton<Hyland.
Re Model Bldg & Loan Assn.
Re Carnevale.
McElroy<Russell.
Durham<Lubarsky.
Re Juzanelli.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J. Kaufman<Kline Rlty & Improv Co.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J. No day calendar.

PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.—Short cause calendar: Sparser<Rollins.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Tierney, J.—Frank Fallitico<Vincenzo Amato et al.—William Peters.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Seeger, J.—At 10 A. M. For ex parte business and the hearing of motions. Also for the naturalization of aliens.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Platt, J.; Part III., no Justice.—At 10 A. M.

Youmans<Piccone, (2)
Ugovitch<Ohio Farmers' Ins Co.
Jones<NY Rys.
Irvine<Lambiasi.
Sistare<Davey.
Carney<O'Brien, (2.)
Kahn<Gironda.
Geno<Funk.
Reynolds<NY Rys.
Brundage<Int R T.
Coleman<Bayles.
Myers<Kaufman.
Finch<Rosenzweig.
Creavy<Landgrebe (2)
Bergin<West El RR.
Considine Invest Co<NY C RR.
Bond<NY & Stam Ry.
Levine<Int R T.
Kramer<Yonkers RR, (2.)
Schomber<NY, W & B Ry.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Langevine<Pretzfeld.
Taranella<Rozenstein
Wood<NY C RR.
Scozzafava<Int R T.
Ferguson<Dannemiller.
Pennette<West St RR.
Schreibner<Elsworth.
Beplat<Brambach.
Byrnes<Littelton.
Bleakley<Glens Falls Ins Co.
Fanelli<Butler.
Frankenberg<Spiegel.
Davey Tree Export Co<Birchmer Corp.
Strumke<NY C RR.
Halstead<Thompson.
Moger<Dusenberry.

Highest number reached on call 866.

Surrogate's Court.

At White Plains—Slater, S.

Wills for probate:
Kalman Moskowitz,
Martha J MacLear,
Charles G Schmidt,
John H Ferris,
Ida Bruder,
Hazel Golden,
Albert Bleakley.
Executor's acc't'g:
Margaret Elgar,
Thomas J. McCahill.
Petition for heirship
Nellie S Hogan.
Guardian's acc't'g:
Seymour Minors.
Adm'r's acc't'g:
Henry Clay Nelson.
Transfer tax appeal:
Clinton Sweet.

The following will not be called because no proofs have been filed as provided by Rule 2:

Adm'r's acc't'g: Sophia Hoffman.
Probate: Anastasia Cavanagh.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Faber, J. At 10 A. M.

Peterson<Cohn.

Cases will be added to the calendar from day to day from the day calendar of Jan. 29.

Highest number reached on general calendar is 2715.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

STORM KING PAPER CO., (THE.)—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against The Storm King Paper Company, at 5 Beekman Street, with factory in Moodna, N. Y., by the following creditors: Morris Berman, $94; A. J. Wolkenberg, $40, and Aaron L. Palmer, $372. An assignment was made on Feb. 10, 1919.

WALTER K. TICHENOR.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Walter K. Tichenor, a dentist at 157 West 123d Street, by the following creditors: Max Birner, $137; Francis Martin, $375, and Percival H. White, $125.

GEORGE COON, a salesman in Neptune Park, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $117,876, represented by secured claims of $1,403; unsecured claims, $5,314, and accommodation paper, $111,158, and no assets. Among the largest creditors are Blanche S. Zwighaft, $12,000, Samuel Baumann, $65,000, who are said to hold notes made by Lenox Realty Company indorsed by petitioner. Lenox Realty Company is alleged to have been out of business since 1912.

LOUIS DAVIDOW, general dry goods, at 171 First Avenue, and branches, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $45,013, unsecured claims and assets of $13,500, consisting of stock $8,500, fixtures $500, other personal property $2,500, and deposits of money in banks $2,000. Among the largest creditors are: Scheinzeit & Goldman, $1,751; R. Lipschitz & Sons, $1,321, and L. Michelson & Sons, $1,128.

PREMIER COSTUME CO., INC., manufacturer of dresses, at 12 and 14 West Thirty-second Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $46,292, represented by secured claims, $9,811; unsecured claims, $21,055, and notes and bills, $15,298, and assets of $18,623, consisting of stock, $8,000; fixtures, $200; other personal property, $7,000; accounts due, $3,173, and money in bank, $240. Among the largest creditors are Lester Cohn, $5,031; East River National Bank, $3,000; Burtinsky, Klepper and Landan, $2,155, and Lyonette Silks, Inc., $1,757.

SIROTA & LIEB, wholesale grocers, at 63 Beach Street and 105 Hudson Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $107,852, of which $31,076 are secured claims, and assets of $49,688, main items of which are stock, $39,471, and accounts due, $10,043. Among the largest creditors are M. & J. Talianoff, $15,207; Stotsky Brothers, $15,207; California Packing Corporation, $11,488, and State Bank, $10,000.

MORRIS GWIRTZMAN, dealer in jewelry at 525 Eighth Avenue, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $13,905, and assets of $7,000, represented by stock, $6,500, and fixtures, $500. Among the largest creditors are Newman Charlot, $1,827, and George Dolin, $759.

Out of Town.

PHILIP A. LASHER.—Judge Knox has appointed Newton H. Fessenden receiver for Philip A. Lasher, general merchandise, at 614 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y., in $1,000 bond. The liabilities are said to approximate $5,000, and the assets to be about $6,000.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 13.—Underestimated cost of production of war materials is declared to be the cause of the filing of a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today by the Robinson Machine Company of Ecorge, Michigan. Liabilities are listed at $226,278.07, and the assets at $197,047.94. The petition was filed by M. M. Sullivan, Vice President of the company.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Ashley, Robert W., Louis H. Thullen, George F. Woolston, and George A. Manning, Manufacturers Engineering Co.—Bishop Babcock Becker Co., costs	$109.33
Arthur, Marie C., or Marie Cahill—Lizzie Cummins, Inc.	846.50
Abramson, Samuel—C. Gasner	216.15
Argul Mfg. Co., Inc—H. H. Ehlers	106.32
Best Knitting Mills, Inc.—H. F. Simons	399.68
B. Frankel Co., Inc.—Everett Heaney & Co., Inc.	1,061.72
Bellassai, Ugo, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c	1,500.00
Badgeley, Emma G.—Central Consumers Wine and Liquor Co., costs	128.46
COMISKY, FRANK P.—Smith Bros. Plumbing Co.	494.91
Calder, John—Brunswick Realty Co.	113.20
Donley, John E. and Julia E.—Mfrs. National Bank of Troy	352.25
Davidson, Julius—Kleinbard, Inc.	115.35
Davis, George W., and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People, &c	500.00
Gordon, Stephen K.—N. Y. Mineral Flooring Co., Inc.	1,728.07
Goldstein, Arthur, and Isidor N. Sherwin, A. Goldstein & Co—J. Praise	2,630.16
Greenberg, Morris—Harris Co., Inc.	828.22
Goetz, Margery—M. Beck et al	1,573.28
Georgi, Alfred T.—Texas Co.	386.15
Harrison High Grade Ice Cream Co.—Pena Milk Products Co., Inc.	1,637.36
Hoffmeister, George—E. B. Bishop, costs	109.55
Hedden, M. Evelyn—L. Scholem	195.96
Hygrade Products Trading Co., Inc.—Cornwall Mfg. Co., Inc.	1,190.32
Hirschberg, Felix—M. Quittner	6,083.81
Ive Pictures Corp.—J. E. Foster	380.20
Same—R. Cameron	150.20
Same—R. Kerbs	305.20
Klein, Philip and Joseph—A. Hirschhorn et al.	556.66
Kitt, George—M. M. Tompkins	3,818.56
Kollisch's Long Beach Stores, Inc.—Procter & Gemble Distributing Co.	188.78
Kiss Burglar Corp.—H. C. Miner Lithographing Co.	1,274.00
Morris, Nat—G. Vitelli	159.40
Manhattan Mortgage Co.—Nat'l Surety Co.	6,733.71
McNeill, Harry A.—M. S. Pinner	143.00
Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry. Co.—A. E. Peterson, costs	116.97
Same—H. H. Kutner, costs	120.93
Queens Land & Title Corp., Inc.—P. Nolan, costs	128.60
Rosenbaum, Saul, and Joseph Stone—Jo-[illegible]	128.62
[illegible]	[illegible]
Remor Corp.—Albany Savings Bank	28,323.49
Rhodius, Geo. J.—Title Guarantee & Trust Co.	148.13
Robinson, Walter—J. M. Royall et al., costs	137.30
Rietter, Harry—N. Flauman	121.45
Raitchevitch, Milen—W. J. Salmon	193.70
Reid, James—Stinhardt Bros & Co.	4,121.05
Richard, Carlo—M. Bider, costs	108.67
Stuurman, John H. G., Jr.—K. W. Buck	226.00
Siegelstein, Pierre A.—I. Cohn	168.60
Schoenhaus, Isidor—Reliable Tire & Supply Co., Inc.	357.10
Simmenauer, Sigmund, and Edmund Miller—J. Hoffman	310.44
Tresca, Carlo—Nicoletti Bros. Press, Inc.	198.19
Tef, Lee, and Nat'l Surety Co.—People, &c.	500.00
Ullman, Max, (Ullman Advertising Agency)—Gehring Pub. Co.	196.60
Vieller, Bayard—Lizzie Cummons, Inc.	165.93
Valentine, Thomas—Saranac Realty Co.	339.51
Viola, Joseph—Lion Brewery of N. Y. City	532.58
William Simpson, Inc.—L. Wierck	1,536.58
Widerhorn, Philip, and Harry Goldberg—P. Weintraub	167.20
Wills, Heloise M.—H. M. Knapp	5,233.53
Weismann, Tobias, and Jacob Schechter—G. Trachtenberg	357.17
Woodman, William E.—A. Angonoa, Inc.	204.84
Weil, Edward A.—E. J. MacGregor	140.04
Wellish, Arpad—Cremieux Benevolent Society	4,745.53

Bronx County.

Brouillett, Charles E.—L. S. Eickwort.	$279.72
Gerleit Auto Spring Wheel Co., Inc.—L. Meditz	526.65
Hackel, Charles—E. H. Rosenstock	198.70
Haas, Julius H.—J. Eisner	150.72
Krotman, Joseph L.—I. J. Shendelman	78.78
Rubenstein, Harry—S. Sonders	152.80
Sanna, Alfred D.—J. F. Mason	135.97
Slutsken, Jacob H.—J. Gray, as trustee	79.15
Sossnitz, Isaac, and May I. Sobel—C. A. T. Nurse et al	391.35
Sproule, Thomas A.—A. Selkin	149.65

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Montani, Emilio—Foster Scott Ice Co.; Sept. 29, 1915	$126.10
Green, Howard E.—F. Noehod et al.; Nov. 17, 1910	3,038.94
Taylor, George C.—P. Kehoe; May 24, 1918	10,320.56
N. Y. C. R. R. Co.—J. Phillips; April 26, 1918	10,155.07
Nibelius, Axel M.—E. E. Epps et al.; May 16, 1918	109.60
Liebert, Morris A., & Morris, H, Koski—J. Cohen et al.; Dec. 31, 1918	113.54
Culver Building Corp. et al.—G. J. Guidici; Sept. 11, 1917	173.95
Kaut, Herman—L. Nordlinger; Nov. 15, 1918	117.61
Hygrade Auto Exchange, Inc.—C. Groves; Oct. 19, 1918	296.54
Holstein, Nathan—L. Grau et al.; March 4, 1910	101.25
Witt, Ferdinand—G. E. Morris; March 15, 1917	923.61
Marell Chemical Co.—Madero Bros., Inc.; Oct. 29, 1917	1,179.01
Reichenbach, Harry L.—C. H. Moore; May 16, 1917	111.91
Simmonds, Graff W.—H. Goldenberg; Feb. 21, 1917	172.99
Swennie, James D.—United Distillers Co., Inc.; Aug. 16, 1916	100.74

In Bronx County.

R. & P. Bldg. Co., Inc., Robert Podgur and Paul Silvestri—J. Bell Co.; June 21, 1917	$534.87
Taylor, George C., as President—P. Kehoe administrator; May 24, 1918	10,820.56

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BELPORT NOVELTY WORKS, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, November 20, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 85 Bleecker Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of hats, manufactured and partly manufactured hats, trimmings, silks, cotton, taffetas, plaids, bales of straw, sewing machines, electric cutter, motors, large pressing machine, safe, office fixtures, &c.

RAYMOND H. SARFATY, Receiver.

STERN, BARR & TYLER and NATHAN H. STONE, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB SCHNEIDER and HARRY LASHOWER, copartners, trading as SCHNEIDER & LASHOWER, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, February 19, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 95 Division Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks, suits, dresses, piece goods, trimmings, linings, machines, motors, figures, electric cutting machines, cash register with cabinet attached, safe, wall cases, fixtures, &c.

BERNARD BERNBAUM, Assignee.

MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for petitioning creditors and Assignee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KAISER R. RAZOOK and SAID A. RAZOOK, individually and as copartners, trading as K. R. RAZOOK & CO., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Feb. 14, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 105 East 29th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of silks, satins, crepe de chine, ribbons, laces, trimmings, serges, cotton goods, ladies' underwear, negligees, kimonas, waists, machinery, safe, fixtures, &c.

HARRY ZALKIN, Receiver.

BENJAMIN B. GRELLER, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

[illegible] Monday, Feb- [illegible]

AUSTRIA CLAIMS PAINTINGS.

Objects to Surrender of Masterpieces Taken from Italy.

BASLE, Feb. 13.—The German-Austrian Foreign Office, according to a dispatch from Vienna, has sent a protest to the allied Governments and President Wilson against Italy's claim to sixty-four paintings in possession of the German-Austrian Government. The protest declares that the paintings are the property of former Emperor Charles personally and not property of the Crown.

According to newspapers here an Italian commission has visited the Court Library in Vienna to take possession of manuscripts and volumes brought to Vienna when the Austrians were masters of Naples, during the first half of the nineteenth century.

VIENNA, Feb. 12, (Associated Press.)—The Government of German-Austria is turning over to the Italians under protest paintings which the Italian Government claims were taken from occupied Italian territory by the Austro-Hungarian armies. Among the paintings are the "Madonna of the Orange Tree," by Giovanni Battista; Carpaccio's "Christ," Tintoretto's "Philosopher," two altar pieces by Veronese, and one of Bastiani's best canvases.

Some of these paintings were found in the Imperial Art Museum and one at Eckartsau Castle, where former Emperor Charles is living. The first lot of sixty-four paintings is being prepared for shipment to Italy under military escort.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

A PITTSBURGH CORPORATION

manufacturing and selling staple lines, high grade goods with world-wide market, and having more than four times as much assets as liabilities, stock included, has position of Treasurer and Asst. Manager open for suitable party who has $20,000 to $25,000 to invest in the business; can also use one or two more District Sales Managers on similar basis. Address Office, 415 Union Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Penn.

FOR SALE.—FULY EQUIPPED PLANT 42 MACHINES; EXCELLENT LOCATION IN WILLIAMSBURG SECTION OF BROOKLYN. INQUIRE ROGGEN BROS. & CO., 653 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY.

Young physician just returned from army seeks location to practice in Brooklyn or suburban New York; do not wish to purchase property; co-operation of druggists invited. S 65 Times.

ESTABLISHED EXPORT FIRM wishes third associate, experienced, ready to finance business; those who mean business need apply 1,465 Broadway, Room 401.

Active young man around 30, with real estate experience and $1,500 as partner; no outlay of money; good proposition; investigate. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St.

Money loaned reliable concerns; active or silent partners procured. Polansky, Cortlandt 490.

Restaurant or delicatessen in good location, going business, wanted; must bear investigation; cash. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st.

Dining room to sublet, 40-room hotel, near boardwalk, Atlantic City. R 269 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

PARTY OF MEANS WOULD LIKE TO BUY PROCESS FOR METAL PLATING ON PLASTER, WOOD, &c., OR WILL BUY INTEREST IN GOING CONCERN ENGAGED IN LIKE BUSINESS; IN REPLYING FURNISH FULL PARTICULARS; NO OTHERS WILL BE CONSIDERED; PRINCIPALS ONLY. Z 369 TIMES ANNEX.

Salesman has $2,500 to invest with services in a ladies' underwear or kindred line; would like to hear from a man who knows the manufacturing end. R 309 Times.

Will invest money and services in lunch room proposition or legitimate going commercial business; strictest investigation. S 75 Times.

Sales-Advertising Manager will invest $1,000 with services in business. K 242 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS. An exceptional opportunity is offered man of business experience to invest above amount with services in thoroughly established metal manufacturing business located in New England city; must possess executive ability and devote entire time to business; owner has no partners at present time; the business is in a most satisfactory condition, has excellent reputation, full credit for all its requirements and earning good profits; capital is required to enlarge plant to take advantage of rapidly increasing business; this is a genuine business proposition and full investigation will be given and required. Address Z 374 Times Annex.

Salesman, executive wanted, with $5,000 to $50,000, enlarging machinery, railroad equipment; steel business; established 20 years; unusual opportunity; large profits. B 482 Times Downtown.

Partner for up-to-date garage, who knows all about the business; good references required. B 910 Times Harlem.

CAPITAL wanted in dress and skirt business. Call Mad. Sq. 1149.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

ATTENTION, MANUFACTURERS! A gentleman returning to Poland to establish business connections abroad wishes representation of reliable American firm; has wide experience and excellent business connections in Poland, Ukraine, Lithuania, and eventually in Russia and Siberia. Address S 78 Times.

Young man with established office in Indianapolis wishes to act as Western representative for some Eastern concern; well educated and fully capable of handling your business whether it be purely routine or necessitating tactful originality. Z 324 Times Annex.

Argentine gentleman, veterinarian, graduated in the United States, going to Chile and Argentina, wishes to represent American firms, commission basis; best references. R 268 Times.

Manufacturers can secure part services well known advertising writer, sales promoter and export man by writing K 238 Times.

FOR SALE.

Good Opportunity Offered in the Wholesale Grocery Business.

Receiver offers for sale wholesale grocery business, established 30 years, business being continued; established trade; valuable good will, outstandings, machinery, fixtures, and stock of miscellaneous groceries; offers must be received on or before Feb. 17. Apply 348 West 52d St. Benjamin Allen, Receiver in Bankruptcy, of Robert Hill, Inc., bankrupt.

Shoe Store.—Must sell my half interest in old established shoe store, lower east side; busy street; good money maker. B 229 Times.

Old-established Park Av. general market in the sixties for sale; fine American trade; want to retire; will sell at a sacrifice. C 898 Times Annex.

Flourishing private kindergarten, centrally located, to be sold reasonably for excellent reasons. Address A 1084 Times Harlem.

Swiss embroidery plant at a sacrifice. 31 Union Sq., Room 1,604; phone 7122 Stuyvesant between 12-1 P. M.

Billiard parlor, lunch counter, $800 a month, 7 tables; good chance; investigate. J. Hamilton 23 West 23d St.

Butcher shop, $35,000 to $40,000 year, good location; a good proposition for family man. J. Hamilton, 23 West 23d.

For Sale.—Entire plant, including sewing machines, tables, fixtures, fans, typewriter, &c. The Hamilton Mfg. Co., 532 B'dway.

Boarding house coining money; old established; $5,000; exceptional bargain. O. H., 3,525 Broadway.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Loans made on accounts and merchandise; private; confidential. A 1074 Times Harlem.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

ALL KINDS OF BUSINESS BOUGHT AND sold with quick result; must stand investigation through. Enterprise Exchange Bureau. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Lee's Towing Line, Inc., owner of the steamtug Maren Lee, has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage, or injury arising out of the collision claimed to have occurred between the schooner Cora F. Cressy, which was in tow of the steamtugs Maren Lee and Herman Lee, and the barge Cumberland on or about the 12th day of April, 1917; value of the vessel and freight $40,000.

All persons claiming damages because of any such loss, destruction, damage, or injury, must prove their claims before Roger B. Wood, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, No. 37 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 19th day of May, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal, S. D. of N. Y.

—ELECTRIC LAMPS—

30% SAVING

NITROGEN TUNGSTEN

Compare These Prices

TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
10, 15, 25 40, 50	.35	.25
60	.40	[illegible]
100	.38	[illegible]

NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
75	.70	.49
100	1.10	[illegible]
150	1.65	[illegible]
200	2.20	1.54

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Without Glare

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Equal light distribution. Fits any ordinary socket. Suitable for any size lamp; pleasing appearance. THE PRACTICAL LIGHT for offices, stores, factories, churches, etc.
Regular Price $5.50.
Our PRICE (Fixture Only.) $2.50
Electrical & Engineering Corp.
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J. H. JACOBSEN
Commission Merchant,
35, Rue d'Hauteville
PARIS (10eme)
(Wholesale Only)
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Perfumery, Articles de Paris,
High class and ordinary goods,
Bric a Brac for Bazaars
Scientific and Medical Instruments.
Please apply for prices.

A NEW YORK diamond merchant, whose jeweler-customers throughout the country pay him by notes, has us carry these notes for him until maturity, thus releasing funds for his expanded business.

Possibly your business can use a similar service.

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Accounts Financed
347 Madison Avenue at Forty-fifth St.
Telephone Murray Hill 1125.

Wormser & Co.
Commercial Bankers
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3360
Accounts Financed.
Advances on Merchandise.

Money for Investments
Acceptances and Notes Purchased
EMANUEL FINE,
200 5th Ave., Suite 620. Phone Gramercy 391

PUBLIC NOTICE.

DECLARATION OF INTENTION TO ORGANIZE A FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The undersigned hereby give notice of their intention to form a corporation "for the purpose of making insurance on dwelling houses, stores, and all kinds of buildings and household furniture, and other property against loss or damage, including loss of use or occupancy, by fire, lightning, windstorm, tornado, cyclone, earthquake, hail, frost or snow, and by explosion whether fire ensues or not (except upon steam boilers and pipes, fly-wheels, engines and machinery connected therewith or operated thereby, against explosion and accident; and except against loss or damage to life or property resulting therefrom; and except against loss of use and occupancy caused thereby;) also against loss or damage by water to any goods or premises arising from the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus erected for extinguishing fires, and of water pipes, and against accidental injury to such sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus, and upon vessels, boats, cargoes, goods, merchandise, freights, and other property against loss or damage by all or any of the risks of lake, river, canal and inland navigation and transportation, including insurances upon automobiles whether stationary or being operated under their own power, which shall include all or any of the hazards of fire, explosion, transportation, collision, loss by legal liability for damage to property resulting from the maintenance and use of automobiles and loss by burglary or theft or both, but shall not include insurance against loss by reason of bodily injury to the person and to effect re-insurance of any risks taken by it," as expressed in Section 110 of the Insurance Law of the State of New York.

Dated, New York, February 11, 1919.

J. S. Frelinghuysen,
E. C. Jameson,
G. F. Hutchings,
J. A. Mets, Jr.,
John M. Daggett,
C. A. Garthwaite,
L. R. Bowden,
G. W. Van Cleef,
W. C. Kuester,
Geo. A. Diltz,
Burroughs Van Fleet,
Wm. J. Cornwall,
R. L. Dougherty.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sec. III., Par. II., Act of October 3, 1913, and Secs. 2865, 3082 and 2802 R. S. U. S., I have seized and hold one 2-strand pearl necklace, one lavalliere, one 2-stone ring, one solitaire diamond ring, one silk shawl, one ring, one pair earrings, one lace spread, seven pieces lace, one cigarette case, four pearl studs, one solitaire diamond ring. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 4th, 1919.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sec. III., Par. H., Act of October 3, 1913, and Secs. 2865, 3082 and 2802 R. S. U. S., I have seized and hold one 1-strand pearl necklace, 1 lavalliere and 1 comb pin and 1 ring. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 4th, 1919.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sec. III., Par. H., Act of October 3, 1913, and Secs. 2865, 3082 and 2802 R. S. U. S., I have seized and hold twenty-five pictures. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 4, 1919.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 23,530.

Notice is given that RITTER RESTAURANT CO., INC., bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why the composition should not be confirmed.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

AMOSKEAG STRIPES Wanted.—19130, 19131, 19132, 19134, 19135, for cash. Mad. Sq. 435.

BLACK SATIN Wanted.—Good quality, 40 inches wide. Parisian Mfg. Co., 31 East 31st.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Gray, lavender, pekin, rose. I. Novick, 45 West 27th St. 9644 Farragut.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315, navy, taupe, will buy or exchange for black. Gramercy 512.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Light tan and rose. Republic Novelty Works, 244 5th Av.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany or F. H., cheap for cash. Gramercy 1114.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—110, B. C., brown, 09070. Spring 3870.

CAPES, DOLMANS and Sport Coats Wanted.—Placing orders on better grade; call with samples, mornings. 9 West 24th, 4th floor.

CAPES AND SPORT COATS Wanted.—To look at from 9 to 12 A. M. 1,333 Broadway, 10th floor, 36th St. entrance.

CAPES, DOLMANS AND SPORT COATS Wanted.—Call Parker Cloak & Suit Co., 28 West 33d St., 9th floor.

CAPE COATS wanted by jobber, also coats and taffeta suits. A. Jacobs, 30 West 32d.

CHAMBRAYS Wanted.—Good quality plain colors, also amoskeags plain and plaids; will exchange or buy. Fannette Mfg., Farragut 9910.

CHARMEUSE Wanted.—Black taupe, good quality. Casper Davis & Son, 33 West 34th.

CHECKS Wanted.—All wool, also all worsted; mail samples immediately. Z 307 Times Annex.

CHIFFON CLOTH Wanted.—Special lot at very low price. S. Ring, 141 5th Av.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—All colors. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

COATS, SUITS AND DRESSES Wanted.—All quantities and qualities, closed out, for cash. H. A. Wolf, Phone Stuyvesant 7097.

COATS Wanted.—Pile fabric for Fall children's, juniors' and ladies' bring samples; afternoons all week. 127 West 26th, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted.—Open for pile fabric coats for Fall; bring samples, all week. 127 West 26th, third floor.

COVERTS Wanted.—Also will exchange 809 tan serge for black and navy. Cooper & Lausner, 115 West 27th. Gramercy 3641.

DELHI Wanted.—Tan, also Folwell's rose poplin. Greenberg, 71 West 23d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on georgettes and taffeta dresses; call from 3 to 6 P. M., all week. Braunstein & Savior, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy models on taffeta and georgette dresses. Call with models, 6 and 8 West 20th St., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Western jobber open for 1,000 silk dresses and 1,000 silk skirts. Call Saturday morning, 1,261 Broadway, Room 915.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on all kinds of wash dresses and foulards. Call with samples, Room 306, 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy, stylish dresses. Call with samples all week, 8 West 19th St., 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large quantities better class, our or your material. Call at once, 48 West 25th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking better grade, between 4 and 6, 14th floor, rear, 12 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Stock orders placed, snappy cotton and silk dresses. 44 East 32d, 4th floor.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Waists Wanted.—In jobs for cash; highest grades. Phone Madison Square 3135.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted. — Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy silk dresses. L. & R., 11th floor, 129 West 27th St.

DRESSES Wanted. — Georgette, taffeta, satin. 9 West 29th St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—2,000 georgette for cash. Morris Lugerman, 3 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted.—2,000 satin and taffeta for cash. Morris Lugerman, 3 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at snappy styles. Chic Made, 39 West 34th.

DUVET DE LAINES Wanted.—In all Spring shades; big quantity. Cohen-Benowitz, Mad. Sq. 2639.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Cash; F. & H. shades 803, 526. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

EVORA Wanted.—All colors, silvertones, velour 4281, pekin, henna, reindeer, rookie, tricotine. Rappaport & Gottlieb, 153 Madison Av.

FLANNEL, Bleached, Wanted. — Canton, weighing 2.85 or heavier; advise price and quantity. Phone Madison Square 428.

GABARDINES Wanted. — Garfield's 4666, navy, rookie, tan; cash. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

GABARDINES, Tricotine, Poiret Twill Wanted.—Navy and colors. Madison Square 2687.

GABARDINE Wanted.—Loraines, 3659, rookie and navy. Yellin & Rand, Farragut 6326.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—250 pieces of printed and colored georgette for cash. Morris Lugerman, 3 West 29th.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Ipswich Mills will buy the two lots, 2,000 dozen and 4,000 dozen, original packing of 18-inch Ipswich style No. 108 fibre hose at $5 and $5.10, or any similar amounts as advertised Feb. 7, New York Times. Address Lawrence & Co., 24 Thomas St.

LINENE Wanted.—Colored seaside, woodside, Rob Roy or similar cloth for manufacture of middies and smocks, below market price. Madison Square 4980.

LONSDALE JEANS Wanted.—Or similar cloth, for manufacture of middies, below market price. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d. Madison Square 4980.

PLUSH Wanted.—Serges of every description; also heavyweight velours. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—F. & H.; will exchange tan and putty for navy and black. Murray Hill 3799.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted.—Lorraine 3666 all colors for cash, also Tricotines. Madison Square 5825.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted.—Garfield's 4976 navy, rookie, tan. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Navy. 44 East 25th St., 6th floor.

POM POMS Wanted.—Americans 12075, all shades; no quantity too small, none too large. Farragut 2254.

POPLIN Wanted.—Copen, rookie, and Pekin, velours, tan 99 serge, navy and black. Farragut 4963.

POPLINS Wanted.—Americans, all shades; also tricotines and poiret twills; cash. Farr. 5759.

POPLIN Wanted.—High shades; also navy and black. Alex Cohen, 34 East 10th St.

POPLIN Wanted.—American, Spring shades. Telephone Farragut 4078.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 9610, black, reindeer, tan and gray. Phone Chelsea 4077.

POPLINS Wanted.—Susquehanna. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 90610, Clay 976, or similar quality. Madison Square 1969.

SERGES Wanted.—Hairline stripes, Folwell's, 644, navy and black. L. Goldstein & Co., 11 East 26th. Mad. Sq. 10170.

SERGE Wanted.—519, 809, or 1464, in black, navy, and rookie. Noble & Bloom, 145 West 30th St.

SERGES Wanted.—3850 Stevens, 1464 Andrews, 54202 Julliards; open for quantity at price. Farragut 707.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy quantity of Dunmore's, 0340, 1464, cash. Max Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

SERGES AND POPLIN Wanted.—99, 1464, navy and black, also 90610 black. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

SERGES Wanted.—838, navy and black, also tan and rookie; Garfields preferred. A H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th.

SERGES AND TRICOTINES Wanted.—Will buy for cash 99 serge or similar. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

SERGE Wanted.—104, 519 black, navy; quantity; cash. Ward, Levy, 127 West 25th. Farragut 2843.

SERGES Wanted.—7512, 99, 4632, 11433, 3850, 235, 9, tricotines, silvertones. Madison Square 9837.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 6120, or similar; must be cheap. Sunshine Dress, 34 West 17th. Farragut 9985.

SERGE Wanted.—In market for black serge and black poplin. Abraham Lustgarten, 8 West 19th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Jamestown 9302, Cleveland 9058; quantity for cash. Haft, Farragut 9752.

SERGES Wanted; also Khaki.—All kinds for cash. Madison Square 1076, 1,150 Broadway, Room 605.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 11433, 809, quantity; cheap; spot cash. Annetta, Farragut 8098.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 54289, gray, Copen., black, for cash. Halpert Bros., Farragut 8954.

SERGES Wanted.—Broadcloths, all colors, serges 99, 104, 528, 0609, 9070. Gramercy 1837-6227.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy 7120, also H. & L. Copen and marine silvertone. Chelsea 590.

SERGES Wanted.—519, 11433, 809, 1464, 3850, 838. Weinstein Co. Madison Square 2639.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for 0609, 9070, 99104, 1464. Madison Square 5523.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 0696, 0936, black and navy. Alex Cohen, 34 East 10th St.

SERGES Wanted.—M. F. L. Copenhagen. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy for cash. Whitmans 99 and 9. Stuyvesant 2217.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES Wanted.—519 Garfield, quantity at the price; cash. Madison Sq. 5819.

SERGES, VELOURS Wanted.—Call with swatches. Ettensen Zalud Co., 11 West 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 7120, velours 0360, reindeer, terra cotta; cash. Gram. 2452.

SERGES Wanted.—1464, or similar, blacks and navy. Call 29 W. 35th St., 8th floor.

SERGES Wanted.—3850; also 99; quantities; must be cheap. Mad. Sq. 4845.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 1464 Andrew's serges, navies only. Farragut 6264.

SERGES Wanted.—9, 09070, navy and black. Hershfield, phone Farragut 9339.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany, Garfield, and similar numbers. Room 712, 1,265 B'way.

SERGES Wanted.—Black serge, 104, 106, 09070. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—780, 11433, 519, any quantity, for cash. Greeley 4181.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 0609, 0936, 99, for spot cash. Gramercy 5098.

SERGES Wanted.—0696, also 6009 poplins; all colors. Rothblum, 6 West 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—1464 or similar. Louis Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d.

SERGE Wanted.—U. S. 235, tricotines, navy, rookie. Madison Square 6375.

SERGES Wanted.—519 navy and black; cash. M. R. Silverman, Farragut 3290.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 7120, 104, 3850. Gramercy 4941.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 99. Atwood Cloak and Suit, 148 West 24th St.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 09070, 0609, 1464. Phone Farragut 2570.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 809. Herman Cloak Co., Greeley 4582.

SERGES Wanted.—838 navy, for spot cash. Madison Square 5617.

SERGES Wanted.—Garfield 519, black. Call Stagg 1424.

SILK Wanted.—Fan-ta-si sport silk. Any waist, dress or skirt manufacturers who wish to close out this material at a price, communicate with Walter Floeckher, 200 5th Av.

SILK Wanted.—Open for odds and ends in silk; also remnants in any quantity, for cash. Madison Square 2673.

SILKS Wanted.—Striped crepe de chine, striped tub silks; cash transaction. Trio Waist Co., 39 West 32d St.

SILKS Wanted. — Emerald, nile, reseda, mais, lilac, other odd shades, for cash. Spring 7034.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for odds and ends in silk tricolette in any quantity for cash. Madison Square 4941.

SILKS Wanted.—Plaid and stripes. 16 East 33d, 4th floor. Murray Hill 5562.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—American poplin Garfields tricotine 4718, in all shades; also 11433 navy serge, rose taupe serge, F. & H. Copen broadcloth. Knickerbocker 258.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden, Leonards; also tricotines, navy and colors. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, Farragut 3757.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Holden Leonard, exchange copen for sand. Call Farragut 3825. I. Kanner & Co.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Arthur Joel or Holden & Leonard. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—For cash, all shades including reindeer. Louis Horowitz. Chelsea 1911.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Can use silvertone in Spring shades for cash. Greeley 3812.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Cash; all colors; also tricotines. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All Spring shades; quantity for cash. Haft, Farragut 9752.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Navy and Pekin. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th St.

SPRING COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Highest grade; discarded samples. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS, DOLMANS Wanted.—Open for several thousand nifty suits, latest Dolman styles. Call with samples, 6 West 18th, 10th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Samples and close-outs, any quantity, for cash. Albert Terrakin Co., 38 West 32d St., Mad. Sq. 9049.

SUITS AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Jobber placing large stock orders on snappy styles. Call with samples. 22 West 32d St., 13th floor.

SUITS, Capes and Dolmans Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing orders. 48 West 25th St., 4th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy suits, $12.50 up. 28 West 25th, 9th floor.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—Tan and Henna. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

TRICOTINES AND SERGES Wanted.—Garfield, Andrews, Read's 9992, or similar; navy, tan, rookie; Gilbert 8200. L. Goldstein & Co., 11 East 26th. Madison Square 10170.

TRICOTINE, poiret twill, silvertone, and velour wanted; will buy large quantities in all shades. Alper, Schultz & Herschfield, 1,140 Broadway.

TRICOTINE AND POIRET TWILL Wanted.—In all colors; cash. Call after 10. Kaplan Bros., 22 W. 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted. — Garfield 4718, tan 127, or will exchange black or gray for same. Farragut 2616.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All colors, any mill; also poiret twills, 4666 Garfield gabardines. Farr. 5759.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar, navy, tan, rookie. Scheer & Meyer, Madison Square 8967.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Putty, also [illegible] 5934; will pay cash. 2 West 33d, Room 1220. Madison Square 1254.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—4718 navy or similar; also poiret twill, 4978 navy and black. Farragut 4664.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield 4718, tans, rookie; spot cash. Henlein & Greentree, Greeley 5653.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Poiret twills for cash. J. Helt & Sons, 99 Madison Av.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Good quality. Karp Bros., 45 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—All colors, for cash. Bobrick, Farragut 2369.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718, navy, rookie; spot cash. Greeley 4376.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All colors. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th St.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Will pay cash. Phone Farragut 8868.

VELOURS Wanted.—American heavyweight, brown and burgundy. Call Room 1210, 200 5th Av., or phone Gramercy 5390.

VELOURS Wanted.—4281, 0360, Spring shades; quantity for cash. Haft, Farragut 9752.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cash; F. & H. shades 848, 526, 803. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens 4281, all Spring shades. Phone Chelsea 6815.

VELVETEENS, Black, Wanted.—27, 36, or 44 inch; Worrall's dye preferred; cheap for cash; any quantity. Madison Square 5807.

VENETIANS Wanted.—White, double warp. Harry Katims Co., 10 East 30th St.

WINTER COATS Wanted.—Also suits. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

WOOL JERSEYS Wanted for spot cash; all colors; any quantity. Max Pasternack, Inc., 319 5th Av.

WOOL JERSEYS Wanted.—Tricolette serges, below market prices; cash. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTS Wanted Shirts.—Jobbers, manufacturers, retailers, attention! We have the facilities for producing men's high-grade shirts out of your own material; a reputation for fine workmanship and prompt, efficient service insures complete satisfaction; surprisingly moderate prices for quantities. R. Q., 804 Times Downtown.

Contractors equipped to manufacture high-grade ladies' silk underwear. Address A. L., 801 Times Downtown.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BONNETS.—200 styles infants' bonnets, lawn and silk; popular price. Washington Mills, 56 Lispenard. Canal 4259.

CAMISOLES.—Silk, $7.25; envelope chemises, $15; attractive jobbers' prices; immediate delivery. A. Stein, 220 5th Av. Mad. Sq. 1050.

CAPES, COATS, DOLMANS, SUITS.—Variety of styles and materials; lowest prices. N. Hurwitz, 109 West 26th St.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big values. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

COATS.—500 fur-trimmed cloth coats, 300 coatees, beaver, mole, and Baffin seal, 200 fur-trimmed plush coats; must be closed out regardless of cost. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th St.

COATS.—Fall cloth coats, fur and plush trimmed, half and full lined; willing to close out at a sacrifice. Kaplan-Weinstein, 150 West 22d.

COATS.—Velours fur trimmed, to close out. Potter & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

COATS, Plushes, Velours, fur and plain trimmed; big assortment; sacrifice prices. Elsen & Son, 122 West 26th.

COATS.—Dolmans and capes, in novelties; smart styles; also suits. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—200 fur trimmed; better kind; sacrifice; Spring line ready. M. & D. Rubin, 144 West 18th St.

COATS.—Plush, heavy velours, light weight velours, broadcloth, silvertone, 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Velour and broadcloth, fur and self collars; also navy serge suits. Theodore Weiss, 25 West 27th.

COATS, CAPES, $7.75 up; suits, $9.75 up. Schoen Weissman. 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Velour, seal shawl collars; cheap. Theodore Weiss, 25 West 27th.

COTTON AND LINEN CANVAS below market price. Room 211A, 621 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

COTTON GOODS.—Annual inventory clearance sale at remarkably low prices of odd lots; Seconds-Remnants and Regular goods; call at once for choice selection. Calbro Mills, 546-548 Broadway Spring 814.

DELHI.—American 037; Spring shades; reasonable. Greeley 6373.

DOLMANS, capes, suits, highest grades; immediate delivery. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—All wool Jersal dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere; in spite of the strike we have large quantities for immediate delivery. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES. — Serges, taffetas, georgettes, latest Spring styles; immediate delivery; $6.75 to $14.75; jobs always on hand. Floranell Dress, 38 West 26th.

DRESS LININGS.—Make dresses instead linings; we have thousands of ready-made linings, lingerie, and seco, cheaper, better than you make them. Farragut 8890.

DRESSES.—Job of serges and taffeta dresses to close out at a price; Spring styles. Braunstein & Savior, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satin, georgette, serges, tricotines, on the rack for immediate delivery. Chick-A-Dee Dress House, 35 West 31st.

DRESSES.—2000 serge and taffeta; snappy styles; $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—5,000 silk and serges, assorted styles, at popular prices, for immediate delivery. Pan-American Dress, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Taffetas and serges, on the racks; be sure and see these wonderful values. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—500 snappy serges and taffetas; slaughtering prices; especially adapted for bargain basements. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Children's; silk only; wonderful value and models; size 6 to 14; price $3.75 up Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

DRESSES.—Serge, satin, georgette, taffeta; charming advanced models; specially priced. Annetta, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, sa[illegible] georgette, tricolet, serges; immediate delivery, Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES. — Children's plaid ginghams, seven to twelve; close out, $7 doz. Grand Hotel, Room 542.

DRESSES.—Job of Spring serge dresses; wonderful value. Will Stecker, 17 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Susquehanna silk poplin dresses, $3.75. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Serges; 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Job all wool serges and silks, $5. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Lot of satin canceled during strike. Kopel Dress, 9 West 35th.

DRESSES.—Dancing dresses to close out; cheap. Seid, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—75 French serge, $3.25 cash; big bargain. Magnet, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES, immediate delivery; georgette; satins, taffetas. Seid, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—Every dress in the house 50c on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

FOULARDS.—In all colors; suitable for dresses or coat linings; below market price. Broder & Co., 48 West 25th.

GABARDINES.—Geras 10764, high shades; poplins, 503, 6009, 6609½; serges, 7302. WFX 7120, 9288, 500. Farragut 9407.

GABARDINE. — Garfield 4666, all shades; also Stevens 4281 high shade velours. Farragut 3023.

GABARDINES.—In high shades for immediate delivery. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

GEORGETTE.—Gray or finished; manufactured by Knickerbocker Ribbon Co. Madison Square 1034.

HATS.—Five hundred styles ladies', children's, men's, below market price. Washington Mills. 56 Lispenard. Canal 4259.

JERSEY.—50 pieces of all wool heavyweight jersey, assortment of colors; low price. Madison Square 1826.

KNEE PANTS. — Cashmere and worsted materials; few wool serges; $5.50 per doz. Louis Friedman, 713 Broadway.

OLIVE DRAB SHIRTING FLANNEL.—Will sell cheap Room 1,206, 116 West 32d St.

PANAMAS.—High shades and black; all wool and cotton warp Pacifics and Whitmans in big variety; also American cotton warp poplins. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PIQUES, 36-inch, narrow wale, 30c; gabardine, 35c; to close. Madison Square 5852.

POIRET TWILL.—Loraine 3667, seventy-two pieces, navy, five black. Cortland 6482, Ext. 2.

POIRET TWILL, 50236, 3 Bahnsen, tan and gray, Garfield 4978, and copen. Madison Square 3240.

POIRET Twill, Gabardine, Tricotine, Wellington Woolen Co., new address, 26 East 22d St.

POIRET TWILL.—4 blacks, 5 gray, to close out, at $2.50 net. Phil Katz Co., 11 East 26th St.

POIRET TWILLS.—Gera 50236, navy and colors. Mad. Sq. 5466.

POPLINS AND SERGES, 4860; Selden's 1080, 1057; Jolesch 777, Cleveland's 9288, 3703 Walworth's, Newports. Madison Sq. 651.

POPLINS.—06077, quantity, at a price; also 6609½, 6709½, Saxonia, Selden, Jolesch, Jamestown, bargain. 1120 Greeley.

POPLIN.—American, navy, and high shades. Wellington Woolen Co., new address, 26 East 22d St.

POPLINS, American, Seldens, Jolesch, Saxonia, Brightwood, Folwells, Dobson. Greeley 4376.

POPLINS.—American 06077, Brightwood 4768 navy and black. Mad. Sq. 5466.

PLUSHES, Peco, also Pierson's Egyptian Seal, Mercerized Plushes, Cotton-warp Serges and Poplins, cheap. 1121 Greeley.

SERGES.—Also rookie and tan, 235, 1464, 104, navy and black; Botany 809, 11433; Garfield's 519 black, 528 black and navy; Gera 787; Jamestown 9302, 7120, 54289, black and navy; 7008, WFX, MFL, 7301, 7614; Whitman's 774, black and navy; PPL, 228, BPNL; also big variety fancy skirtings. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—U. S. 235 navy, 45 pieces, $2.35 net; U. S. 838 navy, 50 pieces, $2.25 net; Priestley's 47-15 fine imported black serge, 45 pieces, $1.85 net; all original ticket; terms net 30 days; immediate delivery. Elias Surut & Sons, 670 Broadway. Telephone Spring 9697.

SERGES on terms; low prices; 3, 235, 9058, 9958, 774, 9288, 9302, 90610, 09070, 6609½, 06077, 6709½, 7614, 7301, 1855, 94, 925, 805, 10388, 2892, Amesbury 1051, X. X. 3020, 6400, 3866, 3850, 6302, 87. Phone Sobel Bros., Gramercy 2196.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—809, 11433, 3395, 113, 838, 54289, 780, 9056, 7120, 6614, 7301, 6301, 6122, 4061, 87, 1209, 1210, 90610, 767. L Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311, Spring 6312.

SERGES.—54289, 764, 9056, 7008, 7120, 11433, 7713, 9288, 4002. 774 poplin, 2137 Fram; also Loraine taffeta. Utopia Mills, 29 East 21st St. Gramercy 4475-6.

SERGE.—0609, $1.52½; 09070, $2.15; 0936, $2.25; 838, $2.25; 1464, $1.80; 774, $1.55; 6709½, $1; velour, $1.50; other numbers reasonable. Hochberg, 31 East 27th.

SERGES.—Call us up to submit you our prices on serges, poplins, and velours. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337-4356.

SERGES.—Lorraine 3665, navy and black, J. P. M., navy, tartan plaid; all wool, 6122, navy, 11432, tan only. Greeley 824, ask for Joe.

SERGES.—09070, 7301, 6614, 3662, Lorraine; also Parker-Wilders, 58-inch cotton-warp, Empire 811, bargain. 1121 Greeley.

SERGES, Poplins, Velours.—Cutting-up trade; quick delivery. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—7002, $1.02½; 0120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.50; 104, $1.85; 1464, $1.85; 0209, $1.50; net 70 days. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—Double warp, 54 inch; all wool; black, navy, green, $1.20; Scotia 0302, navy, poplin, $1.25. Farragut 9076.

SERGES.—Cheap, for cash, Jamestown 9302, Broadhead 8000, Julliards 54274. Gera 7008. 8th floor, 7 West 30th.

SERGES.—15 pieces 54289 navy, original tickets, $1.40 net cash. New York Export, 515 Broadway. Phone Spring 4378.

SERGES.—235, 838, 3850, 09070, 7002, 41103, 7713, 0609, 0606, 7120, 1464, poplin 774, broadcloths. Farragut 2061.

SERGES.—00070, navy, black 7120, 8200, 528, 3665, U. S. 845, very cheap. Davidoff Co., Mad. Sq. 4622.

SERGES.—Dunmore 0310, 0936, 4351, 9, 838, 09070; quick action wanted; sacrifice. Chelsea 6549.

SERGES.—Garfield 528, Lorraine 3665, Amoskeag 6002, Juilliard's 54268. Phone Orchard 8744.

SERGES.—Garfield 519, black, navy, tan, gray; 54289, navy, colors; very cheap. Elco Mills, Mad. Sq. 2639.

SERGES.—Heubschman's 41, 134; Stevens 3850; Lorraine 3665; reasonable. Stuyvesant 4542.

SERGE.—54292. for sale. 35 pieces navy. Telephone Madison Square 1163.

SERGE.—Botany 11433, black. Madison Square 1826.

SERGES.—8200, 0936, 09070, 235. Madison Square 1826.

SERGES.—7120, 7608; also W. F. X. navys Farragut 3954.

SERGES.—Amoskeag 7512, navy, 40 pieces, $1.70 net. Spring 2039.

SERGES, cotton warp, navy, copen, tan and grey. Greeley 4376.

SERGE 0609, poplin 9610, for sale. Phone Farragut 4078.

SHANTUNGS.—Plain and printed, cheap for cash. Mad. Sq. 8470.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery; georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—All colors in taffetas; close out; $1 yard. Madison Square 1682.

SILVERTONES.—Tan, reindeer, rookie; American Beauty. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna, high lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS, serges, American mixtures; close out, $2 each. Chauser, 19 West 21st.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna silk poplins. $2. Ford, 114 West 26th.

SKIRTS.—All wool poplins, all wool serge, job, $2.25. Nivel, 114 West 26th.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplins, $1.75. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS for immediate delivery; variety of styles in samples at a price; also mannish wear serge suits, peau de cygne, all lined, at $13.75 and up. Premier Garment, 145 West 28th. Chelsea 7805.

SUITS.—All wool, double warp serge, braided full, fancy, seco lined, all sizes and shades, newest styles, close out for cash, $9.75. M. Daniel Brown Co., 43 West 33d.

SUITS, DOLMANS AND CAPES in a variety of styles and cloths, for immediate delivery, $6.75 to $27.50. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141-143 West 28th St.

SUITS.—Exceptional values manish serge box suits, $10.75. Excello, 142 West 24th.

SUITS.—Job Spring suits, closing out. Goldberg & Schulman, 85 East 10th.

SWEATER COATS.—Fiber and mercerized sweater coats in large varieties; perfect merchandise in good assortments; big opportunity for large operators. Spring 6197.

TAFFETA.—Charmeuse, satin, &c., to close out below market price. Room 1502, 440 4th Av. Madison Square 6587.

TAFFETAS AND GEORGETTES, all shades, for immediate delivery. Madison Square 3313.

TAFFETAS.—For sale, all shades, mostly navy, at $1.45. Vanderbilt 3318.

TAPE.—Extra superfine two-ply bleached, all widths, bulk or box put up, immediate or future delivery, also unbleached, mill prices. Murray Hill 5500.

TRICOLETTE, all shades, for immediate delivery. Phone Madison Square 3314.

TRICOTINES.—Black, Garfield's 4718, and Arthur Joel's; also Garfield's 4666, tan gaberdine. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield 5010, F. & H. 8057, also Poiret twills. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield 5002, tan, navy, grey, also Poiret twills. Farragut 5759.

TUSSAH.—Plain, brocaded, and printed, cheap for cash. Mad. Sq. 8470.

VELOURS.—Henna, tan and clay, for immediate delivery. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

VELOUR.—Stevens 4281, tan, $2.75. Farragut 9076.

VENETIANS.—Grand Marquise, twill and plain, also 54-inch de luxe, at very reasonable prices. A 479 Times Downtown.

VENITIANS.—150 pieces black imported Marquise, 32 inches. Madison Square 924.

WAISTS.—Exceptional values, silk waists, quick delivery; $18 up. Hy-Grade Waist Co., 1,270 Broadway.

WAISTS.—Cotton, $6.50 dozen; georgette, crepe de chine, and silk, 50c. on the dollar. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

WAISTS.—Big job in georgette, crepe waists, to close out. Schwartz Bros., 38 West 26th St.

WAISTS.—1,500 dozen silk and cotton waists to close out. Reading Waist Co., Inc., 28-30 West 22d St.

WARDROBE TRUNKS, suitable for dresses, coats or suits; good condition. Phone Madison Square 5373.

WOOLENS and Dress Goods. Wellington Woolen Co., new address, 26 East 22d St.

WOOL JERSEY.—12-ounce, low price. A. Orently, 7 West 22d.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on well-made tailored dresses, by member of wholesale dress manufacturers' association; bring your own styles or samples of your work. 7th floor, 142 W. 26th.

CONTRACTORS on georgette dresses will pay good prices for well-made merchandise. 8th floor, 143 West 29th.

CONTRACTORS Wanted.—On silk skirts placing orders; bring samples. Post Skirt Co., 37 East 28th.

CONTRACTORS SKIRTS.—Only those equipped for large quantities. Feynman, 19 West 21st.

CONTRACTORS wanted on silk waists for quantity work, city or out of town. Box B 269 Times.

CONTRACTORS wanted on silk and wash dresses. 15 East 26th St., Room 1800.

Allied Industries.

BUTTONHOLE MACHINE to work buttonholes up to 3 inches in length; send sample of work and quote lowest cash price. Chattanooga Button and Badge Mfg Co.

DEERSKINS Wanted.—White and colored. American Product Stuffed Toy Co., 116 Wooster St.

For Sale.—One 3 H. P. and two 3½ H. P. motors, D. C., direct drive, reasonable, or will exchange for four 2½ H. P. motors, A. C., direct drive. I. Roggen Co.; Tel. Spring 384; 45 West 4th St.

MILITARY NOVELTIES.—We have a quantity of A. E. F. pins, rings, oversea caps, and leggins to close out. Pudlin & Perry, 125 Prince St.

Needles, English, for sale, certain kinds, sacrifice; staples; low prices. Hanover 972.

PLANT Wanted.—Below 14th St., with sewing machines for light work; loft size, 3,000 square feet. Address F. B., 110 Times.

PATENT SAFETY RAZOR.—Most up-to-date style; patent, tools and safety razors in stock; will sell cheap. Worth 46.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Man who could sell seconds, jobs, and mill ends cotton goods to jobbers, manufacturers, and retailers; only those who show result apply; state experience, salary, and commission. L 668 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for all territories to carry line of silk skirts, selling jobbers and retailers; commission basis. Room 503, 37 East 28th St.

SALESMAN, experienced for cloak house to jobber, for city and out of town; salary, commission, or both. Harry Rubin, 40-46 West 25th.

SALESMAN, experienced, for cloaks and suits, city and office trade; salary or commission. Waldman, 1,178 Broadway.

Situations Wanted.

SILK SALESMAN, PHILADELPHIA resident, formerly with large silk house, desires to connect with domestic or Japanese silk house; commission basis. F 265 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Tuesday...5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

Marabou Capes In Demand.

With the Spring buying season at hand, manufacturers of marabou capes are receiving many calls for these goods. This season the city trade has started to buy much earlier, and some of the stores have already been duplicating their original orders. Out-of-town buyers here are placing some very substantial orders for these capes that retail from $5 to $12 each.

⁂

Men's Silk Shirts Sell Well.

The sale of men's silk shirts both in the local and out-of-town trade is very satisfactory. According to the makers, most of the buying that is being done is on the higher-priced lines. Although there are a number of shirts being sold for $42 a dozen, the demand is much stronger for the lines selling from $72 to $96 a dozen. Outside of the orders being placed for immediate delivery, many are being taken for the future.

⁂

Hand Painting on Apparel.

Hand painting has been gradually making its appearance in many lines of women's apparel. It has been used on satin handbags of delicate colors and upon parasols, and the many plain satin sport skirts have offered a tempting opportunity for this form of ornamentation. Not only flowers are to be seen but different sports implements, golf clubs, &c.

⁂

Gray Goods Business Dull.

Dullness was again evident in the local gray goods market yesterday. There was very little demand and the transactions were only in a few constructions. In printcloths sales were made of 39-inch 68-72s for February and March delivery at 10 cents, of 38½-inch 64-60s at 8½ cents for delivery to April and of 60-48s of the same width at 7½ cents for this and next month's delivery. Beyond these there were a few sales of twills and sateens.

⁂

Sales of Spring Suits.

The sale of ladies' Spring suits has started in with a rush and some exceptionally large orders are now being taken by the firms in this trade. Many of the retailers from outside of the city who refused to place orders with the men when they were on the road are now in town. Most of them are buying very liberally, as they appear to realize that the prices for Spring will not be lower. According to some of the manufacturers, the new line of coats is moving very slowly, preference being given to capes and dolmans for the Spring season.

⁂

Use of Fabric Gloves.

There has been an increasing use of fabric gloves for some years, but the war and the high prices of skin gloves have made a big advance in their popularity, a New York jobber says. People have bought them for economical reasons and will continue to use them because they are porous and agreeable to wear. This particular man is looking forward to the time, he says, when they will be again imported from some of the warring countries at lower prices than the domestic article.

⁂

Lines of Women's Dresses.

Buyers who are now in the city placing orders for the Spring lines of women's dresses are more interested in the better grades of merchandise. Owing to the conditions that exist in the trade, in many cases the stock in the hands of the manufacturers is very low. It was said yesterday morning that all of the desirable goods are off of the racks, while the cheaper lines are moving rather slowly. Although Wednesday was a holiday, most of the dress houses were kept busy all day long attending to customers.

⁂

Rhinestones for Trimmings.

Summer ornaments are to be gay, and those for next Fall and Winter brilliant, it is promised. Not really on the market yet are dress accessories made with rhinestones. These will be sent in designs upon velvet bands and run over at either side upon a fine net which allows them to blend into the material of the gown without too strong a contrast. This is one of many ways in which rhinestones will be used for elaborate dress trimmings.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Horton & Wade; E. H. Wade, china, glassware; Continental.
ABILENE, Kan.—Jeffrey D. G. Co.; T. W. Jeffrey, dry goods; Grand.
AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.; R. H. Pendleton, ladies' ready-to-wear, juvenile wear; 23 E. 26th.
BALTIMORE—M. Stein & Co.; M. Stein, woolens; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; W. F. Coggins, notions; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; O. Sedberry, dress goods, silks; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; C. A. Reinhardt, rugs; 200 5th Av.; Continental.
BALTIMORE—Smith & Co.; A. Smith, coats, suits, cotton waists, muslin underwear; 22 5th Av., R. 1116.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. M. Kirschenbaum, cloaks, wraps; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery, gloves, underwear, sweaters; C. F. Krastell, mfg. dept., shirts, overalls; 354 4th Av.
BATTLE CREEK, Mich.—Austin & Co.; E. D. Austin, china; 200 5th Av.
BESSEMER, Ala.—Erlich & Lefkowitz; M. Lefkowitz, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way; Marlborough.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; J. D. French, notions, jewelry; 116 West 32d.
BOONVILLE, Ind.—G. A. Roth & Co.; G. A. Roth, G. G. Roth, dry goods; Breslin.
BOSTON—"Butler's"; Mr. MacNeill, jobs silks, wash goods; 1,150 Broadway.
BOSTON—Vaughan, Kopelman & Read; G. E. Vaughan, furs; Commodore.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss M. A. Fitzgerald, gloves; 25 West 33d.
BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Otis, women's suits; 230 5th Av.
BOSTON—Brown, Durrell & Co.; P. E. Fitzpatrick, hosiery, fabric gloves; 19 West 19th; Great Northern.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Mr. Foley, representing; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—L. P. Hollander & Co.; Mrs. A. S. Blood, misses' dresses, suits; 550 5th Av.; Holland House.
BOULDER, Col.—White-Davis Mercantile Co.; F. L. White, dry goods; Imperial.
BRISTOL, Tenn.—H. P. King & Co.; S. E. Grant, carpets; Flanders.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss Hugg, pictures; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; J. W. Gallop, ribbons; 220 5th Av.; Broztell.
BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; J. S. Buchanan, general mdse.; 2 West 37th.
CHATTANOOGA—C. Rosenthal Co.; C. Rosenthal, women's ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
CHICAGO—M. Siegel, furs; Grand.
CHICAGO—T. J. Phelan, millinery; 303 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Rogers Bros.; H. W. Silvers, furs; Commodore.
CHICAGO—S. P. Platt, furs; McAlpin.
CHICAGO—Sheahan, Kohn & Co.; M. Newman, young men's, boys' clothing; 229 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. L. Curtis, work shirts, furn. goods, men's gloves; C. A. Walter, toys, novelties; B. M. Reedy, toys; J. A. Romer, drug sundries, ivory; 115 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—Gilsey Mfg. Co.; C. Bernstein, waists, dresses; third floor, 1,199 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; M. Marshall, carpets; 432 4th Av.
CINCINNATI—Fair Store Co.; Miss E. Kruse, corsets; 23 E. 26th; Breslin.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. H. Tyroler, silk dresses, (basement;) 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; L. S. Weinstein, furs; 116 W. 32d.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Mr. Kaplan, silk, serge dresses; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; P. Hirsch, dolmans, capes; 470 4th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Clarke-Davis Co.; J. H. H. Davis, flowers, feathers, trimmed millinery; 621 Broadway.
CONCORD, N. C.—J. Fisher & Co.; J. Fisher, millinery; Grand.
DANVILLE, Ill.—Emery D. G. Co.; Miss L. Havens, ladies' ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.; Great Northern.
DAYTON, Ohio—Louis Traxler Co.; L. Traxler, silks, dress, wash goods; 116 W. 32d.
DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; T. H. Kurkjian, Oriental rugs; 225 5th Av.
DUBOIS, Penn.—Klewan's Dept. Store; H. Klewan, dry goods; Broztell.
DUBUQUE, Iowa—J. F. Stampfer Co.; S. A. Little, domestics, silks, dress goods; 1,270 B'way.
DULUTH, Minn.—I. Freimuth, gen. mdse.; F. Robinson, silks, dress, wash goods; D. Loewus, hosiery, underwear, books, stationery; 1,170 Broadway.
DYERSBURG, Tenn.—Baker-Watkins Supply Co.; W. P. Moss, general mdse.; Aberdeen.
ERIE, Penn.—Illig Bros.; W. C. Illig, clothing, furn. goods; Continental.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—E. S. Brown Co.; T. J. Cleary, furniture; Penn.
FITZGERALD, Ga.—J. L. McCarthy, gen. mdse.; Mrs. A. Luke, ready-to-wear; Arlington.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; Miss K. E. Banks, gloves; Miss A. Danahe, jewelry, leather goods; 6 W. 32d.
FRANKFORT, Ky.—W. S. Farmer & Son; C. S. Farmer, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
GREENSBORO, N. C.—Mrs. S. Coble & Co.; Miss L. Coble, millinery; Churchill.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss S. Newman, dresses; 404 4th Av.
HILLSBORO, N. C.—Hillsboro D. G. Co.; W. F. Sims, J. W. Sims, dry goods; Alcazar.
HUTCHISON, Kan.—Pegues-Wright D. G. Co.; O. F. Wright, dress goods, silks, millinery; Great Northern.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—Glosser Bros.; M. London, wash goods, towels, tablecloths, bedspreads; D. Glosser, ready-to-wear, genl. mdse.; 1,270 B'way.
JOPLIN, Mo.—Newman Mercantile Co.; D. Bartholomew, laces; 212 5th Av.; Great Northern.
JUNCTION CITY, Kan.—The Taylor D. G. Co.; D. P. Taylor, infants', children's, boys' wear, women's furn. goods, women's ready-to-wear, notions, toilet goods; Park Avenue.
LAKE CHARLES, La.—Muller Co.; Miss A. Snodgrass, millinery; 1,150 B'way.
LAMPASAS, Texas—Stokes Bros. Co.; S. E. Guthrie, C. D. Stokes, men's, women's ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,181 B'way.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager Bros.; J. P. Little, coats, suits, waists, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.; Gregorian.
LAPORTE, Ind.—Meyer & Lindorf; A. Lindorf, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
LEXINGTON, Ky.—J. D. Purcell Co.; J. D. Purcell, dry goods; 105 Grand.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Altheimer D. G. Co.; J. B. Miller, notions, furn. goods; Aberdeen.
LOS ANGELES—"Bullock's"; C. A. Wood, domestics, white goods, linens; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; Miss G. H. Powers, notions; Mrs. Timmons, basement, muslin underwear, corsets, petticoats, shawls, aprons; 95 Madison Av.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—J. R. Milner Co.; J. H. Montague, notions; 1,150 Broadway.
MACON, Ga.—Dannenberg Co.; L. Irvine, umbrellas, leather goods; T. A. Jacobs, clothing; 1,133 B'way; Imperial.
MANITOWOC, Wis.—Wagner Style Shop; L. J. Wagner, ready-to-wear; Holland House.
MAYSVILLE, Ky.—Merz Bros.; Mr. Merz, domestics; 105 Grand.
MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga.—B. R. Flemister, dry goods, ready-to-wear, laces, toys, 5 and 10 cent goods; Herald Square.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; C. W. Cramer, coats, suits, waists, corsets, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av.
MILES CITY, Mon.—The Shore-Newcomb Co.; L. De Rosier, Mr. Thomas, genl. mdse.; McAlpin.
MILWAUKEE—Dorsen D. G. Co.; S. Dorsen, skirts, waists, dresses; 1,270 B'way.
MINNEAPOLIS—M. L. Rothschild Co.; J. F. Byrne, furn. goods; Hargrave.
MODESTO, Cal.—J. Priester, jobs coats, suits, silk dresses; 220 5th Av., R. 1116.
MONTREAL—Goodwin's, Ltd.; Miss Walker, waists, muslin underwear; 347 5th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
NEW HAVEN—Gamble-Desmond Co.; M. H. Reynolds, coats; 212 5th Av.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; M. S. Mummа, ready-to-wear; T. H. Galligan, laces, gloves; 404 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Mendel & Freedman; A. Mendel, neckwear, ribbons, hosiery, gloves, infants' wear; 44 E. 23d.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Muhlfelder Co.; Mr. Muhlfelder, Miss Wolfe, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Mandel & Freedman; J. Freedman, ready-to-wear, furs; 44 E. 23d.
NEW ORLEANS—Krause Co.; M. Meyer, men's underwear, waists; 43 Leonard.
NEWARK, Ohio.—Meyer & Lindorf; C. H. Meyer, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes; A. Sharpe, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.; Continental.
OGDEN, Utah—Paine & Hurst; A. B. Foulger, hosiery, underwear, notions; Latham.
OMAHA, Neb.—Remington & Kessler; H. Kessler, merchant tailors; Penn.
OMAHA, Neb.—F. Kilpatrick Co.; Miss A. F. Doyle, fancy goods, notions, dry sundries, h'dk'fs, leather goods, neckwear; 220 5th Av.
OTTUMWA, Iowa—P. J. Donelan, dry goods; 141 Madison Av.; Latham.
PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—Dils Bros. & Co.; Miss D. Sutton, millinery; 1,270 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Feingold & Stumacher; W. Slepin, mfrs. ladies', misses' cloaks, suits; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Mr. Kamholz, bathing suits; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Trio Waist Co.; H. Kessler, mfrs. waists; 39 W. 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss C. Lowenstein, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; T. Power, linens, hdkfs.; Miss A. V. Mulvey, misses' dresses; F. P. Walsh, house-furnishing goods; 230 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Milliken, Schenk China Co.; A. W. Schenk, china; York.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; J. Glazer, shoes; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; B. F. Whitehead, men's clothing; 116 West 32d.
READING, Penn.—Ellis Mills; W. E. Mills, ready-to-wear; 5 W. 33d.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Stein-Bloch Co.; C. T. Stott, piece goods; Seville.
ROCHESTER, N. Y. — Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss Salinsky, jobs, waists; Mr. Trobaugh, piece goods; 470 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy, Powers & Co.; J. L. Mench, men's shirts, women's, children's underwear; 470 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Baby Shop; Mr. Jensey, infants', children's wear; 50 West 17th.
SAN FRANCISCO—W. R. Davis, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.
SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; L. Artieres, toys; 432 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; L. Alexander, gloves, neckwear, veilings; 15 East 26th; Latham.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; Miss Butler, misses', juniors' coats, suits; 15 E. 26th.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Seattle D. G. Co.; C. H. Rayfould, ribbons; 440 4th Av.
SIOUX CITY—T. S. Martin Co.; Mr. Shields, domestics; 105 Grand.
ST. JOHN, N. B.—Manchester, Robertson & Allison, Ltd.; Miss A. A. Smith, infants', children's, boys' wear; McAlpin.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—M. Woodruff; R. J. Woodruff, millinery; Imperial.
ST. LOUIS—Sally Meagher's Millinery Co.; Miss S. C. Meagher, millinery; Manhattan.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; P. Ullman, laces; Miss F. Clarke, hdkfs.; 116 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr D. G. Co.; Mrs. M. McLoughlin, trunks, go-carts; 37 West 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Olian Waist and Dress Co.; J. Sabin, waists, dresses; 220 5th Av., R. 1116.
TORONTO—Murray-Kay Co., Ltd.; C. Scott, wash goods, linens, white goods; 116 West 32d.
TROY, Ala.—Sam Mittenthal, men's, women's ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way, R. 402.
UTICA, N. Y.—Maher Bros.; J. L. Maher, boys' clothing, furn. goods; Flanders.
WABASH, Ind.—Beitman Wool Co.; Miss Wendling, ready-to-wear; Prince George.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; Miss A. Hagan, Miss Robey, waists; 432 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Brooks & Co.; Mrs. M. Brooks, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
WILMINGTON, Del.—R. Topkis Sons; E. Kahn, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard-Sumner-Putnam Co.; Mrs. M. S. Martin, millinery; 404 4th Av.; Gregorian.
ZANESVILLE, Ohio—H. H. Sturtevant Co.; C. R. Sebach, ladies' suits, infants' wear; 141 Madison Av.

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Box and Blouse Suits Silk lined............ $10.75 up
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In all wool poplins and serges.
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New Styles in Ginghams, Chambrays and Percales
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A suit—out of the ordinary in style, quality, workmanship and price, with that elusive touch of individuality and distinction that attracts and holds trade.
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Auctions.

MRS. MARY J. McSHANE'S
NEXT SALE OF
IMPORTED
Street and Evening Gowns,
FUR SETS, FUR COATS, LACES
will be held
TODAY, (FRIDAY,) 10:30 A. M.,
at
Flattau's Auction Rooms
Corner 13th Street and University Place.
☞ Note: Dealers and private buyers, don't miss this sale.

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Ask us to-day for Tax Circular AG-204. Applies to income from business only.

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What Investors Should Know

Complete information regarding the properties, earnings and capitalization of the companies whose securities he holds or contemplates buying, should be in the hands of every investor. Such information will gladly be furnished by our Investors' Service Department.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

MUNICIPAL BONDS

Write for Income Tax Chart C-6, arranged to simplify your Income Tax Return.

R. M. GRANT & Co.
31 Nassau Street
Boston New York Chicago

High-Grade Railroad Bonds

Legal Investments for Savings Banks and Trustees in New York State.

Bonds of this type are now selling at prices averaging approximately 13½ points below the high prices of 1917 and about 4 points below the high prices of 1918.

We shall be glad to submit offerings for your consideration and to execute orders at the market.

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange

INTEREST CREDITED MONTHLY

ON ACCOUNTS SUBJECT TO CHECK
SPECIAL RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY
55 CEDAR STREET.
BROADWAY AT 73RD ST. MADISON AVE. AT 75TH ST. 125TH ST. AT 8TH AVE.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $6,000,000

FACTS ABOUT WILLS are set forth in our booklet "The Will and the Way." Send for it.

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
60 Wall Street. 716 Fifth Avenue.

CENTRAL UNION TRUST CO.
of New York.
80 Broadway 54 Wall Street
BRANCHES
5th Avenue at 60th Street
Madison Avenue at 42nd Street
5th Avenue at 38th Street
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $30,000,000

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, located at Plant City, in the State of Florida, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

R. M. McKINNEY, Cashier.
Feb. 4th, 1919.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Trading Expands with Higher Prices—Advance Contrary to News Developments.

Trading in the stock market broadened out considerably yesterday and prices displayed strength, particularly industrial issues which were affected by special developments. Thus the shares of companies with capital invested in Mexico were bid upward persistently after reports of an interview with President Carranza on some phases of the Mexican Government's fiscal policy reached the Street. The Mexican President was quoted as saying that payment of part of the interest on foreign indebtedness would probably be begun in the near future, although the means to this end were not disclosed. With Mexican representatives making efforts here to gain financial assistance, the information from the Southern country received support in the estimation of traders, and Mexican Petroleum, Southern Pacific, and American Smelting and Refining became the subjects of fairly lively buying in the first half of the day. The chief aspects of the market were hard to define. While it was still believed that short covering was largely responsible for the continued demand, the breadth of the market seemed to indicate that buyers of long stock also were active in extending their interests to departments which had been more or less neglected for several weeks. A diversion was created late in the day by news of the application for a "limited receivership" for the New Haven Railroad, and this, besides causing an abrupt decline of New Haven stock, unsettled many other railway issues. To a certain extent the industrial group was affected, but the session ended with quotations as a whole well above their levels on Tuesday afternoon.

All this week stocks have moved forward, a development which has caused much confusion of opinion among observers of market phenomena who take their stand on economic and political developments at home and abroad. The news has hardly been of a character to create cheerfulness either over home industry and business or expectations of an early resumption on a large and profitable scale of international trade. Social unrest, centred in the spirit of Bolshevism in other countries; sharp differences of opinion at the Peace Conference; strikes, confusing reports of the state of manufacturing and new buying in the steel trade and in textile lines, and finally the serious developments in Rumania have not been reflected at all in security prices. The markets, in fact, have seemed to ignore these influences, and while the casual interpretations of rising prices are comprised chiefly in a temporary speculative movement, still, as time has gone by, with the advance continuing, a part of the market following has been moved to wonder whether a discounting process in respect to conditions some months hence is not in progress. The Liberty bond market lost a little more ground in the morning, but recovered somewhat later in the day. Secretary of the Treasury Glass is expected to discuss with bankers today some of the underlying problems of the forthcoming loan, and it would not be too much to expect that the Liberty bond market would shortly begin to shape itself in accordance with the preliminary plans for the new offering. The Russian bonds moved down a couple of points.

Call money continued firm at 5 per cent. for most of the day's loans, with 6 per cent. quoted for a moderate amount of bank accommodation.

Prices Irregular on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 65 francs for cash. Exchange on London, 25 francs, 98 centimes. Five per cent. loans, 91 francs 17 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	6	High	6½
Low	5	Low	5½
Renewals	5	Renewals	5½
Last	3½	Last	6

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances........4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5 @5½	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5½
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5½
Six months	5¼@5½	Six months	5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	4⅜@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	5½@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days	5 @5¼
4 to 6 months	5 @5¼
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	..
Cables	4.76½	4.7645	4.7645	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	..
Cables	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75⅝	$4.7645
5.1813	Paris	5.45⅝	5.45⅛
5.1813	Belgium	5.63½	5.61½
	China—		
	Hongkong	76.00	76.25
	Peking	125.00	125.25
	Shanghai	116.50	116.75
40.20	Holland	41.125	41.375
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.36½	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.25	51.50
	Yokohama	51.25	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.09	20.16
50.00	Philippine Islands— Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.00	28.25
	Copenhagen	25.875	26.125
	Christiania	27.25	27.45
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
34.42	Rio	25.85	26.00
5.1813	Switzerland	4.92½	4.87½
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	16.15	16.25
	500 rubles	16.10	16.15

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71¾	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $719,786,813; balances, $73,936,142; Treasury debit balances, $1,512,603; Federal Reserve credit balance, $63,860,551.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $19.3750 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48⅞d; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$5,790,739	$94,974,836
Internal Revenue—		
Excess profits and income tax	8,800,545	757,415,581
Miscellaneous	49,189,420	750,896,352
Miscellaneous rev.	7,105,675	291,922,426
Total receipts	$70,886,380	$1,875,209,196
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	381,854,694	8,796,866,429
Excess of total rec. over total disb.	821,812	......
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	......	259,144,410
Expenditures	452,741,075	10,672,075,625

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	2,525,162
Silver in hand decreased	683,377
Notes in circulation increased	139,661,915
Treasury deposits increased	33,838,162
General deposits increased	79,590,603
Bills discounted decreased	49,190,386
Advances decreased	4,598,762

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, FEB. 13, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	625,290	394,747	300,792
Year to date	15,013,658	17,920,935	25,880,309

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22	22½	100	Advance Rumely	22	22	22	22	+¼
58¼	58⅝	400	Advance Rumely pf	58⅛	58⅞	58½	58½	+½
71½	72	800	Ajax Rubber	71½	72⅝	71½	71½	+½
3⅝	3¾	300	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+½
1⅞	2	400	Alaska Juneau	2	2	1⅞	1⅞	...
31½	31¾	900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	31	31¾	31	31⅝	−½
83	84	300	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	84	84	83½	83½	+⅝
100⅝	101	200	Am. Agricul. Chem	101	101	101	101	...
68¼	68⅝	500	Am. Beet Sugar	68	68⅝	68	68¼	+½
44½	44⅝	10,200	Am. Can	44¼	45½	44¼	44½	+½
100	101	100	Am. Can pf	100½	100½	100½	100⅝	−⅜
88¼	88½	7,000	Am. Car & Fdry	88⅝	89½	87½	88½	+1⅛
114½	115¼	300	Am. Car & Fdry pf	114½	115⅝	114½	115⅝	−⅛
43½	44	600	Am. Cotton Oil	44	44	43⅝	44	+⅛
12⅞	12¼	3,600	Am. Druggists	11⅝	12¼	11⅝	12	+¼
85	90	100	Am. Express	89	89	89	89	+1
17⅝	17⅞	7,700	Am. H. & Leather	17⅝	18¼	17½	17⅞	+⅝
89½	90	4,900	Am. H. & L. pf	90½	91½	90	90	−½
40½	41½	1,900	Am. Ice	39½	41½	39¼	41	+2
58	59	1,600	Am. Ice pf	57⅝	59	57⅝	58½	+1⅛
54	54¼	1,500	Am. International	53¼	54⅝	53½	54½	+1⅛
47¾	48	800	Am. Linseed	47⅛	47½	47⅝	47¼	+⅜
88	88½	300	Am. Linseed pf	88⅛	88⅝	88¼	88⅝	+⅞
60½	61	900	Am. Locomotive	60½	61½	60	61	+1½
103½	104½	400	Am. Locomotive pf	103¼	103½	103¼	103⅛	+⅝
1	1¼	500	Am. Malting	1⅛	1⅛	1	1	−½
64¼	64½	12,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	64	65⅛	63⅞	64¼	+½
113	120	100	Am. Snuff	119	119	119	119	+1
76	76½	1,100	Am. Steel F'dries	76¼	76½	75½	76⅝	+2⅝
116	116⅞	1,500	Am. Sugar Ref	116⅛	117	116⅛	116⅝	+⅛
118	120	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	118	118	118	118	...
104	104¾	4,600	Am. Sumatra Tob	103⅝	105	103⅝	104	+¾
101	101¼	700	Am. Tel. & Tel	101½	101¼	101	101	−½
201½	202	700	Am. Tobacco	199⅞	202⅝	199⅞	202⅝	+3⅝
101	104	600	Am. Tob. pf. new	102	102	102	102	...
31	32	400	Am. Writing P. pf	31½	31¼	30	31	−1⅜
57⅞	58¼	4,700	Anaconda Copper	57⅝	58½	57⅝	58	+⅝
90⅞	91½	600	Atch., Top. & S. F	90⅞	91	90⅞	90⅞	+⅝
96¼	96¾	2,100	At. Gulf & West I	96½	97¼	96½	96½	+½
71½	71¾	33,400	Baldwin Loco	69½	72⅝	69⅝	71⅝	+2⅝
46¼	46⅝	1,700	Baltimore & Ohio	46¼	46½	46	46	−⅛
54	55	100	Baltimore & O. pf	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	+1
114	115	300	Barrett Co	115¼	115¼	115	115	−½
60½	61½	200	Bethlehem Steel	61	61	60¼	60¼	+⅛
60⅝	60⅞	8,100	Beth. Steel, class B	59⅞	61⅛	59⅞	60⅞	+1⅛
90	95	1,200	Beth. Steel 7% pf	90¼	90½	90½	90¼	...
103½	103¾	300	Beth. Steel 8% pf	103	103⅝	103	103⅝	+¼
19	19¾	600	Booth Fisheries	19	19⅝	18⅞	19⅝	+1
22	22⅝	3,500	Bklyn Rapid Tran	21⅞	23⅛	21⅞	22⅛	+¼
98	98½	100	Brown Shoe pf	98	98	98	98	...
145½	145¾	300	Burns Brothers	144	146	144	146	+½
5⅝	5⅞	500	Butte Cop. & Zinc	5⅝	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	...
17¼	18	100	Butte & Superior	17½	17½	17½	17½	+⅝
14¼	16¼	100	Butterick Co	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	−⅝
53	53½	600	California Packing	52⅝	53¼	52⅝	53	+1
23½	23¾	900	California Petrol	24	24½	23¾	23⅝	−¼
68	69	200	California Pet. pf	68	68½	68	68½	+¼
158½	159	500	Canadian Pacific	158⅞	159	158⅞	159	...
59¼	59½	2,300	Central Leather Co	58	59½	58	59¼	+1¼
31¼	32¼	100	Cerro de Pasco Cop	31⅞	31⅛	31⅛	31⅞	−½
119	119¾	1,600	Chandler Motor	119	120	118⅝	118⅝	+½
54¾	55	2,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	55	55	54½	54½	−⅜
7½	8	100	Chi. Great Western	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	−⅛
35¾	36¼	7,300	Chi., Mil. & St. P	36⅝	37½	35⅝	35⅝	−⅝
71	71¾	3,100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	71⅞	71⅝	70½	71	−½
95	95½	100	Chi. & Northwest'n	95	95	95	95	−¼
22⅞	23¼	6,300	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	22⅝	23⅜	22⅝	22⅞	+⅜
17½	17⅞	2,100	Chile Copper	17⅝	18	17⅝	17⅝	+⅛
33	33⅝	700	Chino Copper	33½	33⅛	33½	33½	...
36	36½	700	Col. Fuel & Iron	35	36	35	36	+½
40¼	40½	500	Columbia Gas & El	40⅝	40⅝	40¼	40½	+1
91	92	1,300	Consolidated Gas	90⅝	92	90⅝	92	...
67¼	69	100	Continental Can	68	68	68	68	+1¼
65	67	100	Continental Insur	65	65	65	65	+1
47	47¼	2,500	Corn Products Ref	47⅝	47⅞	47⅛	47⅛	−⅝
102½	103¾	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	+⅛
54½	54⅝	4,800	Crucible Steel	54	55⅛	54	54⅝	+⅝
21⅝	22	7,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	22	22	20⅝	22	+½
74	74½	2,400	Cuba Cane S. pf	73⅝	75	73⅝	74	+½
6¾	7	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	−½
56¼	56⅝	20,400	Distillers' Secur	56	57⅞	55⅞	56½	+⅛
12½	12⅝	600	Dome Mines	12⅝	12⅝	12¼	12½	...
15½	15⅝	1,200	Erie	15⅝	15⅝	15½	15½	−¼
26	26½	800	Erie 1st pf	26½	26½	26¼	26⅝	...
26¼	27¼	1,800	Gaston, W. & W	26⅝	27¼	26⅝	27	+½
49⅝	50	200	General Cigar	50½	50½	50	50	...
100	104	100	Gen. C. pf. odd lots	100	102	100	102	...
149	151	600	General Electric	150½	151¼	150⅛	151	+1¼
130	130¼	19,300	General Motors	130½	131½	130	130	−½
2⅛	2¼	20,500	Gen. Motors rights	2⅛	2⅝	2	2	−½
84½	85	300	General Motors pf	84	84⅛	84	84¼	+⅛
83½	84	800	General Motors deb	84	84	83½	83½	...
59⅝	60	1,100	Goodrich Co	59⅝	60½	59⅝	59⅝	+¼
91½	92¼	400	Great Northern pf	91½	92½	91½	92½	+1½
37⅝	37⅞	1,200	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	37½	38½	37½	37⅝	+⅛
41	42⅛	500	Greene-Can. Cop	41	41½	41	41	−⅛
40	42	100	Haskell & Barker	41½	41½	41⅛	41½	...
43⅝	44	500	Inspiration Copper	43½	44	43½	43⅝	+1½
5⅝	5⅞	200	Interboro Consol	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅝
18½	18¾	200	Interboro Con. pf	18½	19	18½	19	+⅞
56½	58	300	Int. Agricultural pf	57⅝	58	57⅝	58	+½
112	113	100	Int. Harvester new	112	112	112	112	+½
22⅝	23	3,390	Int. Mer. Marine	22⅛	23¼	22⅛	22⅞	+⅝
98½	98⅝	42,200	Int. Mer. Marine pf	96½	99⅝	95½	98½	+2⅛
26	26½	5,100	Int. Nickel x d	26	27	25⅝	26	+⅝
38⅞	39	6,100	Int. Paper	38½	39¼	38½	38⅞	+⅞
66½	68	200	Int. Paper pf., sta	66¼	66¼	66¼	66¼	−⅜
2	2½	100	Iowa Central	2½	2½	2½	2½	−1
82⅝	83	4,300	Kelly Springf. Tire	84½	84⅞	83	83	+2
29⅝	30	5,300	Kennecott Copper	29⅞	30	29⅛	29⅞	−⅛
64¼	65	100	Lackawanna Steel	64½	64⅛	64½	64½	+1
23⅝	24	1,300	Lee Rubber & Tire	24⅜	24⅞	23½	23⅞	...
54⅞	55	900	Lehigh Valley	54⅝	55	54⅝	54⅝	−¼
43⅝	44	300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	43	44⅛	43	44⅛	+2
31	31½	1,300	Maxwell Motors	30¾	31⅝	30¾	31⅛	+⅛
55	55⅝	1,000	Max. Motors 1st pf	53	55⅝	53	55⅝	+2½
22	23	600	Max. Motors 2d pf	22⅜	22⅝	22⅝	22½	+1½
172¼	172½	50,200	Mexican Petroleum	168	172½	168	172½	+4½
22	22½	400	Miami Copper	22	22¼	22	22½	+½
41⅝	41⅞	1,800	Midvale Steel	41⅝	42	41½	41⅞	+⅜
9⅝	10⅝	100	Minn. & St. L. new	10	10	10	10	+½
89	92½	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	88	88	88	88	+¼
23½	24	500	Missouri Pacific	24¼	24¼	24	24¼	−1
50⅝	52	200	Missouri Pacific pf	51	51	51	51	+½
30	31	100	Nat. Acme	31	31	31	31	+⅛
112	115	300	Nat. Biscuit	114	114	113	113	...
14	14½	400	Nat. Cond. & Cable	14¼	14¼	14	14⅛	...
47½	48	1,000	Nat. Enam. & St	47⅞	47⅞	47⅝	47⅝	+⅛
66	68	800	Nat. Lead	66⅝	67	66⅝	67	+⅝
108⅛	110	100	Nat. Lead pf	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	+1
8½	8¾	3,390	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	8	9¼	8	8⅝	−2
16¼	17	400	Nevada Con. Cop	16½	16⅝	16½	16⅝	+1⅝
30	31	100	N. O., Tex. & Mex	31	31	31	31	+⅝
72	72½	500	N. Y. Central	72	72¾	72	72⅝	+1
26½	26¾	16,500	N. Y., N. H. & H	28⅝	29	25⅝	26¼	−2⅛
15	18	100	Norfolk Southern	15¼	15¼	15¼	15½	−1⅜
89⅞	91	700	Northern Pacific	90¼	90½	90⅛	90⅛	+¼
39⅝	39⅝	7,600	Ohio Cities Gas	39½	40	39½	39⅝	+¼
2½	2⅝	5,800	Ohio Cities Gas rts	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	...
8⅝	8½	1,600	Okla. Prod. & Ref	8½	8½	8½	8½	...
47	50	100	Owens Bottle Mach	49	49	49	49	+1
30	30⅝	200	Pacific Mail	30	30⅞	30	30⅞	+⅛
69¼	69⅝	6,200	Pan-Am. P. & T	69	70⅛	69	69⅝	+⅞
120	125	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	120	120	120	120	+2
44⅝	44⅞	2,300	Penn. R. R	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	+½
47	48	100	People's Gas, Chi	47	47	47	47	−⅛
47	48	50	Do., odd lot	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	...
12⅝	13¼	100	Pere Marquette	13	13	13	13	...
56	60	100	Pere Marq. prior pf	58	58	58	58	+1
32	32½	500	Philadelphia Co	31⅝	32¼	31⅝	32¼	+1
40¼	40½	900	Pierce-Arrow	40½	40½	40½	40⅞	+⅛
17⅛	17¼	1,700	Pierce Oil	17¼	17⅞	17⅛	17⅞	+⅝
45⅝	46⅝	600	Pittsburgh Coal	46½	46⅝	46	46⅝	+⅝
85½	86	800	Pittsburgh Coal pf	86	86	86	86	+¼
92½	93⅝	100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	94	94	94	94	...
34½	35	400	Pitts. & West Va	34¼	35⅛	34⅞	34⅞	+⅜
60	60⅛	1,100	Pressed Steel Car	59⅝	61	59⅝	60½	+1½
82	85⅛	200	Public Service N. J	83	83	82	82	...
112½	113¼	800	Pullman Co	114¼	114¼	112⅞	112⅞	−⅝
71½	71⅞	1,600	Railway Steel Sp	71½	72½	71½	72	+½
20	20¼	500	Ray Con. Copper	20	20⅛	20	20⅛	+½
77⅝	77½	6,200	Reading	77⅞	78⅞	77⅝	77⅝	−½
73	73¼	2,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	73	74	72¾	73¼	+1
85	85½	12,200	Royal Dutch t r	83	86	83	85¼	+4
11½	11⅝	200	St. Louis-San Fran	11⅛	11½	11⅛	11½	...
9	9⅛	500	Saxon Motor	9¼	9½	9½	9½	+⅞
7¼	7½	200	Seaboard Air Line	7⅝	7½	7⅝	7½	...
169	171	900	Sears, Roeb. & Co	170	170	168½	170	−3
34¼	34½	700	Sinclair Oil Refin	34¼	34⅝	34¼	34¼	−⅝
48	48½	300	Sloss-S. Steel & I	48	48½	48	48½	+1¼
..	88	100	Sloss.S. S. & I. pf	87½	87½	87½	87½	+½
98⅞	99	15,000	Southern Pacific	98½	99½	98½	98⅞	+⅝
26⅝	26⅝	3,800	Southern Railway	26½	27	26⅝	26⅝	−½
67	68	300	Southern Ry. pf	67¼	67½	67¼	67½	+½
39⅝	39⅞	2,500	Strom. Carburetor	38	41	38	39⅞	+1⅝
52¼	52½	23,900	Studebaker Co	51⅝	53⅜	51½	52⅝	+1⅜
44	45½	1,900	Stutz Motor	44	45¼	43½	44½	+1
12¼	13	200	Tenn. C. & C	12¼	12½	12¼	12½	...
189½	190⅛	8,800	Texas Co	190½	191⅞	190	190	+⅞
32¼	32½	4,900	Texas & Pacific	33	33¼	32	32¼	−¼
220	265	50	Texas Pacific L. T	250	250	250	250	...
14	14⅛	100	Third Avenue	14	14	14	14	+½
82⅝	83	16,500	Tobacco Products	82⅝	83½	82	82⅝	+½
104	105⅝	300	Tobacco Prod. pf	105	105⅝	105	105⅝	+⅝
37¼	38¾	100	Transue & Wms	38	38	38	38	...
76⅝	79½	100	Union Bag & Paper	78	78	78	78	+½
127¼	127½	2,300	Union Pacific	127½	128⅛	127¼	127½	+½
73⅛	74	100	Union Pacific pf	73¾	73⅜	73⅝	73⅝	+⅝
39	39½	100	United Alloy Steel	39	39	39	39	...
114½	115	1,800	United Cigar Stores	114¼	115	114¼	114⅝	+⅜
95	96½	100	United Drug	95½	95½	95½	95½	+½
53	54	100	United Drug 1st pf	54	54	54	54	...
94½	95⅛	100	United Drug 2d pf	95½	95½	95⅛	95½	+½
162	162¼	500	United Fruit	165	165	164	164	...
9¼	9⅜	500	United Ry. Invest	8⅞	9¼	8⅞	9¼	+⅝
19	19¼	1,900	United Ry. Inv. pf	18½	19	18	19	+⅝
15⅛	15⅜	200	U. S. C. I. P. & F	15⅛	15¼	15⅛	15¼	+¼
46⅝	46½	100	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	46¼	46⅝	46⅛	46½	+½
104¼	104⅝	9,600	U. S. Indus. Alco	102½	105⅝	102½	104¼	+2⅝
27	27½	800	U. S. R. & Imp	25	27⅛	25	27	+3
75¼	75⅝	4,700	U. S. Rubber	74⅝	76⅛	74⅝	75¼	+½
44½	45	100	U. S. Sm., R. & M	45	45	45	45	+½
90⅝	90¾	81,900	U. S. Steel	89¾	91¼	89⅝	90⅝	+1½
114¼	114½	500	U. S. Steel pf	114	114½	114	114½	+½
68¼	68⅝	6,600	Utah Copper	67¾	69⅝	67¼	68¼	+1⅝
15⅝	16	300	Utah Securities	15½	15½	15⅝	15⅝	−⅝
51½	51¾	600	Va.-Car. Chemical	52	52½	52	52	+1
112½	113¼	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	−½
31	31½	200	Wabash pf. A	31	31⅛	31	31½	+½
64	66¼	400	Wells Fargo Exp	66	66	64¼	64¼	−2
10½	10⅞	200	Western Maryland	10¾	10¾	10½	10½	−½
51	56⅝	100	Western Pacific pf	52½	52½	52½	52½	−4½
41⅝	41⅞	1,100	Westingh. E. & M	41⅝	41⅞	41⅝	41⅞	+⅝
49½	50	1,400	White Motors	50	50	49⅝	50	+½
68½	69	100	Wilson & Co	68	68	68	68	...
25	25⅛	4,900	Willys-Overland	24¾	25¼	24⅝	25	+⅝
50⅛	52	600	Worthington Pump	50¼	50⅛	50	50	−½

YOUNGSTOWN SHEET & TUBE

Annual Report Shows Decrease of $12,216,004 in Gross Earnings.

The Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company reports gross earnings of $25,952,118 from all sources in 1918, a decline of $12,216,004 from the total in the preceding twelve months. After providing for depreciation and inventory adjustments as well as adjustments for cost of war plant construction, a net income of $11,863,630 remained. Dividends amounted to $4,394,721.

James A. Campbell, President, says in his annual statement that nothing was set aside for Federal taxes, as the revenue law had not been passed when the statement was prepared. Should the 80 per cent. tax be retained, he states, the taxes may amount to between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000 and the payment would absorb most of the year's surplus. Shipments of steel were approximately 35,000 tons less than in 1917, owing to severe weather in January and February and the loss of business after the armistice was signed.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Marine Preferred and Ocean Rates.

Marine preferred was bid upward for a gross gain of 4 points without the stimulus of rumors about the proposed sale of the company's British tonnage. In fact, it could not be discovered that traders thought anything at all about the deal. Short covering as a result of the recent decline probably had something to do with the rise, but brokers reported buying for the long account based on prospective earnings instead of a problematical liquidation of the shipping concern. It is expected that within a few weeks all the company's vessels which were commandeered by the British Government will have been turned back, making them available for the unrestricted carrying of goods at prevailing rates. Much emphasis has been laid upon the reduction of ocean freight charges. The situation is, however, that the new tariffs are in most cases a great deal higher than the pre-war freight charges. Marine preferred edged off in the final trading, but closed with a net gain of 2¼ points.

⁂

Equipment Orders Renewed.

The Government is considering the situation of railroad equipment makers who had large war orders "suspended" when the armistice was signed. It is understood that work is to be continued on about 20,000 cars ordered originally for the army in France. These orders should help some of the companies which have faced the necessity of reducing their operating forces, and will act as a stopgap until additional contracts from the Railroad Administration are placed.

⁂

A Comment on Steel and Iron.

"The immediate situation in the industry is not nearly as bad as painted," says The Iron Trade Review. "While conditions are far from being satisfactory, or even comfortable, the better tone in the market first displayed a week ago is having a moderate though clearly discernible effect. The export business has broadened further in the week and actual business booked is heavier, while promising pending inquiries are numerous." This fairly cheerful reference to the steel and iron trade differs enough from comment heard in many quarters to show that even within the industry itself current opinions are wide apart.

⁂

Union Oil Sales and Expense.

The Union Oil Company of California reports an increase of more than $10,000,000 in gross sales last year, while profits were no more than $350,500 larger than the year before. The gross revenue was $43,990,000, and the net income $12,435,000. The figures apparently supply a commentary on the increased expenses of the year, as neither depreciation nor war taxes were counted in. The surplus after all charges and reservations was $6,023,000, compared with $7,642,284 in 1917.

⁂

Municipal Bonds.

Now that the Revenue bill has been adopted by the Senate with no alterations, as every one expected it would be, those whose business it is to sell bonds say Secretary of the Treasury Glass, and the others who will have a say in framing the terms and conditions of the next Liberty Loan will have no alternative but to offer at least part of the loan on a tax exempt basis. If they do not, it is maintained, a good deal of the so-called "rich subscriptions" will go into municipal bonds, which are tax exempt. The Government, it is contended, must appeal to these rich subscribers, as Secretary McAdoo did in the last campaign, and the best appeal, say the bond experts, will be a tax exempt bond at a fair rate of interest, say 4 per cent.

⁂

American Ice.

Yesterday was warm, very warm for February, and, according to the honored traditions of Wall Street, a warm day in February is the best kind of bull argument on American Ice. Warm Winter; poor ice crop; high prices for ice next Summer; high prices for the stock now. American Ice securities, behaving conventionally, rose about 2 points.

⁂

Copper at 17⅝ Cents?

There were persistent reports in the trade yesterday that some of the smaller producers of copper were offering comparatively small deliveries in March and April at 17⅝ cents a pound. The big producers are holding out for 18 cents, and some sales are reported at the latter figure. One dealer in scrap stated yesterday that there were more than 1,000,000,000 pounds of scrap copper in this country, and predicted there will be sales much lower than 18 cents before the end of the year. The consensus of opinion, however, seems to be that the price will range between 18 and 18½ cents for a time when the real buying movement begins.

⁂

United Railroads Reorganization.

It has been rumored persistently in the financial district that the two bondholders' committees of the United Railroads of San Francisco are about to reach an agreement on an amended plan for the reorganization of that company. It is reported that Mason B. Starring, President of the United States Railways Investment Company, is on his way to San Francisco, and that when he arrives there he will straighten out some small difficulties which have arisen, and held back the new plan.

⁂

Gillette Razor Earnings.

The Gillette Safety Razor Company had net earnings of $5,252,136 in the year ended Dec. 31 last, an increase of $648,354. This was equal to $32.95 per share of stock, before allowing for excess profits taxes. The report issued yesterday said that the company bought in the open market during the year $1,936,000 of the convertible 6 per cent. gold notes, while $734,500 par value of the notes was converted into stock, leaving $3,329,500 notes in the hands of the public. Since the end of the year further conversions and purchases have occurred until at present only $1,452,000 of the original $6,000,000 notes are outstanding.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£329,000
Circulation decreased	154,000
Bullion increased	175,450
Other securities decreased	172,000
Public deposits decreased	2,563,000
Other deposits increased	4,564,000
Notes reserve increased	264,000
Government securities increased	1,841,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 20.40 per cent.; last week it was 20.45 per cent.

Rate of discount 5 per cent.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Pettibone-Mulliken Company reports for 1918 a manufacturing profit of $983,741, compared with $1,669,202 the year before. The balance, after paying interest and dividends and allowing for depreciation and war taxes, together with the sinking fund appropriation, was $139,868, against $628,458 in 1917.

The Equitable Trust Company has been appointed registrar of the Bradford Electric Company and the Commonwealth Petroleum Company and transfer agent for the Troy Laundry Machine Company.

Bonbright & Co. are offering $1,000,000 5 per cent. Farm Loan bonds of the Liberty Joint Stock Land Bank of Salina, Kan., due Nov. 1, 1938, and optional after Nov. 21, 1923, at 101½ and interest. This is the third installment of the original issue of approximately $3,500,000.

The Bankers Trust Company has been appointed registrar for the capital stock of the Ranger Gulf Corporation.

I. D. Noll & Co. have removed their offices to 170 Broadway.

Harris, Forbes & Co. have prepared a summary of the new income tax law, with special reference to individuals.

The New York Trust Company has been appointed registrar for the preferred and common stock of the Factory Products Corporation.

Edward E. MacCrone and C. Perry Beadleston have been elected to membership on the New York Stock Exchange.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, FEB. 13, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$10,652,000	$4,505,500	$2,590,000
Year to date	381,708,500	144,425,000	172,740,300

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47
8.... 98.90
60.... 98.86
11.... 98.84
44.... 98.88
1.... 98.86
70.... 98.90
1.... 98.84
16.... 98.86
1.... 98.84
76.... 98.86
25.... 98.90
82.... 98.86
161.... 98.90
2.... 98.92
17.... 98.90

$525,000
1st conv 4s, 1932-'47
3.... 92.86
5.... 92.88
12.... 92.84
1.... 92.86
11.... 92.80
2.... 92.76
5.... 92.74

$89,000
2d 4s, '27-'42
2.... 92.50
6.... 92.54
92.... 92.60
2.... 92.62
13.... 92.54
50.... 92.60
1.... 92.52
4.... 92.56
6.... 92.54
20.... 92.60
7.... 92.54
2.... 92.58
7.... 92.60
3.... 92.64
10.... 92.68
11.... 92.70
42.... 92.60
16.... 92.56
5.... 92.60
17.... 92.64
11.... 92.60
2.... 92.66
3.... 92.60
18.... 92.66
1.... 92.58
6.... 92.60
1.... 92.56
1.... 92.60
20.... 92.64
5.... 92.66

$384,000
1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47
20.... 94.70
1.... 94.60
8.... 94.62
7.... 94.70
3.... 94.68

$89,000
2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42
15.... 94.02
82.... 94.00
10.... 93.96
5.... 93.92
1.... 93.90
1.... 93.98
1.... 93.92
25.... 93.96
1.... 93.92
34.... 93.94
14.... 93.92
8.... 93.94
85.... 93.98
100.... 94.00
15.... 93.96
5.... 94.00
2.... 93.94
13.... 93.92
7.... 93.94
25.... 93.98
40.... 94.00
25.... 94.02
3.... 93.96
25.... 94.02
140.... 94.00
3.... 93.96
1.... 94.00
100.... 93.96
1.... 93.94
15.... 93.98
11.... 93.92
25.... 93.96
25.... 93.98
4.... 93.94
3.... 93.92
38.... 93.96
26.... 93.94
17.... 93.98
1.... 93.94
8.... 93.92
2.... 93.90
5.... 93.92
44.... 93.94
25.... 93.98
44.... 94.00

$980,000
3d 4¼s, 1928
2.... 95.00
80.... 95.02
4.... 94.98
76.... 95.00
6.... 94.94
25.... 94.96
80.... 94.94
26.... 94.98
5.... 95.00

1.... 94.94
5.... 94.98
41.... 94.96
12.... 94.94
55.... 94.96
25.... 94.98
5.... 94.96
6.... 94.94
1.... 94.96
81.... 94.94
20.... 94.98
4.... 94.94
5.... 94.98
8.... 94.96
10.... 94.98
40.... 95.00
5.... 94.96
10.... 95.00
2.... 94.94
40.... 94.98
1.... 94.96
10.... 94.98
30.... 95.00
2.... 95.02
75.... 95.08
75.... 95.06
8.... 95.02
4.... 95.00
82.... 95.02
76.... 95.06
87.... 95.08
1.... 95.06
10.... 95.02
30.... 95.08
35.... 95.10
1.... 95.04
5.... 95.06
10.... 95.08
40.... 95.10
1.... 95.04
40.... 95.06
20.... 95.08
1.... 95.02
75.... 95.10
12.... 95.06
1.... 95.08
35.... 95.06
1.... 95.10
10.... 95.08
20.... 95.10
1.... 95.06
25.... 95.08
29.... 95.06
75.... 95.10
1¼.... 95.04
5.... 95.06
15.... 95.10
30.... 95.12
7.... 95.08
175.... 95.10
87.... 95.08
18.... 95.10
40.... 95.14
87.... 95.10
15.... 95.14
5.... 95.12
1.... 95.10
50.... 95.14
35.... 95.16
50.... 95.18

$1,924,500
4th 4¼s, 1933-'38
5.... 93.90
and
130.... 93.86
20.... 93.84
30.... 93.86
50.... 93.84
12.... 93.82
85.... 93.86
55.... 93.84
115.... 93.86
2.... 93.90
45.... 93.86
75.... 93.84
20.... 93.90
1.... 93.86
2.... 93.90
1.... 93.86
32.... 93.88
100.... 93.86
3.... 93.84
126.... 93.88
31.... 93.86
1.... 93.84
3.... 93.86
105.... 93.88
3.... 93.90
16.... 93.88
5.... 93.86
81.... 93.84
65.... 93.88
12.... 93.86
3.... 93.88
4.... 93.84
50.... 93.86
60.... 93.88
1.... 93.90
10.... 93.86
65.... 93.88
10.... 93.86
33.... 93.84
13.... 93.86
96.... 93.88
1.... 93.84
10.... 93.90
1.... 93.84
66.... 93.86
25.... 93.88
86.... 93.86
127.... 93.84
149.... 93.86
1.... 93.84
3.... 93.86
12.... 93.84
109.... 93.88
93.... 93.90
1.... 93.86
33.... 93.88

270.... 93.90
2.... 93.92
60.... 93.94
3.... 93.90
125.... 93.96
2.... 93.90
58.... 93.92
57.... 93.94
2.... 93.92
10.... 93.94
20.... 93.96
2.... 93.94
39.... 93.92
30.... 93.94
4.... 93.96
24.... 93.92
1.... 93.90
6.... 93.92
64.... 93.90
15.... 93.96
41.... 93.92
11.... 93.90
55.... 93.92
60.... 93.96
16.... 93.92
10.... 93.94
17.... 93.92
1.... 93.90
6.... 93.92
87.... 93.94
8.... 93.90
29.... 93.92
16.... 93.94
45.... 93.90
11.... 93.96
5.... 93.94
125.... 93.96
40.... 93.92
2.... 93.94
1.... 93.90
44.... 93.92
80.... 93.96
20.... 93.98

$3,770,000

AmForSec5s
12.... 99¾
1.... 99⅞
10.... 99¾
Anglo-Fr 5s
83.... 97½
87.... 97⅝
8.... 97⁷⁄₁₆
27.... 97½
½.... 97¾
10.... 97½
4.... 97⁷⁄₁₆
6.... 97½
18.... 97⁷⁄₁₆
50.... 97⅝
3.... 97½
3.... 97⅝
324.... 97¼
6.... 97¼
1.... 97¼
12.... 97⅛
1.... 97⁷⁄₁₆
2.... 97½
Argentine 5s
1.... 90
Chinese Ry 5s
1.... 71¼
C of Bordx 6s
11.... 102
1.... 101⅛
C of Lyons 6s
1.... 101¾
2.... 102¼
12.... 102
C of Marsls 6s
3.... 102¼
3.... 102
C of Paris 6s
3.... 99⅝
2.... 99⅝
2.... 99½
1 c.... 99¾
5.... 99¼
17.... 99½
11.... 99⅝
6.... 99¾
Dom of Can 5s, 1921
4.... 98⅝
1926
2.... 97
10.... 97¼
1931
3.... 97⅝
7.... 97¾
French G 5½s
45.... 105¹⁄₁₆
Jap Govt 4s, ster loan
5.... 75½
Rep of Cuba 5s of 1904
3.... 95½
of 1914
1.... 93½
U K of Gt B & I 5½s, 1919
31.... 100¹⁄₁₆
44.... 100
5½s, 1921
75.... 98⅝
56.... 98½
7.... 98⁷⁄₁₆
5½s, 1937
6.... 101⅛
555.... 101
10.... 100⅞
27.... 101
N Y Canal 4s, July, 1961
10.... 97⅝
N Y City 4½s, Nov, 1957
2.... 101

Adams Exp 4s
3.... 62
AmAgCdeb5s
1.... 100⅝
cv 5s
2.... 100
AmT&T col 4s
1.... 84½
1.... 84
conv 4½s
1.... 86⅝
AmT&T cv 6s
9.... 102⅝
3.... 102⅝
12.... 102½
7.... 102¼
3.... 102⅝
Am Tob 6s
1.... 119
Arm'r&Co4½s
2.... 86⅝
6.... 86½
1.... 86⅝
A,T&SFgen4s
10.... 82¼
10.... 82¼
10.... 82⅝
10.... 82¼
adjust 4s
1.... 78⅝
East Okl 4s
3.... 92¼
Atl Cst L gen unified 4½s
5.... 84½
Balt&Ogold4s
5.... 77¼
2.... 77½
ref 5s
3.... 82⅝
conv 4½s
2.... 78¼
7.... 78⅛
11.... 78
B R T 7s, 1921
5.... 81½
CenLeather5s
20.... 96½
10.... 96⅝
Ches&Ocon5s
10.... 99
conv 5s
11.... 85⅝
Chi & Alt 3½s
1.... 35⅝
C,B&Qgen4s
4.... 82⅝
10.... 82⅝
joint 4s
10.... 95⅝
21.... 95⅝
5.... 95⅝
Ill div 4s
4.... 84¼
Iowa div 4s
5.... 99⅛
C & Erie 1st 5s
4.... 94
Chi Gt W 4s
2.... 61¾
5.... 61⅞
Chi, M & St P conv 4½s
3.... 78¾
ref 4½s
1.... 71⅝
2.... 71
4.... 70
La,C&Dav5s
1.... 99⅝
Chi Rys 5s
2.... 79⅝
C,RI&Pgen4s
3.... 77¼
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s
6.... 74⅝
5.... 74⅝
1.... 74
Chi&WIcon4s
4.... 62
Chile Cop 7s
3.... 106
cv6s,rcts,pt paid, ext
16.... 83
Clev,C,C&StL deb 4½s
1.... 78⅝
Col & So 1st 4s
8.... 88
ref&ext4½s
6.... 78
ColG&Elst5s
4.... 82
Comp-Tab Rec s f 6s
1.... 83½
Con Gas cv 6s
7.... 100½
11.... 100⅝
10.... 100⅝
Den&RGcon4s
4.... 72
Det Riv T 4½s
1.... 81¾
1.... 82⅝
Det United Ry con 4½s
1.... 75¼
Dul,S,S&Alt5s
5.... 83
EdisonElecIll ofBklncon4s
1.... 88
Erielstcon7s
1.... 100¼
1st gen 4s
1.... 52⅝
1.... 52⅞

GreenBay&W deb ctfs B
1.... 7
Hud&Manlst &ref5s,SerA
12.... 57⅝
8.... 57½
adj inc 5s
1.... 16⅝
IllCen4s,1951
2.... 83
Inter-Met 4½s
10.... 30¾
19.... 30⅜
1.... 30⅜
2.... 30½
2.... 30⅜
54.... 30¼
1.... 30
15.... 30⅜
5.... 30⅜
6.... 30⅛
IRT1st&ref5s
4.... 70½
24.... 70⅜
2.... 70⅜
1.... 70⅜
1.... 70⅜
1.... 70½
IntMerMsf6s
1.... 97½
1.... 97⅜
1.... 97½
9.... 98
7.... 97¾
22.... 98
IowaCen ref4s
1.... 44½
KC,FtS&M6s
9.... 103
KC,FtS&M4s
5.... 73
LacledeGLofS Lref&ext5s
1.... 94⅝
LS&MSo4s 1928
5.... 89½
Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcs
2.... 101⅜
LorillardCo7s
1.... 112⅝
Louis & Nash unified 4s
1.... 84⅝
St L div 3s
3.... 57
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
1.... 87
Milw,Sparta& N Wn 1st 4s
3.... 78
Mo,K&TofT5s
2.... 51
MoPacgen4s
9.... 61
17.... 61¼
6.... 61
82.... 61¼
82.... 61⅛
1st & ref 5s, 1923
3.... 98⅛
Mont P 5s, A
4.... 91⅝
2.... 91½
N O Term 4s
1.... 67
NO,T&M6s,A
4.... 98
N Y Air Brake 1st 6s
2.... 99⅞
NYCent deb 6s
11.... 99¼
1.... 99¼
29.... 99
15.... 98⅞
4.... 99
2.... 98⅞
NYG,EL,H&P col tr 5s
1.... 93
pur money 4s
2.... 72
1.... 71½
N Y Mun Ry s f 5s
1.... 55
N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s
10.... 85
4.... 84⅝
3.... 84⅝
3.... 84½
non-conv deb 4s, 1947
5.... 53
1955
15.... 54
NYRys ref 4s
2.... 42½
1.... 42
NYTel4½s
2.... 90½
1.... 91⅛
NY,W&B4½s
5.... 52
4.... 51⅝
N & W cv 6s, sub r, full pd
5.... 107⅝
Nor Pac 4s
6.... 83¼
1.... 83⅛
10.... 83½
Nor Pac 3s
1.... 60
3.... 59¾
9.... 59½

Oreg Sh Line gtd ref 4s
1.... 86¾
5.... 86
Oreg-W R R & Nlst&ref4s
5.... 77½
Penn 4s, 1948
1 c.... 88⅝
gtd 4½s
5.... 97⅝
PaRRgen5s, temp ctfs
5.... 96⅝
15.... 96⅝
2.... 96⅝
Peop G & C of Chi ref 5s
1.... 75
PereMar 1st 5s
3.... 85½
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1920
1.... 101
P S C s f 5s
5.... 79
Read'g gen 4s
3.... 85½
Rep Iron & Stl s f 5s, 1940
1.... 94½
RI,Ark&L4½s
1.... 71
St L, I M & So gen 5s
7.... 95
St L & S F pr lien 4s, A
2.... 62
pr lien 5s, B
1.... 77½
adj 6s
9.... 64½
St L S W 1st Term 5s
3.... 59¾
1.... 59
S A L gold 4s, stamped
1.... 78⅝
Sincl Oil & R 1st s f 7s
5.... 96
with war
1.... 98⅝
So Pac cv 4s
10.... 83½
5.... 83¼
35.... 83⅝
10.... 83¼
2.... 83⅝
1.... 83½
conv 5s
10.... 101⅝
1.... 101⅝
1.... 101⅝
15.... 101½
32.... 101½
1.... 101⅝
1.... 101⅝
8.... 101⅝
1.... 101⅝
1st ref 4s
2.... 81⅝
SouthRy1st5s
1.... 94½
1.... 94
gen 4s
2.... 67
1.... 67¼
3.... 67⅛
10.... 67⅛
TexCo deb 6s
2.... 102
Tex&P 1st 5s
5.... 92
1.... 91
Tol,StL&W4s
3.... 49
Union Pac 6s
11.... 104⅝
1.... 104⅝
2.... 104⅝
1st & ref 4s
22s20f.. 88
U Fuel Gas 6s
2.... 98
USR&Imp5s
2.... 66
5s5f.. 66⅝
2.... 67
USRubber7s
25.... 103¼
1st & ref 5s
10.... 86⅞
17.... 87
12.... 86⅞
U S Stl Corp s f 5s
2.... 100⅝
8.... 100½
7.... 100⅝
5.... 100½
VirgnRy 1st 5s
6.... 92⅛
Wabash1st5s
4.... 97¼
Westn Elec 5s
2.... 97⅞
3.... 98
Westn Pac 5s
1.... 84½
2.... 84
West Shore 4s
3.... 79
2.... 79¼
2.... 80
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
4.... 98⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅞
Anglo-French 5s	97⅛	97¼
Argentine 5s	84½	90
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98⅝	98⅝
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	97	97¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅞
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	93	95
Chinese Government 5s	71	72
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	93	95⅜
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90¼	93½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	83½	84
Dominican Republic 5s	90½	..
French Republic 5½s	105¹⁄₁₆	105¼
City of Bordeaux 6s	101¹⁵⁄₁₆	102
City of Lyons 6s	101¹⁵⁄₁₆	102
City of Marseilles 6s	101¹⁵⁄₁₆	102
City of Paris 5s	99⅝	99¾
Japanese 4½s	88½	89
Japanese 4½s, second series	88½	89
Japanese 4s	75½	92
City of Tokio 5s	81½	..
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100¹⁄₁₆
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98¼	98⁷⁄₁₆
Un. K. of Gt. Gr. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100⅞	101
United States of Mexico 5s	61	68
United States of Mexico 4s	50	55
Russian Government 4s, 180-	22	..

UNITED STATES ISSUES

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98¼
2s, c, 1930	97½	98¼
3s, r, 1946	87	92
3s, c, 1946	87	92
4s, r, 1925	104¾	105½
4s, c, 1925	104¾	105½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98¼
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98¼
Pan 2s, c, 1938	97	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	87	92
Pan 3s, c, 1961	87	92
P I 4s, '34	90	96
P I 4s, '35	90	96
P I 4s, '36	90	96
Dist of C 3-65s	97	100

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex	41¾	45
Alb & S	..	185
Am Ag Ch pf	99	99½
Am B N	31	35
Do pf	43	46½
Am B Sug pf	85	90
Am B Sh	85	99
Do pf	158	165
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf	85	93
Am M 1st pf	45½	47
Am Shipb	90	102
Am Sm pf, A	90	95
Am S & R pf	103	105
Am Sn pf	95	101
Am S Tob pf	99⅝	100
Am T & C	55	70
Am Wool	47½	49
Do pf	94	95½
Am Zinc	11	11½
Do pf	40	43½
Assets R	1	1½
Asso D G	19½	21¾
Do 1st pf	62	70
Do 2d pf	58¼	..
Assoc Oil	71	74
A, T & S pf	86	86½
A, B & A	7½	8
Atl C L	96	98
A, G & W I pf	63¾	65
Bald L pf	100	103
Barrett Co pf	109½	111
Batop M	1⅜	1½
B'ch Cr'k	30¼	..
B'klyn Ed	95½	100
B U Gas	80	90
Brown Sh	69	78
Bruns Ter	8¾	9⅝
Bush Ter	..	97

	Bid.	Asked.
B, R & P, ex div	65	70
Do pf, ex div	95	100
Burns Bros pf	110	115
Cal & Ar	57	58¼
Can So	45½	60
Case (J I) pf	92½	93⅝
Cent Fdy	17	23
Do pf	31	33½
Cent L pf	105	106¼
C R R of N J	207	230
C & S A Tel	110	116
C'tain-teed	28	87½
Do 1st pf	85½	88
Chi & Alt	7	8
Do pf	..	12
Chi Gt W pf	24	25½
C & N W pf	131	135⅝
C, R I & P 7% pf	75½	77¼
Do 6% pf	63	64¼
Chi, St P, M & Om	75	80
Do pf	105	120
C, C, C & St L	32	36
Do pf	62½	75
Cl & Pitts	67½	80
Do spec	38	..
Clu-Peab	60	62
Do pf	104	106¾
Col F pf	100	..
Col & So	20	21½
Do 1st pf	48	50
Do 2d pf	42	48
Comp T R	39	39½
C I C M	6¾	7½
Cont C pf	105	107
Crex Carp	43	55
Cruc S pf	90	94
C-Am Sug	150	154
Do pf	95	115

	Bid.	Asked.
D & Co pf	95½	97
Del & Hud	103½	105½
D, L & W	178	180
D & R G	4	5
Det Ed	109	112
Det & M	..	85
Det U Ry	..	89
D, S S & A	2⅝	3
Do pf	4¼	7
Elec S B	56½	58
Elk H C	25	28⅛
Do pf	..	47
Erie 2d pf	18½	19
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	9	11
Do pf	33½	35
Fisher Bdy	40¼	42
Do pf	91	93¾
Gen Chem	..	164
Do pf	103	108
G'drich pf	104¾	105
Granby C	68	73
G, M & N	6½	7¼
Do pf	30	34
Gulf S S	30	31
Do 1st pf	94	99½
Hartman	55	56
Homestake	97½	..
Ill Cent	97¾	98
Int Agric	13¾	15
Int H pf	114	..
Int N pf	95	..
Int P pf	75	99
Int Salt	53	60
Jewel Tea	28	31
Do pf	84	89
K C, Ft S & M pf	58½	..
Kan C So	17½	18
Do pf	50	51
Kelly S T pf	93	98
Kelsey Wh	20	36
Do pf	93	95
K & D M	2½	5
Do pf	..	75
Kresge (SS)	108	120
Do pf	106½	..
Kress (S H)	63	67½
Do pf	106⅞	107½
Lacl Gas	77	80
L E & W	7½	7¾
Do pf	18	20
Ligg & M	214	220
Do pf	108	110
L-W B 1st pf	95¼	..
Do 2d pf	94	97½
Lorill'd Co	155	160
Do pf	108	110
Louis & N	114	115½
M'kay Cos	71	74
Do pf	64	64½
Man B'ch	¾	3
Man Elev	82	86
Man Shirt	67	78
Marlin R	71	80
Math Alk	..	44
M Dep Sts	64	65
Do pf	106½	111
Mex P pf	103¼	107
Mich Cent	85¼	96
M, St P & S S M pf	100	108
Do l l	63	70
M, K & T	5	5¼
Do pf	8½	9½
Mon Pow	71½	72½
Do pf	104½	..
Mon W pf	110¼	118
Mor & Es	73	74½
N C & St L	105	120
Nat B pf	118	126
Nat C & S	67¾	71
Do pf	103	106
Nat En pf	96½	99
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	12	..
N Y A B	94½	96
N Y, C & St L	28	30
Do 1st pf	60	66
Do 2d pf	42	45
N Y Dock	16	20
Do pf	41	47
N Y, L & West	90½	..

	Bid.	Asked.
N Y, O & West	19½	20
Norf & W	104½	105½
Do pf	74¼	..
North Am	46	48
Nor Cent	70	..
Nova So S	48	..
Ohio F S	43¾	44½
Ont Min	7¼	7¾
Owens B M pf	100	109
Pac Coast	41	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf	55	80
P T & T	22	24
Do pf	..	90
Peo & E	4½	6
Pere M pf	40	48
Pett-Mull	29	45
Do 1st pf	98	..
Pierce-A pf	103	108
P, C, C & St L	45½	50
P, Ft W & C	134½	140
P & W Va pf, ex d	78	80
Pond C C	12	13½
Pr Stl Car pf	98	102
R R Sec, I C stk cfs	..	79
Ry Stl Spr pf	104	107
Rdg 1st pf	37½	38
Do 2d pf	37½	38¼
Rens & S	115½	..
Rep I & S pf	101¼	101⅞
St L S F pf	21½	22½
St L S W	17	20
Do pf	28½	30
Savage A	58	61
Seab A L pf	16	17
Sears-R pf	118	125
Shat Ariz	11⅛	11¾
So P R S	132	145
Do pf	107¾	110
St'd Mill	125	130
Do pf	88	89¾
Studeb Co pf	92½	98½
Sup Steel	32½	34½
Do 1st pf	98	101
Texas Co, f paid	180	188
Tide W O	215	225
T, St L & West	..	9
Do ctfs	..	6
Do pf	10	20
Do pf c	10	15
T C R T	44	48
Do pf	81	124
Und Type	120	130
Do pf	100	121
Un Cig Sts pf	109	119
Un D'w'd	60	61
Do pf	90	95
U S Exp	17¼	18
U S Ind A pf	99	103
U S R 1st pf	110	111
U S Sm pf	45½	46⅝
Va I, C & Coke	55	60
Va R & P	..	48
Wabash	7⅝	8
Do pf, B	19	20
W Md 2d pf	22	29
West Pac	17	18
West Un	86½	88
W E & M 1st pf	60	65
Weym-B	170	175
W & L E	8¼	9
Do pf	16	18
W-Ov pf	89	89½
Wilson pf	96½	98
Wis Cent	31	33
Woolworth	123	125
Do pf	116	118
Wor Pump pf, A	85	89
Do pf, B	66	68¼

Comes to National City Bank.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 13.—J. L. Cross, Deputy Governor of the Tenth District Federal Reserve Bank, tendered his resignation today, accompanying it with the announcement that he had accepted an Assistant Vice Presidncy of the National City Bank of New York. He will leave Kansas City March 1, he said. Mr. Cross came to Kansas City as Deputy Governor in November, 1915, from Washington, after resigning as examiner for the Federal Reserve Board.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Atlantic Refining	$5	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 21
Canada Steamship	1	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 1
Eastman Kodak	2½	Q	Apr. 1	Feb. 28
Do	2½	Ex.	Apr. 1	Feb. 28
Do. pf.	5	Ex.	May 1	Mar. 31
F. W. Woolworth pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Feb. 28
Haskell & Barber	$1	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 10
Northern Tex. Elec.	$1	Q	....	....
Do. pf.	$3	SA	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Philadelphia Elec.	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Southern Pacific	$1.50	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 21
Union Pacific	$2.50	Q	Apr. 1	Feb. 28
Do. pf.	$2	SA	Apr. 1	Mar. 8

Bond Prices and Economic Readjustments

It is generally agreed that commodity prices the world over must gradually seek lower levels.

It is therefore to be expected that there will be a consequent change in the quotations of conservative securities.

While there may be temporary fluctuations in security prices, it is our opinion that those who make investments now for a long period of years will eventually benefit.

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This review sent upon request

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Income Tax At a Glance

We have prepared a chart showing the amount to be paid on specified individual incomes from $2,500 to $500,000 under the new rates of the Income Tax Law.

Copy on Request.

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Circular B-4 containing detailed information will be sent upon request.

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SECRETARY GLASS TO MEET BANKERS

Expect Decision on Terms of Loan Before Return to Washington.

SEE NEED FOR TWO CLASSES

Wall Street Favors Division Into High Rate Taxable and Low Rate Nontaxable Bonds.

Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass is in New York today and is expected to remain until tomorrow afternoon. While here the Secretary, it is expected, will consult with members of the New York Liberty Loan Committee and with other local bankers, and there is a belief in financial circles that before he returns to Washington a general outline of the forthcoming Victory Liberty Loan, scheduled for flotation in the latter part of April, will be known to those who will have most to do with marketing the Government's bonds.

The Secretary, who arrived in New York last night, will visit the Federal Reserve Bank this morning, where he will see in operation the greatest of the Reserve banks which he did so much toward establishing. Mr. Glass, although the joint author of the Federal Reserve bill, has never been in the New York Federal Reserve Bank, and his tour of inspection of its many departments, especially that having to do with the collection and clearance of checks, is expected to occupy the whole forenoon.

Mr. Glass will be the guest at a luncheon at the Advertising Club, 47 East Twenty-fifth Street, and in the afternoon the local Liberty Loan Committee will hold a reception for him at the Hotel Biltmore, at which the members of the district committees will meet the Secretary. Following this, the foreign language press will meet the Secretary at a reception at the Murray Hill Hotel. Hans Rieg, Chief of the Foreign Language Division of the Treasury Department, will discuss the question of preparations for the forthcoming loan campaign with the foreign press proprietors.

In the evening Mr. Glass will be the guest at a dinner given by Governor Benjamin Strong, of the New York Federal Reserve Bank, and the officers and Directors of the bank at Sherry's.

Tomorrow at 11 o'clock the Secretary will address the newly appointed county Chairmen and other leaders in the War Savings Stamp movement in New York and New Jersey, at the Bankers' Club, 120 Broadway. Following that, at 12:30 o'clock, he will attend a luncheon in the club at which the editors and publishers of New York City newspapers will have an opportunity to meet him. In the late afternoon he is scheduled to leave for Washington.

May Discuss Terms of Loan.

While here, it is believed, Mr. Glass will go thoroughly into the Victory Loan problem. The recent request of the Secretary to Congress for extraordinary powers as to terms and conditions of the next offering will be talked over, and it is expected that the Secretary will hear many suggestions from bankers and bond experts here.

It is still widely believed here that the next loan will be of two classes— a low rate, tax-exempt bond to appeal to the wealthy subscribers, and a higher rated, taxable bond for popular consumption.

This idea seems to be generally entertained among bond men, and while there is fear that the tax exempt feature, if it attracted a large subscription, would hurt the tax program and cause a good deal of readjustment of taxable sources, there is also the belief that with personal taxes as heavy as they are now and as they promise to be, something of this sort will have to be offered if the Government is to receive the subscriptions which it must get if the loan offering is to be successful.

It is true that a similar offering of bonds in England was not a great success. Out of a total of something like $5,000,000,000 only a very small part represented subscriptions to the low rated, tax exempt securities, the great bulk of the subscriptions being for the higher rated taxable bonds. But bankers and bond men here feel that the British experience will not be our experience. In England, it is pointed out, the investing public, which was relatively much larger than ours before the war, had been educated to buy Government bonds on a strictly investment basis, while in this country our seasoned bond buyers have been educated to buy Government and State and municipal bonds not so much because of the apparent investment yield, but partly because of the extra attractions, such as tax exemptions, &c., which are usually attached to such securities.

WANT OPEN WOOL MARKET.

Association of Manufacturers Opposes War Industries Board Control.

The Executive Committee of the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers, headed by George B. Sanford, held a meeting recently at which these recommendations were adopted opposing the Government's regulation or control of the manufacture and sale of woolen and worsted goods through the War Industries Board:

> Trading in wools, yarns, tops, noils, rags, reworked wools, and all waste stocks should be immediately freed from all governmental control and regulation.
>
> Temporary, artificial, and arbitrary regulations of wool prices will cause suspension of business, stoppage of machinery, and unemployment of labor in all branches of the industry with their attendant evils.
>
> It is essential in the unanimous opinion of the War Service Committee of the Wool Manufacturing Industry that a return to an open wool market should be effected with the least possible delay, and that wool in the possession of the Quartermaster's Department should be sold at public and unrestricted auction.

Group Insurance Increased.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society reports that group insurance to employes of corporations increased $80,000,000 during 1918, and payments to policy holders amounted to $65,000,000. On death claims $27,799,000 was distributed, $5,200,000 being paid out as the direct result of the influenza epidemic. The year brought an expansion in outstanding insurance and assets.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.90	5.40
Buff, R. & Pitts.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.88	5.65
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.80	5.45
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.85	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.60	5.25
C., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.20	5.90
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.80	5.45
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.00	5.75
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.85	5.50
Erie R. R.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.75
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.65	5.25
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.65	5.25
Michigan Cent.	1919-'30	5	6.00	5.50
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.40	5.95
Mo., Ka. & Texas	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Mo. Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.35	5.80
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½	5.70	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.15	5.90
Penn. Gen. F'ght.	1919-'28	4 @4½	5.60	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.25
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.50
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.50
Southern Ry.	1919-'24	4½@5	5.95	5.50
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.50	5.50

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	60.97	60.44	60.64	+ .05
25 industrials	83.18	81.71	82.60	+1.14
50 stocks	72.07	71.07	71.62	+ .60

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Feb. 12, Holiday.				
Feb. 11	71.26	70.71	71.02	+ .22
Feb. 10	70.92	70.33	70.80	+ .26
Feb. 8	70.77	70.47	70.54	— .22
Feb. 7	71.07	70.45	70.76	— .30
Feb. 6	71.81	70.94	71.06	— .61

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Feb.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	72.07	Feb. 13	70.33	Feb. 10	71.62
1918	70.95	Feb. 19	67.19	Feb. 7	69.00
1917	88.46	Feb. 21	77.24	Feb. 3	80.65
1916	98.06	Feb. 10	84.16	Feb. 28	85.02
1915	62.78	Feb. 11	58.99	Feb. 24	60.02

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	69.73	Jan. 21	71.62
†1918	69.48	Feb. 1	64.42	Jan. 15	68.14
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.09	+ .02	— .73	+1.01

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Feb. 12, Holiday.			Feb. 4	78.18	+.00
Feb. 11	78.07	—.04	Feb. 3	78.09	+.10
Feb. 10	78.11	—.07	Feb. 1	77.99	—.03
Feb. 8	78.18	—.02	Jan. 31	78.02	+.02
Feb. 7	78.20	—.08	Jan. 30	78.00	+.09
Feb. 6	78.28	+.06	Jan. 29	77.91	—.14
Feb. 5	78.22	+.04	Jan. 28	78.02	+.02

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	77.76	Jan. 24	78.09
†1918	77.43	Jan. 31	70.64	Jan. 24	77.08
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.18	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

COTTON ADVANCE GENERAL.

Market Follows the Lead of Tuesday and Holds Gain Over Holiday.

Yesterday's cotton market followed the lead of that of Tuesday and enjoyed a general advance, reasonably free from besetting influences which might make for a resumption of the depression which has been so acute for several weeks. The opening after the holiday was good, prices being up a few points for near months and substantially advanced for new crop options. The trend thereafter, save for a rather sharp decline early in the afternoon, due almost entirely to profit-taking by ring traders and Wall Street houses which had bought merely for a turn, was upward and notwithstanding the professional selling shortly after midday the market held more than half of its early gains, finishing the day at 30 to 50 points improvement for the active months.

The Wednesday holiday, as it turned out, did not hurt the improvement in the market which started in the last hour of Monday and continued through Tuesday. Liverpool, which had been advancing while the local market was closed, came in somewhat better than expected yesterday morning, and it is worthy of note that even at the higher levels which this inspired Liverpool was a good buyer in our market. So was the South, and Wall Street houses, which have been favoring the short side for some weeks, were numbered among those who bought cotton yesterday. This latter buying appeared to be centred largely in the new crop position.

Of course, there was a good deal of short covering by the ring, which is always ready to run in whichever direction the market seems to be moving. This, beyond doubt, helped in the advance, but at the same time it weakened the technical position of the market, and those who have been following the trading of late were somewhat worried over this.

The general cotton situation was a little better yesterday. The labor situation in England seems working toward a compromise which, while it may not help England, will help consumption of American cotton. The same, in a general way, may be said of the textile situation here in America. This, it may be argued, is not good for the long run, but the market just now is interested chiefly in the day-to-day or week-to-week developments, and is not concerned with abstract economic problems.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev's Day.
Feb.	..	..	..	22.00@22.25	21.70
March	21.85	22.45	21.85	22.16@22.17	21.85
April	..	21.40	21.40	21.55	21.40
May	20.85	21.49	20.85	21.33@21.36	20.89
July	20.45	21.03	20.45	20.85@20.90	20.40
Aug.	..	..	..	20.20@20.30	19.75
Sept.	19.53	19.90	19.53	19.70	19.15
Oct.	19.30	19.70	19.30	19.55	19.05
Dec.	..	19.35	19.30	19.30	18.80
Jan.	18.90	19.05	18.90	19.10	18.60

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 30 points advance to 25.65c middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 25.50c; Savannah, 27.c; Augusta, 24.75c; Memphis, 27.50c; Houston, 27.50c; Little Rock, 26.25c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	13,436	17,834	15,906
Exports	7,333	10,672	6,583
Exports, season	2,624,577	2,530,856	2,550,327
New York stocks	91,316	85,610	153,034
Port stocks	1,388,486	1,391,749	1,499,199
N. Y. arrivals	2,099	378	......

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 16.90d for middling and 18.35d for good middling. Sales, 1,000 bales, of which 700 were American. Imports, 14,000 bales, 4,000 American. Futures opened quiet, unchanged to 4 points up and closed steady at 11 to 34 points advance over Tuesday's price. Feb., 16.94d; March, 15.64d; April, 14.51d; May, 12.80d.

Manchester: Yarns were irregular and cloths were active.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday:

$1,000 Estate of Long Beach first mortgage 6 per cent. registered bonds, due July 1, 1917, $500 each; 5 shares Estate of Long Beach, $100 lot; $110 lot.

$14,000 City of New York 3½ per cent. assessment bonds, due May 1, 1954; coupons, May and November; 81⅛.

12 shares Christopher and Tenth Street Railroad Company, $100 each; 56.

50 shares Knox Hat Company, Inc., first preferred, 100 each.

23 shares National Bank of Orange County, Goshen, N. Y., $25 each; 81¾ per share.

10 shares United Gas and Electric Corporation (Conn.) first preferred, $100 each; 40.

200 shares Knickerbocker-Wyoming Oil Co. preferred, $10 each; $2⅝ per share.

50 shares Hudson Trust Company, New York, $100 each; $132.

2,170 shares National Securities Corporation V. T. C., $100 each; $1 lot.

350 shares Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company preferred, $100 each; 1½.

55 shares Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company common, $100 each; 46.

1,000 shares Montana and Mexico Mining Company, $5 each; 5c per share.

29,672 shares Mexican Producing and Mining Company, $1 each; $1,000 lot.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May15,'20	98¾	99¼	6.50
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.50
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99¼	100	5.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99½	100¼	5.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	62	64	..
Do. rubles	5½	Feb.'14,'26	145	150	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	55	58	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99½	100	5.00
Company Issues.					
A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan. 15,'20	99½	100¼	6.70
A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan. 15,'21	99	100	7.00
A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan. 15,'22	99	100	7.00
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100½	100⅞	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	96	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	101	101⅜	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101	101½	5.15
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	102	102¼	5.60
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102	102½	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅞	103⅜	6.10
Am. Tob. Co.		Nov., 1923	103¾	104½	6.10
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97½	99½	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	..	99⅜	5.70
Bets. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100⅝	101	5.15
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	101	101½	6.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	101¼	101⅜	6.40
Beth S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	101	101⅝	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	101	101½	6.60
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100⅝	101	5.70
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	88	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	98½	99½	6.30
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	98	99	6.45
Chi., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	95⅝	95¾	5.85
C., R. I. & P. R.	6	Feb., 1920	97½	98¾	6.55
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100⅜	5.20
Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100⅜	5.60
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	101¾	102¼	6.40
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅞	99½	5.60
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98⅜	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	90	92	6.50
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98¼	99½	5.60
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅜	100⅝	5.30
Gen. Elec.	6	July, 1920	100⅝	100¾	5.50
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98	99½	6.30
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅝	99	5.90
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	96½	99	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	99¼	99¾	..
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sept., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.25
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	97	99½	8.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	96⅞	97¼	5.70
P. S. C., N.J.	7	Mar., 1922	97	98½	7.55
P. S. C., N.J.	5	Mar., 1919	99¼	100	5.00
Pitt. & S.S.R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100⅜	5.25
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100	100¼	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101	101⅜	5.20
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102	102⅜	5.50
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¾	103½	5.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103½	104¼	5.80
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	101½	102	..
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99¾	100	3.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99½	100¼	6.80
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95⅞	96⅞	5.75
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	98¼	8.00
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	93	98¼	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep.15,'22	88	89½	9.40
West. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1920	100	100¼	5.75
Wis. R. A.	7	Mar. 1919	99⅜	100	7.00

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS SYSTEM—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Dec. gross	$5,058,700	$4,218,762	*$839,938
Bal. aft. tax.	450,717	866,998	416,281
Net oper. inc.	261,899	739,143	477,244
12 mos.' gross	54,138,823	43,344,151	*10794,672
Bal. aft. tax.	5,113,592	8,297,672	3,184,080
Net oper. inc.	3,924,187	8,039,633	4,115,446

*Increase.

Public Utilities.

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Dec. gross	$180,780	$183,517	*$6,263
Net aft. tax.	12,567	44,110	31,543
Sur. aft. chgs.	†32,886	2,293	35,179
12 mos.' gross	2,140,210	2,158,478	18,268
Net aft. tax.	265,511	600,814	335,303
Sur. aft. chg.	†251,193	98,269	349,462
NEW YORK TELEPHONE—			
Dec. oper. rev.	5,472,087	5,139,119	*332,968
Net oper. rev.	1,677,378	1,930,783	253,405
Net aft. tax.	1,446,090	1,389,666	*56,425
12 mos. op.rev.	64,364,898	60,581,646	*3,783,252
Net oper. rev.	20,452,602	22,369,730	1,917,128
Net aft. tax.	15,178,082	16,994,522	1,816,440

*Increase. †Deficit.

Miscellaneous.

BUCKEYE PIPE LINE COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Net profits	$1,715,361	$2,380,083	$2,082,068
Dividends	1,800,000	1,900,000	1,600,000
Deficit	84,639	*480,083	*482,068
Prev. surplus	9,910,993	9,430,910	8,948,842
Pr. & loss sur.	9,826,354	9,910,993	9,430,910

*Surplus.

J. G. BRILL COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

Total income	16,761,155	7,706,099	6,180,895
Net income	1,341,510	994,189	93,257
Est. Fed. tax.	425,000	90,000	......
Balance	916,510	904,189	93,257
Dividends, &c.	366,400	305,835	195,045
Surplus	550,110	598,354	*101,788
Prev. surplus	†1,684,422	1,146,193	1,247,981
Pr. & loss sur.	2,234,532	1,744,547	1,146,193

*Deficit. †After deducting adjustments, amounting to $60,124.

NILES-BEMENT-POND CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

Manuf'g profit	8,220,777	5,113,611	6,526,120
Misc. income	1,079,944	771,174	784,881
Total income	9,300,721	5,884,785	7,311,001
Exp., tax., &c.	6,118,788	2,751,152	2,220,742
Net profit	3,181,933	3,133,633	5,090,259
Dividends	1,258,674	1,265,790	969,688
Surp. for yr.	1,923,259	1,867,843	4,120,571

NORTHERN PIPE LINE CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

Net income	503,234	629,964	600,898
Dividends	400,000	560,000	400,000
Surplus	103,234	69,964	200,898

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	...	5.00	...	5.00
Spelter	6.70	6.80	6.70	6.80
Antimony	...	7.25	...	7.25
Quicksilver	$92.00	...	$92.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 18c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	79	10	0	79	0	0
Copper, futures	72	10	0	71	0	0
Tin, spot	224	10	0	226	0	0
Tin, futures	223	0	0	223	10	0
Spelter, spot	48	0	0	48	0	0
Spelter, futures	40	0	0	40	0	0
Lead, spot	29	0	0	29	0	0
Lead, futures	25	0	0	25	0	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Airplane	60	80	Homa Oil	28	30
Amer Oil	5	5¼	Iron Bloss	45	55
Bay S Gas	6	8	Iron Cap	13¾	14¼
Bos Ariz	..	1¼	Jer Verde	38	40
Boston Ely	98	1¼	La Rose	35	45
Bos Mont	44	46	Majestic	19	22
Begole	..	50	Mex Metals	30	32
Bohemia	75	85	Moj Tung	4	5
Butte Lon	12	14	New Baltic	75	1¼
Calaveras	1⅛	..	Nat Z & L	9	10
Champ, old	3	3¼	Nixon Nev	38	39
Chief Cons	3½	3¾	Nev Doug	22	27
Cons Cop	5¼	5¾	Oneco	20	33
Cons Ariz	1⅛	1¼	Onondaga	10	12
Cortez	13	15	Pilgrim	55	56
Crystal	19	20	Rainier	60	61
Crown Res	55	65	Seven Mets	42	44
Denbigh	51	52	S W Miami, full paid	75	1⅛
Earle Eagle	..	2	Texana	12	14
Eagle B B	2¼	2½	Un Ver Ext	31	32
Fortuna	2	4	Vic Mines	..	85
Gold Lake	2	4	Yukon Gold	75	1
Houghton	30	60			

CITY FINANCES.

Statement of the Controller as of Week Ended Feb. 4.

Cash action	Corporate Stock Notes.	Rev. Bonds and bills.	Special Rev. bonds.
Outstanding Jan. 25	$49,060,000	$50,650,000	$12,450,000
Net Increase	500,000	7,600,000	*1,250,000
Outstanding Feb. 4	$49,560,000	$58,250,000	$11,200,000
Cash bal. Feb. 4	5,185,315		
Net obligations	$44,374,685		

*Decrease.

CITY FINANCES.

Chamberlain's Statement of Receipts, Payments, and Balances for the Period Ended Feb. 8.

CITY TREASURY.

Balance Jan. 31		$21,822,249.72	
Receipts—			
Revenues	$1,480,209.42		
Miscellaneous	63,388.46		
Loans:			
Special revenue bonds	360,000.00		
Revenue bills	6,147,000.00		
Corporate stock notes	2,505,000.00		
		10,555,597.88	
		$32,377,847.60	
Payments—			
General administration	$7,152,021.99		
Repayment of temporary loans:			
Revenue bonds and bills	5,456,000.00		
Redemption of city debt	356,593.45		
Interest on city debt	79,920.56		
		13,044,536.00	
Balance Feb. 8			$19,333,311.60
SINKING FUNDS.			
Balance uninvested Jan. 31		$3,459,611.38	
Receipts		2,448,464.85	
		$5,908,076.23	
Payments		2,792,915.83	
Balance uninvested Feb. 8			3,115,165.40
Aggregate balances Feb. 8			$22,448,477.00

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The New Revenue Law

OUR booklet on the new Federal Tax Law is now ready for distribution. This measure, which is awaiting the signature of the President, affects individuals, corporations and partnerships.

The booklet contains the full text of the income tax, excess-profits tax, and other provisions of the new Revenue Act, with explanatory summaries and examples of the application of the law.

Copies of this booklet may be obtained on request, at any of our offices.

We shall be pleased to assist you, without charge, in the preparation of your income and excess-profits tax returns when forms are issued by the Treasury Department.

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The New Revenue Act, approved by both Houses of Congress, repeals all former Income Tax laws and levies greatly increased taxes on income. We have ready for immediate distribution an eight-page Summary of the Income Tax Law, containing charts and tables which appear in the Fifth Edition of our Income Tax Book now in preparation. This book contains the text of the Act and a comprehensive resume of its practical operation with index, tables and charts showing the amount of taxes on various incomes, together with a comparison of the rates levied under the previous Revenue Acts.

We shall be pleased to send a copy of this Summary of the New Income Tax Law to investors upon request, and, to those who desire it, shall later take pleasure in sending a copy of the Fifth Edition of our Income Tax Book as soon as it is ready for distribution.

We suggest you ask for Circular A-33.

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Under the New Federal Income Tax Law taxable incomes must pay taxes varying in amount from 2% to 74%. In computing the yields from taxable securities it is necessary to deduct the taxes you will have to pay.

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Write for Circular G-17

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SPENS AS EXPORT DIRECTOR

Duties of Exports Control Committee Transferred to Him.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Direction of the nation's export business will be transferred March 1 from the Government Exports' Control Committee to Conrad E. Spens, whose appointment as Assistant Director of Traffic in charge of export and import traffic was announced today by the Railroad Administration. The permit system for exports will be continued until further notice.

The Exports' Control Committee, which was appointed last year by the Secretary of War, Secretary of the Navy, and Director General of Railroads when the congestion of export traffic was very great, will go out of existence.

It was announced that Mr. Spens would co-operate with business interests in the development of foreign trade, with the Shipping Board in the establishment of new steamship lines, and with the Port and Harbor Improvement Commission in the development of port facilities. He will continue his duties as manager of inland traffic for the Food Administration.

Mr. Spens before joining the Railroad Administration was Vice President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy.

J. G. Brill Co. Gains 100 Per Cent.

The report of the J. G. Brill Company for the year ended Dec. 31 last shows gross income of $16,761,154, a gain of $9,055,000, or more than 100 per cent. over 1917. Expenses expanded from $6,711,910 in the preceding year to $15,419,509, and the net revenue in 1918 of $1,341,509 was $347,320 more than in the preceding year. Federal taxes aggregated $425,000.

Buckeye Pipe Line Earnings Drop.

The Buckeye Pipe Line Company reports net earnings of $1,715,861 in 1918, a decline of $674,278 from the previous year. In paying dividends of $1,800,000, surplus had to be drawn upon to the extent of $84,639. The year before there was a surplus after dividend of $480,083. The aggregate profit and loss surplus at the end of the year amounted to $9,826,854.

BUY OUT BRITISH INTERESTS

Tobacco Products Get Control of Philip Morris & Co. of New York.

The Tobacco Products Corporation announced yesterday that a contract had been entered into for the purchase of the business of Philip Morris & Co. of New York, which owns the United States rights on cigarettes made by the British company of the same name. A new company is to be formed to take over the business, with an authorized capital stock of 300,000 shares. Of this stock 265,000 shares of $10 par value will be taken by the Tobacco Products organization at $4 a share.

The transaction will give the new company cash capital of $1,060,000. Later the new shares will be offered to Tobacco Products stockholders for subscription at $4 a share. The company is to be incorporated under the laws of Virginia. Philip Morris & Co. of New York, it was announced, has earned an average of more than $200,000 per year for the last seven years, the total in 1918 being $271,000 before making provision for the Federal income and excess profits taxes.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99
2s, Panama, '38, reg	97½	98½
2s, Panama, '38, coup	97¾	98¾
3s, registered, 1946	88	92
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92

	Bid.	Ask.
3s, Panama, '61, reg	89	92
3s, Panama, '61, coup	89	92
5s, Fed Land Bk, '38	102¾	103½
4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	100¾
4s, registered, 1925	104¼	105¼
4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	101	101½	101
4½s June, 1965	101	101½	101
4½s Mar., 1963	101	101½	101
4½s Nov., 1957	101	101⅛	101
4½s Mar., 1957	101	101⅛	101
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	96½	97¼	96½
4¼s Mar., 1964	96½	97¼	96½
4¼s Mar., 1962	96½	97¼	96½
4¼s Apr., 1966	96½	97¼	96½
4¼s Sept., 1960	96½	97¼	96½
4s May, 1959	91	92	91
4s Nov., 1958	91	92	91
4s Nov., 1957	91	92	91
4s Nov., 1956	90½	91½	90½
4s Nov., 1955	90½	91½	90½
4s Nov., 1936	92	94	92
4s May, 1919	99⅛	..	99⅛

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
3½s Nov., 1955	81	..	81
3½s Nov., 1954	81½	82½	81¾
3½s May, 1954	81½	..	81¾

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4¼s 1924-1931	4.60	4.85	4.60
4¼s 1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s 1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s 1919-1923	4.55	4.30	4.55
4½s 1924-1932	4.55	4.30	4.55
3½s 1940-1953	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s 1930-1939	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s 1922-1929	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s 1919-1921	4.65	4.40	4.65
3s 1940-1958	4.65	4.40	4.65
3s 1926-1930	4.65	4.40	4.65

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Prices closed strong in an active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Final quotations were around the high levels of the session and represented substantial advances. This was true especially of the industrials. Railroad stocks were reactionary at the close, due to the application for a temporary receivership for the New Haven. Speculative interest centred in the industrials.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Allis-Chalm..	31¾	31½	31½
810	Am Can	45¼	44¼	44⅝
230	Am Car & F	89	87¾	89
80	Am Drug ...	12	12	12
770	Am H&L pf.	91⅜	90	90
110	Am Ice	41⅛	40	41⅛
30	Am Linseed.	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜
110	Am Locomo.	61¼	60⅛	61
1,180	Am Sm & R.	65	63¾	64⅝
10	Am Stl Fdrs	75½	75½	75½
250	Am Sugar...	117¼	116⅝	117¼
60	Am Su Tob.	105	103⅜	103⅜
180	Anaconda ..	58¼	57⅝	58¼
10	A, T & S Fe	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
20	A, G & W I.	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
4,370	B'dwin Loco.	72⅝	69⅝	71¼
40	Balt & Ohio.	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
350	Beth Steel,B	61⅛	60⅛	60⅝
560	B'klyn R T..	22⅞	21⅝	22¼
10	Burns Bros..	143⅝	143⅝	143⅝
50	Cal Packing.	52⅝	52½	52⅝
70	Cal Petrol..	24¼	24	24
10	Do pf	68¾	68¾	68¾
20	Can Pacific.	159⅛	159⅛	159⅛
40	Cent Leath..	59⅝	59	59⅝
20	Ches & Ohio.	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝
510	C, M & St P	37¼	35¼	35⅞
100	C, R I & P.	23⅝	23	23¼
10	Chino Copper	33¼	33¼	33¼
10	Consol Gas..	91	91	91
90	Corn Prod...	48	47¼	47⅝
410	Crucible Stl.	55¼	54¼	54½
930	Cuba C Sug.	22⅛	20⅞	22
1,040	Dist Secur..	57¼	55¾	56
50	Dome Mines	12¼	12¼	12¼
20	Erie	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
20	Do 1st pf..	26⅜	26¼	26¼
20	Gast'n,W&W	27	26¾	26¾
135	Gen Motors.	131½	129¾	131½
110	Goodrich Co.	60¼	59⅞	59⅞
10	Gt Nor pf...	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜
50	Gt Nor Ore.	38	37⅝	38
20	Greene-Can..	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
160	Inspira Cop.	44¼	43⅜	43⅜
10	Int Mer Mar	23	23	23
3,905	Do pf	99½	95¾	98⅝
180	Int'l Nickel.	26⅞	25¾	26½

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Int'l Paper.	39⅜	38½	38⅞
170	Kelly Spgfld	84	83¼	83¼
270	Kennec't Cop	30	29⅛	29⅝
20	Lee Rubber.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
40	Lehigh Val..	54⅞	54½	54½
4,590	Mex Petrol..	173	168¼	172
10	Miami Cop..	22	22	22
160	Midvale Stl..	42	41⅝	42
130	Mo Pacific..	24⅝	24	24¼
50	Nat Enamel	48	47⅝	48
70	N Y Central	72¼	71⅝	72¼
1,090	New Haven.	28⅝	25⅝	26⅛
200	Ohio Cit Gas	40	39¼	40
100	Do rights..	2½	2½	2½
670	Okla Oil ...	8⅝	8⅜	8½
70	Pan AmP&T	69⅞	69¼	69⅞
160	Pennsylvania	44⅝	44¼	44¼
30	Phila Co	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
100	Pierce-Arrow	40¼	40¼	40¼
100	Pierce Oil..	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
20	Ry Stl Spgs.	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
30	Ray Copper.	20⅝	20⅛	20⅝
230	Reading	78⅞	77⅞	77⅝
40	Rep Iron & S	74	73¾	74
150	Royal Dutch	85⅝	83⅜	83¼
100	Saxon Motor	9¼	9¼	9¼
90	Sinclair Oil.	34⅝	34¼	34½
465	Southern Pac	99¼	98½	98¾
1,590	Studebaker..	53⅛	51⅝	52⅝
140	Stutz Motor.	44¼	43⅝	44¼
140	Texas Co ...	191¼	190¼	190¼
170	Tex & Pac..	33¼	32¾	33
760	Tob Product	83⅜	82	83
160	Union Pac..	128¼	127½	127¾
190	U S Ind Alc.	105	103⅝	104
270	U S Rubber	76¼	74⅞	75⅝
19,520	U S Steel...	91⅛	89⅝	90⅝
190	Utah Copper	69¼	67¼	69¼
10	Wilson & Co	68¼	68¼	68¼
124	Willys-Over.	25¼	24⅝	25¼
	*LIBERTY BONDS.			
$3,050	Lib 3½s.....	99.44	99.34	99.36
1,350	1st 4¼s....	95.30	95.24	95.36
1,900	2d 4¼s....	94.90	94.88	94.90
4,350	3d 4¼s....	96.76	96.60	96.76
3,650	4th 4¼s....	95.28	95.04	95.26

*Prices include interest.

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	ArundelSand	37¾	37¾	37¾
20	Con Coal....	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
1	Cosden	7	7	7
120	Do pf......	4¼	4¼	4¼
385	Dav Chem..	37	36¾	36¾
30	Elkhorn	28½	28½	28½
100	Houston Oil	84	84	84
100	Do pf......	75	75	75
10	Md Casualty	92	92	92

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Merch Trust.	185	185	185
10	Mer & Mech First N B	29	29	29
10	Nat Ex Bk.	159	159	159
20	Nat Ex Bk.	170	167	170
23	Norf R & L	20	20	20
155	New Amster	46	46	46
20	Pa Wat Pow	79	79	79
100	United Rys..	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
80	Wayland ...	4	4	4
25	W, B & A...	26¼	26¼	26¼

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Con P 4½s.	85	85	85
4,000	Do 5s....	97½	97½	97½
6,000	Cos 6s, B..	91	91	91
$4,000	Kib Lum 6s.	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,000	H O div 6s.	104½	104½	104½
1,000	U Rys inc 4s	53¼	53¼	53¼

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Ahmeek	70	70	70
80	Alaska	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
55	Allouez	42	42	42
140	Anaconda ..	58	57¾	57¾
50	Ariz Com'l..	11¼	11¼	11¼
150	Bingham ...	8½	8½	8½
100	Butte & Bal.	30c	30c	30c
1	Cal & Hecla.	430	430	430
25	Centennial ..	14	14	14
40	Chino	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
875	Cop Range..	40⅝	40⅛	40⅝
190	Davis-Daly..	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
35	East Butte..	9	9	9
80	Franklin	3½	3	3½
10	Granby	73½	73½	73½
5	Inspiration...	44	44	44
100	Isle Royale..	24¾	24¾	24¾
15	Lake Copper	3¼	3¼	3¼
100	Mass Con...	4¼	4¼	4¼

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
670	Mayflower ..	3⅝	3½	3⅝
65	Mohawk	51	50½	50⅝
200	New Arc ...	1½	1½	1½
175	Nipissing ...	8 11-16	8⅝	8 11-16
5	New Cornelia	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
100	New Riv pf..	59	58½	58½
133	North Butte.	10¼	10	10
100	North Lake..	50c	50c	50c
20	Old Dom	34	34	34
25	Pond Creek..	13	13	13
385	Shannon	2½	2½	2½
1,080	Sup & Bos..	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
60	Trinity	2⅜	2 3-16	2⅛
40	U S Smelt...	45¼	44½	45
29	Do pf......	46¼	46	46¼
20	Utah Con...	7½	7½	7½
100	Utah Metal..	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
18	Winona	80c	80c	80c

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
56	Bos & Alb..	136	136	136
239	Bos Elev....	70	69½	69½
175	Bos & Me...	28½	28	28½
10	Fitchburg pf	57	57	57
100	Mass Elec...	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,010	Do pf......	15	14⅜	14⅜
972	NY, NH & H	28⅜	25⅞	26¼
8	Old Colony..	99	99	99
1	Vt & Mass..	97	97	97
5	West End...	45	45	45
20	Do pf......	52⅜	52	52

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
118	Am Agr	101¼	100½	100⅞
56	Do pf......	99½	99¼	99½
13	Amoskeag ..	81	81	81
3	Do pf......	80	80	80
210	Am Pn Svc..	1⅛	1	1⅛
285	Do 2d pf...	5	5	5
73	Am Sugar ..	117	116	117
35	Do pf......	118	117	117
715	Am T & T..	101½	101	101¼
25	Am Wool ...	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜
30	Do pf.....	95	94½	95
75	Art Metal...	20	20	20
885	Booth	19⅝	18⅝	19¼
180	Century	14⅞	14½	14⅞
20	East S S...	8¼	8	8¼
25	East Boston.	5½	5½	5½
4	Edison	169	169	169
2,859	Fairbanks ..	60¼	58⅝	59½
500	Gorton	31½	31	31¼
55	Gen Elec...	151	150	151

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,455	Island Oil...	8⅛	7⅝	8⅛
20	Int Port.....	5	5	5
50	Do pf......	21½	21	21½
44	Mass Gas ..	83	82¼	83
2	Do pf......	70	70	70
10	Mergenthaler	133	133	133
5	McElw 1st pf	90	90	90
12	N E Tel.....	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜
25	Pullman	114⅝	113½	114
20	Punta Sugar.	50	50	50
5	Plant pf	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
4,750	Stewart	39½	38⅝	39¼
120	Swift	121½	121	121½
130	Un D 1st pf.	54	54	54
302	Un Fruit....	165	163¼	163¼
190	Un Shoe ...	45⅛	45	45
25	Do pf......	28	27⅜	28
520	Ventura	9	8⅝	9
50	Walworth ..	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
10	W U	87	87	87

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	A G W I 5s.	79	79	79
1,000	C B Q 4s....	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
2,000	Mass G 4½s.	92½	92½	92½
1,000	Punta Sug 6s	89½	89½	89½
$1,000	Swift 5s.....	90	90	90
1,000	Ventura 7s..	98	98	98
1,000	West Tel 5s.	90¼	90¼	90¼

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Armour pf..	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
650	Booth Fish.	19⅛	19	19⅛
80	C C & C pf	9	9	9
40	Cudahy	103	102¼	103
15	Com Edison.	111	111	111
50	Deere pf....	97	97	97
50	Dia Match..	112½	112½	112½
485	Libby	20⅝	20½	20⅝
105	M Ward pf.	111	110½	110½

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Nat Biscuit.	113	113	113
20	Pub Serv pf	90	89	89
10	Qua Oats pf.	103	103	103
685	Sears, Roeb.	171	168½	169
50	Do pf......	121	121	121
565	Stew Warn..	84¼	84¼	84¼
590	Swift Inter	43⅝	42⅝	43⅛
311	Swift	121⅞	121¼	121½
1,287	Un Carbide..	57½	57¼	57⅜

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Commonwealth Edison 1st 5s	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
1,000	Swift 1st 5s	96	96	96

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
18	Alliance Ins	19⅝	19½	19⅝
30	Am Railway	44½	44	44½
445	Brill	21¼	20	21
10	Camb Iron..	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
6	Cramp	77	77	77
1,080	Elec Stor...	57½	55¾	57¼
18	Ins Co N A	28¼	28¼	28¼
560	Gen Asphalt	67	66¼	66½
495	Do pf......	100	98	100

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,630	Lake Super.	19⅝	19¼	19⅝
95	Lehigh Val..	55⅛	55	55
704	Phila Elec..	25¼	25¼	25¼
75	Phila Trac..	70	70	70
6	Ph Co 6% pf	33	33	33
90	Phila R T..	25	25	25
150	Ton Belm't.	3 3-16	3⅛	3⅛
500	Ton Mining.	3 3-16	3 3-16	3 3-16
175	U G I.......	71⅝	71½	71½

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$8,000	Cramp 5s...	100½	100½	100½
1,000	L N con 4½s	94	94	94
1,000	L Sup inc..	61	61	61
8,000	L V ann 6s.	101¾	101¾	101¾
$2,000	Pa-Md S 6s.	101¼	101¼	101¼
19,000	Ph El 1st 5s	94	98¾	98¾
2,000	Rdg gen 4s..	85¾	85¾	85¾

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Am Brass	205	208	205
Atlas Powder	153	158	153
Do pf	90	93	90
Babcock & Wilcox	106	108½	106
Bliss	250	350	250
Do pf	60	80	60
Colt's Arms	37	42	37
Du Pont	270	277	270

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Du Pont debs, pf..	91	92	91
Hercules	206	212	206
Do pf	105	109	105
Niles-Bem't-Pond	105	108	105
Do pf	95	100	95
Scovill Mfg	360	380	360
Standard Screw	250	260	250

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,700	‡Aetna Explo	7⅝	7	7⅝
500	‡Am Bosch Magneto...	64	63	64
900	Brit-AmTob, coupon	25¼	25	25¼
500	‡Dictograph Products...	10¾	10¾	10¾
6,500	‡Fairbanks..	60¼	59	59¾
1,000	‡Gen Asphalt	66½	65½	65¾
800	‡ Do pf	100	99	100
5,000	Hupp MotCar	6½	6⅜	6½
3,700	Int Con Rub	17⅝	17	17¼
12,400	Keyst'e T&R	63¼	61¾	61⅞
1,050	‡LackCoCoal	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	‡Nat Firepfg	7½	7½	7½
500	‡ Do pf	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
2,500	N Am P & P	4	3⅝	3⅝
800	‡PearsonCoal	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
100	P'rless T&M	19½	19½	19½
1,500	‡St Jos Lead	12	11½	11½
1,500	SubmarBoat v t ctfs...	11	10¼	10⅝
1,200	‡United Mots	39½	39	39½
5,000	U Prof Shar	1 3-16	1 1-16	1⅛
1,100	U S SS Co.,	3⅞	3¾	3¾
2,000	Wayne Coal.	4	3⅝	3¾
1,000	‡Wr-M Air..	3⅝	3½	3⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
550	‡Anglo-Am..	18⅜	17½	17¾
10	‡Std Oil,N J.	693	693	693
75	‡Std Oil,N.Y.	330	322	330
20	‡Vacuum Oil.	410	409	410

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
4,500	‡Allen Oil...	1¾	1⅝	1¾
9,720	‡Boone Oil..	4½	4⅜	4½
700	‡Cos & Co...	7⅛	7	7⅛
1,750	‡Crystal Oil.	1½	1¼	1⅜
250	‡Curman Pet	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,000	†‡Esmer Oil	5	4	4¼
3,500	‡Federal Oil.	3¼	*3	3¼
900	‡Glenrock Oil	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞
1,200	‡Houston Oil	85	84	84¼
6,500	†‡Hudson Oil	90	70	90
1,100	‡Inter Pet...	21	20⅝	20⅞
25,000	‡Isl'd O & T	8¼	7¾	8
4,100	†‡Kenova Oil	9	8	9
1,800	†‡Kinney Oil	74	72	73
7,500	‡Lou O & R	37⅝	36¼	37⅜
500	‡Merritt Oil.	23⅝	23½	23½
3,800	Met Petrol..	3 7-16	3¼	3 7-16

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	†‡Mex Gulf.	35	35	35
1,500	†‡Midw Oil..	144	140	144
1,000	‡ Do pf....	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
675	‡Medw Ref..	145½	144	145
4,000	†‡N W Oil..	50	48	49
30,000	†Omar O & G	42	39	40
2,000	‡Pennok Oil.	12⅝	12⅛	12¼
30,000	†‡Queen Oil..	18	16	18
8,000	‡Roy D, new	82¼	78½	81¼
200	‡Sap O & R	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
2,500	‡Stanton Oil	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
2,000	†‡Tex O & R	13	13	13
3,500	‡Tyopa Oil..	3	2¼	2¾
5,000	‡U W O,new	1⅛	1 1-16	1 1-16
680	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝
1,000	Way O & G	4	3¾	3¾

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,200	†Alas-BCMet	38	37	37
200	‡Am Mines..	1	1	1
800	Ariz-B Cop..	1 1-16	1	1 1-16
100	‡Ariz-Butte..	50	50	50
15,700	†‡Atlanta ..	4½	4	4½
2,800	Big L Cop..	¾	11-16	¾
10,000	†Bos & Mon.	47	45	45
3,500	†‡Caledonia..	30	29	30
10,000	‡Cal&Jerome	11-16	⅝	⅝
400	Canada Cop.	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
3,000	†‡Candel Sil.	59	57	59
3,700	†Cashboy ...	7½	7	7
1,100	‡CerbSM&M..	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
300	Con Ariz Sm	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛
800	Con Cop M...	5⅝	5¼	5¼
500	Cres Con G..	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
300	El Sal Sil...	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,200	‡Eu Croes M	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
4,000	†‡Fortuna C.	35	33	34
2,950	†‡Florence S	78	75	77
12,500	‡Golden G Ex	3¼	3	3¼
6,000	†‡Gold R M..	⅜	¼	⅜
3,800	†Goldf Con...	20	18	19
5,300	†‡Goldf Merg	5½	5	5½

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	†‡HamM&S,p	64	64	64
10,000	†‡Hat G M, p	38	36	36
370	Hecla Min..	4 7-16	4⅜	4 7-16
400	‡Iron Blos...	7-16	7-16	7-16
2,500	†‡Jim Butler	42	41	41
400	La Rose Ltd	⅜	⅜	⅜
20,000	†‡Lone Star.	5½	5	5½
1,000	†‡Moth Lode	29	29	29
1,200	†Nixon Nev..	40	38	38
500	‡Onondaga..	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
200	Pinar Cop, (a pros)...	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
300	‡Ray Hercu..	2¼	2⅛	2¼
1,700	†Roch Mines	32	31	31
500	Std Sil-Lead	7-16	7-16	7-16
500	Tono Ext ..	2½	2½	2½
1,500	†‡Tuolumne Riv Placer	75	70	75
3,200	United Mines of Ariz ...	¼	¼	¼
3,000	†‡U S Cont.	10	10	10
1,135	‡UnitedSulph	⅛	1-16	1-16
700	†W End Con	1¼	1 1-16	1¼
2,500	†White Caps	14	13	13

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$20,000	‡AmT&T 6s	99½	99¼	99¼
25,000	‡Anac'nda6s	97½	97⅜	97⅜
5,000	‡Can Gov 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
15,000	‡C & N W g mtg 5s.	99¾	99⅝	99⅝
8,000	‡Int R T 7s	90	89½	90
220,000	‡IllCent5½s, w i	97⅛	96⅞	97⅛
5,000	‡N Y Tel Co deb 6s ...	100⅛	100	100⅛

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$40,000	‡Rus Govt 6½s	65	62	62
35,000	‡Rus Govt 5½s	58	55	55
152,000	SoRy 6s,w i	99¼	99⅛	99⅛
2,000	‡St P Union Depot 5½s	99	99	99
20,000	‡Swift & Co 6s,'21, w i	99⅝	99¼	99½
20,000	‡Wilson&Co conv 6s ..	93⅝	93	93

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

⁂

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Tuesday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.
Am-Br Mfg..	2	5	2	5
Am W Paper.	3	3½	3	3½
Brit-Am Tob, registered...	24	24½	24	24½
Carbon Steel.	90	96	90	96
Car L & P...	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Chev Motor..	160	..	165	170
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝
Curtiss Aero.	11½	12	11½	12
Do pf.	45	55	45	55
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22
Emer Phono.	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝
Free Texas...	33	34	33	34
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½
Gillette S R..	133	134	133	134
Havana Tob..	2¼	3	2¼	3
Do pf.....	3	3¼	3	3¼
Imp Tob Gt B	15½	17	15½	17
Kirby Lumber	24	26	24	26
Lake Tor Bt	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
Do 1st pf..	2½	5	2½	5
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88
Lib,McN& Lib	20	21	20	21
Lima Loco...	28	30	28	30
Man Transit..	½	⅝	½	⅝
Marc of Am.	4	4¼	4	4¼
Mitchell Mot..	20	25	20	25
Nat Coal & I.	51	55	51	55
N Y Shipbldg	34	37	34	37
N Y Transp..	14¼	17	14¼	17
Penn C & C..	22	24	22	24
PennSeaboard Steel	35	38	36	38
PennSeaboard Steel rights	3-16	5-16	3-16	5-16
Perfec T & R	½	⅞	½	⅞
P'lsenWireless	7	7½	7	7½
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38
R J Reyn Tob.	375	400	375	400
Smith M T...	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Stand Motors.	7½	8½	7½	8½

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.
Steel Alloys..	7⅛	8½	7⅛	8½
St L, R M&P.	40	..	40	..
Swift Inter...	42⅝	43¼	42⅝	43¼
Todd Shipyd..	107	108½	107	108½
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½
U S Lt & H..	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
U S Lt&H pf.	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
Wright-M pf.	65	69	65	69
World Film..	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
OIL STOCKS.				
Atlantic Pet..	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝
Cosden pf	4	4½	4	4½
Crown Oil....	16	18	15	17
Elk Basin Pet	6	6¼	6	6¼
Globe Oil	15-16	1	15-16	1
Okla P & R rights	½	⅝	½	⅝
OkmulgeeP&R	1¾	2	1¾	2
Pitts O & G..	8	8½	8	8½
Royal Oil	½	⅝	½	⅝
Savoy Oil....	6¾	7¼	6¾	7¼
Sincl'r O war	38	40	38	40
Sinclair Gulf.	23½	24½	23½	24½
So Oil Trans.	3	4	3	4
S W Oil......	35	45	35	45
MINING STOCKS.				
Austin-Am ..	7-16	⅝	7-16	⅝
Booth	13	14	13	15
Cerro Gordo..	½	1	½	1
First Nat C..	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Jumbo Ext...	12	14	12	14
Kerr Lake...	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5½
Louisia'a Con	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Magma Cop..	25	25½	25	25½
Marsh Min...	3½	4	3½	4
McKinley-D..	46	48	46	48
Mex Lead....	6	6¼	6	6¼
Ton Belmont.	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
Tuolumne C..	11-16	13-16	11-16	13-16
Un Eastern..	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
Wash Gold Q	92	94	92	94
Ward M & M.	27	29	27	29

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
695	Cities Service	317	314	315	318
1,820	Cities Service pf.	81	80½	80½	81
$65,000	Cities Service deb. B 7s.	128	127	127	128
87,500	Cities Service deb. C 7s.	103	101½	101½	102

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow	12	14
Adiron Elec Power pf.	71	74
Am Gas & Electric	100	103
Am Gas & Electric pf.	42	44
Am Light & Trac	242	245
Am Light & Trac pf	98½	100
Am Power & Light	57	58½
Am Power & Light pf..	75	78
Am Public Utilities	..	25
Am Public Utilities pf.	36	40
Am W W & Elec	5	6
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	65	68
Am W W & E partic..	10	13
Carolina Power & L...	30	32
Colorado Power	24	27
Colorado Power pf	96	100
Columbus Electric pf..	72	76
Com Pow, Ry & L	19	21
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	41	43
Conn Power pf.	73	78
Consumers' Power pf..	75	85
Eastern Texas Elec	52½	55
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	73	77
El Paso Electric	82	86
Electric B & S pf	93	95
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac..	9	11
Federal Light & T pf..	40	45
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65
Gas & Elec Securities..	250	275

	Bid.	Asked.
Gas & Elec Secur pf..	80	85
Miss River Power	10	12
Miss River Power pf..	38	40
Northern Ohio Electric.	14	17
Northern Ohio Elec pf.	56	60
Northern Ont L & P...	11	15
Northern Ont L & P pf	51	55
Northern States Power.	64	67
Northern States P pf..	90	92
Northern Texas Elec...	51	56
Northern Tex Elec pf.	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric.	51	51¾
Pacific Gas & Elec pf..	87	89
Puget Sd Trac, L & P	14	16
Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf.	52	55
Ry & Light Sec pf....	75	80
Republic Ry & Light..	16	18
Republic Ry & Lt pf...	54	56
Southern Cal Edison...	81	83
Southern Cal Edison pf	97	102
Standard Gas & Elec..	21	23
Standard Gas & E pf..	38	42
Tampa Electric	109	112
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power..	2⅛	3½
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf.	13	15
United Light & Rys....	36	38
United Light & Rys pf.	69½	71
Western Power	18¼	19¼
Western Power pf.....	65	67
West, Church & Kerr..	63	66
West, Church & K pf..	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20.	97½	98½
Am W W & E col 5s...	68	70
Appalach Power 1st 5s.	68	75
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56..	91	95
Col G & E deb 5s, '27..	77	80
Com L & P 6s, 1947....	..	93½
Con Power 5s, 1963....	85	90
Dallas Electric 5s, '22..	90	93
East Tex Elec col 5s...	85	88
East Tex Elec 7s, '21..	98	99
El Paso Elec col 5s....	82	90
Gt West Power 5s, '46.	84	87
Gt West Power 6s, '25.	89	92
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s...	77½	79½

	Bid.	Asked.
Nor Ont L & P 6s.....	75	80
Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	92	96
Nor States Pow 5s, '41.	88½	90
Nor Tex Elec col 5s....	80	85
Omaha & C B 5s, '28..	74	78
Puget Sd Tr, Lt& P 7s.	98	99¼
Roanoke W W 5s, '19..	96½	97⅝
So Cal Edison 5s, '39..	88	92
Twin S G & E 5s, '53..	74	78
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32...	88	90
Un L & R deb 6s, '26..	86	92
Un Util cv 6s, '43.....	86	92
Utah Securities 6s.....	89	90

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	17½	18	17½
Atlantic Refining	1265	1285	1265
Borne-Scrymser	490	510	490
Buckeye Pipe Line	93	95	94
Chesebrough Mfg	810	825	810
Continental Oil	550	560	550
Crescent Pipe Line	39	41	39
Cumberland P L	175	185	175
Eureka Pipe Line	170	180	170
Galena Signal Oil	89	92	89
Do pf, new	100	105	100
Do pf, old	120	140	120
Illinois Pipe Line	160	165	160
Indiana Pipe Line	100	105	100
Int Pet Co, Ltd	20⅝	21¼	20½
National Transit	16½	17½	16½
N Y Transit	195	205	195
Northern Pipe L	110	115	110
Ohio Oil	325	328	323
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	53	55	53

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Prairie Oil & Gas	665	675	660
Prairie Pipe Line	267	272	265
Solar Refining	360	370	360
Southern Pipe L	177	*182	175
South Penn Oil	305	310	300
S W Penn	98	102	98
Stand Oil of Cal	269	272	270
Stand Oil of Ind	770	780	765
Stand Oil of Kan	580	590	580
Stand Oil of Ky	390	400	390
Stand Oil of Neb	545	560	545
Stand Oil of N J	692	696	690
Stand Oil of N Y	327	330	322
Stand Oil of Ohio	460	480	460
Swan & Finch	98	101	98
Union Tank	118	120	117
Vacuum Oil	408	413	410
Washington Oil	36	40	36

*Ex dividend.

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Am Cigar	119	122	119
Do pf	85	90	85
Conley Foil	195	210	195
J S Young	125	150	125
Do pf	98	105	98
MacA & Forbes	195	200	195
Do pf	85	95	85

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
P R-Am Tobacco	130	136	130
R J Reynolds, A	375	430	375
Do B	320	370	325
Do pf	108	110	107
Weyman-Bruton	170	180	170
Do pf	105	110	105

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Texas Pac. Coal & Oil
Caddo Oil & Refining
Lima Loco. Com, & Pfd.
Lackawanna Country Coal
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Phones Broad 3230 to 3235. 25 Broad St., N. Y

TO THE HOLDERS OF

American Writing Paper Company

First Mortgage Sinking Fund 5% Gold Bonds

Due July 1, 1919

Over $8,800,000 or 80% of the $11,000,000 Bonds have been deposited under the Deposit Agreement dated October 10, 1918.

The Committee again calls attention to the fact that the proposed new issue of first mortgage bonds must be taken by the present bondholders, as the Company has found it impossible to effect an underwriting of the issue. Therefore, unless the plan becomes operative—and it can only be operative if deposits are made—it must fail and the bondholders will be faced with the uncertainty as to what the situation will be on July 1, 1919, when the present bonds mature.

The success of the plan is of such vital importance to the present bondholders that the Committee has extended the time for deposit of bonds. Deposits will be received by the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston, Central Union Trust Company of New York, or Springfield Safe Deposit & Trust Company of Springfield, Mass., **until the close of business on Thursday, February 20, 1919.** No charge of any kind will be made to bondholders who deposit their bonds on or before said date. **Deposited bonds must have the July 1, 1919, coupon attached.** Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, listed on the New York and Boston Stock Exchanges, will be delivered by the Depositaries.

If the plan is declared operative, one of the immediate advantages to depositing bondholders will be the receipt of interest on July 1, 1919, at the rate of 7% against 5% on the present bonds, i. e. $35 instead of $25.

Copies of the Refunding Plan and of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained from either of the depositaries or from the Secretary of the Committee.

GEORGE C. LEE, Chairman
GORDON ABBOTT
W. MURRAY CRANE
A. WILLARD DAMON
GEORGE C. GILL
HENRY EVANS
JAMES N. WALLACE
ALBERT H. WIGGIN
MELVILLE C. BRANCH
Committee.
JOSIAH F. HILL, Secretary
44 State Street, Boston, Mass.

Old Colony Trust Company, Boston,
Central Union Trust Company, New York,
Depositaries.

Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins,
Counsel,
60 State Street, Boston, Mass.

New Issue
EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAXES
$1,500,000
STATE OF MARYLAND
4½% "The Road Loan of 1918"
Dated February 15, 1919
Due February 15, 1922 to 1934

Based on the tax rates embodied in the new Revenue Bill now being considered by Congress, the equivalent yield of these bonds compared with that of taxable securities is indicated by the following table:

Amount of Taxable Income	Equivalent Yield
$10,000	4.97%
25,000	5.40%
50,000	6.43%
100,000	10.93%
250,000	13.67%
500,000	15.62%
1,000,000	16.20%

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LOUISIANA OIL
PENNOK OIL
Significant developments are taking place in these two issues. Louisiana Oil Refining Company is carrying on negotiations for new properties. Pennok Oil Company is drilling a well of considerable importance.
Island Oil
Keystone Tire
Midwest Refining
Midwest Oil
National Ice
The above issues are treated comprehensively in our *WEEKLY REVIEW NO. 337.* Copies sent without obligation.
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To the Creditors of

JOHN B. ROSE COMPANY and ROSE BRICK COMPANY:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization of John B. Rose Company and Rose Brick Company, dated January 17, 1919, has been adopted by the undersigned Reorganization Committee, and that a printed copy of same duly executed has been lodged with The New York Trust Company, as Depositary.

Creditors of John B. Rose Company and Rose Brick Company may become parties to said Plan and Agreement by executing assignments of their claims against said companies, or either of them, and any subsidiary or affiliated company, and John B. Rose individually, and depositing the same with the Depositary, **THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY**, 26 Broad Street, New York City, **ON OR BEFORE FEBRUARY 21, 1919.** All promissory notes and other original evidences of indebtedness must accompany the assignments.

After **FEBRUARY 21, 1919,** no deposits will be received except upon such terms and conditions as the Committee may impose. Participating creditors must pay to the Depositary for the account of the Committee at such times and in such amounts as the Committee may determine, their pro rata share of the new funds required for the purpose of effectuating the Plan of Reorganization. The calls for these payments will be made on at least ten days' published notice as provided in the Agreement of Reorganization.

The Depositary will issue to participating creditors its transferable Certificates of Deposit in respect of deposited claims.

The Secretary of the Committee upon application therefor will furnish copies of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization and forms of assignment of claims and powers of attorney.

Dated: New York, February 3, 1919.

MORTIMER N. BUCKNER, Chairman
B. D. FORSTER,
STEPHEN G. GURNSEY,
F. W. MAPES,
JOHN T. SPROULL,
Reorganization Committee.

ALFRED A. COOK,
EMIL GOLDMARK,
THOMAS WATTS,
Counsel.

B. G. CURTS,
Secretary,
26 Broad Street, New York

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due July 1, 1920.

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DIVIDENDS.

The American Sugar Refining Company
PREFERRED DIVIDEND
COMMON DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors has declared the following dividends:—

On the Preferred Stock one and three-quarters per cent., being the 109th consecutive dividend thereon, payable on April 2nd, 1919 to the Stockholders of record on March 1st 1919.

On the Common Stock one and three-quarters per cent., being the 110th consecutive dividend thereon, payable on April 2nd, 1919 to the Stockholders of record on March 1st 1919.

On the Common Stock an additional three-quarters of one per cent., payable on April 2nd, 1919, to the Stockholders of record on March 1st 1919.

The Transfer Books will not be closed.
JOSEPH E. FREEMAN, Secretary.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

A Semi-Annual Dividend of
$2.00 per share on the Preferred Stock
and a Dividend of
$2.50 per share on the Common Stock

of this Company have this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at 12 noon, Saturday, March 8, 1919.

For the purposes of the annual meeting of the stockholders the stock transfer books of this Company will be closed at 12 noon, Saturday, March 8, 1919, and will be reopened at 10 A. M., Wednesday, April 9, 1919.
FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., February 13, 1919.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 50

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of One Dollar and Fifty Cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable at the Treasurer's Office, No. 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. on Friday, February 28, 1919. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Cheques will be mailed only to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.
A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.
February 13, 1919.

Cosden & Company
Preferred Dividend
No. 7

The Board of Directors have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock, payable March 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 15, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.
Baltimore, Md., Feb. 11, 1919.
J. E. WHITNEY,
Assistant Treasurer.

The American Coal Company
of Allegany County (New Jersey.)
No. 1 Broadway, New York, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1919.

The Board of Directors of The American Coal Company of Allegany County (New Jersey) has this day declared a dividend of Two Dollars per share upon the outstanding stock of the Company, payable at this office on Saturday, March 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record, at 3:00 o'clock P. M., February 28th, 1919.
GEORGE M. BOWLBY, Treasurer.

ARTHUR D. LITTLE, INC.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 36.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Arthur D. Little, Incorporated, the regular quarterly dividend of $2.00 a share was declared payable February 15th on the outstanding preferred stock of the Corporation. This dividend is payable to stockholders of record as of the close of business February 11th, 1919.
WILLIAM W. CASWELL, Treasurer.

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY.
February 4, 1919.
DIVIDEND NO. 534.

The Board of Directors has today declared a monthly dividend of Fifty Cents (50c) per share, payable February 25th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business 3 o'clock P. M. on February 20th, 1919.

Checks will be mailed by Columbia Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.
FRED CLARK, Secretary.

GENERAL CIGAR CO., INC.
New York, February 13th, 1919.

A quarterly dividend of one dollar and seventy-five cents ($1.75) per share will be paid on the Preferred Stock of this Company March 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record on February 24th, 1919, at 3:00 P. M.
H. V. SHICK, Secretary.

New Amsterdam Supply Co., Inc.

Annual dividend of 20% for business year ending December 31st, 1918, has this day been declared to stockholders of record, payable at the next meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, February 25th, 1919.
S. D. KURTZ,
Sec'y and Asst. Treasurer.

A quarterly cash dividend of 1½%, payable from the Company's surplus earned during 1918, will be paid on March 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record February 15th, 1919, at close of business. Transfer books will not close.
THE NATIONAL ACME COMPANY,
N. S. RATHBURN, Sec'y.

FIRST NATIONAL COPPER CO.

A Dividend of Fifteen cents per share has been declared, payable February 25, 1919, to stock of record February 5, 1919.
WM. A. KERR, Treasurer.
New York, January 16, 1919.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the holders of Fifteen-Year Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of
Braden Copper Mines Company

The undersigned, as Trustee under the Collateral Trust Agreement dated February 1, 1916, securing the aforesaid bonds, pursuant to Section 2, of Article 111, of said Agreement, hereby calls for tenders for the sale to it, as such Trustee, of an amount of said bonds sufficient, as nearly as may be, to exhaust the sum of Six hundred sixty-seven thousand, two hundred ninety and fifty-one-hundredth dollars ($667,290.50) now in its hands for account of the Sinking Fund provided by said Agreement. All such tenders must be for all or any part of the bonds offered, must state the price at which the same are offered, not exceeding, however, 105% of the principal thereof, and accrued interest, and must be received at the Trust Department of the undersigned, No. 16 Wall Street, New York, on or before 12 o'clock noon on February 19, 1919. Each such tender should be securely sealed and marked "Tender of Bonds for Purchase for Sinking Fund under Collateral Trust Agreement of Braden Copper Mines Company, dated February 1, 1916." Notification of tenders accepted will be mailed on or before February 21, 1919, and will call for delivery of the bonds on or before February 26, 1919, with coupons maturing August 1, 1919, and subsequently.

Accepted bonds should be accompanied by Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificates covering accrued interest.

Dated at New York, this 4th day of February, 1919.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF 5% SINKING FUND FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS OF THE POCAHONTAS COLLIERIES COMPANY DUE MAY 1ST, 1937.

The undersigned, successor to Knickerbocker Trust Company, as Trustee under the Mortgage above referred to, desires under authority of said Mortgage to expend the sum of One hundred six thousand two hundred sixteen dollars and twenty-three cents ($106,216.23) in the purchase of bonds of said issue, provided such purchase can in its opinion now be made advantageously.

Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to Columbia Trust Company, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before February 27th, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon

Bonds accepted must be delivered on February 28th, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee,
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice President.
Dated, New York, January 29th, 1919.

YOUNGSTOWN-SHARON RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY.

The undersigned, as Trustee, under the First Mortgage of the Youngstown-Sharon Railway & Light Company, dated December 31, 1900, will receive sealed tenders up to 3 P. M. on February 26th, 1919, for the sale to it of bonds issued under said First Mortgage, sufficient to use the sum of $21,087.28 at a price at which said bonds, if held until maturity, will yield an annual interest return of 3½%. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.
THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By B. G. CURTS, Secretary.
New York, February 14, 1919.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK of Cordele, located at Cordele, in the State of Georgia, is closing its affairs. All note-holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
J. W. CANNON, Cashier,
Liquidating Agent.
Dated Jan. 27. 1919.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
A. W. HUDSON. President.
Dated December 31. 1918

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF MEETING.
IRVING TRUST COMPANY.
New York City, February 13, 1919.
To the Stockholders of
IRVING TRUST COMPANY:

NOTICE is hereby given that, by order of the board of directors, a special meeting of stockholders of IRVING TRUST COMPANY has been called to be held at ten o'clock in the forenoon on Friday, the 28th of February, 1919, at the principal office of the Company, in the Woolworth Building, No. 233 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of the Company from its present amount of One million five hundred thousand Dollars $1,500,000) consisting of Fifteen thousand (15,000) shares of the par value of One hundred Dollars ($100) each to Two million two hundred fifty thousand Dollars ($2,250,000) consisting of Twenty-two thousand five hundred (22,500) shares of the par value of One hundred Dollars ($100) each; of voting to issue the said Seven thousand five hundred (7,500) additional shares of the par value of One hundred Dollars ($100) each at the price of One hundred Dollars ($100) per share in cash and of voting or acting upon any other matters that may come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed to three o'clock P. M., February 28, 1919
o three o'clock P. M., February 28, 1919.
FREDERIC G. LEE, President.
GEORGE W. BERRY, Secretary.

THE FRESNILLO COMPANY
New York Office, 82 Beaver Street.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Fresnillo Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on Tuesday, February 25th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed for the purposes of the meeting on Saturday, February 15th, 1919, at noon, and reopened immediately after the adjournment of the meeting.
R. E. SAFFORD, Secretary.

NORMANNA CO., Inc.
117 East 18th Street, New York, N. Y.
February 11, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the By-Laws, the annual meeting of the stockholders of Normanna Co., Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, No. 117 East 18th Street, New York, N. Y., on Wednesday, the twenty-sixth day of February, 1919, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing five Directors in place of the five Directors whose term expires in 1919, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
JAMES F. FOGARTY, Secretary.

To the Stockholders of the Oil Products Company, Inc.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oil Products Company, Inc., will be held on the 21st day of February, 1919, at the office of the Company, 50 Union Square, New York City, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing five Directors to serve until the next annual meeting of the Company, or until their successors are elected, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come up before said meeting.

The polls will remain open from 4 to 4:30 P. M. JOHN J. BUEB, Secretary.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of ATLANTIC TERRA COTTA COMPANY for the election of directors and inspectors of election for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, 1,170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 11 A. M., Thursday, February 20th, 1919.
GEORGE P. PUTNAM, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the Stockholders of the "J. B. C. Bartlett Iron Works" will be held at its office, 229 W. 36th St., New York City, on Febry. 25th, 1919, at 4 P. M., for the purpose of acting on a resolution to change the name of the corporation to Bartlett and Graff Architectural Iron Works, Inc.
J. B. G. BARTLETT, President.
CHAS. J. GRAFF, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of B. VIACAVA & CO., consisting of the undersigned and doing business at 23 Johnson Av., Brooklyn, New York, has been this day dissolved, and the said business will be hereafter conducted by BARTOLOMEO VIACAVA individually.
Dated New York, Jan. 20, 1919.
BARTOLOMEO VIACAVA,
VIRGILIO FERRARI.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD. President.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, February 7, 1919.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 511, District Building, Washington, D. C., until 2 o'clock P. M., February 21, 9119, for constructing a Head House and Sheds for the Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company, located on Water Street, at the foot of Seventh Street, southwest. Blank forms of proposal, plans, specifications and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required from bidders to insure the return of the plans and specifications.
LOUIS BROWNLOW,
W. GWYNN GARDINER,
C. W. KUTZ,
Commissioners D. C.

INCOME TAX BLANKS SOON TO BE ISSUED

Bulky Sheet, Nearly Three Feet Long, Provided for Returns and Computations.

MOST QUESTIONS ARE CLEAR

Column Set Aside for Calculation of Wear, Tear, and Depreciation of Property.

In order to collect the revenue provided by the War Revenue bill, the Government will require every person with a taxable income to fill out and return to the office of the Collector of the district in which the person lives a blank form, on which the amount of taxable income must be computed, after all lawful deductions are made. These blanks may be obtained at the offices of Internal Revenue Collectors within the next few days.

Few persons will have any difficulty in answering without assistance the first twelve questions shown on the blank. When it comes to filling out the table that follows Question 13 and the table in which the tax is computed, some persons may need help before they can make correct answers. The taxpayer will find that the return blank is printed on both sides of a sheet nearly three feet long, folded twice. The blank spaces on the front and back of the first page must be filled out and the page detached and sent to the Collector.

The second page, called the "work sheet," contains the same blanks to be filled out on both sides as are found on either side of the return blank. This "work sheet" is retained by the taxpayer, and it is advisable to fill this out first, so that any mistakes that may be made may be corrected in making out the form to be sent to the Collector. The third page of the form, also printed on both sides, contains instructions for the guidance of the taxpayer, and should be read with the reading of the form that goes to the Collector.

The letters "A," "E," and "I" are referred to in column 1 of the table under question 13 of the return blank. These mean the schedules under those letters to be found on page 2 of the instructions. The information called for in columns 2 to 5, inclusive, in the table under question 13 will be easily understood from the reading. When it comes to giving the rate asked for in column 6 of this table, under the heading, "Wear and tear (depreciation) and depletion charged off," this explanation may be helpful: The Department of Internal Revenue has a sort of amortization table in which the life of buildings and other property is estimated. The life of a modern skyscraper, constructed of steel and brick or stone, is estimated, for instance, to be fifty years, while that of a frame building is estimated at twenty years. The rate of wear and tear is determined by charging off each year a certain reasonable amount for depreciation, and dividing that by the cost of the property. The other columns in this table explain themselves.

Having filled out all the other blanks on the return form, the taxpayer finds near the bottom of the first page the heading "Calculation of Tax." This particular form, it must be borne in mind, is for the taxpayer having a net income of not more than $5,000. Of this amount, $1,000 of the income of a single man is exempt from taxation, and $2,000 of the income of a married man. Therefore, in this class of taxpayers there is left to be taxed, in the case of a single man, the difference between the amount of the exemption and the amount of the income, at the rate of 6 per cent. In the case of a married man he will pay a tax on the difference between the exemption of $2,000 and the remainder of the income, at the same rate. Every married man must make a return if his income equals or exceeds $2,000, and every single man must do the same thing if his income equals or exceeds $1,000.

Then, to calculate the tax, the taxpayer should add all of the deductions to which he is entitled, subtract the sum from his total income and the difference will be the amount on which he will have to pay a 6 per cent. tax. If the taxpayer be a farmer, there is a special provision in the list of instructions. The farmer must obtain from his collector and fill out a "schedule of farm income and expenses" and transfer the net farm income set down on this special schedule to line 21 of Schedule A on page 2 of the return sent to the collector.

The taxpayer whose income exceeds $4,000 and does not exceed $5,000 must make the return on Form 1040, instead of the form here described, which is Form 1040 A, if the entire family exemption has been claimed in a separate return by either the wife or the husband. He must use Form 1040, also if Form 1040 A does not provide for all the facts he has to report as, for example, if he receives income from a partnership or personal service corporation with a fiscal year falling partly in 1917 and partly in 1918.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC FINANCES OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.
CITY HALL.
New Orleans, Feb. 3rd, 1919.

The City of New Orleans, acting under authority of Act 179 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana for the year 1908, ratified by Constitutional Amendment, and now a part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, will receive sealed proposals at the office of the Commissioner of Public Finances of the City of New Orleans up to twelve (12) o'clock noon on the 6th day of March, 1919, for the purchase of $600,000.00 in face value of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans, authorized by the Act aforementioned, and the constitutional amendment ratifying same, and of the numbers, denominations and maturities of the authorized issue of $2,000,000.00, and in the form of and in accordance with the bond schedule of the maturities of the entire authorized issue, as prescribed by an ordinance of the City of New Orleans, being No. 8628, N. C. S., approved May 14, 1912, and Ordinance No. 5316, Commission Council Series, approved January 28th, 1919, of said city, authorizing the present offering.

Said proposals shall be received under and subject to the following conditions, to-wit:

Proposals must be in writing, sealed, and marked on the outside of the envelope "Proposals for the purchase of $600,000.00 of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans," and shall be accompanied by a certified check on some chartered bank in the City of New Orleans, for an amount equal to one per cent. of the aggregate amount of the bid, which said check of the successful bidder or bidders shall be cashed and the proceeds retained by the City of New Orleans as a guarantee that the successful bidder or bidders will comply with its or their bids, and the said proceeds shall be applied to the payment of the bonds last delivered to the successful bidder or bidders, respectively. In case of the neglect or refusal to comply with any bid, the proceeds of said check shall be forfeited to the Public Belt Railroad Commission of the City of New Orleans.

No sale shall be made unless the aggregate of the bids received equals the full amount of the present offering of $600,000.00 in face value, and the adjudication shall be made to the highest bidder, provided, however, that no adjudication shall take place for less than par and accrued interest. All matured interest coupons shall be cut from said bonds and cancelled, and the successful bidder shall pay the interest which may have accrued on said bonds up to the date of delivery. The bonds shall be paid for in cash as fast as said bonds can be signed and delivered. All bonds will be delivered within thirty days from the opening of said bids. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Further particulars and information will be furnished on application to the Public Belt Railroad Commission or the undersigned. The final opinion of Wood & Oakley, lawyers, Chicago, Ill., as to the legality of this issue will be furnished to the successful bidder if so desired.
A. G. RICKS,
Commissioner of Public Finances of the City of New Orleans.

ASSAILS HOLMAN'S CHARITY.

Forfeiture of Golden Rule Alliance Charter Asked in Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 13.—Forfeiture of the charter and franchise of the Golden Rule Alliance of America, a New Jersey Corporation with headquarters in New York City, is asked in proceedings brought today by the State Charities Board which alleges that $17,214 of a $19,580 fund collected by the alliance through public subscriptions has been expended in overhead expense and "in other ways not accounted for." Complaint is also made that contributions were solicited ostensibly for the benefit of the blind but that "the scheme, so far as the home for blind girls is concerned, is a failure, and to permit it to continue any longer would be a fraud and a deceit upon the public."

It is further charged that the Rev. Edwin C. Holman of New York appears to be conducting the affairs of the corporation virtually as a private enterprise.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last. Year.
February	$1.29	$1.26	$1.29	$1.24	....
March	1.27	1.22	1.27	1.20½	1.27½
May	1.23⅜	1.17	1.22¼	1.15¼	1.26
July	1.20	1.13¼	1.19⅝	1.12	....

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
February	59⅞	57¼	59⅞	56⅞	84⅞
March	60⅝	58	60⅝	57⅝	85⅛
May	60⅝	58	60⅝	57⅝	82⅝
July	58⅞	55⅞	58⅝	55¼	....

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 70c; No. 2 white, 70c; No. 3 white, 69@70c; No. 4 white, 68½@69½c; ordinary clipped, 68½@69½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	$24.80	$24.70	$24.80	$24.30	$25.50
July	23.82	23.70	23.82	23.32	25.60
Ribs—					
May	22.82	22.70	22.82	22.30	24.80
July	22.32	22.27	22.32	21.82	..
Pork—					
May	40.85	40.50	40.85	39.85	47.85
July	39.75	39.50	39.50	..	..

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Clos. Bid.	Prev. Clos.
May	14.40	14.35	14.30	14.24
July	13.95	13.90	13.90	13.82
September	13.65	13.57	13.60	13.55
December	13.45	13.35	13.36	13.30

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	$1.35½	$1.31	$1.35¼
March	1.36	1.35	1.36
May	1.39¼	1.35	1.39½

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 10,923 packages. Not enough of the high grades to supply the current needs of the trade, which have largely improved of late, and prices are higher and firm. Secondary qualities are sharing a little in the improvement. Renovated doing some better. Packing stock and ladles steady to firm. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 52½@53c; extras, 92 score, 51½@52c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 46@50½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 42@45c; lower grades, 38@41c; unsalted, higher than extras, 54½@55c; extras, 53½@54c; firsts, 48@52½c; seconds, 43@47c; State dairy tubs, finest, 49½@50½c; good to prime, 43@48c; common to fair, 37@42c; renovated, extras, 43@44c; firsts, 41@42c; lower grades, 34@39c; imitation creamery, firsts, 39@40c; ladles, current make, firsts, 37@38c; seconds, 35@36c; lower grades, 32@34c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 34½@35c; No. 2, 33½@34c; lower grades, 29@33c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 18,873 cases. Advices indicate large shipments in transit, country markets are lower, and there are free offerings in carload lots on track. The tendency of the market is strongly downward. The tone is weak, however, and a further decline is expected as soon as arrivals at all exceed the urgent needs of the market. White eggs share in the decline, but to a less extent. There is, however, a more liberal supply of nearby white eggs arriving, and the tone is weak at present quotations. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 45½@46c; extra firsts, 44½@45c; firsts, 43@44c; seconds and poorer, 40@42c; dirties, No. 1, 41@42c; No. 2 and poorer, 38@40c; checks, good to choice, dry, 39@40c; under grades, 36@38c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 54@56c; ordinary to prime, 50@53c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 50@54c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 54@55c; lower grades, 47@53c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 47@53c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 48@50c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 43@46c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Forecast:

N. C.—Rain Fri. Sat., fair, colder.

S. C.—Fain Fri., probably followed by clearing; colder in w. Sat., fair, colder.

Ga.—Clearing and colder Fri. Sat., fair, colder.

Fla.—Fair Fri., except rain in e. and n. e.; colder in n. w. Sat., fair, except rain in w.; colder on the Peninsula.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair, colder, Fri. Sat., fair.

Tenn.—Rain in e., rain or snow in w. Fri., colder. Sat., fair, colder in e.

Ky.—Fain Fri., possibly turning to snow in w., colder. Sat., fair, colder in e.

Ind.—Rain Fri., probably turning to snow and colder. Sat., fair.

Mich.—Snow in n.; snow, turning to rain in s., Fri.; somewhat colder. Sat., snow, n. e. to n. gales.

Ohio—Rain Fri., probably turning to snow at night; colder at night. Sat., snow and colder.

MORTGAGE ASSIGNMENTS.

Manhattan.

CHERRY ST, 429; 16th St, 441-43 West; 32d St, 12-14; 59th St, 330-38, West; 109th St, 179 East; Samuel E. A. Stern and another, trustees, to Mercantile Trust and Deposit Co., sub-trustee, 115 Broadway; attorneys, Masten & Nichols, 49 Wall St; 4 assignments, each.....$1

LUDLOW ST, 45, a t; Hy Jones, individ., et al., exrs. of Morris Jones, to Nathan Engelhardt, 8,693 17th Av., Brooklyn, and N. Engelhardt to M. Finkelstein, 158 Adelphi St., Brooklyn; attorneys, Koppelman & Weinbard, 144 Rivington St; 2 assignments, $2,007

MADISON ST, 352; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Ellen McLean, 116 East 63d St.; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.....$9,000

ST NICHOLAS AV, e s, 49.11 ft n of 184th St; Delphine Cahn to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.....$47,000

10TH AV, 3,852-58, mtg $13,000; Clara Henriquez de Castellanos to S. M. Goldsmith, 302 Convent Av.; attorney, A. Zimmermann, 206 Broadway.....$100

13TH ST, 234 East; 49th St., s s, 462.8 ft w of 10th Av; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Adelaide Beckman, 228 West 78th St. and another, trustees; address 59 Liberty St.; 2 assignments.....$9,000 and $10,000

18TH ST, 255 West; Elizabeth A. Galway to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St., $8,000

51ST ST, 412-14 East, mtg $33,000; Samuel M. Wood to Anna L. Powell, Chatham, N. Y.; attorney, Wilson M. Powell, 7 Wall St.; int. of.....$2,000

Bronx.

BECK ST, 909; Hy Morgenthau Co. to Walter M. Wechsler, 525 West End Av; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St..$100

BROOK AV, w s, 25 ft s of 145th St, 25x90; Ellen McLean to Lawyers Mtg. Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mtg. Co., 59 Liberty St.....$14,000

COLLEGE AV, e s, 80.6 ft n of 166th St, 38.6x100; Fannie A. Park to N. Y. Title and Mtg. Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, New York Title and Mtg. Co., 135 Broadway.$100

COLLEGE AV, 1,374-8; Eleanor Klein to Max J. Kleirs, 22 Mt. Morris Park West; attorney, Frederick Lese, 35 Nassau St..$1

COLLEGE AV, 1,374; Jennie Currier and another, executors, to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,737 3d Av.; attorneys, Mackellar & G., 43 Cedar St.....$29,000

DECATUR AV, 3,285; Reuben Friedlander and another, trustees, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,500

GRANT AV, 894; Guaranteed Mortgage Co. to Anna E. Willson, 1,918 Wallace Av, Philadelphia, Penn.; attorney, Guaranteed Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway.....$1,000

LOT 6, map property Peter Handibode; Peter Millice, Jr., to Warren B. Sammis, Huntington, L. I.; attorney W. G. Sammis, 1 Liberty St.....$2,000

MT. HOPE AV, 1,864; Alphonse Kursheidt and another, executors, to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,737 3d Av.; attorneys, Mackellar & G., 43 Cedar St.....$37,000

SIMPSON ST, w s, 186.8 ft n of 163d St, 42x110.5x42x110.11; Rondout Savings Bank to Lawyers Mtg. Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mtg. Co., 59 Liberty St., $33,000

3D AV, s e corner 169th St, 219x235.8 to Fulton Av x 218.6x261.9; also Fulton Av, e s, 151 ft s of 169th St, 170.9x145; also 3d Av, w s, 75 ft s of 169th St, 204x100x irreg; John C. Heintz and another to Minnie Heintz, ½ part; attorney, U. S. Mtg. and Trust Co., 55 Cedar St.....$150,000

174TH ST, 457 East; E. Schwab Co., Inc., to Eliza Stein, 309 East 23d St; attorney, Hy M. Flateau, 51 Chambers St, an interest of $5,000.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to David Stein, 309 East 23d St; attorney, same, an interest of $2,050.....$1

176TH ST, 625 West Bathgate Av, 50x125; Johanna Reardon, administratrix, to Johanna Reardon, 50 East 88th St. and another; attorney, D. Daly, 20 Nassau St..$1

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Speculative buying by well-known operators was a strong feature of yesterday's realty market. In the lower Broadway section Frederick Brown, operator, purchased through Charles F. Noyes Company, the eleven-story fireproof building at 474-476 Broadway, extending through the block to 38 Crosby Street, covering a plot of 7,500 square feet.

The building is a comparatively new structure, and in 1902 was mortgaged for $425,000 to one of the large insurance companies. The property is valued at $475,000. Commenting on the purchase, Mr. Brown said: "The property could not be duplicated for less than $500,000. I believe Broadway ground is worth $50,000 a lot and buildings of this type will be more in demand, in my opinion, than any other class of New York City real estate."

Investor Buys Taxpayer.

A two-story taxpayer, 25 by 98.9, at 154 West Twenty-ninth Street, was sold by Henry Brady for the New York Title and Insurance Company to I. Roth, for investment. The property was acquired by the seller at foreclosure in December, 1917, at the stand of Mr. Brady.

Sales in Heights Section.

The Allview, a five-story twenty-family apartment house, on a plot 50 by 100, at 707 and 709 West 170th Street, was sold by Ennis & Sinnott, Inc., to the H. & M. Building Company, (James Murray President.) The building, which was held at $75,000 and rents for $9,000, was built by the Michael J. Martin Company, which exchanged it early in the month for a plot 50 by 100 on 141st Street, near Broadway.

Buys Dyckman Flats.

Frederick Brown sold to Max Just the five-story new-law apartment, on plot 50 by 100, at 57 Vermilyea Avenue, just north of Academy Street. The property, held at $70,000, was sold through Knap & Wasson.

East Harlem Dwelling Sold.

Arthur Halla bought the three-story brownstone dwelling on lot 15 by 100 at 127 East 123d Street from Helen M. Fanning for occupancy. George W. Brettell made the sale.

Tenement Deals.

The Courtney Development Company (Bryan L. Kennelly) sold the four-story and basement tenement with store on lot 25 by 100 at 342 East 110th Street to a client of Leon S. Altmayer.

Charles Galewski Company, Inc., has purchased from Day, MacDonald Company the five-story apartment house on lot 32 by 100 at 259 West 112th Street. The property has a rent roll of $5,000 and was held at $35,000. James McCacheu was the broker.

Speculative Buying in the Bronx.

Operators were unusually busy in the Bronx yesterday when a number of sales that have been pending since the first of the week were closed. The largest transaction marked the second purchase in the east Bronx within a week by S. Morrill Banner, an old-time operator, recently returned to the speculative market.

The deal involved the properties 952 to 992 Tiffany Street, eleven modern 40-foot five-story apartment houses, held at $350,000. They were sold to Mr. Banner by the Usona Construction Company, which built the houses on land acquired from the American Real Estate Company.

The structures occupy a combined frontage of 440 feet and are 104 feet in depth, and return an annual rental of $60,000. Last week Mr. Banner purchased four 40-foot apartment houses on Longwood Avenue, formerly belonging to the George F. Johnson estate. Leitner, Brener & Starr were the brokers.

H. C. Erskine sold to Charles Wynne, operator, a five-story apartment house on lot 50 by 37 at 1,320 and 1,331 Clinton Avenue, adjoining McKinley Square. This property was taken in by the seller under foreclosure of a $40,000 mortgage in 1914. Kessler & Levy were the brokers.

The two five-story fifty-foot apartment houses on plot 100 by 97 by irregular at the northwest corner of Morris Avenue and 181st Street were bought by Max Cohen of the former operating firm of Cohen & Glauber. The buildings, which house twenty families each, were held at $115,000. Max Blau made the sale.

Frederick Brown purchased the five-story fifty-foot apartment, housing twenty families, at 2,390 Creston Avenue, near 184th Street, from the G. R. S. Building Company. The deal, which was a cash one, was negotiated by William R. Lowe.

Morris Zeramer bought for cash from the Benenson Realty Company the five-story apartment, 50 by 100, valued at $50,000, at 1,429 Bryant Avenue.

Willy Ehrenhaus resold to the Hudwill Realty Company (Hudson P. Rose, President) a two-story frame and stone residence on lot 20 by 100, at 621 Mead Street, through E. A. Polak & Holmes. The Hudwill Company immediately resold to an Italian investor. Mr. Ehrenhaus only acquired the property last Friday in a trade for a residence in Yonkers.

The three five-story apartment houses at 1,532, 1,536, and 1,540 Seabury Place, adjoining the southeast corner of Boston Road, were sold by Bernard Crausman, President of the Rosen-Craus Realty Company to a client of Heller & Sussman. The houses have an annual rental of $22,000 and were held at $130,000.

The Benenson Realty Company operators bought from the Anita Realty Company the two five-story apartment houses at 333 and 339 East 146th Street each on a plot 50 by 152, the houses being built 100 feet deep, between Courtlandt and College Avenues. They were held at $120,000, and return an annual rental of $13,000.

Morris Polsky sold to an investing client of Schoen & Weiss the six-story tenement, 348 Powers Avenue, for cash. The building houses thirty-five tenants who pay an annual rental of $9,000, and was held at $60,000. Benjamin Antin represented the seller as attorney.

The Isaac Lowenfeld Realty Corporation, Isaac Lowenfeld, President, bought the five-story new-law apartment house, on plot 63 by 100, at 265 East 181st Street, northwest corner of Valentine Avenue, from the Susskind Holding Company. The building contains twenty-five apartments and two stores, with an annual rent roll of $13,000, and was held at $95,000. S. Rosen was the broker.

Brooklyn.

A plot 40 by 100 on Seventh Street, between Second and Third Avenues, was sold to Cevasco, Cavagnaro & Ambretti by Meister Builders, Inc. The land adjoins the company's factory on Sixth Street, built two years ago by the sellers in the present deal.

Queens Borough.

Ethel Bazil bought from the First National Bank of Jamaica, a two-story brick dwelling, on plot 25 by 115, at 206 Union Hall Street, Jamaica. A. G. Thompson & Co. negotiated the case.

Commercial Leases.

The four-story building at 1,679 Broadway was leased for a term of forty years for John N. Golding, represented by Dean, Stanfield & Tracy, attorneys, by Herbert Hecht & Co.

The Nathan Novelty Support Company has leased the entire seventeenth floor at 53 and 55 Fifth Avenue, corner of Twelfth Street, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $100,000. The transaction was negotiated by the M. Rosenthal Company for Charles O'Connor, agent.

The Allied Machinery Company of America has leased the entire eighth floor of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank Building at 51 Chambers Street for a term of years for an aggregate rental of about $150,000. The transaction was made by Frederick Southack & Alwyn Ball, Jr., in conjunction with Thomas J. O'Reilly, agent for the building.

George W. Mercer & Son, in conjunction with William H. McDonald, have leased for a term of years the property 511 to 519 West Twenty-first Street, and 510 to 514 West Twenty-second Street, plot containing 20,000 square feet, upon which the owner will erect a two-story garage for commercial purposes, contract for which has been given out. The total rent involved is over $400,000.

Realty Notes.

Columbia University will build a frame recreation building, 80 by 39, to cost $10,000, for lease to the Y. M. C. A., at the northwest corner of Gun Hill Road and Bainbridge Avenue.

A first mortgage of $17,000 at 5½ per cent. for a term of years was negotiated on the modern six-story tenement, on plot 43.6 by 100.11, at 519 and 521 East 117th Street, by Leon S. Altmayer and H. Sugarman.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

Clinton St, 36-38, s e corner Stanton St, 100x25.4, six story tenement and stores; Rector, Church Wardens, &c., of St. Bartholomew's Church against Broome-Clinton Co. et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; due, $85,202.51; taxes, &c., $959.50; adjourned to Feb. 20.

By Joseph P. Day.

Av D, 106, s e corner 8th St, 25x75, four and five story tenements and stores; S. H. Kohn, exr., against Loretta Corp. et al.; Baylis & S., attorneys; due, $20,798.04; taxes, &c., $1,383.40; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By James J. Donovan.

Freeman St, 922-8½, s e corner Southern Boulevard, 100x50, one-story stores; City Real Estate Co. against M. E. Ernhout et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $31,624.64; taxes, &c., $1,200; to the plaintiff for $30,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AV A, n w corner of 9th St., 26.4x113; Jennie Sohn to Gershen Estates, Inc., 67 East 106th St., mtg $100,500, Jan. 2; attorney, D. Podolsky, 38 Park Row.......$900

FRONT ST, 83, e s, 70.10 ft n of Old Slip, 24.1x96.9; Lillian B. O'Donohue to S. Alexander Schonbrunn, 119 East 95th St, mtg $9,000, all liens, Feb. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way..$100

HENRY ST, 278-82, s s, 63.6x73.6x63x73.8; Meyer Schneider to Jacob Bernardik, 226 East 51st St., 2-5 part, mtg. $56,500, a. t., Feb. 1; attorney, Alaxendare Bernardik, 299 Broadway.....$1

LENOX AV, s w corner of 130th St. (98 West,) 99.11x30; Martin and Mary D. Ungrich to Martin Ungrich, Inc., 57 St. Nicholas Place, mtg $41,000, June 18, 1918; attorneys, Strauss, R. & B., 141 Broadway..$1

LAIGHT ST, n s, 206.3 ft e of Hudson St, 30.6x87.7x irreg; Martin and Mary D. Ungrich to Martin Ungrich, Inc., 57 St. Nicholas Place, mtg $35,000, June 18, 1918; attorneys, Strauss, R. & B., 141 Broadway.....$1

MAIDEN LANE, 52, s w s, 130 ft n w of William St, 24.10x56.7x25.1x54.7; Maiden Lane, 54, s s, 25.1x100.11 to n s Liberty St x24.4x105.7, w s; Liberty St, 31, n s, 25.6x50.11 e s x25.9x53 w s; Joseph Fahy & Co. to Federal Reserve Bank of N. Y., 15 Nassau St., mtg $400,000, Jan. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$715,000

NORTHERN AV, 50, n w corner of 179th St, 100x75; Terrain Realty Co. to Arrow Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, all liens; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Arrow Holding Corp. to Jos. Schwartz, 618 West 42d St, mtg $99,000, all liens, Feb. 11; attorneys, same.....$100

OLD SLIP, 8, n s, 45.5 ft w of Water St, 25.5x35.3x irregular; Old Slip, 10-12, n e corner of Water St., 45.5x47.7x irregular; Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Co. of Maine to Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Co. of New York, at 8-12 Hanover Square, mtg $36,000, all liens, Feb. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$134,500

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 1,484, e s, 49.11 ft n of 184th St, 50x100; Bertha Kahn to Bernhard Mayer, 41 East 72d St, ½ part, b. and s., all liens, Feb. 13; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St.....$50

SAME PROPERTY; same to Samuel, Benjamin J. and Louis V. Weil, 52 East 75th St, executors Jonas Weil, ½ part, b. and s., all liens, Feb. 13; attorneys, same......$50

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 1,484, e s, 49.11 ft n of 184th St, 70x100; Bernhard Mayer to Bertha Kahn, 421 East 82d St., ½ part, b. and s., all liens, Feb. 13; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St.....$50

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Weil et al., executors, to same, ½ part, all liens, Feb. 13; attorneys, same.....$100

WATER ST, 662, n s, 27.5 ft w of Jackson, 25x74.5, and Water St, 664, n s, 250 ft w of Jackson, 25x100; Maria Cramp to Sadie R. Clsker, 219 East Broadway, mtg $11,000 and P. M. mtg $12,500, Feb. 10; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

WALKER ST, 35 s s, 55.1 ft e of Church St, 20x85, with a t to alley on w, foreclosure Feb. 4; Edgar H. Rosenstock, referee, to Lincoln Trust Co., 204 5th Av, trustee, Feb. 7; attorneys, Elkus, V. G. & P., 111 Broadway.....$11,000

1ST AV, 54 e s, 120 ft s of 4th St, 23.9x94.11, G. F. Klemann et al., to Mary C. Klemann, 810 East 5th St, et al., mtg $10,000; a t b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Jan 22; attorney, Jos Rosenzweig, 99 Nassau St. $100

SAME PROPERTY, John V. Klemann to same; mtg $10,000, a. t. q. c., all liens, Jan. 13; attorney same.....$1

2D AV, 340, e s; 4th St, 58, s s; 5th St, 310 East, s s; 91st St, 303 East, n s; 1st Av, 128, e s; Rivington St, 90 n s; Av A, 1,420, e s; Mary C. Klemann to John V., George F., Cath. M. and Anna G. Klemann, at 310 East 5th St, and Eliz. J. Klemann O'Reilly, Bridgeport, Conn., a. t. b. and s., and c. a. g., Jan 23; attorney, Jos. Rosenzweig, 99 Nassau St.....$100

3D AV, 1,710-12, n w c 96th St, 50.7x77, Mary C. Klemann to John V., George F., Anna G. and Cath. M. Kleman, 310 East 5th St, and Eliz. J. K. O'Reilly of Bridgeport, Conn., a. t., b. and s., c. a. g., Jan. 23; attorney, Jos. Rosenzweig, 99 Nassau St.....$100

5TH AV, n e c, 51st St, 75.5x160x irregular, Wm. R. Stewart to F. Augustus Schermerhorn, 106 University Place, et al., as joint tenants; mtg $850,000, all liens, Feb. 6; attorneys Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St.....$1

7TH AV, w s, 74.11 ft s of 133d St, 25x100; Leybuck Co. to Pocomo Realty Corp., 68 Broad St, mtg $24,000, Dec. 9, 1918; attorney, G. D. Gregory, 68 Broad St.......$1

8TH AV, 2,266, e s, 25x100, foreclosure, Feb. 7, 1919; Roger B. Wood, referee, to Mary H. Tompkins, 68 5th Av, Feb. 11; attorney, F. deP. Foster, 44 Wall St.....$23,000

9TH AV, 68-70, n e corner 15th St, 39.6x100; Martin O'Dowd & Co. to Donald H. Elder, 333 West 14th St., and another, mtg. $6,500, and prior mtg. $25,000; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.$100

10TH AV, 3,552-54, n w s, 54.11x138.7x45x170.2; 10th Av, 3,856, n w s, 54.11n138.7x45x107.1; Clara Henriquez de Castellanos to E. R. A. Realty Co., 135 Broadway, mtg $90,500, all liens, Feb. 5; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway.....$100

15TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 4th Av, 50x103.3, William A. Lincoln to Land Map Realty Corp., 105 East 15th St., mtg $147,500, all liens, b. and s., c. a. g., Dec. 14; attorney, W. C. Dewey, 105 East 15th St.....$100

61ST ST, 315 East, n s, 25x100.5, foreclosure Feb. 11; John M. Barrett, referee, to Pasquale Pomaro, 320 West 16th St; attorney, Felix Antonacchio, 160 Broadway.....$500

61ST ST, 241 West, n s, 25x100.5; Abr. Greenberg to the Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East, correction deed, quitclaim; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

70TH ST, 302 East, s s, 74 ft e of 2d Av, 26x100.5; Simon R. Weil and another, trustees, to Charles Schwimbersky, 363 East 67th St, all liens, Feb. 3; address, 336 East 67th St.....$100

80TH ST, 221 East, n s, 150 ft e of 3d Av, foreclosure, Feb. 4, 1919; Joseph McCloskey, referee, to Hebrew Orphans' Asylum, 1,560 Amsterdam Av, Feb. 11; attorneys, Hoadley, L. & J., 22 William St.....$20,000

82D ST, 52 East, s s, 16x100; Charles Schram to Howard Lilienthal, 780 Madison Av, subject to prior mtg of $16,500, Feb. 10; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

109TH ST, 160 East, s s, 106 ft e of Lexington Av, 19x100.11; Rose Berrent to Anna Harrison, 201 West 120th St, mtg $4,650, all liens, Feb. 11; attorneys, Atterbourg, S. & H., 200 5th Av.....$100

112TH ST, 116 East, s s, 17.1x100.11; Charles E. Haskell to Willy Ehrenhaus, 43 Bradhurst Av., mtg. $40,000, Feb. 7..$1

117TH ST, 275 West, n s, 25x100.11; Leybuck Co. to Pocomo Realty Corp., 68 Broad St, mtg $23,000, b. and s., all liens, Dec. 9; attorney, G. D. Gregory, 68 Broad St..$1

130TH ST, 100 West, s s, 30 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x99.11; Martin and Mary D. Ungrich to Martin Ungrich, Inc., 57 St. Nicholas Place, mtg $11,500, June 18, 1918; attorneys, Strauss, R. & B., 141 Broadway.....$1

131ST ST, 221 West, n s, 17x99.11; Eileen D. Hoffman to Lawmor Realty Co., 42 Broadway, Jan. 27; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.$100

145TH ST, 533 West, n s, 33.6x99.11; J. Edw. Michel to Mary F. Martin, 2,596 Grand Av., mtg. $32,500, Feb. 1; attorney, Thomas J. Meehan, 115 Broadway.....$100

146TH ST, 246-56 West, s s, 147.6x99.11; Millie Rosenberg to James McWalters, Jr., 1,493 Broadway, all liens, Feb. 4; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row....$1

Bronx.

COURTLANDT AV, s w corner of 150th St, 50x100; Julia Ring to Robert J. Moorehead, 811 East 200th St, mtg $24,000, Feb. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

HEWITT PLACE, 814, n e s, 39x100x38x100; Frederick Johnson and another, trustees, to Emma Kramer, 919 Av St John, mtg $22,500, Jan. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Emma Kramer to R. L. S. Realty Corp., 105 Hudson St, mtg $22,500, Jan. 31; attorney, same.....$100

JACKSON AV, e s, 205 ft n of 156th St, 26x87.6; Emma M. Burnier to Barclay Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, mtg $4,000, Feb. 7; attorney, J. H. Zeiser, 217 Broadway..$100

LONGWOOD AV, 887, n w corner of Hewitt Place, 69x irregular; also Longwood Av, 911, n e corner of Hewitt Place, 50.9x irregular; also Longwood Av, n w corner of Dawson St, 41x107.5; Frederick Johnson and another, trustees, to Arrow Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, mtg. $121,800, Jan. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Arrow Holding Corp. to Gladys Realty Corp., 30 Church St., mtg. $121,800, Feb. 4; attorney, same.....$100

LONGWOOD AV, 879, n s, 39x100; Longwood Av, 883, n s, 39x100; Longwood Av, 910, n s, 39x107.5; Longwood Av, 917, n s, 39x107.5; Frederick Johnson and another, trustees, to Samuel Gendzier, 161 Clinton St., mtg. $104,200, Jan. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Gendzier to Z. Morrell Banner, 25 Ridge View Av., White Plains, N. Y., and another, mtg. $104,200, Feb. 4; attorney, same.....$100

MORRIS AV, s e corner 177th St, 60x95; John Riegelmann to Arrow Holding Corp., mtg $52,000, Jan. 31; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Arrow Holding Corp. to Summit Holding Co., mtg $64,000, Feb. 1; attorney, Nathan Friedman, 309 Broadway.....$100

PARKER ST, 1,636, e s, 25x90; Morris Frank, referee, to Mary A. Palmer, 71A Covert St, Brooklyn, May 3, 1918; attorney, H. A. Herond, 45 John St.....$3,400

SEDGWICK AV, 2,635, w s, 75.4x137.8; Felix Realty Co. to Christina H. Young, 2,555 Marion Av, mtg $42,500, Feb. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

176TH ST, n s, 98.4 ft s w of 178th St, runs n 81.10x w 0.10x n 5x w 49.2x s 92.8x e 50.4; Gerard Holding Corp. to Wm. Ebling, 808 Eagle Av, Feb. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

198TH ST, s s, 43.6 ft w of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 25x98; Andrew J. Connell to Anne Sully, 114 East 198th St, mtg $5,500, May 16, 1918; attorney, Sonneborn & Co., 393 East 200th St.....$1

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH, 21, the land; Rhinelander Real Estate Co. to Marie C. Post, Bayport, L. I., 21 years from May 1, 1917; attorneys, Ward, W. & H., 16 Exchange Place; taxes, &c., and.....$1,750

3D AV, 451, n e corner of 31st St, store and basement; William Lemken to Kitman Koch, 238 East 89th St, 5 years from April 1, 1919; attorney, James Kardos, 229 East 84th St.....$1,600

1ST AV, 1,374, north and south stores and basements; Siegfried F. Fantel to Isidore Siegfried, 353 East 72d St, 3 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, Samuel I. Hartman, 51 Chambers St.....$1,680

1ST AV, n e corner of 57th St, basement, store floor; Bertha E. Waldmann to William A. Fahrenwald, 90 Vandeveer Av, Woodhaven, Borough of Queens, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1919, 5 years' renewal; address, 1,051 1st Av.....$1,020

6TH AV, 210 to 214, all; Sarah J. W. Bent to Peter Minakakis, Surf Av and West 12 St, Coney Island, 10 years from May 1, 1920; attorneys, Marks & Marks, 65 Park Row.....$30,000

21ST ST, 511 to 519, n s, all; Anton and Josephine Lony to F. & F. Auto Corporation, 15 years from completion of building, 6 years' renewal at $21,000; attorney, Arthur J. Stern, 164 Montague St, Brooklyn. $20,000 and $21,000

78TH ST, 302 West, all; 302 West 78th Street Corporation to Caroline L. Bligh, 205 West 78th St, and another, 6 11-12 years from Nov. 1, 1918.....$5,850

135TH ST, 58 to 66 West, extension of lease dated March 18, 1914; Alexander J. Bruen to Hy D. Downs, 162 West 54th St, 10 years from May 1, 1925; attorney, A. J. Bruen, 41 Park Row; net.....$6,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 260, w s, 24.6x75; ratification of mtg for $10,000 recorded Nov. 1, 1918; Jan. 24; Alfred Chirney, party first part; Bank of Huntington, L. I., party second part, and Minnie R. Chirney, party third part, Great Barrington, Mass; due and int. as per bond; attorneys, Baylis & Sanborn, 141 Broadway.....$1

FRONT ST, 83, e s, 70.10 ft n of Old Slip, 24.1x96.9, P. M., Feb. 11; S. Alexander Schonbrunn to Lillian B. O'Donohue, 56 West 75th St; 20 years, 6 per cent., pr mtg $9,000; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$20,000

WATER ST, 662, n s, 275 ft w of Jackson, 25x74.5; Water St, 664, n s, 250 ft w of Jackson, 25x100, P. M., Feb. 10; Sadie R. Cirker to Maria Crump, 104 Hamilton Av, Greenwich, Conn; installments, 6 per cent., prior mtg $11,000; attorney, Samuel E. Goldfarb, 85 Nassau St.....$12,500

9TH AV, 68-70, n e cor of 15th St, 39.6x100, P. M., Feb. 11; Donald H. Elder and another to Martin O'Dowd & Co, 400 West 14th St; 5 years; prior mtg $6,500; attorney, New York Title & M. Co., 135 Broadway.....$25,000

15TH ST, 105 East, n s, 150 ft e of 4th Av, 50x103.3, Feb. 11; Land Map Realty Corp to J. Rosenthal, 530 West End Av; due July 25, 1919, 6 per cent.; attorneys, Marks & Marks, 63 Park Row.....$6,000

42D ST, n w cor of Lexington Av, runs n 200.10 to s s of 43d St x w 275 to e s of Depew Pl (closed) x s 200.10 to 42d St x e 275 to beginning; Jan. 31; New York State Realty & Terminal Co to Metropolitan Life Ins Co; due May 1, 1929, 6 per cent.; attorneys, Butcher, Tanner & F, 1 Madison Av.....$500,000

Bronx.

BROOK AV, w s, 73.10 ft n of 169th St, 27.8x90; Jacob Ludwig to Frances Sarych, 1,129½ Stebbins Av, Feb. 11, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$8,000

EDSON AV, e s, 430.11 ft s of Boston Road, 25x100; Crawford Real Estate and Building Co. to Franklin Society for Home Building and Savings, 38 Park Row, Feb. 11, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $3,000

HEWITT PLACE, 814, n e s, 39x100; Emma Krainer to Frederick Johnson, Oyster Bay, N. Y., and another, trustees, P. M., prior mtg $20,000, Jan. 31, due Dec. 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,500

HEWITT PLACE, n w cor Longwood Av, 102.6x irregular; Arrow Holding Corp. to same, P. M., prior mtg $36,500, Jan. 31, due Dec. 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, same $5,200

LONGWOOD AV, 879-883, n s, 2 lots, each 39x100, 2 P. M. mtgs, each $3,400; Samuel Grendzier to Frederick Johnson, Oyster Bay, N. Y., and another, trustees, two prior mtgs, $3,500 each, Jan. 31, due Dec. 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,800

LONGWOOD AV, 913-917, n s, two lots, each 39x107.5, 2 P. M. mtgs, each $3,200; same to same, two prior mtgs, $22,000 each, Jan. 31, due Dec. 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$6,400

MORRIS AV, s e corner of 177th St, 104, 60x95; Arrow Holding Corporation to John Riegelman, 1,802 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, prior mtg $52,000, Jan. 31, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, John Riegelman, 1,802 Grand Concourse.....$12,000

WASHINGTON AV, e s, being s half of Lot 136, map of Central Morrisania, 25x120; Samuel Bernstein to Antoinette Weber, 610 7th Av, College Point, L. I., Feb. 10, due April 1, 1922, 4 p. c.; attorney, W. S. Smith, 462 East 167th St.....$200

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

WILLETT ST, 32; New York Life Ins. and Trust Co. against Louis Lichalisky et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Emmet & Parish.

12TH ST, 28 West; Albert C. Laun against Joseph Laun et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Gould & Wilkie.

34TH ST, 141 East; Maura M. Carter against William Bradley et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. J. McGuire.

47TH ST, 542 West; Margaret K. Dyer et al. against Lena Gehringer et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. E. Mercelis.

47TH ST, 544 West; Walter F. Meyers et al. against Lena Gehringer et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. E. Mercelis.

80TH ST, 77 East; I. Henry Glaser et al. against Rachel Levy et al., action to enforce mechanics' lien; attorneys, H. S. & C. G. Bachrach.

95TH ST, 168 West; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States against Nellie C. T. Washburne et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Alexander & Green.

128TH ST, s s, 75 ft w of 5th Av, 17.6x99.11; Seamen's Bank for Savings in the City of New York against Martha Wollstein et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft.

Bronx.

170TH ST, s w corner of Charlotte St, 100x101.5; Julius J. Frank, as trustee, against John J. Tully et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Lachman & Goldsmith.

MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Manhattan.

27TH ST, 251 West, and 28th St, 238 to 250 West; Charles Israel against M. Groh's Sons, Inc., and Chelsea Ice Plant, Inc., owners and contractors.....$3,440.79

REAL ESTATE.

FULL SPEED AHEAD!

Don't let the lack of cash keep prosperity off your threshold! Turn your rent income for 1919 into cash. Prompt action here plus reasonable terms and strictest confidence. Tel. Chelsea 327 today.

Jacob Rosenthal
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Nothing under $5,000.

Machine Shop For Sale

The property of the undersigned, who has been engaged in the manufacture of 155 Millimeter Common Steel Shell. Offers will be received for the entire property on which there is no mortgage or encumbrance.

This consists of a machine shop and about seven and one-half acres of land located on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, on Clyde Avenue, Buffalo, having a spur track on each side of the building. The land is fenced. The main building is single story, well lighted and in good condition, of stone construction, 80 feet x 300 feet, a stone addition thereto, 30 feet x 200 feet and a frame addition, 88 feet x 304 feet, together with other outbuildings, among which are a restaurant and time and employment office.

This is a modern plant with a low tax rate and cheap electric power. The equipment consists of electric motors and transformers, air compressors, boilers and heating system, high class tool room equipment, office fixtures and furnishings, belting, shafting and hangers, furnaces, lathes, boring mills, drill presses, grinders, pumping and conveyor systems, benches, special machinery, etc., all being in good operating condition.

The property is open to inspection and may be seen by applying at the premises. Any offer made must have the approval of the Ordnance Department before acceptance.

J. J. CARRICK, INC.,
Clyde Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.
Telephone—Crescent 176.

FOR SALE

BARTON LODGE, AT HOT SPRINGS, VA.

A wonderful place for entertaining. Owner now in Europe and the property is offered at a sacrifice.

AT NYACK, N. Y.

A very attractive home on the Hudson River.

AT SAG HARBOR, L. I.

The Havens Mansion. Cost about $75,000; land has 1,000 feet front on the Sound. Owner living in California. Offered at a sacrifice.

AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A 20 room mansion at a sacrifice.

31 Nassau St.,
New York City.

Joseph P. Day
Agent.

Telephone
6500—Rector.

For Sale at Woodmere
SIX HOUSES

These homes were built as an investment—to lease—and have never been unoccupied since their completion. They are in good condition and could not be built today at within 50% of the cost of construction. To close the affairs of the builders and owners, the Frank Cotter Co., the houses will be sold on very reasonable terms for delivery May 1st, when present leases expire.

For prices, plans, etc., apply to

WM. K. MACDONALD,
Woodmere, L. I.
Tel. 3128 Woodmere.

MOORE & WYCKOFF,
403 Madison Ave., N. Y. City.
Tel. 3535 Vanderbilt.

WONDERFUL BARGAIN, $5,000, EASY TERMS
AND $7,000 FIRST MORTGAGE BUYS THIS BEAUTIFUL JERSEY HOME.

Easy Commutation to N. Y. C. Express Service.

10 big rooms, three tiled baths, porte cochere entrance, sleeping balcony, big open fireplaces, wide concrete verandas; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, hardwood trimmed; fine tree covered grounds and lawn; exclusive residential neighborhood; convenient to railroad station; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lake and near golf and country clubs, schools, churches and markets; corner plot, 191x200 ft. Write or phone.

G. C. BLACKWELL, Sherman Square Hotel, W. 71st St., N. Y. C. Tel. 8400 Columbus.

REAL ESTATE.

Office Space

$1.25 to $2.50 per square foot in high-class buildings

in the Pennsylvania--Grand Central Section

Apply to
Loton H. Slawson Company
171 Madison Avenue

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Garage Owners—Attention!

Ready to lease to responsible tenant, 2 Story and Basement Fireproof Garage, about 40,000 square feet, now in the course of construction, in one of the best sections of the city. Long term lease. PRINCIPALS ONLY. For particulars apply to

GREENFELD & SAFFIR,
38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK
Telephone Cortland 1394.

Great Opportunity
To convert your non-paying properties into good income real estate. Consult us at once.
Frank L. Fisher Co.,
50 East 42nd St.

West End Avenue
Near 59th St. Handy to automobile district. Plot 175x100, suitable for garage or service station. Telephone 4080 John.

HESS Business Property

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens
Long Island.
16 Minutes from Penn. Station.
Kew Gardens Construction Co. is
Now Building Houses
for sale or on order
from plans of distinction
Edgeworth Smith, *Sales Manager.*
1 W. 34th St. *Greeley 5250.*

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Look Everywhere But don't buy until you have seen our California Comfort Homes. Garage, sleeping porch, etc. Beautiful street; two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO, 1,778 West 11th St., Brooklyn.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

Send for list of Handsome 7-room Brick Houses, ready to occupy, on Brooklyn Subway, 30 minutes from Times Square; easy terms.

Silsby, 217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Greenacres—Scarsdale

We have just checked our list of houses for the Spring. We have one unusual bargain at $17,000 and one at $18,000. Up on the hill overlooking the club we have a very pretty Colonial house at $20,000; while nearer the station, overlooking the Bronx Parkway, is an English house at $25,000. We have others at in-between prices. Nowhere else can you get so much for your money. We will send photographs if you prefer, but we urge an early inspection before the Spring rush.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley.
18 East 41st St., New York City.

A BEAUTIFUL INTERIOR

In up-to-date, thoroughly remodeled house, in fine location, near station, at Mount Vernon. Living room 30 feet long. Three bedrooms and bath on second, two bedrooms and bath on third floor. Wonderful upstairs enclosed porch; oak floors, white trim. Handsome electric fixtures. Ample plot, with garage. Cost $13,500. For sale at $11,000.

Anderson Realty Co. nr. New Haven Sta. Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

ALONG THE SOUND
Westchester County and Connecticut.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St. Murray Hill—6441.

APARTMENT

with heat, $50. 8 rooms, 2 baths, at Philipse Manor. Near Depot and River. Occupancy March 1st. Robert E. Farley Organization, 12 East 44th St. Mr. Morris.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

80,000 Square Feet
Office Space

For rent from May 1
Broadway
Near City Hall
No Brokers
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 Liberty St. Tel. John 222.

A FEW CHOICE OFFICES
can be had in
The FRANCES BUILDING
665 Fifth Ave.—Cor. 53d St.
Immediate Possession
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc.,
12 East 44th St.—Murray Hill 1100.

LOFTS-FLOORS-OFFICES-BASEMENTS COLUMBUS CIRCLE
1845-1847 BROADWAY NEAR 60th St.
Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc.; moderate rent
L. MILLER & SONS. 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 4234

TO LET
25,000 SQ. FT. STORAGE SPACE
West side, near Piers; possession Mar. 1, '19. Carrying Capacity 200 lbs. per sq. ft.
Wm. H. Whiting & Co., 41 Park Row

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
46x96; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators; immediate possession. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Brooklyn.

Astonishing Bargain.—7 rooms, brick, parquet floors, heat, electricity, fine location of Flatbush; will sacrifice for $4,000 for want of quick sale. J. Stein, Tribune Building. Beekman 3960.

Queens.

Must be sold, 2-family brick; modern improvements; rent of floor pays expenses, leaving profit; one block to subway; 15 minutes to Grand Central; healthy, refined section; $500 cash, balance on terms; selling at $1,000 below value; act quick. Bledenkapp, 36 East 23d St.

Westchester County.

House and two-car garage; corner; reasonable; easy terms; White Plains; best commuting service. 103 Park Av., Room 306.

Modern 9 room private residence; plot 100x100; Chester Hill, Mount Vernon, N. Y. B 903 Times Harlem.

Crestwood.—Nine rooms, large artists' attic; station 3 minutes, New York 32 minutes; 60x100. B 481 Times Downtown.

Long Island.

Ten-room house, electric lights, highest elevation in Flushing, best view on Long Island; large plot, 50x203; two street entrances, front and back; actual value $12,000, quick sale, $7,700; no one can afford to build now, material too high, therefore investigate this bargain and be convinced; particulars. Gressler, 547 Sanford Av., Flushing, L. I., N. Y.

Bayside and Broadway, Flushing.—For sale, attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms, near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co. 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6896.

BARGAIN!—Six-room-bath hollow tile stucco dwelling, steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out, Erie, $3,750, easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau. Telephone 3806 Beekman.

New York State.

A good, sound, old-fashioned house, surrounded by large trees; four acres of land; one minute walk from commuting station; on macadam highway; electric light; beautiful view; in Rockland County; is offered for $5,500. Telephone 2596 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

New Jersey.

AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.
Several homes, 8 to 12 rooms, all improvements; good location; sacrificed to close estate; terms like rent.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN,
120 Broadway, N. Y. (Rector 7718)
Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

Westfield, N. J., For Sale.—All improvements, 10-room house, 2 baths, hot air heating, barn, plot 100x322, splendid garden, 8 minutes' from station, opposite park; bargain at $12,500; leaving town. 422 East Broad St., Westfield.

Westfield.—Good houses, $4,800 to $8,000. Morehouse, Sylvania Place, Westfield, N. J.

Maine.

Wonderful 10-room furnished Summer home in Maine, to rent for season; price very reasonable. W 429 Times Downtown.

Houses Wanted.

Wanted to rent, with option purchase, South Orange, Maplewood; rent $45. B 486 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
Fifty cents an agate line.

Guaranteed first mortgages for sale ranging from $1,600 to $3,500, yielding 5½% and 6%; principal doubly secured. For particulars address Real Estate Department, 26 S. New Street, Bethlehem, Penn.

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

LEASE! Great bargain. Two magnificent, elegantly located buildings. Less than 30 cents square foot, containing respectively 75,000 and 17,000 square feet. Lease long term years to responsible tenants, with privilege of occupying smaller part to commence with. Edward W. Browning, 110 West 40th.

Will erect 2-story and basement (west side), plot 9,500 sq. feet, 2 frontages, and sell easy terms; principals answer. M. M. HAYWARD & CO., Broadway and 100th St.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Brick house, with spacious garage, for sale; 2,015 Grand Concourse, Tremont section, Bronx; 11 large rooms and 2 baths; would prefer to deal with principals only. A R 318 Times.

238th St., between Broadway, Riverdale, 3-family, also new 8 room stucco house, improvements; garages. Telephone 611 Kingsbridge.

Institutions Attention.—Choice West Bronx block, 350x230, very accessible; sell half value; $75,000. Owner, H. U. Singhi, 256 West 73d.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Would consider leasing for one year or longer a completely furnished, well-appointed home, with six sleeping rooms; prefer Forest Hills or Kew Gardens; south side not further than Freeport. A. F., 169 Times.

Will sacrifice very desirable plot, 50x100; Woodmere, L. I.; no cash required. Address Owner, Weymouth Apts., Atlantic City.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, paneled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

Come see my lovely new 7-room home, with every modern improvement without exception; 8c commutation; $350 initial payment, low price, easy terms, less than rent, to quick buyer; on both West Shore and Susquehanna Railroads. Don't hesitate! Do it now. Henschel, 89 6th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J. 1098-M Hackensack (or 3652 Cortland, New York.)

We specialize in Bergen and Rockland County real estate titles; our guaranteed mortgages are a "safety first investment." Write for Booklet A, North Jersey Title Insurance Co., Hackensack, N. J.

Hotel in best suburb for lease; 80 rooms; well adapted for school or sanitarium; healthiest location; 50 minutes from New York. Opportunity, 415 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Desirable 50-foot fronts below cost, with Hudson view; train every hour Grand Central; sale every day; other property. Charles E. Storms, Dobbs Ferry.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

ESTATE OF 800 ACRES
for sale, 80 miles from New York City; farm land, valuable timber, lakes, and buildings, hunting and fishing; brokers protected. Apply to Owner, J. S. Holden, Port Jervis, N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted, vacant corner lot, 75 or 100 ft. front, on Concourse or corner in vicinity of Concourse; principals only. Address Real Estate Broker, 546 West 148th St.

FARMS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Litchfield, Conn.—134-acre tractor farm, 95 tillable; good, level land; 10 acres fruit; 12-room house, 5 barns, new silo; on main road, near village; good markets; 1918 income $5,825; price $8,500; send for illustrated circular. Borgeson, 58 Oak St., Naugatuck, Conn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

SMALL CHEMICAL PLANT,
one-story brick building, close to 59th St. bridge, for drugs or colors; all new equipment.
LEASE BLDG.; SACRIFICE MACHINERY.
ROMAN CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

5,000 sq. ft., 1st floor; place for automobiles; excellent light, high ceiling; near Jackson Av., L. I.; suitable for mfg. or storage; rent $75. Telephone 1263 Astoria.

509 5th Av., at 42d St.—1,500 square feet, suitable for showrooms and offices; possession. F. J. Gullfoyle & Co., 165 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt—7475.

FACTORY, FIVE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL; WILL ERECT TO SUIT. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

1,005 Madison Av. (78th St.)—New building; large store, ideal for gowns, millinery, novelties, art or any high-class line. Apply John J. Kavanagh, 963 Madison Av.

FOR STORES, BUSINESS BUILDINGS, AND OFFICES, APPLY CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

Fur manufacturing space to let in exclusively fur cold storage warehouse. M. Groh's Sons, Inc., 328 West 28th St.

10,000 square feet, power, light, heat; Astoria, L. I. B. Y., 220 Times Downtown.

Office to sublet, $45, at 45 East 17th. Apply Danziger & Co., 220 5th Av. Mad. Sq. 7359.

Brooklyn.

FACTORY LOFT
to let, space 25x85; excellent light, high ceiling; heat and power furnished. Strohbeck, 325 Johnson St., Brooklyn.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Store wanted on 3d Av., west side, between 149th and 152d St., or south side 125th St., between 7th and 8th Avs.; will take half of store if tenant is willing to divide. S 55 Times.

Showroom wanted in manufacturing vicinity for high-class dress manufacturer; state full particulars. Address S. W., 808 Times Downtown.

Want mail address and preferably desk room, lower Broadway; state rent. Box 320 Times, 2 Rector St.

Desk room wanted; telephone service; give price, location. Address Reasonable, R 312 Times.

Wanted.—A furnished office near Times Building. S 72 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

50S, EAST.—Two exceptional rooms, bath, kitchenette; fireplaces; furnished, unfurnished. Plaza 6585.

50S, (Just off 5th Av.)—Will lease two-room furnished apartment, nonelevator building. Phone Plaza 1241.

50S.—Very attractive 4-room apartment, off Park Av. Phone Columbus 1278.

40 EAST 51ST ST.
Three-room apartment, attractively furnished, by month or year; meals if desired.

76TH, (Park Av.)—Handsomely furnished 6 rooms, piano; sublet. Phone Vanderbilt 1176.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
$200 TO $2,000 MONTHLY.
RAFAEL DE FLOREZ, 402 MADISON AV.

THE HOTEL BELMORE,
northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

TWO-ROOM APARTMENTS with kitchenette and bath, charmingly furnished; linen and silver included. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

Furnished—West Side.

32D ST., 9 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; service; period furniture. Steigelman.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

50S, NEAR 5TH AV.—High-class apartment, (nonelevator,) two large rooms, kitchenette, bath; $110. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

50S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths; piano; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

50S, WEST.—High-class elevator apartment, three rooms, kitchenette, bath; $150 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

52D ST., 57 EAST.—Two rooms, large bath, and kitchen. Carroll. Telephone Circle 4588.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service, low weekly, monthly rates.

59TH, 100 WEST, (10B.)—Large room overlooking park, 2 smaller rooms, bath, kitchenette; artistically furnished; $375 monthly till October or longer; alternately take furniture with lease. Phone Circle 1806.

60S.—Unusual, attractive apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, near park. Phone Col. 1278.

70S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; grand piano; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D, 166 WEST.—Apartment 3 rooms, consisting of bedroom, living room, and kitchen, with fine bathroom and shower; exceptionally large rooms; handsomely furnished; ice refrigeration; $160, until Oct. 1; all appointments are of highest standard; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Tel. Columbia 7640.

77TH, 66 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms, bath, kitchenette; high class elevator apt.; newly furnished; everything fresh and clean.

81ST ST.—Seven rooms, three baths; $300 yearly; exceptional. Murray Hill 3618.

90S.—6-room apartment, elevator building, $115 a month. Phone Col. 1278.

98TH ST., 307-311 WEST.—Hotel Schuyler Arms; subway to 96th, two blocks up and one block west; leases are not required, but references are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, from $75 to $180 a month, with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included; in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality.

104TH, 304 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, elegantly furnished, electric lights; $80 per month. Apply Leon Sobel, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

113TH, 544 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Two rooms and bath, electric lights, steam heat, maid service; rent $70; dining room in building. Telephone Cathedral 7715.

114TH, 421 WEST.—Convenient three-room apartment, kitchen, bath; short lease, $65 month. Call afternoon 3-5, or evening, Cathedral 7680.

120TH, 434 WEST.—3 room, kitchenette; occupation at once. Apartment 7H.

124TH, 541 WEST.—Beautiful six-room apartment; piano, linen, silver; elevator; lease. Telephone Morningside 2669.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

ARE YOU looking for a furnished apartment? Call Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8905.

CALL ON MILLER, 162 West 50th St., for list of apartments. Circle 3067.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

CONVENT AV., 100.—Immediately, small apartment, cheap; lovely view. Friday only. 505.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, corner 103d St., (The Clearfield.)—Highest class apartment, 9-D, beautifully furnished and decorated, 9 rooms, 3 master bedrooms, 3 baths; unusual opportunity; long lease.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440, (corner 116th St.)—To sublet, very desirable furnished duplex apartment; 8 rooms, 3 baths, on the Drive, to Sept. 1. Inquire Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (95th.)—Handsomely furnished 6 rooms; piano, linen; sublet. Phone 1176 Vanderbilt.

WEST END AV., 411, (80th St.)—7 rooms, three baths; immediate possession. Mrs. Mitchell. Schuyler 9861. $300; offer.

Unfurnished—East Side.

33D, 141 EAST, (near Lexington Av.)—5-room apartment, private; latest improvements; steam heat, hot water supply, electricity, bath; rent $55. Ring basement bell.

Several 2 and 3 rooms bachelor apartments from 44th to 59th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Telephone Murray Hill 1733.

69TH, 20 EAST.—8 rooms, bath, $90; lease. Lenox 5713, or Superintendent.

Unfurnished—West Side.

70S, near West End Av.—4 rooms and bath, $120; private house; references. K 231 Times.

75TH ST., 323 WEST, (Near West End Av.)—Floors for rent. Two very large rooms and bath, formerly 22-foot high-class private house; heat and light included; $1,500.

82D ST., 54 WEST.—1, 2, 4 rooms, kitchenette; also doctor's or dentist's suite. 1,790 Broadway, Room 514. Circle 2315.

94TH ST., 276, (nr. West End Av.)—Two spacious rooms and bath, just completed; $1,100 and $1,200. Tel. Morning. 1114.

100TH ST., 313 WEST, (Riverside.)—High-class, 2, [illegible] rooms, bath, kitchenette.

WEST END AV., 640,
Corner 91st St.
Seven rooms, two baths; most attractive apartment west side; $200 per month.

Bronx.

FIVE sunny room apartment, modern improvements; handsomest private residence; environment and traveling facilities excellent; rent $50; two or three adults. L., 1299 Times Bronx.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

MRS. WILSON'S
HOME-RENTING COMPANY,
TEL. PLAZA 6585. 444 PARK AVENUE.
WANTED IMMEDIATELY FOR MY CLIENTS, FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS.

Sitting room, bedroom, bath and kitchenette in high-class, refined apartment house; Columbia College vicinity and 30th to 39th and Fifth to Park; until June 1; rent not over $100 per month. L 696 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Furnished apartment, 6-7 rooms, with bath, from March 1 to June 1; not over $125 per month; highest social and financial references; west side preferred. K 233 Times.

Wanted, furnished apartment in apartment house by 3 adults until about May, or monthly; kitchenette, bath, 3 rooms; $100 up; city and out of town references. R 213 Times.

One and 2-room apartment, bath, and kitchenette, furnished or unfurnished; walking distance 42d and 5th Av.; business woman; reasonable. 507 5th Av., Room 802.

Young business couple desires a well-furnished 3 or 4 room apt., conveniences, between 43d and 86th Sts., west side; state price. S 59 Times.

Have Clients Wanting Furnished
APARTMENTS.
$200 to $2,000 monthly.
RAFAEL DE FLOREZ, 402 MADISON AV.

Artistically furnished front apartment; 5 rooms; Turkish rugs; Victrola. West 83d St., $175. Phone 5590, Apartment 32; references essential.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

I can rent your furnished apartment, reliable tenants. Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8905.

Two or three rooms and bath until June 1st, between 30th-75th, immediate occupancy; state particulars. R 273 Times.

Three or four rooms, kitchenette and bath, in elevator apartment house; not over $100. W 396 Times.

Gentleman desires room with bath; 84th-92d West. Address S 2, 2,387 Broadway.

4-6 room apartment, furnished on lease; responsible party. Phone Columbus 1277.

Unfurnished.

Wanted.—4 or 5 room apartment on west side above 145th St.; must be modern and up to date in every respect. Telephone Columbus 7890. Address 1871 Broadway.

Modern three rooms, kitchenette, for March 1; three responsible adults; sublet or lease; not over $80. K 237 Times.

Wanted.—Small unfurnished apartment in lower west side of New York. N P 512 Times, Brooklyn.

Two, three room housekeeping apartment; Murray Hill preferred. Box 127, 852 Columbus Av.

Young couple desire 3-4 room housekeeping apartment, below 110th St.; $40-$50. Box 127, 852 Columbus Av.

Wanted, unfurnished modern 4-room apartment, near west side "L." Riverside 7374.

Six Rooms.—72d to 116th St., west side; state terms. S 67 Times.

Couple desires 4-5 rooms; modern; $45. Lenox 4895, 11-12.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

THE HOTEL BELMORE,
northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av. (two blocks subway station); special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Square 501.

West Side.

50TH, 54 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished rooms, connecting; parquet floors; electric light; telephone; bath; near subway and elevated; $100 per month. Mme. Rosalia.

59TH, 220 WEST.—Medium-sized, sunny room, lavatory, closets, electricity; $10; charming private apartment.

68TH, 61 WEST.—Front room with running water, adjoining bath; phone.

69TH, 145 WEST.—One or three beautifully furnished rooms; private family. Lilly.

70S.—Newly furnished, beautiful, large room, twin beds; references. K 230 Times.

71ST, 62 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, ONE FLIGHT; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; PRIVATE BATH; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

72D, 152 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, with private bath; completely renovated house; electricity and other up-to-date improvements.

72D, 120 WEST.—Elegant furnished parlor, suitable musical studio, electricity, telephone, bath, &c.

72D, 336 WEST.—Large room, facing Hudson, private bath; also small room.

72D, 22 WEST.—Very desirable large front basement, running water, electricity; quiet.

73D, 155 WEST.—Large room, alcove, adjoining bath; gentleman, $12; hall room, $8.

73D, 136 WEST.—Single room; electricity; gentlemen only; references. Tel. Col. 7135.

74TH, 303 WEST.—Fine double room; southern exposure; continuous hot water; steam heat; also single room.

74TH, 153 WEST.—Desirable room, with kitchenette privilege.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Comfortably furnished parlor.

76TH, 174 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; electricity; $12 weekly.

80TH ST., WEST.—Large room with dressing room, hot, cold running water, steam heat, electric light, new bathtub, lavatory, parquet floor; private house, private family; gentleman; $65. Z 304 Times Annex.

80TH, 159 WEST.—Outside sunny room, lavatory, adjoining bath; private family; reference. Klokow.

83D, 325 WEST.—Comfortable room next bath; private family. Schuyler 4770.

85TH, 327 WEST.—Well and newly furnished room in quiet home; reference essential. Mayo.

85TH, 212 WEST.—Front connecting rooms, adjoining bath; comfortable; quiet. Phone MacGregor.

86TH, 17 WEST.—Large room, exclusive private residence, electricity; business gentleman; only $30 monthly; references required.

94TH, 250 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, light, singly or connecting; elevator; references. 3d floor West.

96TH, 160 WEST.—Attractive, homelike front room, bath adjoining; private apartment. Burke.

106TH, 229 WEST.—Unusually attractive outside room; call mornings or evenings. Morton.

107TH, 312 WEST.—Riverside Drive, elegant, spacious room, southern exposure; every improvement; high class residence.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Attractive single room; elevator apartment; gentlemen. Apt. 41.

120TH, 78 WEST.—Large, light, airy room, suitable for 1 or 2; all conveniences. Inquire.

145TH, (3,544 Broadway.)—Large outside, sunny room; all conveniences; gentleman preferred. Mayer.

188TH, 520 WEST.—Four elegant large rooms and foyer. Inquire Superintendent.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 471.
Handsomely furnished rooms, single, connecting, telephone, electricity. Ross.

LARGE room; select location; small family; near subway. Ellis. Phone 211 Morning.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 131.—Nicely furnished room, adjoining bath; private modern apartment; no other roomers; meals optional. Schuyler 1089.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 64, 78th St.—Two beautifully furnished rooms, bath; select house.

WEST END AV., 826.—Exclusive, bachelor accommodations; with, without bath; references; breakfast.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Gentleman would like attractive room, with or near bath, private house; no apartment considered; location 72d-96th, West; state full particulars. K 260 Times.

Japanese gentleman desires cozy sunny furnished room, above 80th St., west side; private bath preferred. Apply by letter, Room 708, 277 Broadway.

Wanted.—Furnished sitting room, bedroom, and bath, by a bachelor, in pleasant locality not above Gramercy Park. Address "H. J." P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station.

Japanese gentleman wishes quiet, light room, between West 100th-122d; private family preferable. R 319 Times.

Refined young man wants furnished room, private family; permanent; state price. G 703 Times Downtown.

Young lady, (musical student,) 30th and 50th; privilege practicing 3 hours evenings; owns piano; best reference. K 262 Times.

Room in high-class house by young Christian lady, Government employe; below 72d, west, or in Brooklyn; give rates, location, phone. K 162 Times.

Furnished room, with kitchen privileges, wanted by business couple; state price. Box T. O., 104 East 14th St.

Christian gentleman desires small furnished room; American family; $15 monthly. R 286 Times.

Room, private bath, by March 1; young couple; Canadians; below 96th West. K 194 Times.

Unfurnished.

Unfurnished sitting room and bedroom, with or without bath. Schleiff, Circle 500.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

89TH, (1,345 Lexington Av.)—Pleasant large room; excellent table; references; moderate. Lenox 3286.

MADISON AV., 191-193.—Large front room, with private bath; excellent table.

West Side.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Suite two rooms, southern exposure, private bath; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive small rooms near bath; excellent table service; references.

73D, 302 WEST.—Large, double room, private bath, one flight up, one small room; exclusive location, near subway.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 29 WEST.—Large and small room; steam heat, electricity; excellent table; references.

86TH, 114 WEST.—Small comfortable sunny room; running water.

92D, 48 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private bath; superior home table; references.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious, private residence, three spacious rooms, bath, single room; exceptional table; modern.

108TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms for two or more, with or without private bath; hotel improvements; cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, corner 104th St.—Most gorgeous house in the city; hotel service, elevator, phone every room, suites or single rooms with bath; refined Hebrew social surroundings; sumptuous table.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549. (Payne.)—Attractive comfortable room, lavatory; excellent board, $12-$14.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Business woman desires room and board, private family, vicinity of Columbia University. B 485 Times Downtown.

Father desires board for himself and child of 6 in strictly private family where there are no other children but where one is wanted and would be loved; commuting distance New York or possibly city. G 704 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Richmond.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlor; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165 White Plains.

ROCKLEDGE MANOR FAMILY HOTEL,
124 Bruce Av. Tel. 3344 Yonkers.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balance; control accounts; knowledge of stenography and office routine; 5 years' experience with real estate and publishing firms; salary, $25. S 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—High school graduate; complete knowledge double entry system; capable stenographer; 4 years' experience; $18. L 674 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, young lady, (22,) college graduate, accurate, thoroughly experienced, double entry, looking for good permanent connection. K 263 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, thoroughly experienced in general office work; typist; Spanish. Address, Box 323, Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, 9 years' experience; full charge; accountancy training; desires connection with large organization or with C. P. A. R 311 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years experience; capable of taking full charge; $25. B 474 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, stenographer; high school graduate; one year's experience; $13. B 483 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, experienced; capable of taking charge of small office; A1 reference; $25. R 292 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—College graduate; experienced; good conversationalist; charge of office; $20. L 680 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Refined, capable young woman desires to drive for private family; licensed; experienced; first class recommendation. R 320 Times.

CLERK.—High school graduate desires position with reliable firm. L 688 Times Downtown.

COMPANION AND SECRETARY to refined lady by American Christian widow, lately bereaved; a good musician and commands English, Spanish, and French languages; traveling not objectionable; highest references. A. D. L., Apart. 153, Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, N. Y.

COMPLAINT ADJUSTER.—Beginner; a few months' experience; highest references. K 797 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT AND STENOGRAPHER.—French-Italian-English; very capable; best references; recently released from Government work; salary moderate. Miss M. R., 628 West 140th St.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT.
Young woman, fiction writer and journalist, college graduate, typist, not stenographer, critic of drama and fiction, desires position on magazine or newspaper where brains and executive ability will be appreciated. Lynn, 256 West 73d.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general. Richmond, 129 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE, practical, wishes situation as companion or attendant to elderly or invalid lady; refined American woman, with references. Phone Morningside 5271. Mrs. N., 523 West 121st.

NURSE.—Neat young girl wishes position as nurse for one child. Call, between 9-12, 64 West 85th St.

SECRETARY, stenographer, seven years' mercantile experience; possesses initiative and executive ability; not afraid of responsibility; A1 references. M., 112 Riverside Drive.

SECRETARY, confidential, college education, used to filling positions initiative, tact essential; desires change from busy office to small refined one; nominal salary. K 245 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' experience; business initiative; executive ability; not afraid of responsibility; highest references; $25. Columbus 9400.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; 7 years' thorough business experience; accustomed confidential work; salary $30. Phone Rector 3911. C. L.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

SECRETARY.—Educated woman, traveled; stenographer and touch typist; experience in arranging manuscript; $18 per week. Z 371 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, good speed in shorthand and on the typewriter; familiar with card systems and office devices, neat in appearance, hard worker, $10 per week. Miss B., 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Assistant bookkeeper, pay roll; eight years' experience in manufacturing line; excellent reference; salary $23. G 694 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, efficient, and conscientious, experience 4 years, desires connection with reputable concern; salary $20. L 679 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—(18,) experienced, intelligent; office details; rapid, accurate. Seibert, 1,232 Webster Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—2 years' experience; high school graduate; $15. G 707 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; thoroughly competent; references; American; $18. B 492 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Capable handling correspondence; executive ability. Campbell, 57 West St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist, knowledge of bookkeeping; bright beginner; $10 to start. M. R., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 4 years' experience, commercial and legal. G 697 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, legal, commercial, experienced; 3-4 days week; Christian. Tel. Bedford 2206.

STENOGRAPHER, switchboard-dictaphone operator; 3½ years' experience; references. Phone Flatbush 7855.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, educated, general office routine; references. Nelson, care of Johnson, 307 East 77th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate; interview desired; $12; excellent references. G. T., 155 East 43d St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Office assistant; two years' experience; references; American; $15. B 496 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; experienced; $12. B 484 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, stenographer, accurate, willing; 8 years' experience general office work. R 256 Times.

TYPIST and office assistant, 2 years' experience; good character; can also operate switchboard. R. G., 662 DeKalb Av., Bklyn.

TYPIST, OFFICE WORK; EXPERIENCED; HIGHEST REFERENCES. K 798 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST, 24, desires position; experienced billing and order clerk. S 64 Times.

YOUNG LADY of refinement desires position as traveling companion to lady; experience in stenographic work; recommendations supplied. Write Dare, 1,616 3d Av., Huntington, W. Va.

YOUNG LADY, undergraduate nurse, wishes position dental or doctor's office. R 283 Times.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HELP, city, country, references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (28,) university graduate, 8 years' experience; corporation accounting, manufacturing and mercantile lines; employed now, desires change; reference; salary $3,600. L 695 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT STUDENT, (22,) DESIRES POSITION DURING THE DAY; WILLING, STEADY WORKER; CAN OPERATE TYPEWRITER. L 676 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income tax consultation, corporations, partnerships, audits, systems, bookkeeping arrangements. Expert Public Accountant, 4601 Woolworth Building. Barclay 7811.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires work during spare hours, also reliable Spanish, French translations from and into English; correspondence, legal matters; accurate; reasonable. Z 389 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, (37,) EXECUTIVE ABILITY, THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT CONTROL ACCOUNTS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CORRESPONDENCE, CREDITS, &C. K 154 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTING.—Junior, 34, two years' training N. Y. University, no practical experience, wants experience accountant's office. K., 1298 Times Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high grade executive, record of achievement, seeks position, controller or executive large corporation. H 726 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, tax reports, bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly; services not fat fees. Alpert-Barat Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT, cost and production; knows tools, dies, jigs, machinery; 10 years' industrial practice. S 60 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young senior, thoroughly experienced, desires permanent connection. Store, 426 East 81st.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, (22,) experience with C. P. A.; junior at N. Y. University. K 205 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, 24, experienced in a C. P. A. office, desires certified connection; honorable discharge. W 378 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, B. C. S., with certified experience, desires connection. G 695 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Systems installed, monthly audits, tax reports. Robinson, 128 Broadway. Rector 4275.

ACCOUNTANT OR BOOKKEEPER, junior, 25, public accounting experience, Pace student. B 495 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE
by a university graduate; experienced food trade practices, statistician, correspondent. K 176 Times.

AUDITOR wishes position as traveling auditor; senior accountant; age 30. R 282 Times.

BOND SALESMAN, accustomed to high-grade municipal and corporation securities; city or road; salary expected, $1,800. R 313 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, and manager, (23,) desires permanent position; thorough knowledge importing, exporting, trial balances, financial statements, controlling accounts; full charge; best references. K 776 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (22,) college education; earnest and reliable; thoroughly experienced controlling accounts, trial balances, statements; $20. L 685 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 21, high school graduate, double entry, controlling, trial balance, stenographer, typist. London, 568 Ralph Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, young Spaniard, 24, Spanish-English translator, experience, desires position, anything. A. V., 20 Irving Place.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography and typewriting; hard worker; $10 to start. I. C., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, executive, systematizer; exceptional experience, printing, machine costs, overhead; $35. L 700 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21; three years' experience; accountancy student; able correspondent; best references; full charge. Elger, 327 Beekman Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk; 12 years' experience; thoroughly competent; 21. K 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, five years' manufacturing, mercantile experience; efficient worker; Christian; $20. L 694 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, open for evenings and Saturday engagements. G 698 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, four years' experience; trial balance, controlling accounts; $20. W 428 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, four years' experience, full charge; accountancy student; references. R 306 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, credits, 30; best references; bond; $40. Immediate S 84 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, college graduate, employed, seeks opportunity. Phillip, 666 6th Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR.—(38,) married; 18 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Man, 56 West 93d. Riverside 1830-J.

CHAUFFEUR, useful man, wishes position in private family; sober, honest, and careful driver. K. Snominen, 815 42d St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, colored; army car; careful driver; good references. A. Smith, 2,454 Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—6 years' experience; all cars; reference. Allen, 1,684 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.
Eight years' experience; best of references. J. Z., 140 East 83d.

CHEMICAL MAN, graduate, seven years' experience, including chief chemist, plant executive, sales, desires interview; like also to hear from export company. R 321 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, (30,) University graduate, 6 years' experience, desires position. R 275 Times.

CHEMIST.—College graduate, research experience, desires position. Berliner, 196 East 3d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

CIVIL ENGINEER.—Young man, (19,) high school graduate, 1½ years' business experience, desires a position in office or out of doors while attending night class in engineering. L 678 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, 3 years' experience, salary $22, desires position. K 793 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK, purchasing, inventory, accounting and manufacturing experience. S 82 Times.

DESIGNER, (expert,) in lighting fixtures and portable lamps open for engagement; experienced in selling and dealing with architects; interview solicited. L 699 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, electrical, 7 years' designing, checking, inspecting, desires position. G 347 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, designer, all classes of work; eight years' experience. K 253 Times.

EDITORIAL WORK wanted; technical, trade, literary; experienced. R 314 Times.

ENGINEER, graduate, wide experience, speaking Spanish, desires position as consulting engineer with large company; ready to invest in South American enterprises; salary to start, $6,000 and expenses. R 301 Times.

ENGINEER CHIEF, 15 years' experience; take full charge; broad experience, economical, highest reference. B 905 Times Harlem.

EVENING POSITION DESIRED
by college graduate, 24, stenographer and secretary, with several years' experience, club leadership and social work. L 687 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—New York attorney, recently released from army, seeks connection with progressive concern with view of making himself valuable in executive capacity, or as assistant to an executive; has good record; can furnish excellent credentials. R 279 Times.

Executive, 29, college graduate, six years' active legal experience, recently honorably discharged, Captain Infantry, U. S. A., desires position with business concern offering future. K 761 Times Downtown.

EXPORTERS.—Can you use a college graduate, 21, army discharge, technical training; one year's business experience? S 70 Times.

HORSEMAN.—Man with ten years' experience in the care and handling of saddle horses, desires a position; capable of taking full charge of stable; private stable preferable. Z 382 Times Annex.

INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH.—Aged 30, technical; 10 years' experience in designing, developing, and building special automatic machinery, special tool, fixtures and gauges for small work; handled considerable help, common, skilled, technical, and scientific; now open for a position requiring such ability. Must phone 942-R Tottenville before Saturday morning.

INSURANCE PLACER or anything with future; 12 years' experience; references. B 493 Times Downtown.

ITALIAN, FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH translator; good English guaranteed. L 675 Times Downtown.

JIU-JITSU.—Expert Japanese instructor visits pupils to give private lessons. Appointment only. Also jiu-jitsu massage. K 228 Times.

KITCHEN HELP, Japanese, position in club house. C. Sato, 102 West 132d. Morningside 8193.

MANUFACTURER OR INDUSTRIAL CONCERN.
Technical graduate, executive, with 12 years' business experience, desires position; moderate salary with opportunity for advancement. C 896 Times Annex.

MANAGER-STEWARD, long and varied experience hotels, restaurants, resorts, open for engagement, anywhere. S 74 Times.

MAN, 37, executive ability, solicits position, office manager, bookkeeper, salesman. G 573 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, experienced in production control of mass production in instrument factory, desires to locate with manufacturing concern; able to lay out department and produce results. R 323 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist, 19, experienced office worker; high school education. G 696 Times Downtown.

PRINTER.—Practical man with spare time daily after 3:30 P. M., all day Saturdays, desires connection in advisory capacity with advertising or any business using large amount of printing. H 317 Times.

PRINTING.—Young man, (20,) five years' office experience, executive ability, seeks connection where intelligence is appreciated. G 693 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, traveling the States of Delaware and Maryland, would like to carry good reliable line of overalls as a side line; commission only. Address Harry Kircher, 6,300 Wheeler St., Philadelphia, Penn.

SALESMAN visiting over 300 personally acquainted Southern textile mills wishes to represent reliable concern, selling or buying supplies, equipment, &c.; no attention after Feb. 15. C 882 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, 12 years' experience, six years as assistant sales manager, desires connection with a professional house. R 296 Times.

SALESMAN looking for good selling line for Middle West; six years' experience; just returned from France wounded. K 259 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced handling mill and factory supplies, desires new connections. R 318 Times.

SALESMAN, 29; commission or cash basis; retail or wholesale, anything. S 77 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.
Young man, 26, 12 years' stenographic-secretarial and general office experience, would like permanent position as secretary or assistant to an executive; qualified to take entire charge routine of office, handle correspondence, &c.; references. L 673 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY and general assistant; I am 23 years of age, just returned from France; have had two years at Cornell and a good business school training; two years' business experience before enlisting; now anxious to get settled in business; can you use my services? Address Secretary, 149 Times Square.

SECRETARY, OFFICE EXECUTIVE.—Eleven years' experience; excellent references; honorably discharged. K 97 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian young man, (18,) educated, experienced, competent, desires responsible position. Write Box 19, 1,515 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, high school graduate, competent; five years' experience; references. L 686 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, some knowledge Spanish, desires position; fourteen years' experience; rapid. K 794 Times Downtown.

TRAVELING SALESMAN.—Young man, (23,) acquainted with South American trade, wants position as traveling salesman; thorough knowledge of Spanish and French; college education; A1 references. K 244 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER desires position; salary, $6,000 per annum. Box 324 Times, 2 Rector St.

TUTOR.—Aviation officer, just back from France, would like position as tutor or companion to small boy; college man of refinement; adept in all outdoor sports. Address R 258 Times.

WRITER.—AN EXPERIENCED JOURNALIST AND MAGAZINE WRITER WITH EXECUTIVE ABILITY DESIRES POSITION; HAS WORKED BOTH IN NEW YORK AND LONDON; HIGHEST REFERENCES. K 781 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 25 to 35, experienced in order and billing department in large and growing manufacturing firm; must be very rapid and accurate in pricing, extensions and discounts, and good correspondent and claim adjuster; tact and good judgment required; if you can qualify, write, giving age, nationality, education, religion, experience, firms worked for, explaining work in detail with each firm and length of service or no attention will be given to your application; state salary expected and if at present employed. B 247 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, married, possessing executive ability, seeks responsible position; capable assuming entire charge small office; fast, accurate figurer; bookkeeper, cashier, correspondent, typist, payroll man; references. K 251 Times.

YOUNG MAN, graduate Cornell '17, (agriculture,) clean, capable, energetic, ex-navy, desires connection in scientific or allied commercial line that offers bright future; varied experience and absolutely clean record. S 61 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, ambitious, neat appearance, good education, experienced bookkeeper, typist, and office assistant, desires a position with advancement; unquestionable references. S 76 Times.

YOUNG MAN of education, 27 years, desires to connect himself with reliable commercial firm; opportunity for advancement; discharged from navy; can fill a position of trust; references. C 894 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ex-Lieutenant, seeks connection progressive concern, any capacity, salesmanship ability, live wire, competent. K 249 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, thorough knowledge bookkeeping, selling ability, three years' experience, desires good connection. R 304 Times.

YOUNG MAN, good education, three years' business experience, desires position which affords good opportunity of advancement; accurate and neat in work. R 315 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position in reference to accounting; high school graduate; also a student in accounting. W 427 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, married, employed nights, desires 4 hours' work afternoons where there is opportunity for advancement. L 692 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, educated, business experience, correspondent, salesman, office assistant, wishes connection with good firm; Christian. R 310 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, machinist and drafting experience, desires steady position. R 316 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, college graduate, army discharge, desires position with a factory; one year's business experience. S 69 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, 24, honorably discharged, aggressive, seven years' business experience, desires position; excellent reference. K 796 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge of construction, stenography and general office work, open for position. Harry V. Blake, Valhalla, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) desires opportunity; thorough office experience; bookkeeping student. B 908 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) excellent character, desires connection with reliable firm; 5 years' stock and clerical experience. B 909 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, excellent reference, wants to work at anything; $20 per week. K 200 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ADDRESSOGRAPH AND GRAPHOTYPE OPERATORS.—HIGH-CLASS, EXPERIENCED GIRLS; GOOD PAY. CALL ELLIOTT SERVICE CO., 141 WEST 36TH.

ADDRESSERS for invitations; must be good penmen; $3 per thousand. Apply Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT
of
LARGE PUBLICATION
Desires the services of a
WOMAN
in
MAKE UP DEPARTMENT.

One capable of handling cuts, copy to printer, entering contracts, &c.

POSITION PERMANENT.
State salary and experience; only those with experience need apply; replies absolutely confidential.

ADDRESS "OPPORTUNITY," 136 TIMES.

BILL CLERK on Elliott-Fisher machine. Apply by letter stating experience and salary expected, Dutton, 681 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced in real estate work, wanted by large New York City real estate office; permanent position and excellent opportunity for capable person; please state your experience and salary desired. Answer Banking, B 251 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and typist; must understand bookkeeping and have several years' experience; $15 start; state references, &c. A. K., 115 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—One thoroughly acquainted with dress manufacturing, double entry; good opportunity; salary start, $20; references. Write A. L., 802 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; steady position; good salary. Louis Noschkes, 37 West 28th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thorough double entry; real estate experience preferred. Mulvihill & Flores, Inc., 149 East 121st.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST to take full charge of books, collections, and credits. Address Books, 302 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST-CORRESPONDENT. Energetic, thoroughly experienced; take charge of office. Kibel, 28 West 38th St.

CLERKS, between the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation. Experience unnecessary; hours 9 to 5, half-day Saturday throughout the year; vacations with pay; salary $10 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher paid positions. Write, stating age, education, experience, if any, &c. H 796 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Large corporation requires a clerk who can use a typewriter and is fluent in Spanish and French; must be capable of handling correspondence and general office business in those languages; good wages to the right party. B 262 Times.

CLERK.—Small private dressmaking house requires neat, intelligent girl to act as receiving and shipping clerk; must be good penman and accurate at figures; salary to begin, $15; state age, religion, and past experience. K 226 Times.

COMPLAINT CORRESPONDENT CLERK. In subscription department of a large publishing house; should be familiar with subscription work; good hours; ½ day Saturday; fine working conditions; salary to start, $15. B 268 Times.

COMPANION-HOUSEKEEPER.—Intelligent, middle-aged person, who understands the care of a home and to act as companion; two adults in family; state experience and salary expected. S 79 Times.

COMPLAINT ADJUSTERS.—Experienced in magazine or mail-order work; good hours, pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

COOK, first-class, for general cooking in lunch club; 8:30 to 5; $3 day; no Saturday or Sunday work. Apply after 3 today or between 9 and 12 Saturday morning, 84 Nassau St., Room 820.

COOK.—For small family; no laundry; good wages. Apply 753 Madison Av.

DEMONSTRATORS.

SEVERAL GOOD DEMONSTRATORS FOR WORK IN LOCAL GROCERY STORES; MUST BE GOOD CAKE BAKERS. STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY. A 520 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, experienced, in office of large publishing house; steady position; hours 8:45-5. Vogue, Hoffman, 14th floor, 19 West 44th St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR and stenographer; one familiar with publication office preferred; state salary, experience, and telephone number. G 710 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR with at least one year's experience; must have good education. Call Room 212, 366 Broadway.

DRESSMAKER WANTED
to take charge of dressmaking department in high-class department store in Western city of 250,000 population; state experience, salary wanted, and give references. Address Box R 322 Times.

FILE CLERK and switchboard operator, permanent position. Clerk, 232 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wanted, sleep in or out, doctor's office on ground floor. 180 East 34th St.

GIRL, neat appearing, as office messenger, large publishing house; must be bright and active; apply with references. Vogue, 19 West 44th St., Mr. Ostendorff, 14th floor.

GIRLS past 16 for errands and light office work in magazine house; $9 start; good place to begin; pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

GIRL wanted for advertising department of publishing house; permanent position; advancement; $8 to start. K 206 Times.

GIRL.—General office assistant, young girl; good position for ambitious worker. Call after 9, Jaques & Co., 116 East 41st St.

GIRL IN OFFICE; LIGHT BOOKKEEPING. ADELMAN, 38 WEST 33D.

GOVERNESS, woman of refinement and experience, to care for three children, 1, 4, and 6 years of age; must furnish first-class references. Write or call at 55 Van Ness Place, Newark, N. J., twenty minutes from New York on Hudson Tubes.

GOVERNESS.—Party in Boston suburbs wants French governess; two children, aged 4 and 2; references required. L 649 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, not over 40, for adults and year-old baby; take entire charge; good home, high wages. Telephone Richmond Hill 4329.

HOUSEWORKER.—Must be experienced; first-class references; 3 in family. Apartment 6A, 780 Riverside Drive, (155th St.) Phone Audubon 7100.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Working; good home and good wages. H. E. L., 34 Gramercy Park, N. Y. C., or telephone Gramercy 2564.

HOUSEWORKER.—First-class maid, family 3; good wages. Telephone Riverside 8387. 645 West End Av., Apt. 11-A, (92d St.)

LADY, refined, to play piano in girls' home, near city, in return board, room, laundry. Stevens, 45 West 48th.

MAGAZINE PUBLISHER
requires
the services of
YOUNG WOMAN,

capable and experienced in figuring paper required for publications, paper reports from printer, Federal trade reports, keeping paper stock book, &c.; position permanent, opportunity exceptional; state experience and salary; replies confidential.

Address "Chief," 311 Times.

MAID.—Smart, competent, (white,) for plain cooking, light housework for family of two; good wages; must have references. Apply personally, Pearce, 15 West 55th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MILLINERS.

GOOD SALARIES TO EXPERIENCED, CAPABLE MILLINERS.

BEST & CO., 7 West 35th St., 8:30 to 10 A. M.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
CALL ALL WEEK.
CASSIDY & DORFMAN,
45 WEST 25TH ST.

MODEL, junior, and telephone operator; permanent position; open Sunday, closed Saturday. Reisman Rothman Bieber, 1,372 Broadway.

MODELS wanted; sizes 16-36; long season; coat and suit house. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Energetic young woman in home where work will be made pleasant. Phone, before 11, Forest Hills 6473.

NURSE, young, English, for boy 3 years of age, one capable of taking entire charge; wages $40. Call 1,378 President St., Brooklyn.

NURSE wanted for small children, suburbs, near trolley; good wages and home. Phone Mad. Square 1162. Write R. C. Holliss, 251 5th Av., city.

NURSE.—Girl as child's nurse; light chamber work; three in family; country; reference required. Call 205 West 89th St., Apt. 9G, between 10:30 and 4.

NURSE.—Baby 7 months old; must come well recommended; good salary to right party. Apartment 6A, 780 Riverside Drive, (155th St.) Phone Audubon 7100.

NURSE, graduate, needed for regular ward duty. Tarrytown Hospital, Tarrytown, N. Y.

NURSE.—Infant's, colored; thoroughly experienced; references required. Apply 3-5, Mrs. C. I. Lambert, 106 Morningside Drive.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Experienced; capable of operating Monitor Board and filing in up-to-date manner; knowledge of stenography and typewriting would be advantageous; full particulars, including salary expected. A. E. F., 185 Times.

OFFICE WORKER.—Woman for general office work; one having knowledge of typewriting preferred. Address in own handwriting, Manager Lee Bros. Storage and Van Co., 210 East 125th St.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
WEST 34TH STREET,
REQUIRE EXPERIENCED
TYPISTS
FOR LIST WORK.
PERMANENT POSITIONS
AT GOOD SALARIES.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.

SALESLADY.—Experienced candy, for high-class shop; thoroughly trained in the handling of home-made candies and bonbons; permanent position, highest salary, advancement; only those of highest qualifications need apply. R 317 Times.

SALESLADIES,
experienced in corsets, hosiery, underwear, and infants' wear; only competent help need apply. I. Berger, 2 Clinton St. and 120 West 125th St.

SAMPLE GIRL.—One thoroughly experienced in mounting samples, and taking care of price books. Apply North American Lace Co., 105 5th Av.

SECRETARY and bookkeeper, well educated, for highest dental office; assist generally. State qualifications, references, and salary expected. Z 319 Times Annex.

SOLICITORS.—Magazine and book subscription solicitors; tactful, neat appearing, business-like young women; commission basis; can earn $15-$35 weekly; experience desirable but not essential; must be willing to learn and follow instructions. Apply Physical Culture Pub Co., 119 West 40th, Mr. Yurman.

SPANISH AND ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER; MUST BE EXPERT TRANSLATOR AND SPEAKER; ONE OF SPANISH BIRTH PREFERRED. PAUL WENGER CO., 56 LIBERTY ST.

STENCIL FILERS,
experienced in pin point filing; $12; advancement; good hours, pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, ACCURATE IN TRANSCRIBING NOTES; MUST POSSESS APTITUDE FOR BROOKLYN FACTORY. CALL FRIDAY, BETWEEN 9-11, S. STERNAU & CO., 417 5TH AV., NEW YORK.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Experienced in publishing line; capable of taking dictation to machine; must be reliable, efficient, of pleasing personality, neat in work, and competent to handle anything in the way of varied dictation; salary $18 to $20; rapid advancement assured. R 324 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST in Long Island City office; one who can take dictation correctly and transcribe accurately; permanent position; when answering give age, references, previous employment, and salary desired Address S., Box 48, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady who is familiar with fire and casualty insurance; must be rapid, accurate, and well educated, capable handling details in an insurance brokerage office; state experience, age, &c.; salary $20 to $22; excellent opportunity for the right person. Z 333 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent and attractive position with leading magazine, accuracy, intelligence necessary; experience in advertising make-up department essential. Write full particulars, stating experience and salary. "Brains," 138 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
Bright, industrious girl wanted as assistant stenographer in prominent real estate office; consider capable beginner. Apply by mail only, stating salary expected. Room 630, 30 East 42d St

STENOGRAPHER, a beginner, or one with limited experience who writes good hand and will assist in office work. K. & O. Co., Butler St., between 4th and 5th Avs., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — High school graduate; must be accurate and rapid. State fully qualifications, age, experience, religion, salary, phone number. A 521 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED.
ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS SWITCHBOARD PREFERRED; GOOD AND STEADY POSITION TO CAPABLE PARTY.
J. & W. GOETZ, 10 EAST 32D.

STENOGRAPHER, 18-22 years, as general office assistant; $22 start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply by letter only, stating experience, to Mr. Reed, 264 Spring St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, rapid, competent, with manufacturing concern; permanent position; must be ready to begin at once. Harris Suspender, 694 Broadway. Entrance on 4th St.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly capable taking English dictation and translating into French; Spanish an asset. State experience and salary. Reply in English and French, Box 322 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, elderly, must have general office experience; permanent. Jacobs Brothers, 223 Wallabout St., near Marcy Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; one with some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; address in own handwriting, salary, &c., Auto Accessories House, M. M., 240 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 3 to 5 years' experience; best reference. Phone Sparrow & Smith, Mad. Sq. 955, for interview.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Young girl; no objection to beginner; must be intelligent and willing; state experience and salary desired. A 524 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; in answering give details of experience, reference, and salary desired. P. C., 140 Times Uptown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, Underwood; experienced, accurate quick; permanent; $15. B 488 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.
Bright, educated, enthusiastic, ambitious. 203 Broadway, (at Fulton St.,) Suite 910.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER; experienced wholesale clothing preferred; state salary. Address S. S., 802 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, wanted for export office; state age, references, and salary. Phone John 2380.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for hotel private office. Apply Hotel Employment Dept., 405 Lexington Av., Room 215.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by Christian firm; neat, experienced; salary $13-$14. The Hazard Lead Works, 809 Broadway.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.

THE LERNER WAIST CO.

offers good opportunity to young lady with more than average ability; one who can operate busy board, with 30 extensions; must be competent, courteous, and pleasant, and have at least several years' experience; permanent position and good salary. Call 15 West 36th.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced, in large publishing house; splendid opportunity. Broadway Music Corp., 145 West 45th St.

TEACHER Isaac Pitman's shorthand; would consider beginner with possibilities. Merchant & Bankers' Business School, 37 East 58th St.

TEACHER for Isaac Pitman shorthand; day and evening work. Apply Kimball School, 116 West 14th St.

TYPIST, FIRST CLASS, FINE APPEARANCE, CAPABLE OF INTERVIEWING FASHIONABLE CLIENTELE AS WELL; GOOD SALARY. APPLY AFTER 10 O'CLOCK, ROOM 400, 489 5TH AV.

TYPIST.—WELL EDUCATED, AMBITIOUS AMERICAN, FOR POSITION OF RESPONSIBILITY, WITH ADVERTISING COMPANY. CALL ELLIOTT SERVICE CO., 141 WEST 36TH ST.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

TYPIST wanted, in Brooklyn office who can transcribe from dictaphone or Edison dictograph; salary to start $16. Answer in own handwriting. S. S., Box 67 N. Y. Times Brooklyn.

TYPIST wanted, familiar with U. S. Post Office addresses and Postal Guide; must be efficient; address giving experience and salary expected. Z 355 Times Annex.

TYPIST for filling in, addressing, and copying; opportunity to learn dictaphone operating; permanent position; $10 to start. K 207 Times.

TYPIST, neat, rapid, with at least two years' experience. State salary, age, and experience. A 519 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, piece work; experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply, 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

WAITRESS - CHAMBERMAID. — Private house; careful, reliable girl. Apply bet. 11-1. 125 East 60th St.

WOMEN, MIDDLE AGED,
FOR DUSTING.
MUST BE STRONG AND ACTIVE.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

WOMAN to take care of physician's office, knowledge of typewriting preferred. Apply 232 East 15th St., at 2 P. M.

WOMAN, to assist with baking and salads in cafeteria and tea room; short hours. 18 West 43d St.

YOUNG WOMAN to work in dispensary three afternoons a week. Apply at once, New York Orthopaedic Hospital, 420 East 59th St.

YOUNG LADY wanted in clerical capacity in large mercantile firm; permanent position. Address, stating salary and full particulars, L 690 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY to compile private cable code for large exporter of automobiles. State experience and salary desired. B 252 Times.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

WOULD YOU LIKE TO EARN $12 TO $30 A WEEK?

Then enroll at once for our inexpensive four-week course of practical training in filing and indexing. We secure positions for girls who complete the course. Employers want them because our training is the same as actual business practice. You can take the course without interfering with other work. New afternoon and evening classes start Monday, Feb. 17. Apply at once—write, phone, or call. It is your opportunity for a splendid position with big concerns. Phone Franklin 2261.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin Street, Near Broadway.

OVER THREE THOUSAND GIRLS AND WOMEN
have been placed by us in positions paying FROM $12 TO $35 PER WEEK.
Specialize in a profession that has been established and made profitable by our chain of schools, the only ones of their kind. Inspection of the equipment, alone, will repay you for a visit. If you expect to enter business or to increase your earning capacity our assistance will be invaluable to you. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building.
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SPECIAL ENGLISH LECTURE.—Hear Horatio N. Drury's helpful and stimulating talk on "The Business Value of Good English," to be given at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., on Thursday, Feb. 20, at 8 P. M. Class is now forming. Write or telephone, (Cortlandt 1465,) for booklet, "Your English," and for complimentary ticket of admission to Mr. Drury's lecture. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.—"How to Conquer the Fear of Making a Speech," a practical talk to be given at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., on Thursday, Feb. 20, at 8 P. M., which will interest women who need to address others clearly and convincingly. Write or telephone, (Cortlandt 1465,) for booklet, "Talking to Others," and for complimentary ticket to the lecture. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. Proper training is discussed in our free booklet "Opportunities for Women." Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for complimentary copy of this booklet and for details of training classes now forming.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

AN IMMEDIATE OUTDOOR JOB, at $25 to $60 per week for trained tractor mechanics; 300 men wanted by April 1; a live profession with a wonderful future. We can train you in five weeks for these jobs. For full particulars write, call, or phone today. East Side Branch Y. M. C. A., 157 East 86th St., New York. Phone Lenox 6051.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY
as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet.
CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y.,
1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6955.

TEACHER is open to give private lessons in Latin, English, mathematics, history and elementary subjects; evenings. R 297 Times.

SPANISH.—Young lady, teach Spanish and French. 400 West 150th St., Apart. 42.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street.

ESTABLISHED 1909.

ASSISTANT CASHIER and pay roll clerk; must be experienced on pay rolls; quick, accurate at figures; $1,300 yr.

CORRESPONDENT. — Experienced on listed and unlisted stocks; will consider no one who has not thorough Wall Street experience; $1,800-$2,000 yr.

STENOGRAPHER.—Downtown banking house; must be rapid operator and willing to work in general stenographic department; $1,300 yr.

BOOKKEEPER.—Take charge D. E. books; must be thoroughly experienced; $1,300 yr.

STENOGRAPHER.—Downtown export brokerage house; $1,040 yr.

We have several other positions listed on our books for stenographers and typists that must be filled immediately; salaries range from $600 to $1,300 yearly; some of these are for high-grade beginners.

Call 9 to 1,
Room 725.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Stenographers, law, $14-$20, export, requiring "sense, education, efficiency," $25; stenographer-dictaphone, $75, several uptown, good salaries, juniors; bookkeeper stenographer, chemical, $20, export $25; typist-switchboard, $12; biller, $14, another $16; bookkeeper, combining switchboard, genuine vacancies, splendid firms.

Brown Employment Exchange, 99 Nassau. Free Registration	Secretary, Stenographer	$25-$30
	Typist	$18
	Comptometer Operator	$20
	Legal Stenographer	$25
	Statistician	$25
	Stenographers	$15-$20
	Assistant Bookkeper	$15-$18

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 154 NASSAU STREET, MISS GRIFFIN.
Stenographer, very desirable downtown engineering office, $25; others semi-secretarial, $20; typists, $15-$22; assistant bookkeepers, $18-$20.

STENOGRAPHER, Dutch, excellent salary; other stenographers for Christian firms, $15-$25; typists, $10-$15; free registration. Brody Agency, 239 Broadway, (Entrance 1 Park Place.)

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY,
93 Nassau St. 489 5th Av.
Stenographers, (Christian firms,) $15-$20.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT wanted by a firm manufacturing steel and a locomotive specialty; do not apply unless you have recently had experience in keeping cost accounts for a firm engaged in similar line; salary commensurate with your ability. B 254 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, JUNIOR, WANTED BY FIRM OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; MUST BE EXPERT COMPTOMETER OPERATOR; GOOD SALARY AND EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT TO RIGHT PARTY. ADDRESS, STATING FULL PARTICULARS, B 258 TIMES.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors, New York University men, with at least two or three years' accounting experience, are needed for Government work at Washington. See Mr. Duggan at the Efficiency Bureau.

AD WRITERS, 2, one experienced copy man, and one to learn the business. If you can write high-grade technical copy about machinery, steel, iron and allied products, or if your past experience is such that you feel you can quickly learn, reply, stating age, salary to start and your past experience, B. F., 337 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS. — Permanent position; liberal commission; leads furnished; experienced men of good reputation wanted. Apply at once, Mr. Haughton, 1,605 Candler Building, 220 West 42d St.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, experienced, for magazine classified; liberal commission; permanent. Apply at once, Mr. Haughton, 1,605 Candler Building, 220 West 42d St.

ADDRESSERS for invitations; must be good penmen; $3 per thousand. Apply Boyds, 19 Beekman St.

A1 MEN'S
CLOTHING SALESMEN,
A1 MEN.
ONLY THOSE OF PROVEN ABILITY NEED APPLY; THIS IS A LARGE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT AND OPPORTUNITIES ARE UNUSUAL; SALARY COMMENSURATE WITH ABILITY.
H. BATTERMAN CO.,
BROADWAY AND GRAHAM AV., BKLYN.

AUCTIONEER AND ESTIMATOR; excellent proposition for competent man. Apply Manager, Lee Bros. Storage & Van Co., 210 East 125th.

BENDERS on art glass lamps and domes. Kramer Bros. Lamp Co., 583 Broadway.

BILLING CLERK; must be good penman, quick and accurate at figures, with experience on comptometer, with packing house experience preferred; state experience and salary. B 261 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced in real estate work, wanted by large New York City real estate office; permanent position and excellent opportunity for capable person; please state your experience and salary desired. Answer Banking, B 250 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 18 to 21, experienced, wanted for manufacturing company in Brooklyn; good opportunity for worker. Write, giving age, experience, and salary desired, A 500 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER for export commission house; must have references covering several years; steady position; salary $50 per week. Z 357 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, quick, accurate, fine character, take general interest in business. Egg jobbers, Collins & Barnard, 20 Harrison St.

BOOKKEEPER.—One who is efficient all branches and had commercial experience; state references. J. P., 110 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert ledger clerk; good penman, quick and accurate; state experience fully and salary desired. L 693 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and typist to take full charge of books, collections, and credits. Address, Books, 311 Times.

BOYS

for mail and messenger service; must be 16 years old; good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start. Employment office open 9 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY,
ABOUT 16 YEARS OF AGE, BY A LEADING WHOLESALE HOUSE; MUST BE BRIGHT, WELL-EDUCATED, AMBITIOUS, AND OF GOOD APPEARANCE AND ADDRESS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT LAD. BOX K. R., 104 EAST 14TH.

BOY, (American,) of some initiative, physically strong and mentally alert, conscientious chap of at least 16 years, to break in as office boy in the office of a large real estate concern; fair salary to start. Apply, 8:30, Mr. Mullaly, 12 East 44th St.

BOYS, past 16, for errands and office work; $9 start; work puts boy in touch with heads of departments and various activities; good start for bright boys. McCall, 236 West 37th St.

BOYS, experienced or inexperienced, for radiator work. Perfection Radiator, 794 10th Av.

BOY wanted, downtown insurance broker's office. State age, experience, if any, and salary desired. G 706 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 years old, in office large silk importers; good future for bright boy. B 214 Times.

BOY, bright, neat and energetic, from 16 to 19, for ordinary office work; state salary and experience. B 255 Times.

BOY wanted in real estate office; $8 per week. Apply 30 East 42d St., Room 907.

BOXMAKERS wanted, experienced. Rosenthal & Cohen, 53 Great Jones St., New York City.

BUTLER-VALET, unmarried, who can do plain cooking and take charge of bachelor's apartment; state qualifications, by whom last employed and for what length of time; city references. Z 375 Times Annex.

BUTCHER.—Come ready to work; steady position. M. Buchsbaum, 792 Columbus Av.

CASTERS on white metal for lamps and fixtures. Kramer Bros. Lamp Co., 583 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR
ON PACKARD CAR, $25 PER WEEK. RAYMOND ENGINEERING CORPORATION, 309 LAFAYETTE ST.

CHAUFFEUR for Overland limousine; all year position for right man; references required; state wages. K 777 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST, metallurgical; must be thorough with treatment and analysis of nonferrour metals, in a plant located within 20 miles of New York City. Z 335 Times Annex.

CHIROPODIST wanted; Turkish and Russian baths. Inquire 66-68 Sheriff St., City.

CHOCOLATE.

Fine opening for experienced all-around chocolate man as foreman; up-to-date equipment; best working conditions; salary according to ability. In reply give full particulars regarding former work. Address Chocolate, P. O. Box 229, New York City.

CLERK.—Large corporation requires a clerk who can use a typewriter and is fluent in Spanish and French; must be capable of handling correspondence and general office business in those languages; good wages to the right party. B 263 Times.

COCOA PRESSMAN

experienced at cocoa pressing; up to date equipment; good hours; best working conditions; top wages. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea, 150 Bay St., Jersey City.

CORRESPONDENT.—Freight claim correspondent wanted by leading wholesale grocery house. Z 380 Times Annex.

CUTTER AND DESIGNER, EXPERIENCED ON SILK PETTICOATS, TO TAKE CHARGE OF CUTTING DEPARTMENT. GOOD CHANCE FOR RIGHT MAN. L 671 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DENTIST, assistant or associate, wanted for good high class practice. Call Sunday evening at 5, Dr. Bieber, 151 West 86th St.

ELEVATOR BOYS, $40; steady job. Georgette Court, 315 West 113th, Supt. Scott.

ESTIMATOR.—Steam heating and ventilating concern requires the services of a capable estimator; only man well known among trade will be considered; state experience and salary. K 232 Times.

EXPORT SHIPPING CLERK, assistant; capable of making Spanish invoices; state age, nationality, experience, references and salary desired. Box 321 Times, 2 Rector St.

FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT.—One who is capable of handling a force of men, who has had considerable experience in the sheet metal line, understands patterns, dies, and jigs; must be a hustler, with broad experience. 133 West 23d St., Universal Fixtures.

GARDENER.—Experienced and thoroughly competent gardener to take all charge of flowers and vegetables on gentleman's handsome place in suburbs Philadelphia. Apply Fox, 50 Pine St., New York.

GENERAL REPAIR MAN.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require in their Housefurnishing Department several General Repair Men; must have some knowledge of electrical utilities, such as vacuum cleaners, &c. Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, fourth floor.

GLASS BENDERS on art glass lamp and dome. Kramer Bros. Lamp Co., 583 Broadway.

ICE SKATING INSTRUCTORS

at Brooklyn Ice Palace, Bedford and Atlantic avenues; good salary to competent men. Apply at once.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MAGAZINE PUBLISHER
requires
the services of
YOUNG MAN

capable and experienced in figuring paper required for publications, paper reports from printer, Federal trade reports, keeping paper stock book, &c.; position permanent, opportunity exceptional; state experience and salary; replies confidential.

ADDRESS CHIEF,
311 Times.

MAN wanted for Boston who thoroughly understands brokerage business in grocery products; nationally advertised specialties; will have entire charge of territory and must be fully competent; good salary. Address Manager. K 759 Times Downtown.

MAN, steady, intelligent, handling sheets and plates for publisher; experience desirable but not necessary. Address P. O. Box 57, Grand Central Station, N. Y. C.

MANAGER, experienced, in 5th Av. gown establishment; state experience and salary. H 312 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER.

Large food product manufacturer, establishing new department, wants man capable of acting as office manager; must be thoroughly familiar with all office details, have some experience in selling and advertising, and above all backbone and common sense; give age, experience, reference and salary in first letter. Z 379 Times Annex.

OFFICE MANAGER and Accountant.—Young man with initiative and tact; must have executive ability; high school or college graduate preferred; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. C 889 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY wanted, large importing dry goods house; salary to start $7 to $8. B 256 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Wanted, by Christian firm, bright, neat, active boy for steamship forwarding office. L 662 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted in well known real estate office, downtown; salary to start, $8. Apply Room 902, 84 William St.

PAN MAN WANTED; ONE CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF DEPARTMENT; GIVE AGE; REFERENCE AND WAGES EXPECTED IN FIRST LETTER. PACKAGE CONFECTIONERY COMPANY, P. O. BOX 2252, BOSTON.

PHOTOGRAPHER, experienced man who understands studio lighting thoroughly; good position with large firm. Write, giving full details of experience and salary expected, B 260 Times.

REPAIRMAN on typewriters, calculators, comptometers and Burroughs adding machines wanted for work in South America; three-year contract; transportation paid to and from property; submit full particulars. Z 353 Times Annex.

SALESMEN
And Those Who Believe They Can Sell.
A responsible investment house has a genuine opportunity worth $5,000 to $10,000 commission annually. Following qualifications necessary: good personality, absolute honesty and backbone to do things worth while. We want positive not negative men. Managerial positions to those who make good. We protect our clients against stock swindlers. Address Wall St. Post Office Box 27.

SALESMAN.

Mr. John Baumgarth, President of JOHN BAUMGARTH CO., Chicago, long established manufacturers of exclusive art calendars and advertising specialties, will be at McAlpin Hotel all day Sunday, Feb. 16, to place representative for New York City and vicinity; liberal proposition; commission basis with real co-operation; unusual opportunity for right party.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, several traveling men between the ages of 22 and 35 for our sales department; position permanent; salary and expenses paid; no commission; excellent opportunity to get started in the sales department of a large metal manufacturing establishment. Give full particulars in your letter, stating salary expected, previous experience, if any, and references. Z 373 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, several live-wire salesmen with good following to carry line of skirts in New York State, Middle West, and South; exceptional opportunity for the right men with good recommendation; price no object; salary or commission. Address, giving full particulars, B 209 Times.

SALESMEN.—We have an exceptional opening for 2 or 3 young men with experience in stocks and bonds to sell securities by telephone. We want young men with backbone. Quick advance for those who make good. Salary and commission. Durell, Gregory & Co., 7 Wall St.

SALESMAN.—Junior piano salesman, intelligent and of good address, with reasonable knowledge of music and musical matters and compositions; capable of taking charge of music roll department and demonstrating; one with previous experience preferred. Address, stating age, salary, experience, Salesman, 200 East 23d.

SALESMAN wanted to sell good strong line of dolls; only thoroughly experienced doll salesman with following considered; company just organized; wonderful opportunity for salesman to secure interest in business; salary or commission; confidential. Address G. P., 801 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—To take advertising as side line; prospects in every city; easily handled after business hours; will develop into lucrative permanent connection for right party; no samples; straight commission only; well established; responsible publication. K 257 Times.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced wholesale hosiery and underwear, with personal following, for city, suburbs, Middle West, or all; permanent connection and good salary; splendid opportunity for right man. Stieglitz, 475 Broadway.

SALESMAN, first-class, thoroughly acquainted in drill and reamer line, (high speed and carbon,) to assist in cleaning up excess stock of a national concern; work on commission basis. Write, stating qualifications, Z 233 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted, who is known with the leather goods trade, especially for high-class line ladies' silk bags; city trade and out of town; good opportunity for the right party; commission basis. Write H. R., 104 East 14th.

SALESMEN wanted to sell on commission basis popular-priced fur line on the road for a reputable house; an excellent opportunity for live wire; only hustlers need apply. M. Dinitz & Son, Inc., 151 West 25th St.

SALESMEN and agent wanted to sell our tea, coffee, spices, and extracts to our old customers on established routes on commission and salary; write for our proposition and samples. C. L. Staples & Co., Dept. 19, Clinton, Iowa.

SALESMAN.—Popular-price coat and suit house making very strong line is open for city representative with good following; salary or commission. Call afternoons, 27 East 22d St., Suite 52.

SALESMAN.—Man who could sell seconds, jobs, and mill ends cotton goods to jobbers, manufacturers, and retailers; only those who show results apply; state experience, salary, and commission. L 668 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED,
ONE WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE FLANNEL SHIRT MANUFACTURING TRADE; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. K 656 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Popular-price coat and suit house, making very strong line, is open for city representative with good following; salary or commission. Call afternoons, 27 East 22d St., Suite 52.

SALESMAN wanted for all territories to carry line of silk skirts, selling jobbers and retailers; commission basis. Room 503, 37 East 28th St.

SALESMAN, long established thread manufacturer wants experienced thread salesman; state experience; salary or commission. B 253 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted for Middle West, take as side line popular priced ladies' handbags; those calling on jobbers and retailers; commission. B 259 Times.

SALESMEN.—Established lithographing and printing firm will pay commission or salary to experienced salesmen. A 424 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced with lubricating oil; unusual opportunity; high-class man; salary or commission. Z 378 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted; high-grade salesmen for all territories to sell coats and suits; salary and commission. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

SALESMAN.—Huck towel, crash mill as side line for entire country except New York City; 5% commission. L 691 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced for cloak house to jobber, for city and out of town; salary, commission, or both. Harry Rubin, 40-46 West 25th.

SALESMAN, experienced for cloaks and suits, city and office trade; salary or commission. Waldman, 1,178 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, broom salesman to take full output of medium-sized plant; commission. Z 343 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN on commission and drawing account; experience not essential; electrical. Alfred Tahl, 494 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced, for flannels and work shirts; one with big following; commission basis. L 689 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Experienced paper and twine salesmen; commission basis. B 218 Times.

SHEET METAL
WORKERS.

Want men experienced on general factory sheet metal work; metal boxes of all kinds. All work is from blue prints. These positions are all on commercial work and are permanent to competent men. Applicants must be willing to live in or near Newark, N. J. In answering, give least day rate you are willing to start for where opportunity for more is positive when you have shown your ability. Give nationality, married or single, age, and some general information on your experience. Address for more information Post Office Box 115, Bloomfield, N. J.

SHIPPING CLERK, veiling and netting house. Box 888, 1619 St. James Bldg.

SOCIAL WORKER to organize and direct club in settlement house. B 231 Times.

SOLICITORS.—There is an exceptional opportunity for reliable advertising solicitors on our monthly magazines; we want clean-cut men who will work consistently on a liberal commission basis; leads furnished; commission paid weekly on full contract. Apply at once, Mr. Haughton, 1,605 Candler Building, 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Typewriter and order clerk, experienced in woolen commission line, by an American house; hours 8:30 to 5:30; $30; temporary; no applications considered except from efficient, experienced men. S 54 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; beginner; willing to learn law book business. State salary and age. G 692 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; good penman, rapid and accurate at figures. Bliss, 106 7th Av.

STENOTYPIST, experienced, who can handle work intelligently and take rapid dictation. Call 10th floor, 35 West 39th St.

STOCK SALESMAN; experienced, with clean record, for a 10% preferred stock in banking institution; leads, co-operation and large commission for a man who measures up to our standard; state qualifications and record in first letter, at once. Integrity Finance Co., 1304 Finance Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

STOCK SALESMEN.—We have an exceptional proposition to offer high-grade stock salesmen, leads furnished, dividend paying oil stock, with responsible backing; only high-grade men will be considered; commission basis. Durell-Gregory & Co., 7 Wall St.

STOCK SALESMAN.—Experienced and successful speculative stock salesman can make profitable connection on liberal commission. State full experience in letter for interview. K 735 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT wanted; factory located in the Middle West wishes to secure a competent superintendent, preferably a man familiar with the manufacture of light shelf hardware. Apply Box Z 349 Times Annex.

SUPERVISOR OF BOYS.—Young men of character and education, to assist in taking care of boys. Apply, stating references and salary wanted, to Jewish Orphan Asylum, Cleveland, Ohio.

SYSTEMATIZER.—Patent medicine mail order and wholesale house requires services of man experienced in systematizing the outturn, packing and shipping of medicinal preparations; detailed information about experience; references required, age, and salary. B 246 Times.

TRAVELING SALESMEN wanted, auto accessories, to sell new cylinder tester as side line; easy to get orders; strictly commission basis. Mutual Novelty Mfg. Co., Imperial Hotel Aero Room.

TUNER, ONE WITH PLAYER PIANO EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. APPLY LAUTER PIANO CO., 149 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY.

TYPIST wanted, familiar with U. S. Post Office addresses and Postal Guide; must be efficient. Address, giving experience and salary expected, Z 354 Times Annex.

VARNISH MAKER wanted, experienced, in a small plant in Baltimore; give age, references, salary expected. Address Z 362 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN for general office work and telephone; one having had some practical experience in advertising office and in handling electrotypes and engravings preferred. Address, stating age, experience, and salary, Y. M., 200 East 23d.

YOUNG MAN. — Well-educated, ambitious young man, with some drafting experience; capable of charting, operating and cost records; must be proficient arithmetician and interested in statistics. G 709 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted by public accountant with knowledge of bookkeeping, and intelligent enough to make himself valuable; opportunity for training and advancement; write in own hand stating age, experience, and salary desired. Sienar, B 266 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced bookkeeping, stenography and typewriting; excellent chances; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. A 522 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for foreign department of a large mercantile house; good opportunity. Apply, by letter, stating salary desired, A 499 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19-20, for lucrative position; $15 to start; reference; answer in own handwriting. L 697 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church St.

ESTABLISHED 1909.

CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.

MANAGERS, (4,) 30 to 40 years old, having retail experience, to supervise branch stores in city; prefer one with lunchroom experience; salary $25-$30.

BANK BOOKKEEPER; must have experience on general books; $1,500-$1,800 year.

EXPORT MAN; ambitious, clean-cut, young American, to advance to responsible position with export house; must understand Spanish; salary $1,560 year.

OFFICE MANAGER; must know bookkeeping and credits; wholesale linen house; salary $1,560 year.

SALES LEDGER CLERK; will handle 2,200 active accounts; $1,560 year.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR; prefer young college man who has worked on his college paper; $1,300-$1,500.

BOOKKEEPER; will run purchase ledger, make up control accounts and assist cashier; must have thorough mercantile training; American; $1,560 year.

ASST. ADVERTISING MAN; young man with some advertising experience; $1,300.

Now is the time for boys finishing school to locate with some of the business houses on our list in a junior clerical capacity, where they will have a chance to establish a future. Many openings for general clerks from $12 to $16.

Call 9 to 1.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU. CORT. 3519.
BOOKKEEPER, must understand controlling accounts, $30 to $35; clerks and office boys.

FACTORY superintendent, understanding typewriters and production, $3,000-$7,000; others. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Stenographers, bookkeepers, export, $25; chemicals, $20; several typists.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

ARE YOU MAKING
ALL YOU SHOULD—
all your ability deserves? Discover your weak points and strengthen them. Find your strong points and use them to greater profit. You can learn how to read yourself and others by joining Dr. Merton's class in Character Analysis. Write, or phone Chelsea 4054 for Booklet "C" and full details, Merton Institute, 96 5th Av., at 15th St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

ACCOUNTANCY — TRAINED MEN ARE NEEDED NOW.—Write or telephone for complimentary card of admission to opening lecture on Feb. 25, 8 P. M., and details of evening classes now forming in Pace Standardized Course in Accountancy and Business Administration. New York Institute of Accountancy, 215 West 23d St., New York.

ENGLISH AND SPANISH TAUGHT.
Room 415, 500 5th Av., 42d St.

MOVING PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY
As a Doctor of Chiropractic; day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet B.
CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y.
1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6956.

MEN.—Learn photography; good paying positions in art, commercial, or motion picture studios; experts instruct by actual practice in E. Brunel's 20 modern studios; enroll now. E. Brunel Training School of Photography, 1,269 Broadway, at 32d St.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY.—Join building construction class at Bronx Y. M. H. A., 1,261 Franklin Av., Bronx; course fits you for field and office; register now.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
DANIELS 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD.
1,700 Broadway.

BROUGHAM body, by Holbrook; no reasonable cash offer refused. 1,930 Broadway.

BUICK Sedan Little 6; special paint, upholstery; like new; mechanically perfect; will give any demonstration. R. Koehler, 1,892 Bedford Av., corner St. Mark's, Brooklyn.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK, 1917, little-6 touring, with Winter top. 1,778 Broadway, (57th;) one flight.

CADILLAC 1918 AMESBURY SUBURBAN.
CADILLAC 1918 SPECIAL 7-PASS SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 SPECIAL SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 4-PASS. ROADSTER.
MERCER 1917 SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPORTING FOUR.
STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
ROAMER 1918 TOWN BROUGHAM.
HUPMOBILE 1917 SPECIAL BROUGHAM.
S. G. V. 1915 FLEETWOOD SPORTING—4.
OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 LANDAULET.
MURRAY, 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
ISOTTA FRASCHINI SEDAN, LATEST Imp.
FIAT FLEETWOOD, LATEST Importation.
D. C. BURRELLE,
1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917, model B, limousine, driven only 11,000 miles, almost new mechanically, paint, upholstery, etc.; bought from the Cadillac Company last Summer; a very exceptional bargain. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 1484.

CADILLAC, (1918,) 4-passenger touring.
PIERCE-ARROW, (1918,) landaulet, 38 H.P.
PIERCE-ARROW, (1918,) touring, 48 H. P.
F. TURNER, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC, 1917, 4-passenger touring, sport model; extras, 2 shoes, slip covers; excellent shape. Oberweger, 136 West 52d.

CADILLAC Runabout, late model; runs, looks like new; $650. 1,930 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 late model Victoria coupe. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CHEVROLET, 1918; perfect condition; $650; terms; will trade in for cheap car. Address 490 East 152d St.

COLE "8" 7-passenger touring car; fully equipped; used less than six months; must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

DODGE BROS. Touring, 1918 model, almost new; any demonstration; trades considered, also Liberty bonds accepted. Open evenings. R. Koehler, 1,392 Bedford Av., corner St. Mark's, Brooklyn.

FORD 1919 model; will sacrifice; A1 condition; terms to suit. Box 71, Station G, City.

FORD 1918 touring, excellent condition, $375; private owner. Phone Kemmerer, Williamsburg 4623.

FORD SEDAN 1918; BARGAIN.
Twentieth Century Auto Co., 1,700 Broadway.

FRANKLIN Sedan, 1917, run 7,200 miles.
FRANKLIN Limousine, 1917, looks like new.
FRANKLIN Touring, 1917, wire wheels, excellent.
FRANKLIN Roadster, 1917, very good condition.
FRANKLIN Touring, 1916, overhauled, Goodyear cords.
STEARNS-KNIGHT 1917 4-cylinder Special Sport 4-passenger, run 5,500; refinished.
BUICK Little 6 Touring, good shoes.
CHANDLER 18 4-passenger Chummy Rdster.
STUDEBAKER 18 7-passenger Touring, $625.
FRANKLIN USED CAR DEPT.,
E. G. Kuh, Manager,
225 W. 58th St., 4th floor, just east of B'way.

HARLEY DAVIDSON motor cycle, 1917, with side car; A1 condition; will sacrifice. 490 East 152d St.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON, 1917, four-passenger speedster. Phone 2626 Vanderbilt.

HUPMOBILE 1917 5-passenger Touring, like new; need cash. 1,930 Broadway.

HUDSON Sedan, late model; must dispose of this handsome car. 1,930 Broadway.

KISSEL Car Coupe, 1916; in very good shape. J. J. Barrett, Tel. 2620 White Plains.

LANCIA Cabriolet, special body; lady going away; can be seen at 236 West 59th St.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.
1918 KISSEL Sedan, C. T. Silver model.
1917 STUTZ, 4-Passenger Tour.
1918 CHALMERS, Sedan.
1917 McFARLIN, Touring.
1917 MARMON, Chummy Roadster.
1917 HUDSON, Sedan.
1917 CADILLAC, Touring.
1918 MAXWELL, Touring.
1917 CHALMERS, Sedan.
1917 OLDSMOBILE, 7-Pass. Touring.
1917 CADILLAC, Chummy, 4-Pass.
1918 MAXWELL Sedan; brand new.

LOCOMOBILE
1916 "38" H. P. Landaulet;
NEW CAR GUARANTEE;
Reasonably priced.
Inquire of G. M. Brock,
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA,
61st St., West of Broadway.
Telephone 7750 Columbus.

LOCOMOBILE, 48, series 2; new in Spring; long, low, classy; sportif model; 6 wire wheels; also of wood; all tires excellent; 3 brand-new; going to France in 10 days. Telephone Circle 1526. Owner.

LOCOMOBILE, 48 H. P., six-passenger, torpedo body, Series 2; run less than 10,000 miles. R 230 Times.

MERCER Speedster, 1916, runs like new, no reasonable offer refused. 1,930 Broadway.

MERCER 1918 Sport, 1918 Touring, 1916 Speedster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 Little Six Touring, like new; sell reasonable. 1930 Broadway.

OVERLAND, 1918, model 90, 5 passenger touring car; elegant condition; any demonstration; for sale at $550, which is 50 per cent. off list price. Kendrick, 647 West 50th.

HUDSON 1917 coupe, 3 passenger; excellent; sacrifice $1,275. Phone Owner, 422 Main.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND CO., Broadway and 50th St.

PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood brougham-limousine; practically new; fully equipped and guaranteed; big sacrifice. J. Tymoff, 918 Union St., Brooklyn.

PACKARD Twin Six 7-passenger Touring, like new, many extras; reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger Toy Tonneau, Victoria top, newly painted, $500 if sold at once. 1,930 Broadway.

REO Sedan, 4 cyl., 1919; brand new; equipped with cord tires and 2 new spare cord tires and tubes; owner needs larger car; $2,200. Gilbert, 1,391 Sedgwick Av., Bronx. Tremont 820.

REO 5-passenger Touring, perfect condition; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

SELECT USED CARS.
1918 WHITE 7-PASS. TOURING.
1918 HUDSON 7-PASS. TOURING.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STEARNS KNIGHTS — Overhauled Guaranteed	Closed and Open Models. 4 and 8 cyl.	Prices very reasonable.

STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus—7600.

STEARNS Limousine, 1917, four cylinder, Fleetwood body. Mr. Best, 2626 Vanderbilt.

STUDEBAKER, latest model Sedan, 19 series, "four" cyl., fore-door; used only a few miles for demonstrating purposes; absolutely perfect condition and fully guaranteed as brand new. Studebaker Factory Branch, 1,751 Broadway. See Mr. Christie, second floor.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

SOLDIERS, SAILORS, MARINES SEEKING advice, assistance or employment should call at our office.
AMERICAN SOLDIERS AND SAILORS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION,
1,440 Broadway, cor. 40th Street.

TO THE CREDITORS OF MAJOR MINASSIAN, doing business as the SKROOT SHOP, New York City. All claims must be presented within five days after date at 65 East 59th St.

I WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS contracted by myself only since Nov. 9, 1918. Peter A. Palmer.

WANTED ADDRESS OF ELLA ROLLS READER. Important. Box R 303 Times.

WANTED ADDRESS OF THOMAS H. DANIELS. Important. Box R 300 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

STUTZ, beautiful 1917 Sedan, like new, fully equipped; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917 Speedster; this "classy" car for sale at bargain price. 1,930 Broadway.

WINTON light six limousine, complete equipment; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

1917 FORD sedan, self starter, electric light; excellent condition. Brady Murray Motors Corpn., Broadway at 62d St.

Motor Trucks.

MOTOR TRUCKS.
1½, 2½, 3½, and 5 ton,
ALL STYLE BODIES,
THOROUGHLY REBUILT IN OUR
OWN SHOPS.
90-day guarantee.
Reasonable terms.
GRAMM BERNSTEIN SALES
CORPORATION,
1,457 Broadway, Room 812.
Bryant 5187.

2 RIKER TRUCKS
with Hydraulic Dump Bodies.
Fully GUARANTEED by
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA.
Exchange Car Department,
61st St., West of Broadway.
Telephone 7750 Columbus.

KREBS two-ton truck, 1916 model, fine condition, $1,400. Can be seen between 1-3 P. M. today at 241 East 44th.

FORD-SMITH Forma truck; 2-ton; express body; just overhauled; guaranteed. Mad. Sq. 2857.

D. E. TRUCK, 1 ton; worm drive. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., Broadway and 62d St.

Automobiles for Rent.

BIANCHI.—Beautiful town car for rent by month or week; owner drives; best references. Write C. Cristiani, 110 West 56th. Telephone Circle 1635.

CADILLAC. — Attractive limousine; hour, week, month. Telephone Wedge, 5174 Riverside; very reasonable.

PACKARD Twin Sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 W. 43d. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD Twin Sixes; rates very reasonable. Champion Garage and Auto Co., 171 West 89th St. Riverside 5818.

PIERCE-ARROW, beautiful, for renting hour, day, week, or month. Col. 4596.

Automobiles Wanted.

ATTENTION!
CARS WANTED.
We pay HIGHEST PRICES and SPOT CASH for used Cars in good condition.
Lincoln Sq. Auto Exchange, 1,930 B'way.

BRONX AUTOMOBILE CO.,
440 East 149th St.,
will buy your car or take it in trade for one of theirs. New and used cars of all descriptions for sale.

WANTED, 1918 model 4 or 5 passenger; Chandler preferred; state full particulars, price, mileage, condition tires, &c. Z 344 Times Annex.

LATE model cars; highest cash prices. Auto Warehouse, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

TOURING or runabout; cash waiting. 565 East Fordham Road. Tel. 5412 Fordham.

ROADSTER wanted; must be cheap for cash; any standard make. R 325 Times.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St.	Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1,121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Linotype Machines—Three Model 1 two-letter, each with four magazines and matrices; one single-letter Model 1 machine, with three magazines and matrices; all in good running order, and each equipped with individual motor. Apply Mechanical Superintendent, eighth floor, Times Annex.

For sale, 25,000 acres, 175,000,000 feet of magnificent timber, poplar, oak, hemlock, chestnut, &c.; new mill, logging road with all equipment; going plant. R. B. Chaffin & Co., Inc., Main and 12th Streets, Richmond, Virginia.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK - BALKE - COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Artificial limb willow wood, has been drying 4 years; 400 pieces, 21 inches long, 6 to 9 inches diameter; also feet and knee pieces, and 40 trees standing. Write M. Brayton, 207 John St., Utica, N. Y.

Mimeograph, addressograph, plateholders and cabinets; half cost; good condition. L 682 Times Downtown.

Two elaborate masquerade suits, Maha-rani and Maha-rajah; only worn once. Apply to Louis Plate, 213 West 35th St.

For sale, gas boiler, with equipments, for dyeing feathers; also gas lamps. Pletscher, 187 Mercer St.

Paintings, real bargain; artist going home. Inquire Belgian Bureau, 431 West 47th.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted, electrical machinery; manufacturing concern requires 150 K. W., direct connected motor generator set, 220 volt, 60 cycle A. C. Motor, 110 volt D. C. generator; advise whether switchboard is included. Address Electrical, 810 Broad St., Newark.

Wanted—Specimens of writing of Hammond typewriter, or Hammond catalogues, or a Hammond machine antedating 1893; suitable compensation if accepted. Z 376 Times Annex.

Wanted—Furniture for tea room, chairs, small counter, glass or marble topped tables; reasonable. L 641 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Strong rustic seats and swings for garden; reasonable. L 640 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101, ground fl.

Piano student wants use good grand piano 6 hours daily. R 274 Times.

Wanted, cutting tables. Telephone 442 Chelsea, or call 140 West 22d St., 9th floor.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, three months, $6.
Visible, three months, $7.50 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

Government Sales.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT OWNED SHEARLINGS.
The Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, 19th & B Streets, Washington, D. C., will receive bids on Shearlings which were bought by the Government for the purpose of entering into the manufacture of army equipment such as coat liners, boots, jerkins, saddles, etc. Grades offered are Rock Island selection natural color for saddle linings, Rock Island selection black, Quartermaster selection natural color for saddle linings, Aviation No. 1 clipped and combed, Aviation No. 1 natural color, Aviation No. 1 black, Aviation No. 2 natural color, Aviation No. 2 black, Clippers, Rejects, Tear-offs and pieces. Shearlings can be inspected at any of the Zone Supply Offices in the following named cities: 461 8th Ave., New York, N. Y.; 108 Massachusetts Ave., Boston, Mass.; 1819 West 39th St., Chicago, Ill., and Jeffersonville, Ind. Bids must be made in triplicate on special form in time to reach Washington, D. C., A. M. February 24, 1919. Full particulars and forms for submitting bids may be obtained upon application to Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th & B Streets, Wash., D. C., Ref. S. P. D., No. 260, C. E.

Sale of Government Owned Imported Black Sol Satin. Venetians.—Bids will be opened at 2 P. M. Feb. 21, 1919, for all or part of following imported black Venetians, Martuise de luxe finish, F. O. B. warehouse New York, N. Y.; 360,000 yds. 51 inch, 294,000 yds. 32 inch. Bids to be on special forms, which, with particulars, can be obtained upon application to War Department, Surplus Property Div., Munitions Bldg., Washington, D. C. Refer to S. P. D., No. 522 C. E.

ARREST LUSTGARTEN IN U.S. ARMY UNIFORM

Head of Tax Lien Co., Whose Hat Was Found in River After Failure, Taken in France.

ENLISTED IN 1917 AS 'ALLEN'

First Recognized in Washington—Succeeded by Transfers in Long Escaping Detection.

William Lustgarten, who after the wreck of the Tax Lien Company of New York disappeared on Aug. 16, 1917, leaving the impression that he would commit suicide, is returning to this country from France in custody of the military police under the name of Sergeant William H. Wilson of the 309th Engineers to face the charge of grand larceny, according to word received yesterday by District Attorney Swann.

Shortly after his disappearance, when his creditors and the police were theorizing on the basis of a hat of his found floating in the harbor, Lustgarten enlisted, using the name of Allen, at Leavenworth, Kan.

He served at various posts, escaping identification until last Summer in Washington, where he was assigned on account of his education and legal ability to the Historical Bureau of the War Department. He was recognized by two young women in the service of the Navy Department who had formerly lived at Pearl River, N. Y., where Lustgarten had for several years maintained a Summer home. One of them spoke to him in a restaurant, calling him "Mr. Lustgarten." He responded to the name, hesitatingly recalled his acquaintance with the young women and left the restaurant, saying as little as possible.

Word that he was alive and in uniform speedily got around and finally reached his creditors, but by the time District Attorney Swann learned of it Lustgarten had obtained a transfer which was succeeded by other transfers, by means of which Lustgarten for months kept a little ahead of those who were tracing him, until he was finally identified in France.

His arrest in the uniform of a soldier was no surprise to his creditors or others who had dealt with his affairs. So little did the receiver of his concern think of the chance of recovering anything on insurance of $150,000 on his life in favor of the company, that they accepted the return of the premiums and cancelled the policies. F. C. Leubuscher, who was appointed receiver immediately after the failure of the company, said yesterday:

"Lustgarten was a lawyer and knew that no insurance could be collected except on proof of the corpus delicti. It was certain that, if he were going to kill himself as he said, so that others might benefit by the insurance, he would not have drowned himself. This and the fact that no trace of a body was found was pretty conclusive proof that he had no intention of committing suicide and there was not the slightest ground for an insurance claim."

Lustgarten's losses were sustained in real estate speculations. After his firm had been put into the hands of a receiver, the accountants found the books badly mutilated, but they were able to establish evidence of such a character that Lustgarten was indicted on a charge of grand larceny in December. The liabilities of his company at the time of his disappearance amounted to $800,000. The tangible assets were very small, but it was said yesterday that prolonged search of his books failed to account in any way for about $400,000. Lustgarten, it was said, was probably the only man living who could give an explanation of the fate of this sum. The creditors expect that Lustgarten will make use of his supposed ability to deliver missing assets to the receiver in connection with a plea for leniency.

Lustgarten left a wife when he disappeared, but she recently went to Europe. She was questioned before she sailed and said she had not received any communication from her husband since his departure. For a time since her husband's disappearance she has acted as secretary to Mrs. Mary Fels, widow of Joseph Fels.

Several of those who had entrusted Lustgarten with large sums for investment were heavy losers by the crash of his firm. Among these were Frank L. Montague, $90,500; Robert Schalkenberg, $72,000, and John Martin, $43,000.

Lustgarten had been active in politics since 1910, when he was a supporter of ex-Mayor Gaynor. In 1915, he formed the Loyal American League, which was largely a paper organization, its object being to eradicate the "hyphen" from German Americans. He was active in the last Presidential campaign in support of President Wilson.

$5,600 FOR LOUIS XV. PRINT.

Sale of Halsey Collection Will Be Concluded Tonight.

The sale of the thirteenth and final part of the collection of prints owned by the late Frederic R. Halsey was continued at the Anderson Galleries last evening. The highest price was $5,600 paid by D. Hodgkins for Catalogue No. 307, "Louis XV., King of France," by L. M. Bonnet, printed in colors. Other prices were:

No. 319—"Le Repas des Moissonneurs," by F. Janinet, after Wille, fils., in colors; M. Knoedler	$1,225
No. 320—"Marie Antoinette, Queen of France," by F. Janinet; D. Hodgkins	800
No. 321—"Venus Attired by the Graces," by F. Bartolozzi, after A. Kauffmann; M. Knoedler	700
No. 334—"The Angler's Repast," mezzotint by W. Ward, after G. Moreland; J. P. Sabin	590
No. 335—"A Party Angling," by G. Keating, after G. Moreland; J. P. Sabin	590
No. 336—"A Tea Garden," by F. D. Soiron, after G. Moreland; M. Knoedler	1,500
No. 337—"St James Park," by F. D. Soiron, after G. Moreland; M. Knoedler	1,500

The total for the session was $23,500. The grand total is $46,613. The sale will be concluded this evening.

Olympic Mistaken for Mauretania.

A picture of what purported to be the Cunard liner Mauretania was printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES rotogravure section last Sunday. When the original photograph was received from England it was labeled Mauretania and was passed as the Mauretania by the British censor. It has been learned since that the picture was of the White Star liner Olympic.

FINDS 10,000 BAGS OF DECAYED ONIONS

City Investigator Believes They Were Held on Pier to Influence the Price.

SLIGHT ADVANCE IN MEATS

Glen Falls Distributers Forced to Sell Grade B Milk at 13 Cents a Quart.

Commissioner of Public Markets Jonathan C. Day announced yesterday that following receipt of an anonymous letter telling that a great quantity of onions had been on Pier 17, near the foot of Reade Street, for nearly two weeks, an investigation by his department resulted in the discovery of more than 10,000 bags, each containing about 100 pounds, making a total of more than 1,000,000 pounds of onions. Some of the onions, he said, were reported by B. F. Byrd, Secretary of the department, who made the investigation, to be decayed and sprouting.

Commissioner Day said that it was the opinion of Mr. Byrd that the onions had been held there to help influence a scarcity on the market and in this way keep up prices. He said last night that he did not know to whom the onions belonged.

The price list of food commodities given out yesterday by Commissioner Day shows that meats are advancing slightly in price, due, the Commissioner explained, to the fact that the packers do not have to sell, and also because they are sending much of their product abroad. The price of eggs and butter remains about the same.

Milk distributers of Glens Falls, N. Y., have lowered the price of Grade B, bottled milk, to the consumer from 15 cents to 13 cents a quart as the result of a hearing in that city recently by the special committee of the State Council of Farms and Markets, said Commissioner Day. The hearing, he said, brought out the fact that the dairy farmers in 1918 sold their milk to the Glens Falls distributers at an average price of 5½ cents a quart, while the distributers for the first nine months received 12 cents a quart and 15 cents a quart for the remaining three months. In accordance with a suggestion of the committee, the distributers agreed to restore the price of 13 cents a quart for February and March, with the prospect of a further reduction in April. The dairy farmers are members of the Dairymen's League.

Commissioner Day left last night for Syracuse to attend a hearing by the committee today and tomorrow, and on Monday and Tuesday a hearing will be held at Binghamton.

EX-CAPTAIN HELD FOR BRIBE

Former Army Officer Accued of Taking $250 for a Discharge.

Indicted by a Federal Grand Jury on a charge of having accepted a $250 bribe to obtain a Sergeant's release from the army, ex-Captain Sidney P. Corn, formerly of the Personnel Office, Camp Upton, was held in $10,000 bail when arraigned before Judge Chatfield in the Federal Court in Brooklyn yesterday.

Lloyd Mehlig is the former noncommissioned officer making the complaint. To the Federal authorities in New York he alleged that while he was still in the army he paid Corn, then a Captain, $250 for his discharge. He received his discharge the next day, he alleges.

DROP FREIGHT EMBARGO.

Administration Cancels Restrictions on Manhattan and the Bronx.

The domestic freight embargo, which had been in effect as a war measure against shipments to Manhattan Island and the Bronx for more than a year, was canceled last night. The change goes into effect tomorrow. The Railroad Administration issued this order:

Eastern Region,
New York, Feb. 13, 1919.

To the Federal, General, and Terminal Managers:

Please cancel, effective Feb. 15, 1919, the embargoes placed as a war emergency Jan. 18, 1918, against carload domestic freight for Manhattan Island, the Bronx—New York City—and station deliveries on New York Harbor, including Brooklyn terminal companies, which freight is now being moved under F. P. C. permits, issued by the Freight Traffic Committee, North Atlantic Port. Effective as above, such freight may move without permit, subject to embargoes of the delivering railroads. No change will be made in the method of permitting export carload freights for the present and carload domestic freight must not be accepted for other than regular station deliveries. Reconsignment for export or lighterage deliveries will not be allowed. Kindly acqnowledge receipt.

A. H. SMITH,
Regional Director, Eastern Region.
C. H. MARKHAM,
Regional Director, Allegany Region.

The removal of the embargo, by doing away with the need for permits, will facilitate the rapid movement of freight throughout the city.

BEGIN $950,000 WILL FIGHT.

Estate Left to Lawyers, Mrs. Curtis's Granddaughters Contest.

A contest of the will of Mrs. Harriet A. Curtis, who died on Jan. 25, aged 87 years, was filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday by three granddaughters, on the ground that when the decedent executed her will giving property estimated at $950,000 to two lawyers and their families, she was not of sound mind. The lawyers who are alleged to have influenced Mrs. Curtis to make the will in their favor are C. La Rue Munson of Williamsport, Penn., and James E. Burr of Scranton, Penn.

O'LEARYS HERE 100 YEARS.

Jeremiah Got Recruits for War Also, Brother Tells Jury in Defense.

Picturing Jeremiah O'Leary as an idealist, who had no desire to injure his country, Arthur O'Leary, of the counsel for his brother, in his opening address to the jury yesterday declared that the defense would show among other things that O'Leary had induced many young men to serve in the army in the war against Germany. The defense rested at the close of the morning session. Federal Judge Hand in chambers denied a motion to dismiss the indictments against the defendant, charging him with violation of the Espionage act. Permission was given to O'Leary's counsel to renew the motion at the close of the defendant's case.

Arthur O'Leary dwelt on the ancestry of the defendant which he said dated back in the United States more than a hundred years. He spoke of what he called early historical influences which he said had resulted in his brother's anti-British stand. Finally he spoke of the fact that O'Leary had twenty-two relatives, three of whom were brothers, in the European war. The trial will be continued today.

Scott Nearing occupied the witness stand all day yesterday at the continuation of his trial before Federal Judge Julius Mayer and a jury on a charge of attempting to obstruct the draft. He was examined at length by Seymour Stedman, his chief counsel, on statements appearing in "The Great Madness," one of several books written by Nearing, on which the complaint was based. The greater part of the morning session was used up by the witness in explaining his idea of the word "plutocrat," which frequently appeared in the pages of "The Great Menace." In order to get his idea of the word before the jury, Nearing produced a chart, which he declared showed the "trustification" of the United States. He also quoted long excerpts from authors who had written on the subject.

He was asked by Assistant United States District Attorney Earl Barnes what he meant by "the preposterous phrase, armed neutrality." He explained he meant that in reality there was no such thing as armed neutrality, therefore the idea of it seemed to him preposterous. Nearing, who is his own best witness, quoted Daniel Webster as being opposed to conscription along with other public men of the present day whom he named. The trial will be resumed today.

LOST AND FOUND.
Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Southern Pacific Company stock certificate No. F104306, for 5 shares in the name "C. Wilson Bates." Notice is hereby given to show cause why a duplicate should not be issued. C. Wilson Bates, Woodbrook, Maryland.

LOST—Lady's blue enameled open-faced very thin watch, with French motto on back, in Hotel Gotham, about 4 P. M. Thursday. Reward of $25 will be paid to finder; no questions asked. Call William Greenough, 4567 Rector, or return to hotel office.

LOST—Feb. 12, between Atlantic Av. subway and Nutley, N. J., platinum barpin, set with pearls and diamonds. Liberal reward if returned to C. Simpson, 1,239 President St., or Room 207 Essex Bldg., Newark, N. J.

LOST—Thursday afternoon, black silk handbag containing silver watch inserted in bag, eyeglasses, &c., on 42d St. crosstown car or on 7th Av. between 42d and 44th Sts.; $15 reward; no questions asked. K 264 Times.

LOST—On Tuesday evening, between Hotel Plaza and Madison Av. and 67th St., a pearl and platinum drop earring. A reward of $25 will be paid for the return of same to E. P. Goetz, 42 Broadway, New York.

LOST—Circle pin, 7 diamonds, 7 pearls, between East 82d St. and 43 East 80th St., Friday evening, Feb. 7; suitable reward. Finder return to Captain Bernard Keleher, 15 Broadway.

LOST—Wednesday evening, Feb. 12, in the Lexington Avenue Theatre, a vignette and tintintin charm in diamonds. $75 reward, no questions asked, if returned to Carter, 653 5th Av.

LOST—Black leather case, containing tortoise shell set and wrist watch, in taxi hired Penn. Station, Wednesday evening; reward. Phone Maurice Goodman, 3710 Bryant.

LOST—Passport. Will the gentleman who found a passport on Monday morning last kindly return it to owner at the Astor Hotel.

LOST—Feb. 12, Rivoli Theatre, beaver scarf with Altman label; suitable reward. 1012 Aeolian Building, 33 West 42d St., between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. Vanderbilt 2064.

LOST—Ring, small emeralds and pearls, Tuesday night, Feb. 4, near 43d St. and Broadway; liberal reward. Return Manhattan Hotel Office.

LOST—Small leather purse, containing about $17, key, Feb. 12, between McAlpin Hotel and Roseville station. Miss Cannon, Rector 8352.

LOST—Bank book No. 547,414, Seaman's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St., New York. Payment stopped and cancellation applied for. Please return to bank.

LOST—$10 reward for imitation black pearl earring, real diamond in top, lost Monday in shopping district. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

LOST—On East 25th or East 26th St., box envelope containing samples of cloth and papers; reward. Write to Perfection Overgaiter Co., Winooski, Vt.

LOST—Liberal reward, no questions, gold chain with diamonds; also diamond pendant brooch. Return to Cashier, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST—Tuesday evening at Claridge Hotel or in taxi to 55 West 55th, oval-shaped gold powder box; suitable reward. Circle 3763.

LOST—Earring of very small diamonds and emeralds in or near Empire Theatre Tuesday night, Feb. 11; liberal reward. W. A. Dobbyn, 23 West 26th.

LOST—Gold vanity case, initials "S. G. K.," Tuesday evening, at Lexington Theatre; suitable reward. Phone Riverside 7319. 285 Central Park West.

LOST—On Thursday night, brooch, circular diamonds and pearls, between Hotel Belmont, Sherry's, and Cort Theatre, or in taxi; $100 reward. Hotel Belmont, Cashier.

LOST—Wednesday evening, diamond star pin, in ladies' dressing room, Waldorf-Astoria; reward. W. H. Hamilton, 130 East 65th St. Plaza 3799.

LOST—Lady's gold flexible bracelet watch, with monogram, on 5th Av., Tuesday; reward. Telephone Circle 173. B 215 Times.

LOST—A gold nurse's school medal with pin, engraved on back Kathryn Ann Martin; reward. Return to 74 West 69th St.

LOST—Gold watch and fob, initialled "A.S." on both; liberal reward; no questions asked. Phone Farragut 4931.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch, initials B. E., in washroom, Hotel Wolcott; reward. Miss Evans, care Simon, 44 East 32d St.

LOST—Tuesday, pearl sunburst pin, either on 5th Av. bus or subway; reward. S. Swett, Singer Building.

LOST—Pin, with pearls, diamonds, sapphires, shaped like exclamation mark; liberal reward. Phone 695 Rhinelander.

LOST—Tuesday, gold ring, rose diamond, set in silver floral design; oval shape; reward. Spring 7319.

LOST—Reward for return of box containing ring lost in Emerson, N. J., Feb. 12. Phone 92 Westwood, N. J.

LOST—Liberal reward, no questions, diamond horse pin. Return to Cashier, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST—Subway, leather portfolio, containing music; reward. 247 Audubon Av., Apt. 4.

LOST—$500 Electrical Development 5% bond; reward. B 465 Times Downtown.

$100 REWARD
return earring containing one pear-shaped and 14 small diamonds, lost Feb. 6 between East 65th and West 42d Sts. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Cat, large maltese, with broken tail, strayed from 117 Waverley Place. Please Phone Mrs. Stillman, 5392 Spring, before 11 A. M. or after 7:30 in evening; reward.

LOST—Brown male Pekinese dog, about 11 pounds; strayed from 113 East 30th. Telephone Madison Square 4746. Reward.

LOST—In the neighborhood Brevoort Hotel, small Airedale puppy, 5 months old. Return to 17 East 8th St. Dresser. Reward.

FOUND—White West Highlander. Inquire 41 Park Av.

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WANTED FOR
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We can't remember when double-breasters or single-breasters were so handsome as these recent smart arrivals.

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Overcoats tailored from imported fabrics from the looms of Crombie, Carr and Brooks; and domestic fabrics from the most famous American weavers at $49.50.
$49.50

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Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

An Apology

Wednesday, our service to Wallach Customers did not come up to the Wallach standard.

Our four stores were so crowded that at times it was impossible to give the individual attention which our Customers have learned to expect.

It was even necessary to close the doors for nearly two hours in order to restore some degree of order to our stocks, and to serve those already in the stores.

We offer sincere apologies to those who were inconvenienced either by our difficulty in serving them, or by the unavoidable wait outside our stores.

Our only excuse is the unusual value of the Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats which we offer for $23.50.

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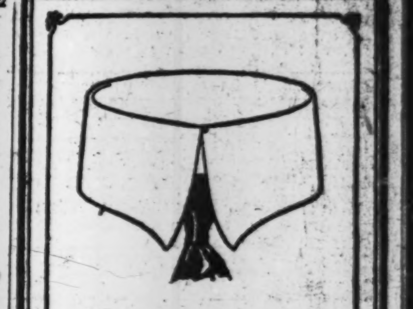
The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes



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The fourteen-inch American naval rifle, which silenced the German "Big Bertha," described in the Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.